4BCO2 Model Validation and Comparisons Between Simulation and Ground and ISS Telemetry Data

LARISSA LAGRIA

4BCO2 System

Multiple personnel working and living aboard the ISS = multiple kg of CO2 produced per day
Zeolite dusting, performance, and reliability issues observed over the past 20 years

□ 4BCO2 improves upon the current CDRA iteration



General schematic of the CO2 removal hardware, applicable towards the Linus ground hardware, the 4BCO2 system on orbit, and CDRA

Knox, J., Cmarik, G., Peters, W. (2021). Optimization of the 4-Bed CO2 Scrubber Performance Based on Ground Tests. International Conference on Environmental Systems. https://ttu-ir.tdl.org/handle/2346/87078

Current Simulation Model

Runs on the previously established model

Runs to convergence criteria based on the average loading of H2O in the Adsorbing Desiccant or Desorbing Desiccant beds

□ Last update prior to the end of the Fall 2021 session resulted in capacity to plot data vs simulation temperature, partial pressure, and delta pressure for Linus Ground Test 34 only

Simulation Model Validation and Modifications

Linus Ground Tests 31, 32, 33, and 34 ran with different blower RPM = different inlet flow rates

Validated simulation model against ground test data from Linus Tests 31, 32, and 33

Modifications:

- Vacuum pressure data from Linus Tests 31-34 had to be smoothed out and imported into the Matlab desorbing adsorbent bed wrapper using a COMSOL results table
- CO2 flow rates entering and exiting the desiccant and adsorbing adsorbent beds were updated and exported with completion of each half cycle prior to convergence
- Antoine's equation vapor pressure calculations were replaced with Hardy vapor pressure calculations

Ground Test Removal Rates

	Linus 31	Linus 32	Linus 33	Linus 34
Inlet CO2 Partial Pressure (mmHg)	2.01	2.01	2.01	2.01
Inlet Dew Point (F)	53.0	52.1	53.0	53.0
Inlet Temperatures (F)	56.0	56.0	56.0	56.0
Blower RPM	150000	145000	140000	135000
Air Flow Rate (SCFM)	27.7	26.7	25.6	24.5
4BMS In/Out Removal (kg/day)	4.97	4.84	4.67	4.46
Sorbent Removal (kg/day)	4.96	4.88	4.76	4.59

Model Parameter Minimization

System and sorbent removal rates were determined using the exported CO2 flow rates

Tested a range of linear driving force (LDF) and adsorbing adsorbent bed dispersion correction factor multipliers

Experimentally determined in independent breakthrough tests: LDF of 0.003375 (LDF #1)

Squared error between the simulation removal rate and the Linus Ground Tests' recorded removal rates were plotted for each pair of LDF and multiplier for each Linus Tests 31, 32, 33, and 34

Results of minimization tests indicated that LDF of 0.004125 (LDF #2) and multiplier of 70 results in the minimum squared error for Linus 32-34 system and sorbent tests



Least squares error plots for Linus 31 system and sorbent removal rates

- Different LDF and multiplier result in minima compared to the rest of the Linus minimization tests
- □ All 8 plots resemble folded paper, with some valley to indicate minima

80

70



Plots: Minimization, Summed Linus Tests





Varying LDF

Recall LDF #1 was experimentally determined in independent breakthrough tests

Simulations run with both LDFs and multiplier of 70 to gauge extent of effect on simulation temperature and pressure plots

Plots: Comparison of Varying LDF, Linus 31 Example





AdsAds Bed: Temperature Inlet and Outlet History vs. Experimental Data







Removal Rates		Linus 31	Linus 32	Linus 33	Linus 34
LDF 2	system	4.95	4.82	4.66	4.49
	sorbent	5.06	4.91	4.71	4.47
LDF 1	system	4.91	4.79	4.64	4.47
	sorbent	5.02	4.87	4.68	4.45

Results of Varying LDF

LDF #2 displays
lower percent
differences in the
system category vs
the sorbent

 Less than 2% difference between simulation and ground test data overall

Flight Telemetry Data Processing

150 + days of telemetry data collected and processed since start of operation

- Analysis updated weekly and plots provided for review by ISS ECLSS
 Exploration Integrator and Flight Controllers
 - Created plots to highlight current performance vs historical data

Created macro to separate data from 2021 and 2022 to develop yearly plots of removal rate, efficiency, inlet and outlet and coolant temperature, blower RPM, air save pump RPM, power metrics, etc.





Plot of CO2 removal rate as a function of CO2 lab partial pressure highlights current performance against the historical data

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Telemetry Simulations

Model applied to real-time data received from the ISS

Data over 24 hours (18 half cycles) pulled from telemetry as parameters for model and to compare simulation results with real data









Plots: Comparison of Simulation and 4BCO2 Telemetry Data

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- Differences between the outlet ppCO2 telemetry data and simulation are strongly affected by the CO2 inlet partial pressure: high CO2 inlet partial pressure corresponds with the breakthrough curve for the simulation plot of half cycle 9
- CO2 adsorption dependent on H2O influence in the desiccant beds; less CO2 adsorption occurs at the higher inlet ppCO2 levels
- Weak point in the current model; can be investigated in future sessions

Telemetry vs Simulation Removal Rates

	C1 HC1	C1 HC2	C2 HC1	F2 HC2	C3 HC1	C3 HC2	C4 HC1	C4 HC2	C5 HC1
System Removal Rate (kg/day)	4.12	4.36	4.54	4.45	4.47	4.65	4.79	4.94	5.02
% Difference	6.87%	8.96%	5.02%	4.60%	3.80%	4.66%	3.02%	3.64%	0.31%
	C5 HC2	C6 HC1	C6 HC2	C7 HC1	C7 HC2	C8 HC1	C8 HC2	C9 HC1	C9 HC2
System Removal Rate (kg/day)	4.76	4.72	4.61	4.59	4.37	4.28	4.10	4.05	3.92
<u>% Difference</u>	0.71%	0.22%	2.09%	7.13%	3.93%	3.97%	6.31%	5.25%	6.98%



Comparison of Simulation and Flight Data Removal Rates vs Inlet ppCO2 from GMT 13.32 to 14.26



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