# Towards an Implementation of Differential Dynamic Logic in PVS

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June 2022 @ SOAP 2022: 11th ACM SIGPLAN International Workshop on the State Of the Art in Program Analysis



### Overview

- dL: Differential Dynamic Logic for hybrid programs <sup>[1]</sup>
- **PVS:** Interactive theorem prover <sup>[2]</sup>

**Result: Embedding of dL in PVS** 

- Formally verified soundness of **dL**
- Fully operational in PVS
- Leveraging features of PVS to extend dL



[1] Differential Dynamic Logic website, André Platzer: <u>https://symbolaris.com/logic/dL.html</u>

[2] PVS website, SRI International: <u>https://pvs.csl.sri.com</u>

### Hybrid Systems



- Hybrid system: dynamical system that exhibits
  - Continuous behavior
  - Discrete behavior

### Want

- Formal specification of hybrid systems
- Formal reasoning of hybrid systems

## Hybrid Programs

Hybrid programs allow formal specification of hybrid systems:

• Discrete jump set:

$$(x_1 \coloneqq \theta_1, \dots, x_n \coloneqq \theta_n)$$

• Differential equations:

$$\{x_1' \coloneqq \theta_1, \dots, x_n' \coloneqq \theta_n \& \chi\}$$

- ${x_i}_{i=1}^n$  variables
- $\{\theta_i\}_{i=1}^n$  assignments (ex. functions of past variable assignments)
- $\chi$  first order formula that describes domain

# Hybrid Programs (continued)



# dL: Differential Dynamic Logic

dL allows formal reasoning of hybrid programs:

- For hybrid program Hp and predicate P
  - All runs

[Hp]P

 $\langle Hp \rangle P$ 

• Some runs

Example: Let  $Hp \equiv \left( (a \coloneqq a+1); \{x' = v, v' = a\} \right)^*$  P = (x = 10),then  $\vdash \langle Hp \rangle P \qquad \not\vdash [Hp] P$ 

# dL: Differential Dynamic Logic

dL allows formal reasoning of hybrid programs:

For hybrid program Hp and predicate P

• All runs

[Hp]P

 $\langle Hp \rangle P$ 

• Some runs

Another example:

 $x \geq 1 \land v \geq 0 \land a \geq 0 \vdash$ 

 $[((a \coloneqq a + 1); \{x' = v, v' = a\})^*](x \ge 1)$ 

# dL: Differential Dynamic Logic – Rule Schema <sup>[3]</sup>

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Union axiom:} & \frac{[Hp_1]P \wedge [Hp_2]P}{[Hp_1 \cup Hp_2]P} \\ \\ \text{Loop rule:} & \frac{\Gamma \vdash J \quad J \vdash [\alpha]J \quad J \vdash P}{\Gamma \vdash [\alpha^*]P} \\ \\ \\ \text{Differential invariant} & \frac{\Gamma, q(x) \vdash p(x) \quad q(x) \vdash [x' := f(x)](p(x))'}{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& q(x)]p(x)} \end{array}$$

....and many more! <sup>[4]</sup>

[3] André Platzer. 2018. Logical Foundations of Cyber-Physical Systems. Springer, Cham. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-63588-0</u>
 [4] **dL** "Cheat Sheet," André Platzer, <u>https://symbolaris.com/logic/dL-sheet.pdf</u>

### KeYmeara X

- KeYmeara X: formal verification tool for hybrid systems implementing **dL**
- Verification of:
  - Railway systems <sup>[5]</sup>
  - Automotive systems <sup>[6]</sup>
  - Aviation transportation systems <sup>[7]</sup>
  - Autonomous robotics <sup>[8]</sup>
  - Etc.

[5] André Platzer and Jan-David Quesel. European Train Control System: A case study in formal verification. 11th International Conference on Formal Engineering Methods, ICFEM, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, 2009

[6] Sarah M. Loos, André Platzer, and Ligia Nistor. Adaptive cruise control: Hybrid, distributed, and now formally verified. 17th International Symposium on Formal Methods, FM, Limerick, Ireland, 2011

[7] André Platzer and Edmund M. Clarke. Formal verification of curved flight collision avoidance maneuvers: A case study 16th International Symposium on Formal Methods, FM, Eindhoven, Netherlands 2009

[8] Stefan Mitsch, Khalil Ghorbal and André Platzer. On provably safe obstacle avoidance for autonomous robotic ground vehicles *Robotics: Science and Systems, RSS, 20139,* 2013

### Outline



### PVS

- "Prototype Verification System" developed by SRI International
- Interactive theorem prover
  - Higher order logic
  - Completely typed, dependent types
- Automation
  - Customizable tactics and strategies
- PVSio animation and rapid prototyping
- NASA PVS library <sup>[9]</sup>
  - 58 libraries
- Visual studio code extension <sup>[10]</sup>

deriv_test :				
LAMBDA (x: real): -sin(x ^ 10 + b) * 10 * x ^ 9 + exp(x ^ 2) * 2 * x / c				
>> <mark>(</mark> deriv <mark>)</mark>				
Q.E.D.				

### PVS – Prototype Verification System

### Specification (.pvs)

8	% Define half
9	half(a:real,b:real   b>a):
10	${r:real   abs(a-r) = abs(b-r)} =$
11	(a+b)/2
12	
13	% Theorem about half
	prove   show-prooflite
14	half_sq: THEOREM
15	<pre>FORALL(a:real,b:real   b&gt;a):</pre>
16	EXISTS(n:posnat):
17	a>n AND b>n
18	<pre>IMPLIES half(a,b) &lt; half(a^n,b^n)</pre>
19	

### Interactive theorem prover

half_sq.1.1 :					
<pre>{-1} b &lt; b ^ 2 [-2] a &lt; a ^ 2 [-3] a &gt; 2 [-4] b &gt; 2 [1] half(a, b) &lt; half(a ^ 2, b ^ 2)</pre>					
>>> (expand "half")					
<ul> <li>Ctrl+SPACE shows the full list of commands.</li> <li>TAB autocompletes commands. Double click expands definitions</li> </ul>					

### PVS – Prototype Verification System

### Proof (.prf)

7	half_sq : PROOF
8	(then (skeep)(inst 1 "2")(flatten)
9	(spread (case "a <a^2")< th=""></a^2")<>
10	((spread (case "b <b^2")< th=""></b^2")<>
11	((then (expand "half")(mult-by 1 "2")(assert))
12	(then (div-by 1 "b")(grind))))
13	(then (div-by 1 "a")(grind)))))
14	QED half_sq

### Interactive theorem prover

half_sq.1.1 :					
<pre>{-1} b &lt; b ^ 2 [-2] a &lt; a ^ 2 [-3] a &gt; 2 [-4] b &gt; 2</pre>					
[1] half(a, b) < half(a ^ 2, b ^ 2)					
>> (expand "half")					
<ul> <li>Ctrl+SPACE shows the full list of commands.</li> <li>TAB autocompletes commands. Double click expands definitions.</li> </ul>					

### Hybrid Programs in PVS

### Values of variables

Environment : TYPE = [nat->real]
%For example:
x: nat = 0
y: nat = 1
env: Environment = (LAMBDA(i:nat): 0)
WITH [(x) := 10, (y) := -sqrt(5)]

### Functions on environments

#### %Predicates

BoolExpr : TYPE = [Environment->bool]
%Quantified boolean expressions
QBoolExpr : TYPE = [real->BoolExpr]
%Real-valued functions
RealExpr : TYPE = [Environment->real]
%For example
val(i:nat): RealExpr
= LAMBDA(env:Environment): env(i)

### Assignments

Assigns		TYPE	=	MapExprInj				
ODEs		TYPE	=	MapExprInj				
%For example								
exp_ex: ODEs								
$= (\cdot (x ya))$	6	1)	$(\mathbf{v}$	val(v)+cnst(1)				

### Syntax of hybrid programs

# HP : DATATYPE

BEGIN

```
IMPORTING hp_def
ASSIGN(assigns:Assigns) : assign?
DIFF(odes:ODEs,be:BoolExpr) : diff?
TEST(be:BoolExpr) : test?
SEQ(stm1,stm2:HP) : seq?
UNION(stm1,stm2:HP) : union?
STAR(stm:HP) : star?
END HP
```

### Semantics of hybrid programs

semantic\_rel(hp:HP)(envi:Environment)
 (envo:Environment):
 INDUCTIVE bool = ...

### Semantics of ASSIGN(l:MapExprInj)

(FORALL (i:below(length(l))) :
LET (k,re) = nth(l,i) IN
envo(k) = re(envi)) AND
FORALL (i:(not\_in\_map(l))) :envo(i) = envi(i)

Recall:

$$x \ge 1 \land v \ge 0 \land a \ge 0 \vdash [((a \coloneqq a + 1); \{x' = v, v' = a\})^*](x \ge 1)$$

### In PVS:

### dL in PVS- Results

• Formal verification of soundness of **dL**<sup>[11]</sup>

• Fully operational embedding dL

• Extensions of dL in PVS

[11] Previous Formal Verification of soundness of **dL** in Coq and Isabelle/Hol:
 Brandon Bohrer, Vincent Rahli, Ivana Vukotic, Marcus Völp, and André Platzer. 2017. Formally verified differential dynamic logic.
 In Proceedings of the 6th ACM SIGPLAN Conference on Certified Programs and Proofs.208–221. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1145/3018610.3018616">https://doi.org/10.1145/3018610.3018616</a>

### Formal Verification of Soundness of *d*L

Loop rule:



Differential invariant rule: 81 proven rules/axioms of **dl** in PVS

- Proof rules implemented as strategies in PVS
  - Fully operational **dL** within interactive prover console of PVS

>> <mark>(</mark>dl–loop "val(x) >= cnst(1) AND val(v) >= cnst(0) AND val(a) >=cnst(0)"<mark>)</mark>

- Proof rules implemented as strategies in PVS
  - Fully operational **dL** within interactive prover console of PVS



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```
discrete_loop_ex.3 :
```



- Proof rules implemented as strategies in PVS
  - Fully operational **dL** within interactive prover console of PVS



- Proof rules implemented as strategies in PVS
  - Fully operational **dL** within interactive prover console of PVS



- Proof rules implemented as strategies in PVS
  - Fully operational **dL** within interactive prover console of PVS



# dL in PVS – Generalized Reasoning of Hybrid Programs

- Fully typed specification of hybrid programs
  - Reasoning at the type level (properties of groups of hybrid programs)
  - Reasoning for arbitrary hybrid programs (e.g., arbitrarily many variables)

A hybrid program of type slow is always of type behind

slow\_is\_behind: JUDGEMENT
 slow SUBTYPE\_OF behind

### Summary

- **dL**: Differential Dynamic Logic for hybrid programs
- PVS: Interactive theorem prover

### **Result: Embedding of dL in PVS**

- Formal verification **dL** (done)
- Fully operational in PVS (close)
- Leveraging features of PVS to extend dL (ongoing)

