

Nondestructive Evaluation Sciences Branch

Flash Thermal Diffusivity Measurements and Inspection of Additively Manufactured Ti-6Al-4V Specimens with Varying Process Parameters

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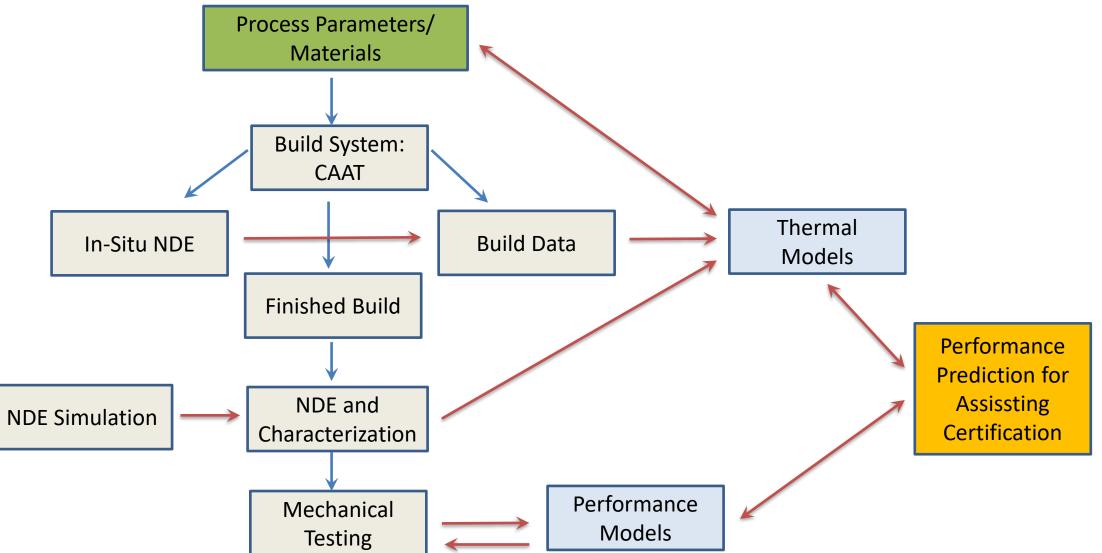
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Outline

- Introduction/Motivation
- Laser Powder Bed Fusion Additive Manufacturing
 - Description of Configurable Architecture Additive Testbed (CAAT)
 - Disk Samples Built with Varying Process Parameters
 - Thermal Inspection Systems
- Thermal Inspection Results
 - Through Transmission Diffusivity Measurements with Comparison to X-ray CT and Ultrasonics
 - Single Side Thermal Inspection with Comparison to X-ray CT
- Conclusions

NASA Transformational Tools and Technologies Project – **Additive Manufacturing (Metals)**





Introduction

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Objectives

• Develop nondestructive evaluation (NDE) techniques to inspect additively manufactured metal parts.

• Investigate thermal NDE as an inspection technique for built parts and for in-situ inspections during the build.

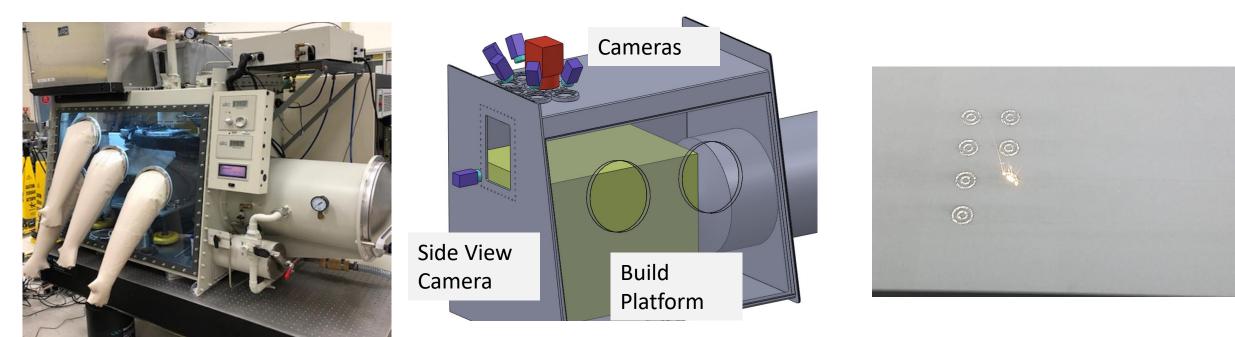
 Validate the thermal inspection results with other NDE techniques such as X-ray CT and ultrasound.

Payoffs

• Additively manufactured parts must be certified for broad application onto aircraft structures and NDE techniques are required to ensure part quality.



Configurable Architecture Additive Testbed (CAAT)

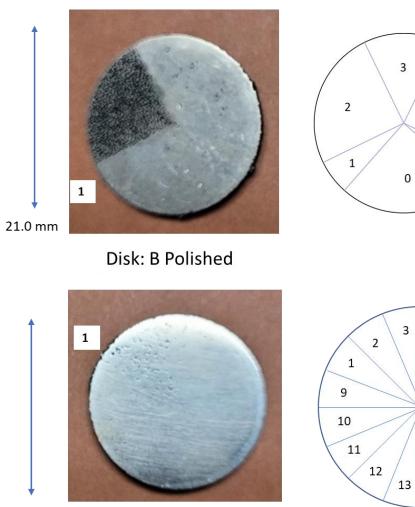




Samples Manufactured with the CAAT

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Disk: A Polished



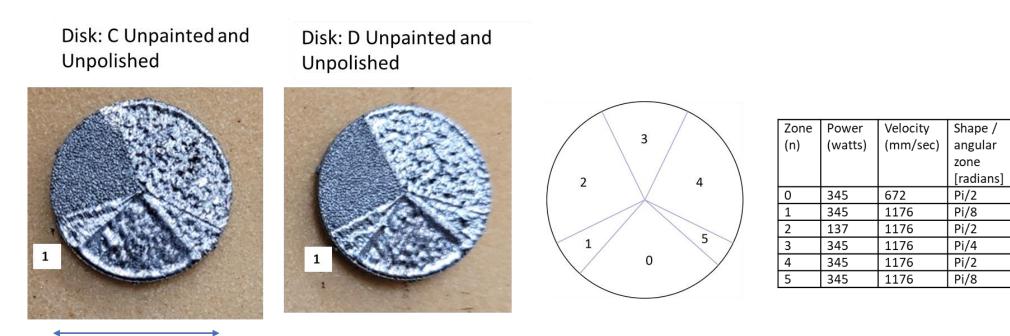
21.0 mm

Zone (n)	Power (watts)	Velocity (mm/sec)	Shape / angular zone [radians]
0	345	1176	Pi/2
1	345	1176	Pi/8
2	137	1176	Pi/2
3	345	1176	Pi/4
4	345	1176	Pi/2
5	345	1176	Pi/8

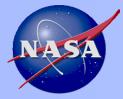
Zone (n)	Power (watts)	Velocity (mm/sed)	Shape / angular zone [radians]
1	221	1176	Pi/8
2	221	1092	Pi/8
3	221	1008	Pi/8
4	221	924	Pi/8
5	221	840	Pi/8
6	221	756	Pi/8
7	221	672	Pi/8
8	221	588	Pi/8
9	308	1175	Pi/8
10	308	1092	Pi/8
11	308	1008	Pi/8
12	308	924	Pi/8
13	308	840	Pi/8
14	308	756	Pi/8
15	308	672	Pi/8
16	308	588	Pi/8



Samples Manufactured with the CAAT



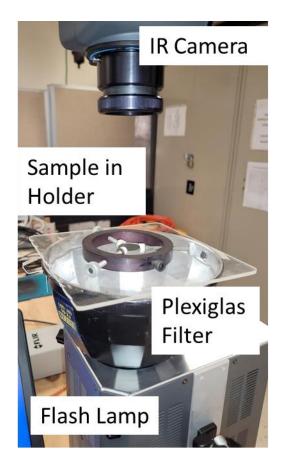
21.0 mm



Through Transmission Thermal Inspection System

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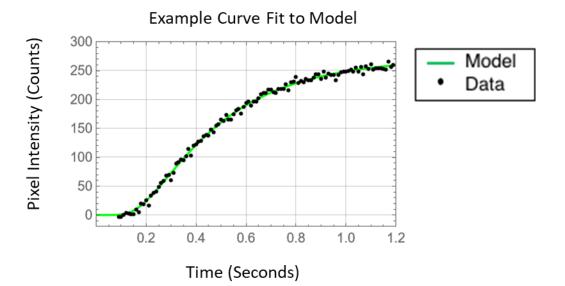
Through Transmission





Through Transmission Technique

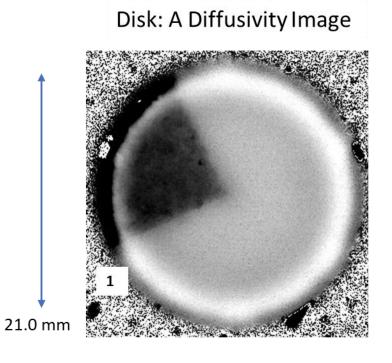
$$T(t) = \begin{cases} 2 T_{max} \sqrt{\frac{l^2}{\pi \alpha t}} \left(e^{-\frac{l^2}{4 \alpha t}} + e^{-\frac{9l^2}{4 \alpha t}} \right), t < 0.4 \frac{l^2}{\alpha} \\ 2 T_{max} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{\alpha t \pi^2}{l^2}} \right), t \ge 0.4 \frac{l^2}{\alpha} \end{cases}$$



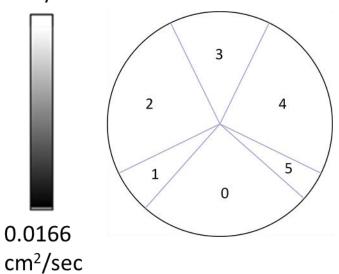


Through Transmission Thermal Results

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0.0290 cm²/sec

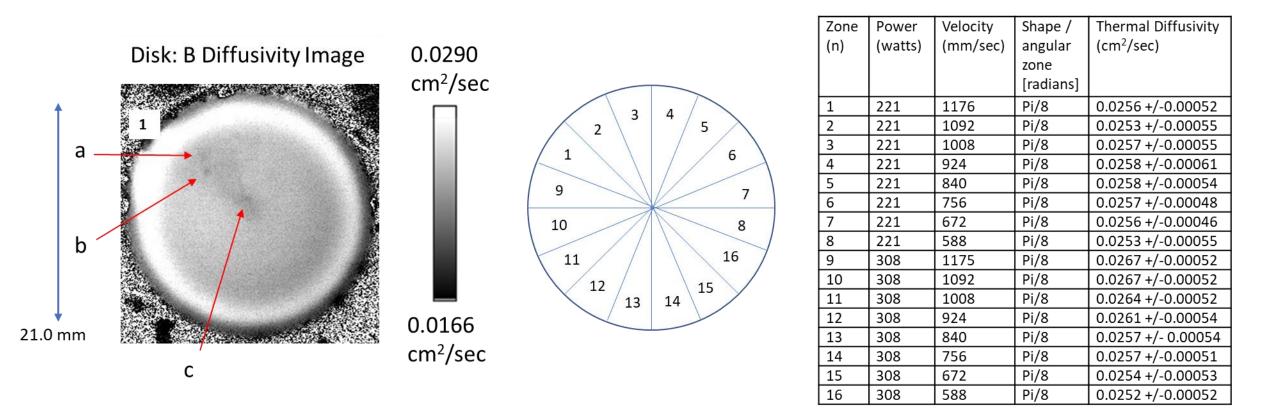


Zone	Power	Velocity	Shape /	Thermal
(n)	(watts)	(mm/sec)	angular	Diffusivity
			zone	(cm ² /sec)
			[radians]	
0	345	1176	Pi/2	0.0258 +/-0.00043
1	345	1176	Pi/8	0.0253 +/-0.00036
2	137	1176	Pi/2	0.0186+/-0.00031
3	345	1176	Pi/4	0.0256 +/-0.00040
4	345	1176	Pi/2	0.0258 +/-0.00038
5	345	1176	Pi/8	0.0257 +/-0.00050



Through Transmission Thermal Results

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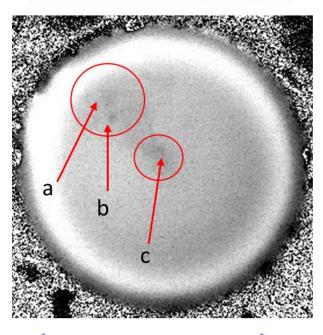
a = 0.0250 +/- 0.00052, b = 0.0247 +/- 0.00066, c = 0.0241 +/-0.0006 cm²/sec

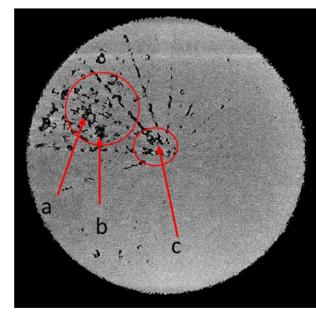


Through Transmission Thermal Results Compared to X-ray CT

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Disk: B Diffusivity Image

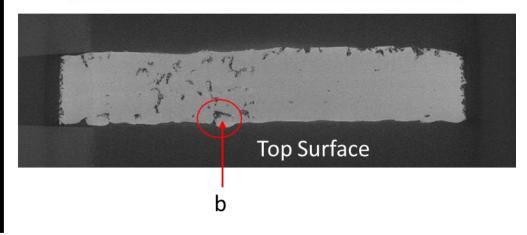




Disk: B X-ray CT

Transverse Slice Image

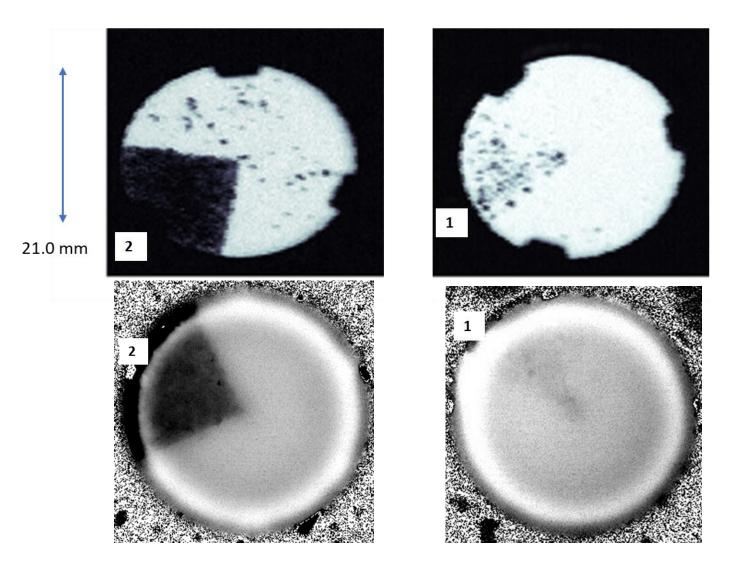
Disk B: X-ray CT Vertical Slice Image for defect b.



21.0 mm



Through Transmission Thermal Results Compared to Ultrasound

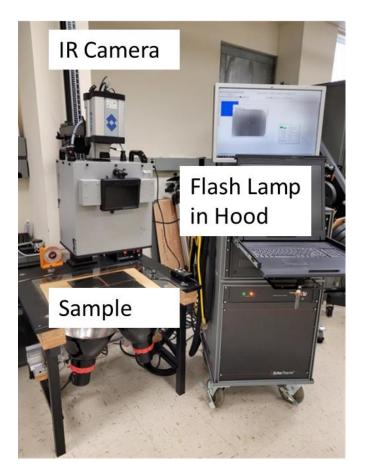


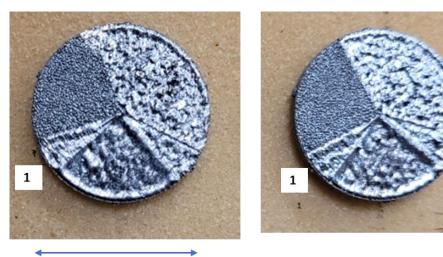


Single Side Thermal Inspection Results

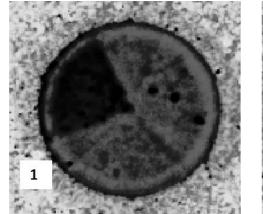
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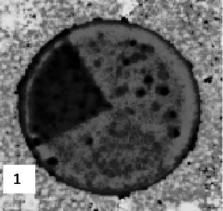
Single Side Setup





21.0 mm

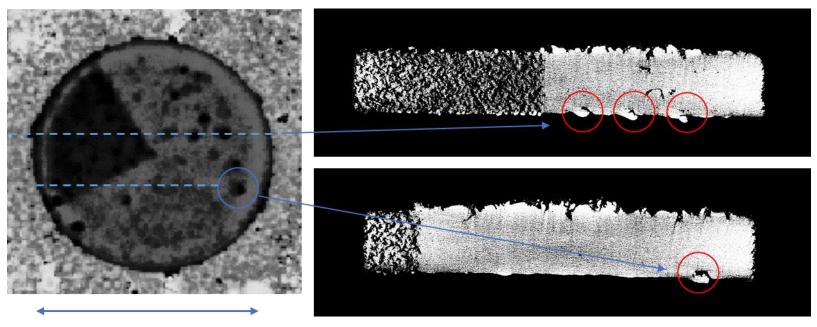




Principal Component Analysis (PCA) Processed Inspection Images



Single Side Thermal Inspection Results Compared to X-ray CT



21.0 mm



Conclusions

- Lack of fusion porosity and areas of large porosity were detected with the thermal diffusivity measurements.
- Small changes in the processing parameters were not detectable with changes in the thermal diffusivity.
- Single sided thermal inspections detected near surface voids on unpainted and rough surface samples and this inspection can be implemented in-situ with thermal inspections performed during the build.
- Data fusion between processing parameters and NDE results will require registration with goal to compile results into a centralized data base.