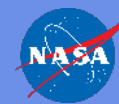




Digital Flight

A New Cooperative Operating Mode
to Complement VFR and IFR

David Wing | NASA
EAA AirVenture 2022



20th Century Evolution of Operations



Origins of Visual Flight Rules (VFR)



See and Avoid

Visual Separation

Flexibility

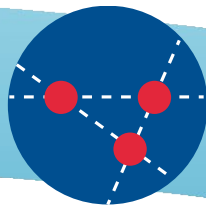
Access

Origins of Instrument Flight Rules (IFR)



Radio Navigation

“Airways”



Increased Collision Risk

Flexibility

Access



“Airway” Traffic Control (ATC)

Procedural Separation



Radar Separation



Radar Surveillance



Voice Communications



Global Precision Navigation



Advanced Avionics



Traffic Management Automation



Data Communications



Initial Trajectory-Based Operations

Capacity

Flexibility

Access

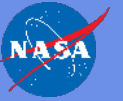
CAUTION!
The Future of Aviation Mobility is:

Capacity

Flexibility

Access

Limitations of Current Operating Modes

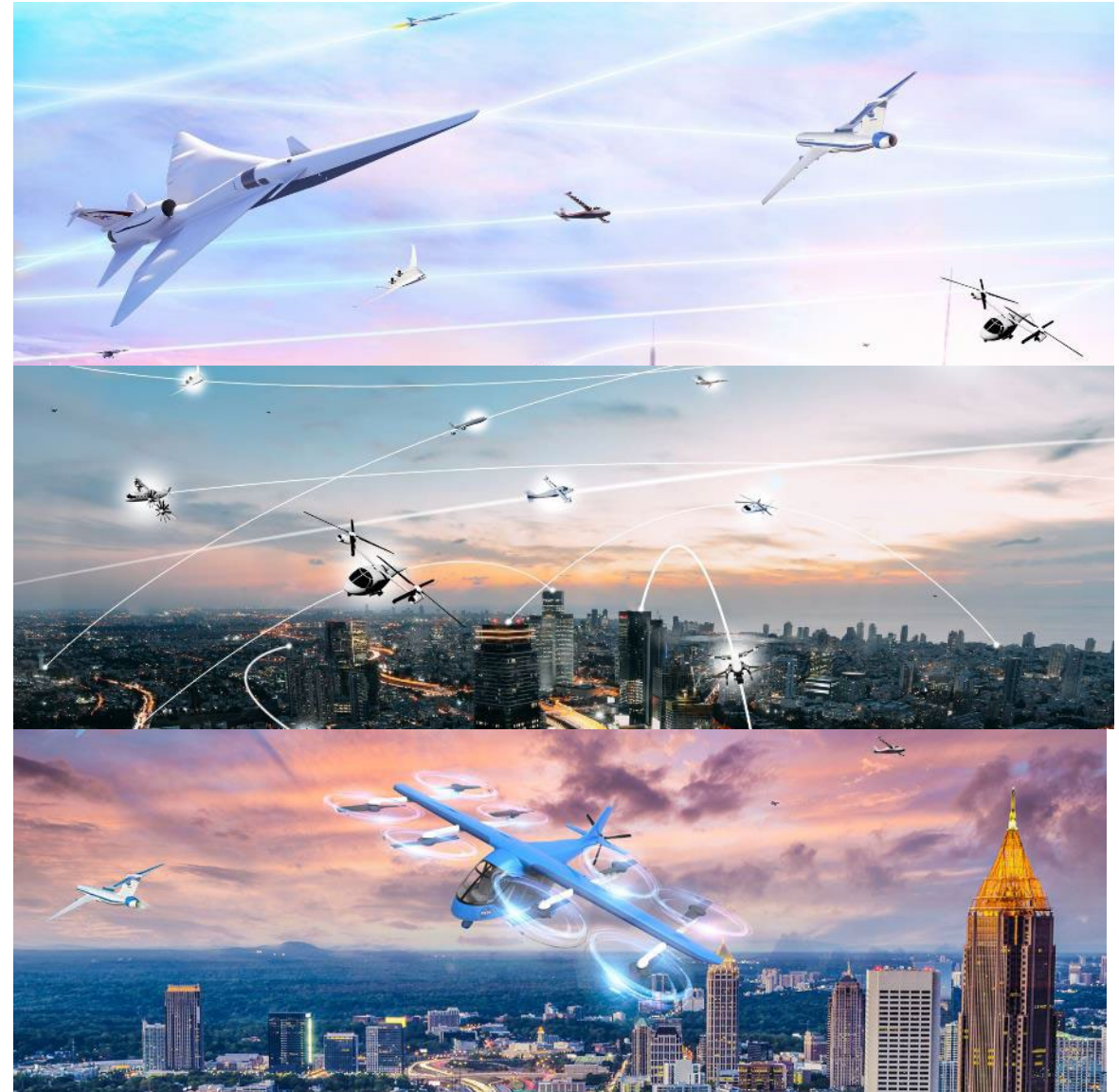


VFR and IFR:

- Not adaptable to greater flight diversity
- Not scalable to high tempos & density
- Not suited to self-piloted aircraft
- Not ensuring operational predictability
- Not conducive to regional growth

“New and adapted flight rules and procedures will be required to efficiently manage these increasingly dynamic operations of differing priority and types.”

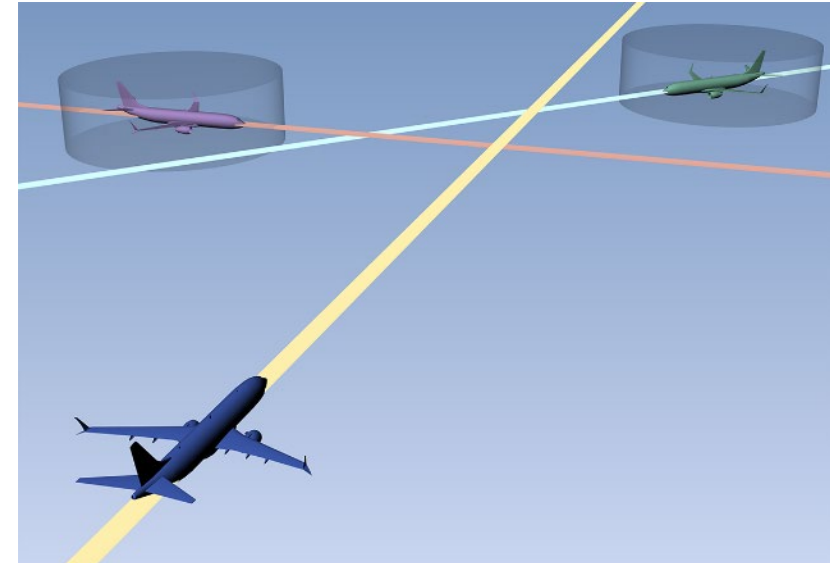
Airbus and Boeing, 2020



Digital Flight (DF):

A proposed cooperative operating mode

in which the operator ensures flight-path safety by applying cooperative practices and automated separation enabled by connected digital technologies and information in lieu of VFR’s visual procedures and IFR’s ATC separation services

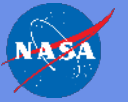


Digital Flight Rules (DFR):

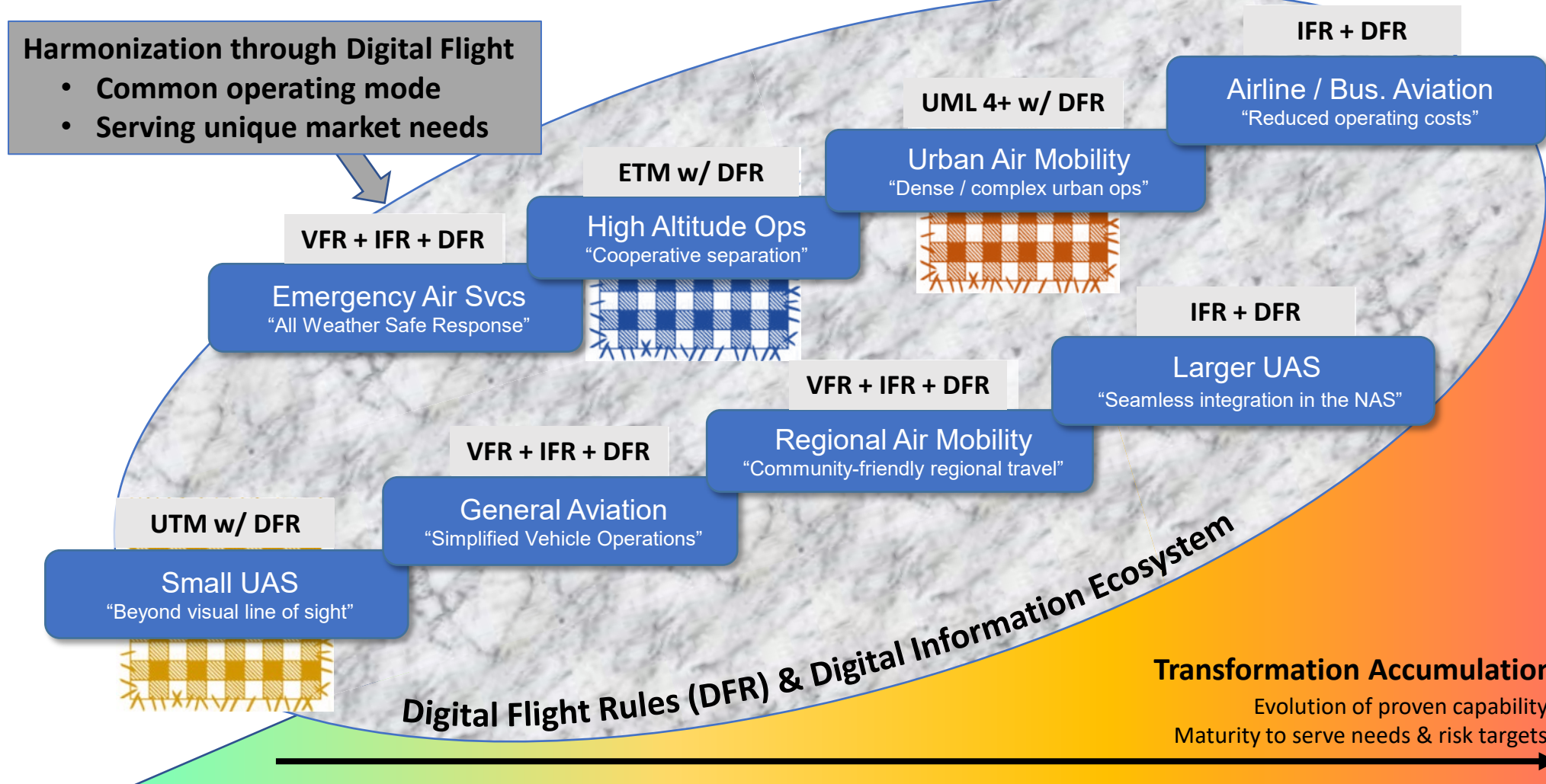
Regulations governing sustained Digital Flight operations

authorizing airspace access and operational flexibility in all airspace classes and visibility conditions

Problem: Patchwork of Emerging Operating Modes and Underlying Rules



Approach: Common New Operating Mode



Sky for All Mid-21st Century Vision

Achieve Scalable Secure Digital Aviation System

Assure Safety as Operations Diversify & Grow

Design for Sustainability & Resiliency

Enable Equitable Access for Diverse Ops

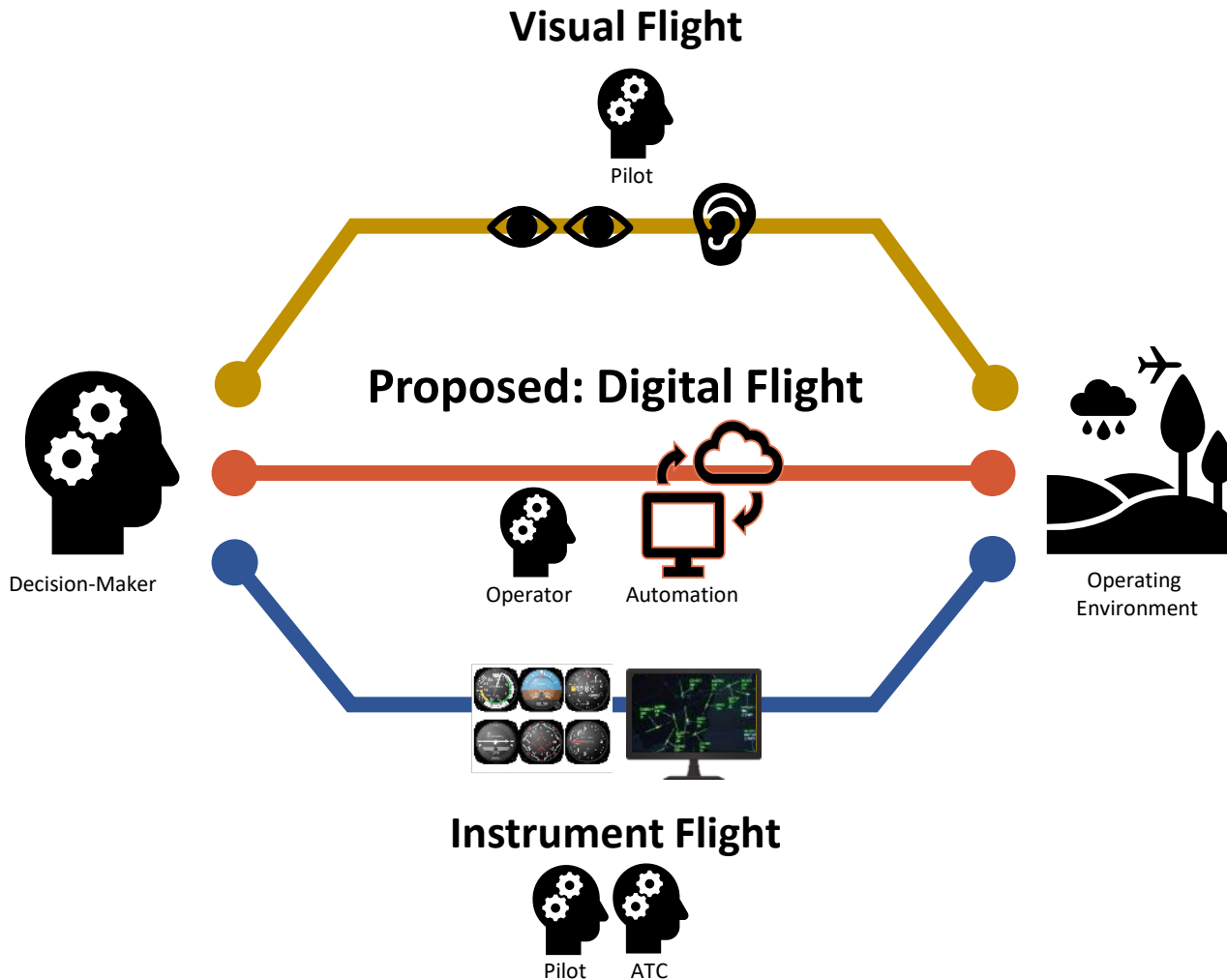
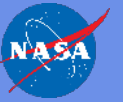
Enhance Quality of Life

Promote and Empower Operator Mobility

Transform Existing Aviation Ecosystem



A Third Operating Mode



Pilot sees and avoids

(relying upon visual detection)

- Distributed decision-making
- No centralized coordination
- No intent sharing required
- Cooperative procedures and rules
- Limited to no dependence on technology or ATC

*Flexible
Scalable*

Operator is the separator

(relying upon digital automation and services)

- Distributed decision-making
- No centralized coordination
- Required intent sharing
- Encoded cooperative practices
- Technology-dependent separation
- Cooperative with Air Traffic Management

*Flexible
Scalable
Predictable
Accessible*

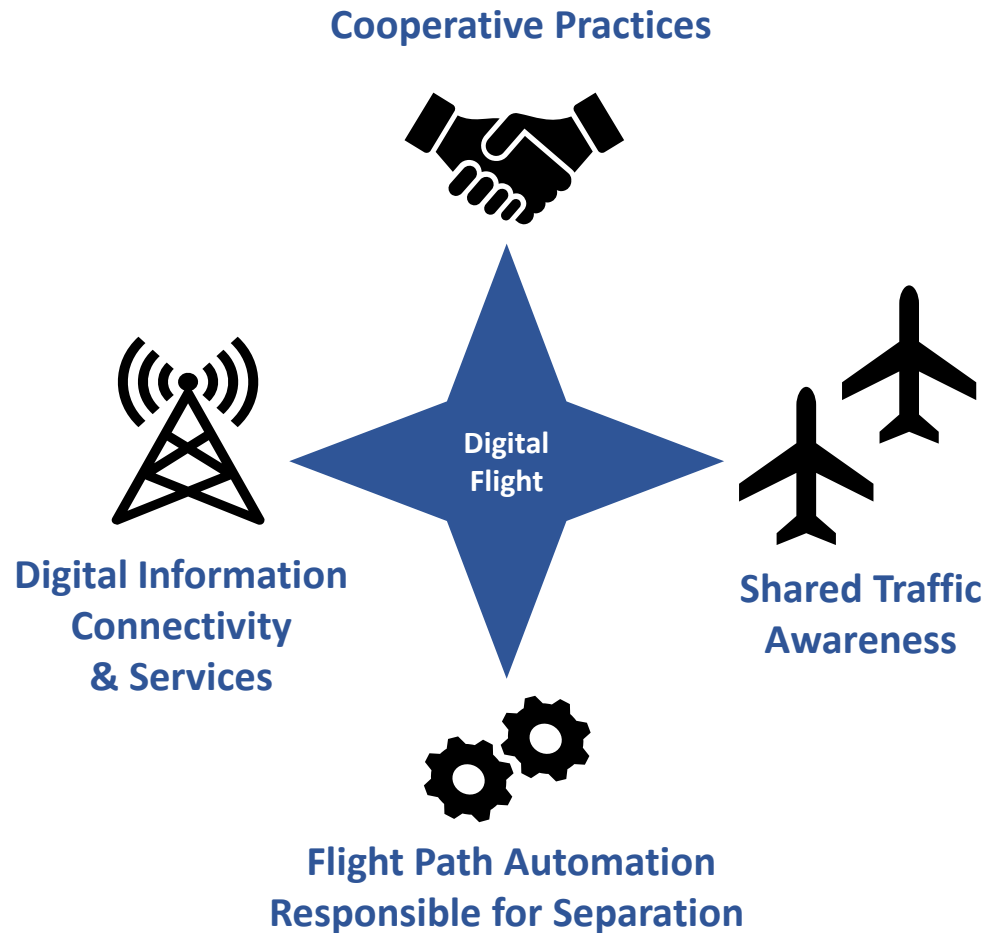
ATC is the separator

(relying upon radar and air/ground communications)

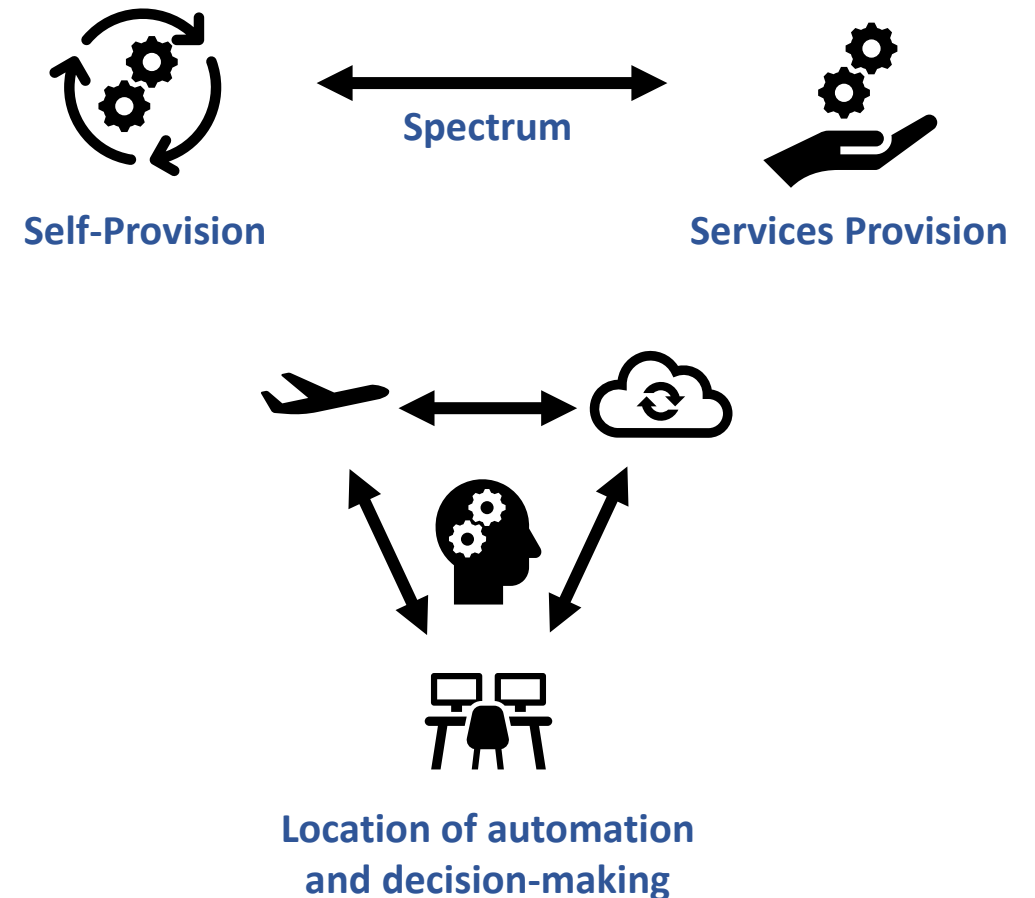
- Federated/centralized decision-making
- Centrally managed conflict management
- Intent sharing with ATC
- Limited dependence on technology
- ATC approval required

*Predictable
Accessible*

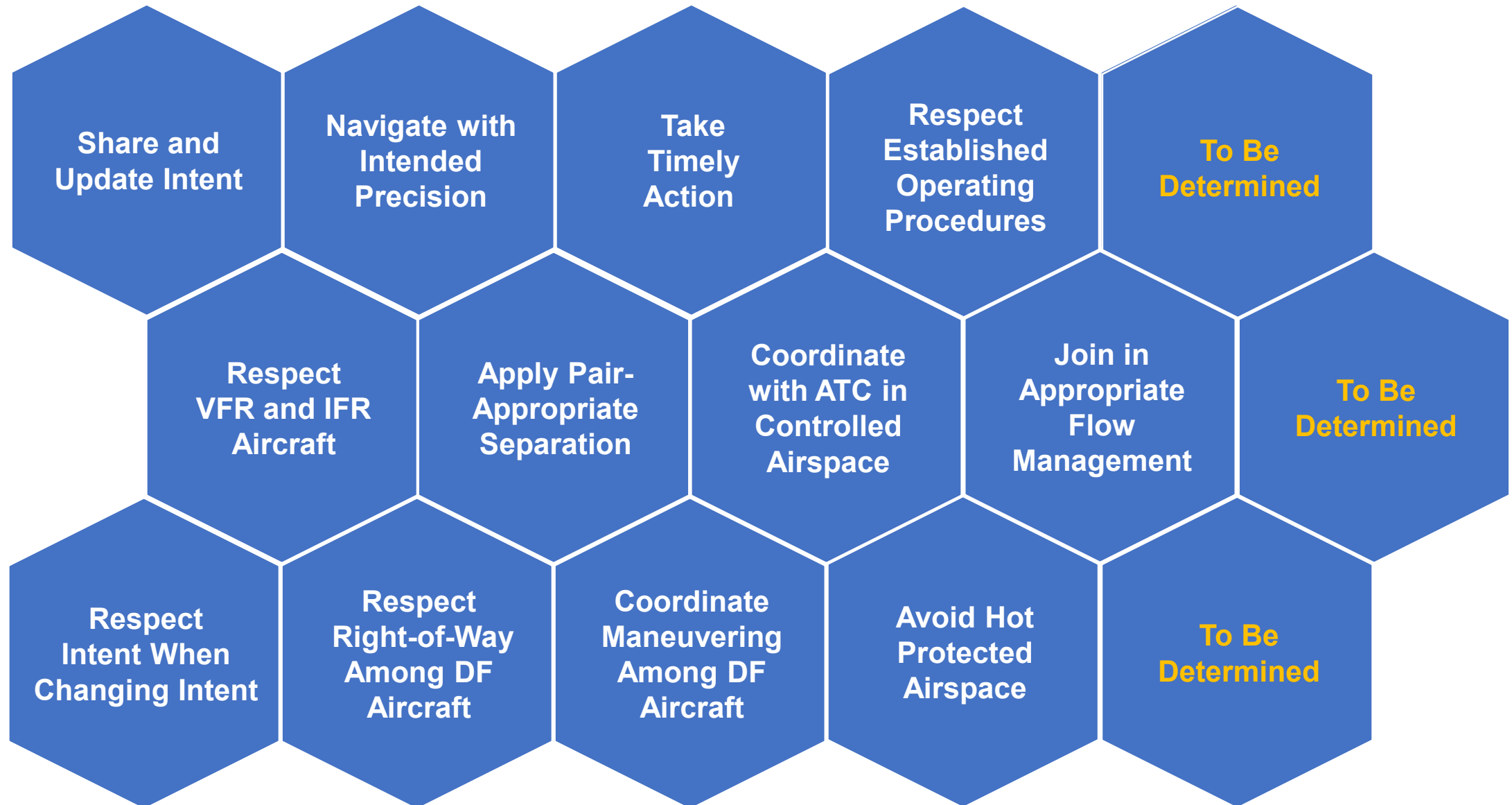
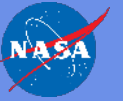
Essential Elements



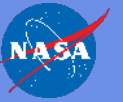
Architectural Flexibility



Digital Flight Cooperative Practices



NASA Tech is Already Building Toward Digital Flight

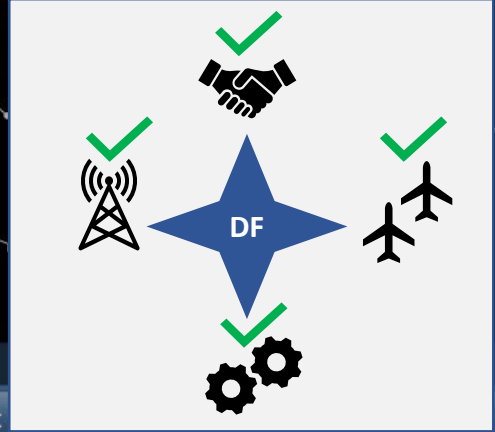


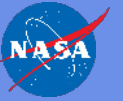
TASAR: Traffic Aware Strategic Aircrew Requests

The screenshot shows the TASAR interface with the following elements:

- Top bar: NASA logo, Cruise mode, FL320 altitude, ECON mode, Data Feeds (green), and Auto mode.
- Left panel: Optimization options for Lateral (1465 lbs, 14m 40s), Vertical (378 lbs, 2m 33s), and Combo (1838 lbs, 12m 54s) at FL340. The Combo option is highlighted in green.
- Right panel: Traffic display showing aircraft like SHNKR, DNJ, KU84M, LAR, and TXC with their respective ranges and tracks.
- Bottom panel: Objective (Trip Cost), Limit (KSEA), ALT Limit (Auto), and Max WPTS (Two).
- Bottom bar: ATC Approved, ATC Denied, Dispatch, and Flag Event buttons.

- NASA technology for flight optimization
- Validated in airline operations
- Now commercially available





Community Engagement

Industry Workshops Identified Critical Barriers...



... and Paths Forward / “Chisels”



Concept Communication



Describe the DF concept in greater detail to reduce identified uncertainties

Stakeholder Engagement



Engage with key stakeholders to communicate concept and get input on desired DF policy

Modelling and Simulation



Conduct studies to quantify performance and safety impacts resulting from DF

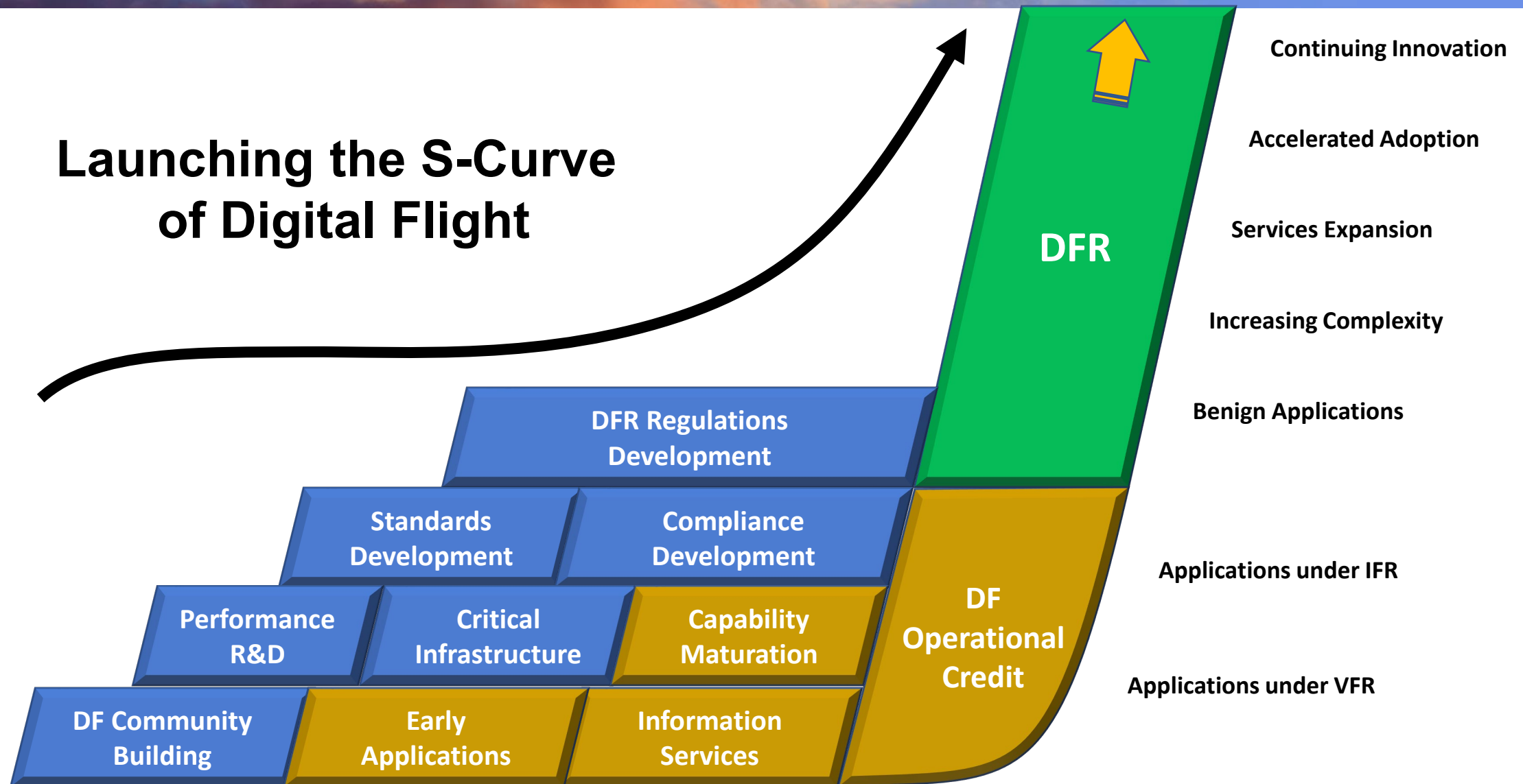
Technology Demonstration



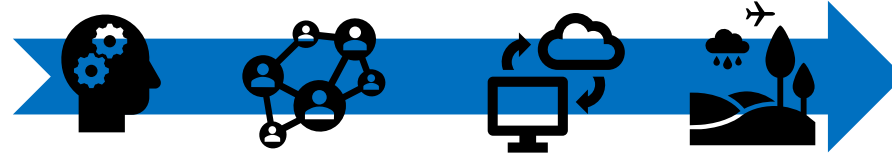
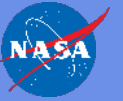
Define and conduct real-world demonstrations of DF capabilities



Launching the S-Curve of Digital Flight



Digital Flight: A Moonshot for Aviation



**“We set sail on this new sea...
for the progress of all people.”**

John F. Kennedy
Sept. 12, 1962



Thank You!

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