

Exploitation of a Validation Hierarchy for Modeling and Simulation

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The Challenge : The Vision

Design complexity continues to increase



Exploit Digital Transformation initiatives to reduce development time and cost

Budgets continue to be challenged



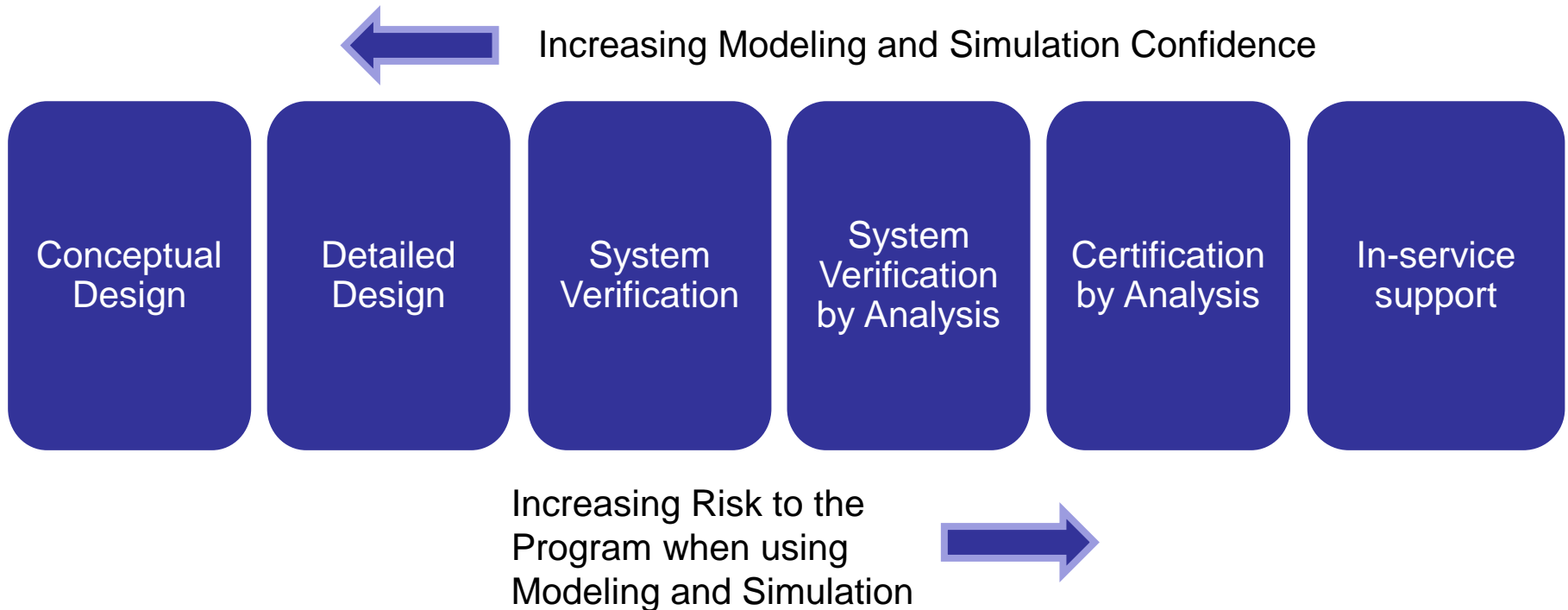
Build on the successful use of Modeling and Simulation (M&S) to reduce design time and testing costs

Expectation of time to deployment continues to shorten



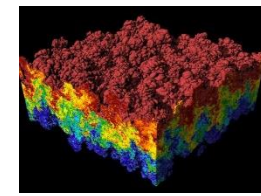
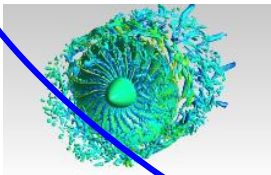
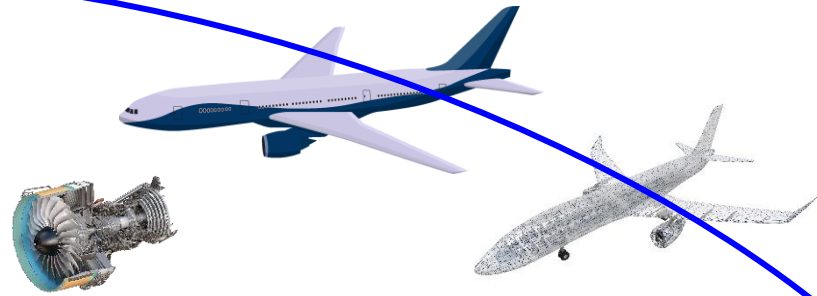
Critically assess simulation credibility to increase confidence in certification by analysis

Potential uses of Modeling and Simulation (M&S) in the System Development Lifecycle

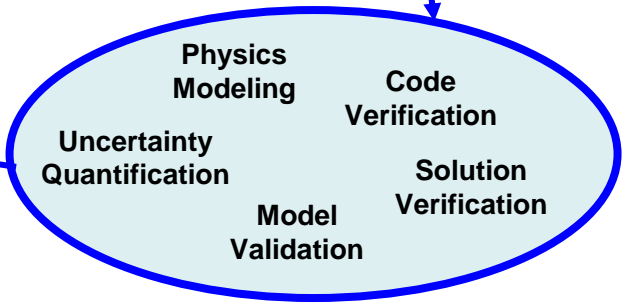


To enable the use of M&S capability later in the system design cycle, we need a rigorous process to establish confidence in the M&S capability for the overall system.

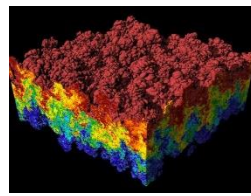
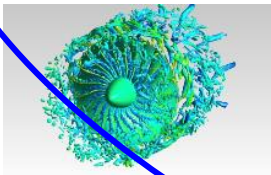
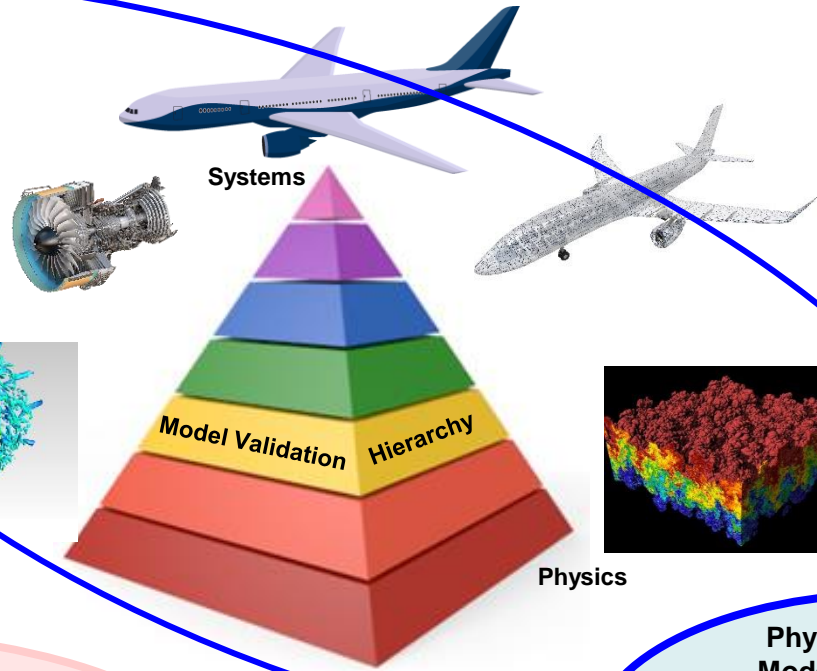
Bridge from Systems Engineering to Modeling and Simulation



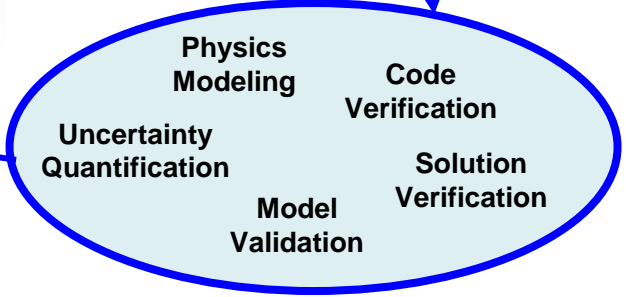
How can we establish a linkage between system engineering and modeling and simulation?



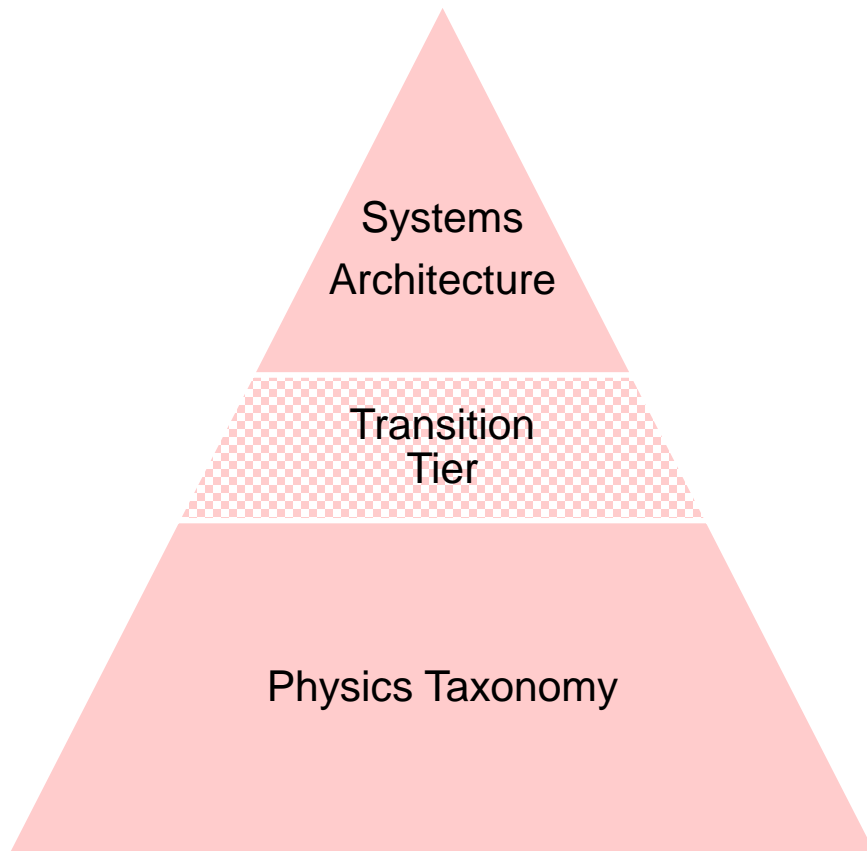
Bridge from Systems Engineering to Modeling and Simulation



Using a Validation hierarchy which provides a systematic and pragmatic approach

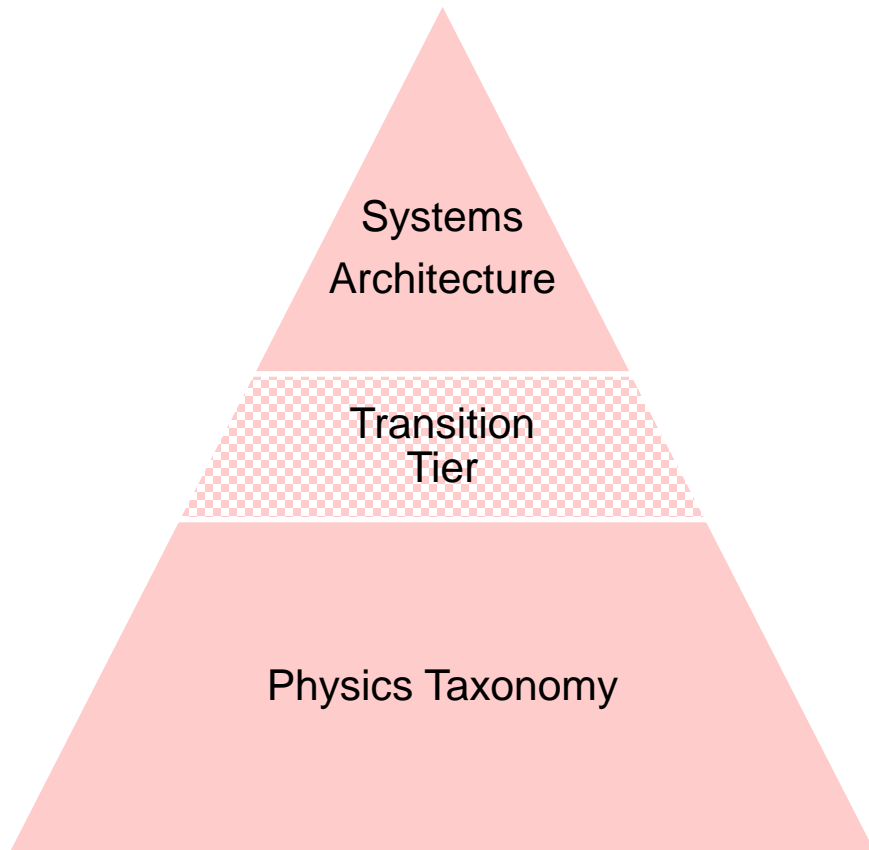


Model Validation Hierarchy



- **Systems architecture perspective**
 - Systems/subsystems/etc.
 - System design requirements are specified
- **Transition tier**
 - Transforms hierarchy from a systems architecture to a physics taxonomy view
 - Mathematical modelling introduced
- **Physics taxonomy perspective**
 - Modeling and simulation features specified
 - Physics/phenomenological decomposition from complex simulations to unit problems

Model Validation Hierarchy

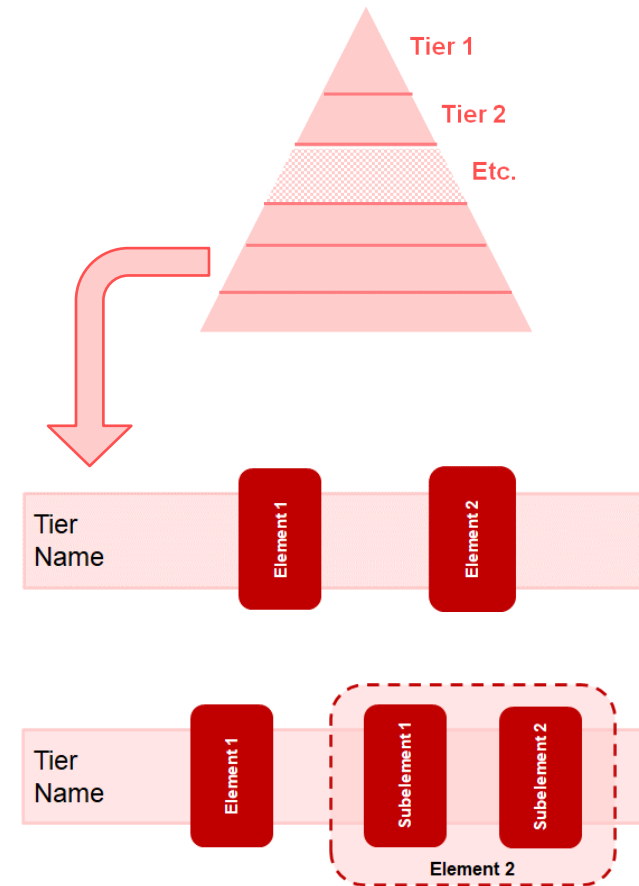


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How can we exploit this technology to prioritize Validation Experiments?

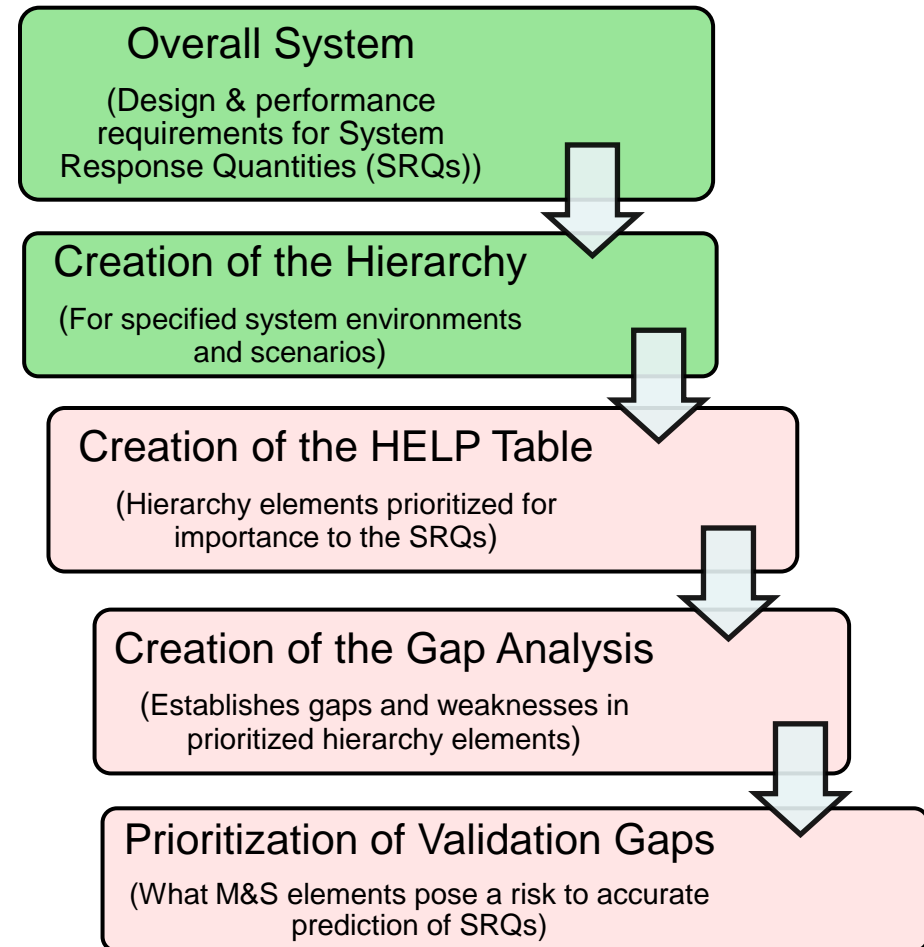
Model Validation Hierarchy Attributes

- **Hierarchy addresses system engineering (SE) requirements**
 - Presents SE and M&S concerns in a single view
 - Establishes a clear, logical connection between physical phenomenon and system behavior/performance
 - Is a rigorous and systematic approach that draws attention to missing elements
- **Moving down the hierarchy corresponds to a deconstruction of element complexity**
 - Sections of the hierarchy can have multiple tiers
 - Each tier can have multiple elements and subelements
- **The hierarchy is modular**
 - Reusable and adaptable to support new requirements
 - A strategic asset for a system and its future modifications
 - Elements may be reused for other systems



Prioritization of Validation Experiments

- **The prioritization process has four main tasks**
 - Creation of the Validation Hierarchy
 - Based on system design requirements
 - Creation of the Hierarchy Element Prioritization (HELP) table
 - Prioritization based upon importance of validation hierarchy elements for an SRQ
 - Creation of the Gap Analysis
 - Establish validation status of prioritized elements
 - Many gaps can result
 - Prioritization of the Validation Gaps
 - Which gaps are most important to address



Hierarchy Element Prioritization Table Analysis

- A single HELP Table is produced for each environment and scenario
- The importance of each element for each SRQ of interest is assessed
 - We can exploit the nature of a hierarchy to avoid assessing children of elements that are considered of low importance
 - Importance is assessed using a small number of ranks (typically 3)
- Results in a ranking of the importance of hierarchy elements for each SRQ
- We use this ranking as an initial prioritization.
 - Only high importance elements are considered in the next stage

Environment A, Scenario 1

Hierarchy Elements	SRQ 1	SRQ 2	SRQ 3
A	Low	Moderate	Moderate
B	Moderate	Low	High
C	Moderate	Moderate	High
D	Low	Moderate	Low
E	High	Low	Moderate
F	Low	Moderate	High

Importance
High
Moderate
Low

Gap Analysis

- A single Gap Analysis is performed for each environment, scenario and SRQ
- The adequacy of each Element is assessed for the adequacy of the
 - Physical Modeling
 - Code Verification
 - Solution Verification
 - Model Validation
 - Uncertainty Quantification and Sensitivity Analysis
- Results in the identification of gaps in the M&S capability
- Identifies M&S capability weaknesses

Environment A, Scenario 1 – SRQ 3

Hierarchy Elements	Modeling	Verification		Model Validation	Uncertainty Quantification
		Code Verification	Solution Verification		
B	Unknown	Adequate	Adequate	Inadequate	Inadequate
C	Unknown	Unknown	Adequate	Inadequate	Inadequate
F	Adequate	Inadequate	Adequate	Unknown	Inadequate

Capability
Inadequate
Unknown
Adequate

Sensitivity Analysis

- **Gap analysis often identifies many gaps, and consequently further prioritization may be required**
- **We propose sensitivity analyses to assess the impact of closing gaps**
 - Establish a baseline using an initial Sensitivity Analysis
 - For each gap estimate the impact on the SRQ of closing the gap
- **Results in a ranking of the gaps according to the expected improvement in uncertainty for the SRQ**

Concluding Remarks

- **We have presented a rigorous approach for identifying and prioritizing validation experiments**
 - Exploits the properties of a Validation hierarchy
 - A three step Prioritization process based on:
 - HELP Table prioritizes hierarchy elements that are of importance
 - Gap Analysis identifies weaknesses of the M&S capability
 - Sensitivity Analysis measures the impact of closing gaps
 - Hierarchical approach is modular and creates artifacts/assets that can be reused:
 - to meet changing requirements of a single system
 - effort for one system can be recapitalized for other systems
- **By identifying and prioritizing gaps in validation coverage, the approach provides a basis for critically assessing simulation credibility**