



# Assessment of Dust Source Attribution to the Global Land and Ocean Regions

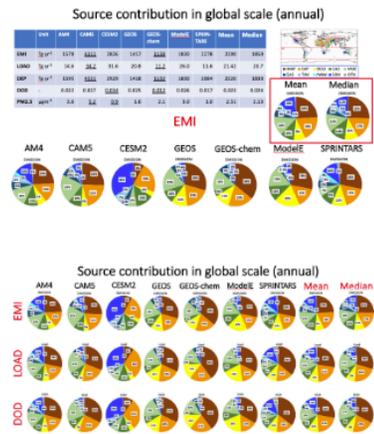
Dongchul Kim<sup>1,2</sup>, Mian Chin<sup>2</sup>, Greg Schuster<sup>3</sup>, Toshihiko Takemura<sup>4</sup>, Paolo Tuccella<sup>5</sup>, Paul Ginoux<sup>6</sup>, Xiaohong Liu<sup>7</sup>, Yang Shi<sup>7</sup>, Hitoshi Matsui<sup>8</sup>, and Kostas Tsigaridis<sup>9,10</sup>

<sup>1</sup>University of Maryland, Baltimore County, Baltimore, MD, USA, <sup>2</sup>NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD, United States, <sup>3</sup>NASA Langley Research Center, Hampton, VA, United States, <sup>4</sup>Research Institute for Applied Mechanics, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan, <sup>5</sup>University of L'Aquila, L'Aquila, Italy, <sup>6</sup>NOAA, Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory, Princeton, New Jersey, USA, <sup>7</sup>Texas A&M University, College Station, TX, United States, <sup>8</sup>Nagoya University, Nagoya, Japan,



## Objectives and method

### contributions from various models



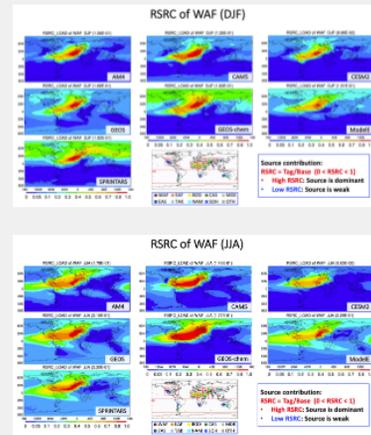
### Summary (1)

1. Significant difference in RSRC between models.
2. Consistent budget terms among emission, loading, and DOD in each model.
3. A multi-model mean provides a statistically robust estimate of global budget terms.

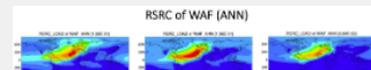
OPEN

## Horizontal distribution of source contribution

### Seasonality of RSRC of WAF



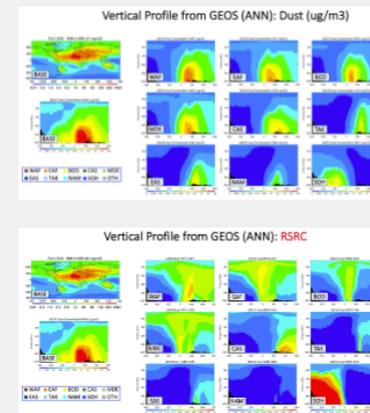
### Comparisons of horizontal profile of RSRC from various source regions in models



OPEN

## Vertical profile of source contribution

### Vertical profile of mass concentration and RSRC

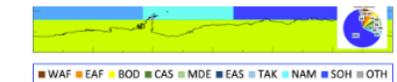


### Comparisons of vertical profile of RSRC from various source from models



OPEN

## Source contribution to various receptors



### Overall Summary

1. This study is to estimate the source contribution to the Earth atmospheric dust including, EMI, LOAD, PM2.5, and DEP.
2. RSRC has seasonal variation and the differences between models are large, greater than factor of 2-3.
3. Different vertical profile structures between mass concentration and RSRC.
4. Source contribution to receptor regions is estimated and compared.
5. Multi-model mean source contribution to receptor region is estimated.
6. Also checkout our poster (A25D-07) "On Improving the Dust Lidar Ratios for Version 5 of CALIOP by Using Measurements with Source-tagged Model Results" by Kar et al.

OPEN

