



# Linking Strategic Astrophysics Missions, Technology Gaps, and Technology Maturation Investments

Opher Ganel<sup>\*a</sup>, Pin Chen<sup>b</sup>, Brendan Crill<sup>b</sup>, Jason Derleth<sup>a</sup>, Omid Noroozian<sup>c</sup>, Mario Perez<sup>c</sup>,  
Rachel Rivera<sup>a</sup>, and Nicholas Siegler<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Physics of the Cosmos and Cosmic Origins Program Office, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, 8800 Greenbelt Rd., Greenbelt, MD 20771, USA

<sup>b</sup> Exoplanet Exploration Program Office, NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory, 4800 Oak Grove Dr., Pasadena, CA 91109, USA

<sup>c</sup> Astrophysics Division, NASA Headquarters, 300 Hidden Figures Way SW, Washington DC 20546, USA

\* [opher.ganel@nasa.gov](mailto:opher.ganel@nasa.gov); phone 1 410 440 8029; [apd440.gsfc.nasa.gov/tech](http://apd440.gsfc.nasa.gov/tech)

**July 21, 2024**



# What We'll Cover Today

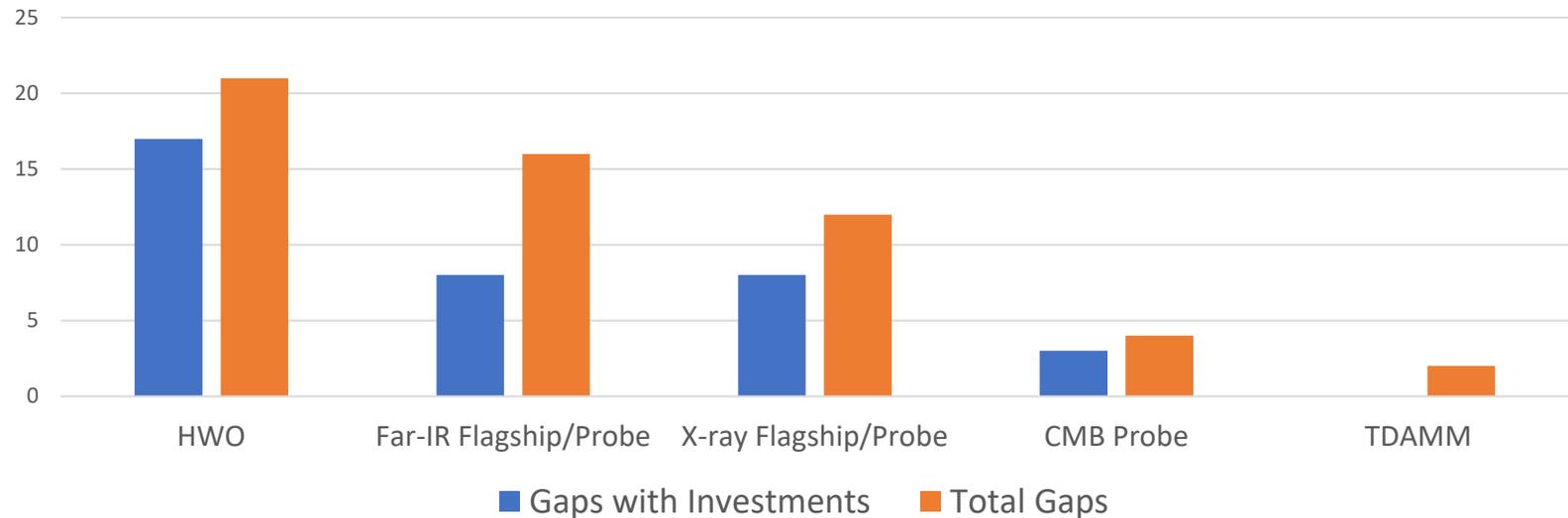
- Strategic Astrophysics missions/activities vs. technology gaps vs. APD technology maturation investments (over 12 months since funding start)
- Technology maturation project stats
- Investments by technology type and mission/activity affected
- Technology Readiness Level (TRL) advances
- Technology infusions

# Strategic Missions/Activities vs. 2022 Tech Gaps vs. Technology Maturation Investments

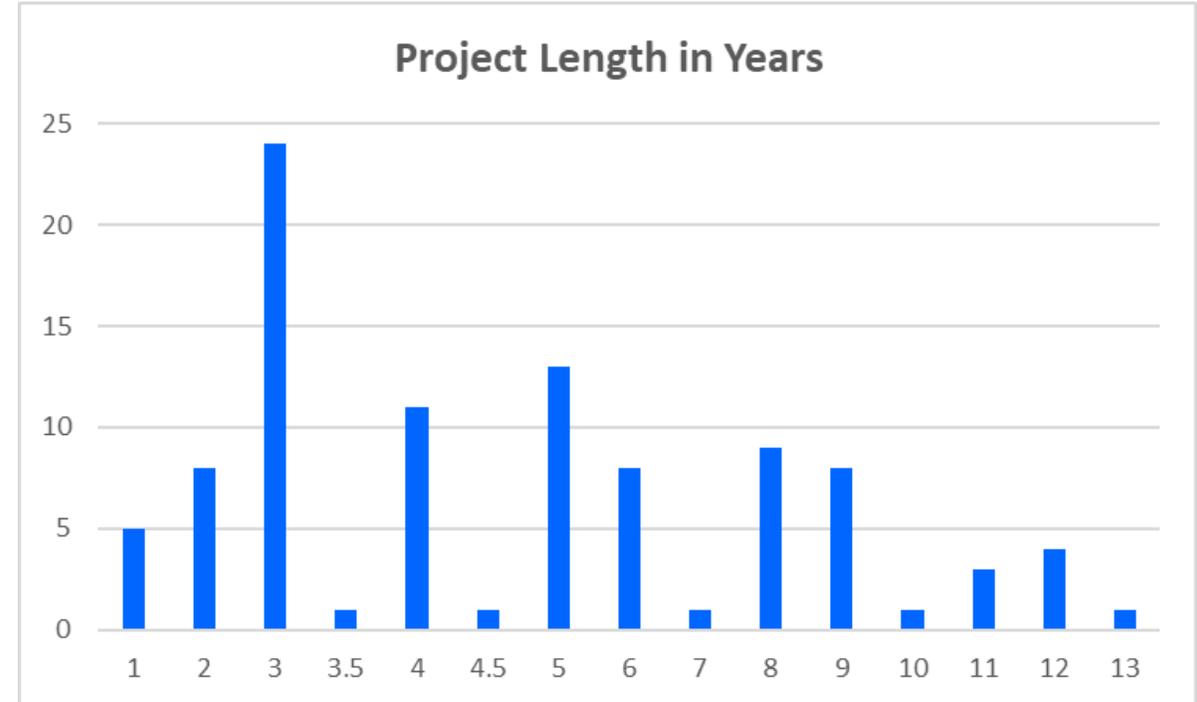
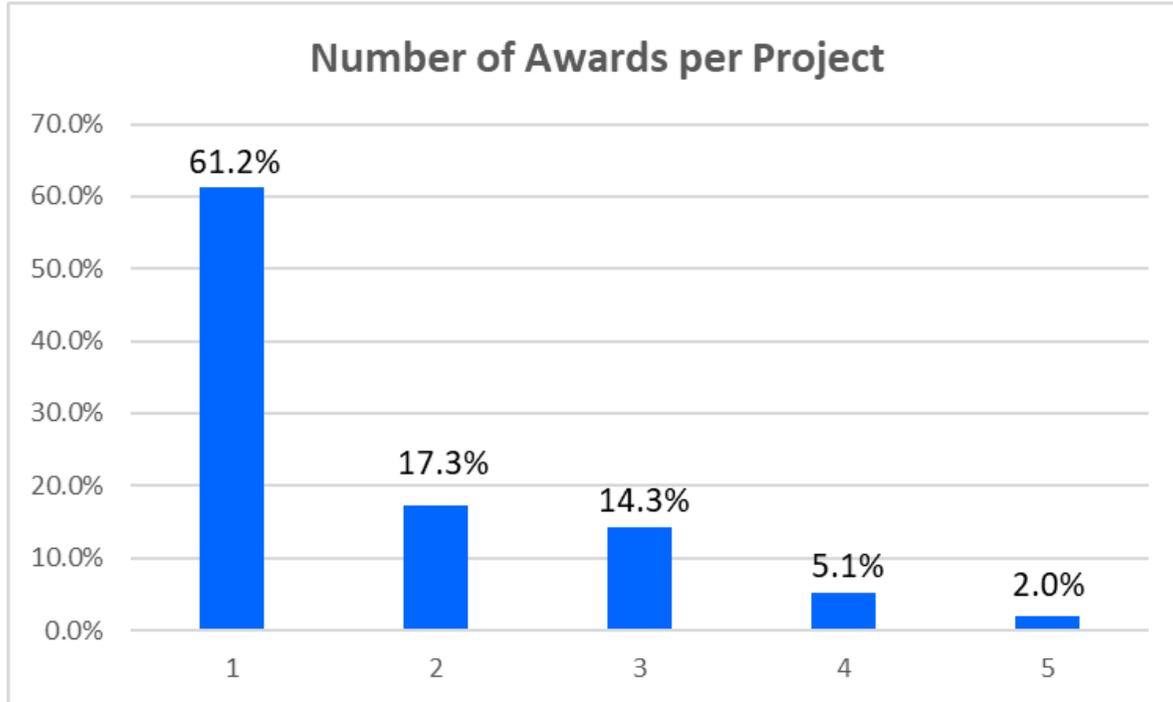
| Strategic Mission/Activity                           | Gaps w/Investments (all Tiers) | Tier 1          | Tier 2         | Tier 3        | Tier 4        |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Habitable Worlds Observatory (HWO)                   | 17 of 21                       | 9 of 11         | 3 of 3         | 5 of 6        | 0 of 1        |
| Far-IR Flagship/Probe                                | 8 of 16                        | 5 of 6          | 1 of 8         | 2 of 2        | No gaps       |
| X-ray Flagship/Probe                                 | 8 of 12                        | 3 of 5          | 5 of 5         | 0 of 1        | 0 of 1        |
| Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB) Probe              | 3 of 4                         | 2 of 2          | 0 of 1         | No gaps       | 1 of 1        |
| Time Domain and Multi-Messenger Astrophysics (TDAMM) | 0 of 2                         | No gaps         | No gaps        | No gaps       | 0 of 2        |
| <b>Total (excl. mission overlaps)</b>                | <b>33 of 49</b>                | <b>16 of 20</b> | <b>9 of 16</b> | <b>7 of 9</b> | <b>1 of 4</b> |
|  | <b>67%</b>                     | <b>80%</b>      | <b>56%</b>     | <b>78%</b>    | <b>25%</b>    |

## In 2022

**Tech gaps assessed: 57**  
 Tier 1: 20  
 Tier 2: 16  
 Tier 3: 9  
 Tier 4: 4  
 Tier 5 (non-strategic): 8

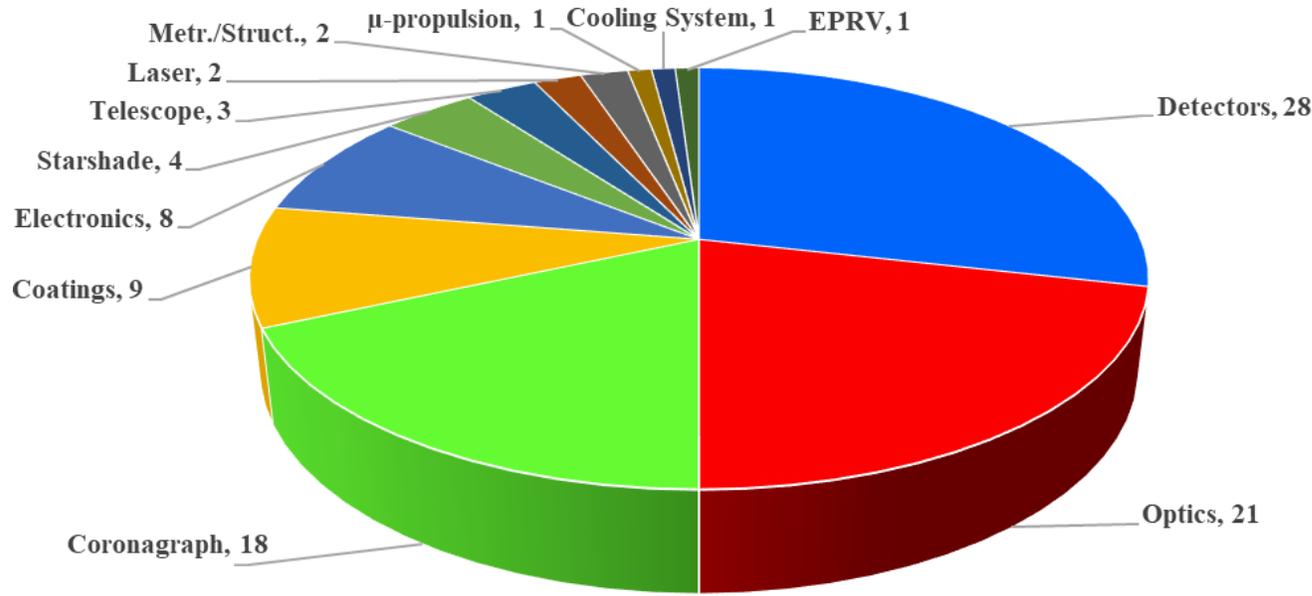


# Technology Maturation Project Stats



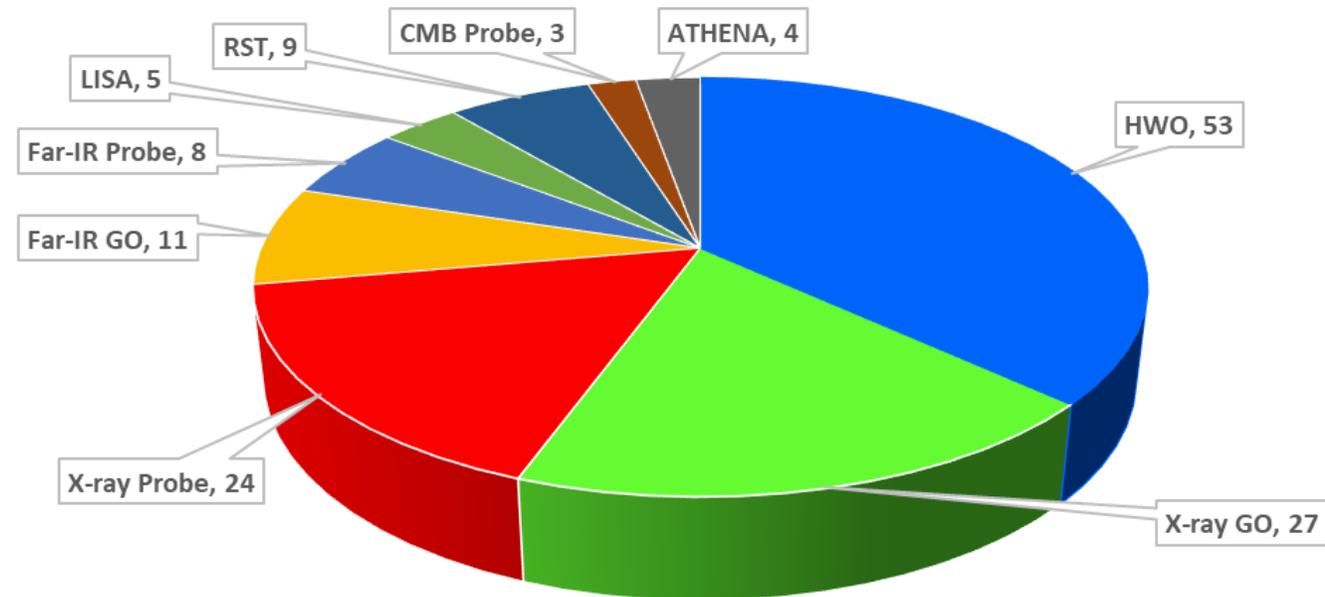
- Most technology projects received one funding cycle while others received up to five (average was 1.7 awards)
- Project durations varied from one year to 13 (mode was three years, median five years, and average 5.2 years)

# Technology Types and Missions Affected



- 9 Roman Space Telescope (RST)
- 4 Advanced Telescope for High-ENERgy Astrophysics (ATHENA)
- 24 X-ray Probe
- 8 Far-IR Probe
- 5 Laser Interferometer Space Antenna (LISA)
- 3 CMB Probe
- 53 HWO
- 27 X-ray Great Observatory (GO)
- 11 Far-IR GO

Distribution of strategic missions affected (including duplicates)

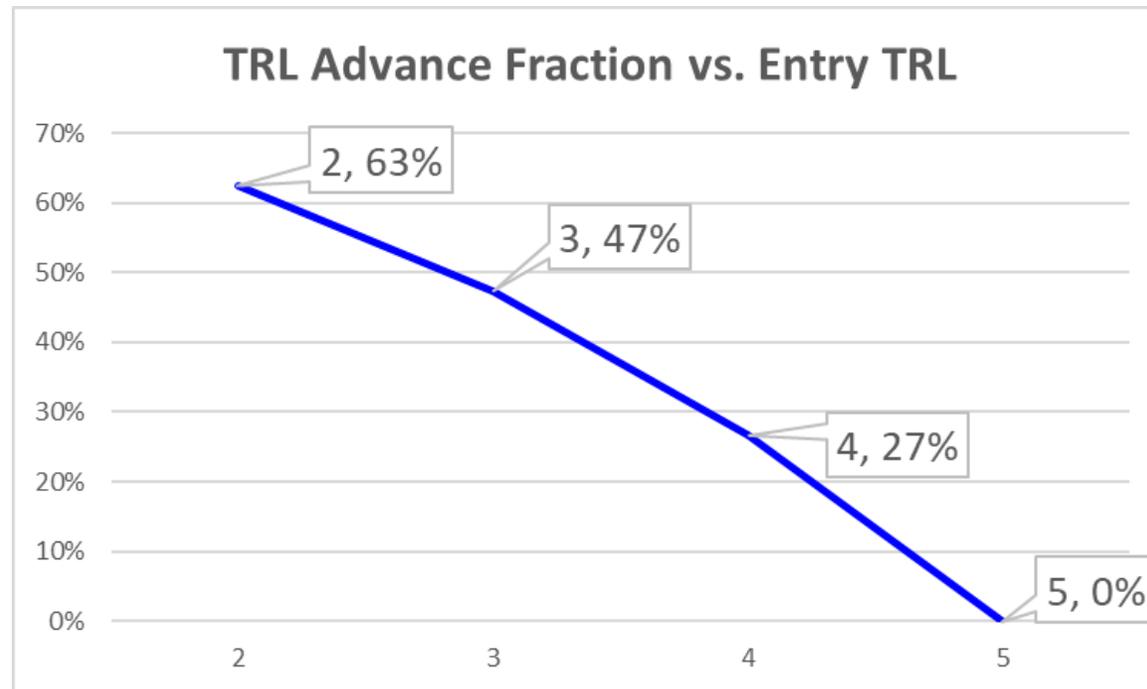


## Project distribution by technology type

|               |    |       |       |       |
|---------------|----|-------|-------|-------|
| Detectors:    | 28 | (29%) | } 68% | } 86% |
| Optics:       | 21 | (21%) |       |       |
| Coronagraphs: | 18 | (18%) |       |       |
| Coatings:     | 9  | ( 9%) |       |       |
| Electronics:  | 8  | ( 8%) |       |       |
| Starshade:    | 4  | ( 4%) |       |       |
| Telescopes:   | 3  | ( 3%) |       |       |
| Lasers:       | 2  | ( 2%) |       |       |
| Metr./Strct.: | 2  | ( 2%) |       |       |
| μ-Propulsion: | 1  | ( 1%) |       |       |
| Cooling Sys.: | 1  | ( 1%) |       |       |
| EPRV:         | 1  | ( 1%) |       |       |

# Technology Readiness Level (TRL) Advances

| Entry TRL    | Number of Projects | Number Advancing | Fraction Advancing |
|--------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 2            | 8                  | 5                | 63%                |
| 3            | 74                 | 35               | 47 %               |
| 4            | 15                 | 4                | 27 %               |
| 5            | 1                  | 0                | 0 %                |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>98</b>          | <b>44</b>        | <b>45%</b>         |



Note: Projects without TRL advances still made significant progress, but missed at least one criterion for the next TRL

# Technology Infusions



|                  |             | Space | Rocket | Balloon | Airborne | Ground | Total |
|------------------|-------------|-------|--------|---------|----------|--------|-------|
| Infused          | Implemented | 19    | 15     | 11      | 3        | 45     | 93    |
|                  | Upcoming    | 31    | 19     | 8       | 1        | 6      | 65    |
| Infused Subtotal |             | 50    | 34     | 19      | 4        | 51     | 158   |

Flown, deployed, or implemented

Baselined or in progress



|                         |          |     |    |    |   |    |     |
|-------------------------|----------|-----|----|----|---|----|-----|
| Potential               | Concepts | 60  | -  | -  | - | -  | 60  |
|                         | Ready    | 3   | -  | -  | - | -  | 3   |
| Potential Subtotal      |          | 63  | -  | -  | - | -  | 63  |
| Infused/Infusable Total |          | 113 | 34 | 19 | 4 | 51 | 221 |

Baselined by APD-funded studies

At TRL 5 but not infused yet

- 42 of 98 projects (43%) accounted for 99 unique technologies being infused into 106 unique missions/projects
- An Aerospace Corporation study found that 62% of APD-funded technology projects (including all APRA technology projects) led to infusions

# Summary

- NASA APD invested hundreds of millions of dollars to date toward maturing strategic technologies:
  - Investments toward closing 33 of 49 technology gaps (67%), mostly Tier 1-3
  - Investments toward closing 17 of 21 HWO-relevant gaps (81%), 8 of 16 Far-IR GO/Probe gaps (50%), 8 of 12 X-ray GO/Probe gaps (67%), and 3 of 4 CMB Probe gaps (75%)
- These investments have led to:
  - 166 awards grouped into 98 unique technology maturation projects (5.2-year average project duration)
  - 44 of 98 projects (45%) advanced technologies by at least one TRL (12 advanced by two levels)
  - 42 of 98 projects (43%) led to infusion of 99 unique technologies into 106 unique missions/projects
- Investments addressed detectors (28 projects), optics (21), coronagraphs (18), coatings (9), electronics (8), starshade (4), and other technologies (10)
- Investments impact RST (9 projects), ATHENA (4), X-ray Probe (24), Far-IR Probe (8), LISA (5), CMB Probe (3), HWO (53), X-ray GO (27), and Far-IR GO (11) (w/overlap by approximate launch order)
- Ongoing investments will continue maturing and infusing technologies, enabling and enhancing strategic (and other) Astrophysics missions, as well as other missions and projects
- APD also funds technology development and testing facility development and upgrades



# Backup



# 2022 Tech Gaps vs. Strategic Missions/Activities Tier 1



| Tier | Technology Gap  | HWO | X-ray GO/Probe | Far-IR GO/Probe | CMB Probe | TDAMM |
|------|---|-----|----------------|-----------------|-----------|-------|
| 1    | Advanced Cryocoolers  |     | x              | x               |           |       |
|      | Coronagraph Contrast and Efficiency   | x   |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Coronagraph Stability   | x   |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Cryogenic Readouts for Large-Format Far-IR Detectors  |     |                | x               | x         |       |
|      | Heterodyne Far-IR Detector Systems  |     |                | x               |           |       |
|      | High-Throughput Large-Format Object Sel. Tech for Multi-Object & Integ. Field Spectroscopy    | x   |                |                 |           |       |
|      | High-Performance, Sub-Kelvin Coolers  |     | x              | x               | x         |       |
|      | High-Reflectivity Broadband FUV-to-NIR Mirror Coatings  | x   |                |                 |           |       |
|      | High-Resolution, Large-Area, Lightweight X-Ray Optics   |     | x              |                 |           |       |
|      | High-Throughput Bandpass Selection for UV/VIS   | x   |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Large Cryogenic Optics for the Mid IR to Far IR   |     |                | x               |           |       |
|      | Large-Format, High-Resolution Focal Plane Arrays  | x   |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Large-Format, Low-Darkrate, High Eff., Photon-Counting, Solar-blind, Far- & Near-UV Detectors | x   |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Large-Format, Low-Noise and Ultralow-Noise Far-IR Direct Detectors                            |     |                | x               |           |       |
|      | Low-stress, High-Stability, X-Ray Reflective Coatings   |     | x              |                 |           |       |
|      | Mirror Technologies for High Angular Resolution in the UV/Vis/NIR                             | x   |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Optical Blocking Filters for X-ray Instruments  |     | x              |                 |           |       |
|      | Stellar Reflex Motion Sensitivity: Extreme Precision Radial Velocity (EPRV)                   | x   |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Stellar Reflex Motion Sensitivity: Astrometry   | x   |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Vis/NIR Detection Sensitivity   | x   |                |                 |           |       |

# 2022 Tech Gaps vs. Strategic Missions/Activities Tier 2

| Tier                     | Technology Gap  | HWO | X-ray GO/Probe | Far-IR GO/Probe | CMB Probe | TDAMM |
|--------------------------|---|-----|----------------|-----------------|-----------|-------|
| 2                        | Broadband X-Ray Detectors   |     | x              |                 |           |       |
|                          | Compact, Integrated Spectrometers for 100 to 1000 $\mu\text{m}$                   |     |                | x               |           |       |
|                          | Far-IR Imaging Interferometer for High-Resolution Spectroscopy                    |     |                | x               |           |       |
|                          | Far-IR Spatio-Spectral Interferometry   |     |                | x               |           |       |
|                          | Fast, Low-Noise, Megapixel X-Ray Imaging Arrays with Moderate Spectral Resolution |     | x              |                 |           |       |
|                          | High-Efficiency X-Ray Grating Arrays for High-Resolution Spectroscopy             |     | x              |                 |           |       |
|                          | High-resolution Direct-Detection Spectrometers for Far-IR Wavelengths             |     |                | x               |           |       |
|                          | Improving the Calibration of Far-IR Heterodyne Measurements                       |     |                | x               |           |       |
|                          | Large-Aperture Deployable Antennas for FIR/THz/Sub-mm Astr. for Freq's >100 GHz   |     |                | x               |           |       |
|                          | Large-Format, High-Spectral-Resolution, Small-Pixel X-Ray Focal-Plane Arrays      |     | x              |                 |           |       |
|                          | Polarization-Preserving Millimeter-Wave Optical Elements                          |     |                | x               | x         |       |
|                          | Precision Timing for Space-Based Astrophysics                                     |     |                | x               |           |       |
|                          | Rapid Readout Electronics for X-Ray Detectors                                     |     | x              |                 |           |       |
|                          | Starshade Deployment and Shape Stability  | x   |                |                 |           |       |
|                          | Starshade Starlight Suppression and Model Validation                              | x   |                |                 |           |       |
| UV Detection Sensitivity | x   |     |                |                 |           |       |



# 2022 Tech Gaps vs. Strategic Missions/Activities Tiers 3 – 5



| Tier | Technology Gap  | HWO  | X-ray GO/Probe | Far-IR GO/Probe | CMB Probe | TDAMM |
|------|---|------|----------------|-----------------|-----------|-------|
| 3    | Advancement of X-Ray Polarimeter Sensitivity  |      | x              |                 |           |       |
|      | Detection Stability in the Mid-IR   |      |                | x               |           |       |
|      | Far-UV Imaging Bandpass Filters   | x    |                |                 |           |       |
|      | High Efficiency Far-UV Mirror   | x    |                |                 |           |       |
|      | High-Eff. Low-Scatter, High- & Low-Ruling-Density, High- & Low-Blaze-Angle UV Gratings  | x    |                |                 |           |       |
|      | High-QE, Solar-Blind, Broadband NUV Detector  | x    |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Photon-Counting, Large-Format UV Detectors  | x    |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Short-Wave UV Coatings  | x    |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Warm Readout Electronics for Large-Format Far-IR Detectors                              |      |                |                 | x         |       |
| 4    | Advanced Millimeter-Wave Focal-Plane Arrays for CMB Polarimetry                         |      |                |                 | x         |       |
|      | Improving Photometric/Spectrophotometric Precision of Time-Domain & Time-Series Measur. |      |                |                 |           | x     |
|      | UV/Optical/NIR Tunable Narrow-Band Imaging Capability                                   | x    |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Very-Wide-Field Focusing Instrument for Time-Domain X-Ray Astronomy                     |      | x              |                 |           | x     |
| 5    | Complex ultra-stable structures for future GW missions                                  | None |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Disturbance Reduction for GW Missions   |      |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Gravitational Reference Sensor (GRS)  |      |                |                 |           |       |
|      | High-Performance Spectral Dispersion Component/Device                                   |      |                |                 |           |       |
|      | High-Power, High-Stability Laser for GW Missions  |      |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Laser Phase Measurement Chain for a Decihertz GW Mission                                |      |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Micro-Newton Thrusters for GW Missions  |      |                |                 |           |       |
|      | Stable Telescopes for GW Missions   |      |                |                 |           |       |



# Current COR Strategic Technology Portfolio



| Project Title  | PI                  | PI Org   | Tech Type     |
|--|---------------------|----------|---------------|
| Low-Noise, Large-Format, Direct-Absorption Far-IR KID Arrays                     | Austermann, J       | NIST     | Detector      |
| Four Megapixel Sensor for Ultra-Low-Background Shortwave IR Astronomy            | Bottom, M           | U Hawaii | Detector      |
| Ultrasensitive Far-IR KID Arrays: Maturation for Flight                          | Bradford, CM        | JPL      | Detector      |
| Characterizing Single-Photon Sensing CMOS Image Sensors for NASA Missions        | Figer, D            | RIT      | Detector      |
| Ultrasensitive Far-IR KID Arrays for Space                                       | Hailey-Dunsheath, S | Caltech  | Detector      |
| High Performance, Stable, and Scalable UV Al Mirror Coatings Using ALD           | Hennessy, J         | JPL      | Coating       |
| High-Performance FUV, NUV, and UV/Optical CMOS Imagers                           | Hoenk, M            | JPL      | Detector      |
| High-Eff. Continuous Cooling for Cryogenic Instruments and sub-Kelvin Detectors  | Kimball, M          | GSFC     | Cooling Sys.  |
| UV Spectroscopy for the Next Decade Through Nanofabrication Techniques           | McEntaffer, R       | PSU      | Optics        |
| High-Perf. UV Photon Counting Detector for Strategic Astrophysics Missions       | Nikzad, S           | JPL      | Detector      |
| Large Format, High Efficiency, UV/Optical/NIR Photon Counting Detectors          | Nikzad, S           | JPL      | Detector      |
| Adv. Al Mirrors w/Passivated LiF for Env. Stable Meter-Class UV Space Telescopes | Quijada, M          | GSFC     | Coating       |
| Advancing Readout of Large-Format Far-IR TES Arrays                              | Rostem, K           | GSFC     | Electronics   |
| Scalable Microshutter Systems for Multi-object Spectroscopy                      | Scowen, P           | GSFC     | Optics        |
| Large Low Noise Transition Edge Sensor Arrays for Future FIR Space Missions      | Staguhn, J          | JHU      | Detector      |
| Ultra-Stable Structures Dev. & Characterization Using Spatial Dynamic Metrology  | Saif, B             | GSFC     | Metr./Struct. |
| UV/Optical to Far-IR Mirror & Telescope Technology Development                   | Stahl, HP           | MSFC     | Optics        |
| Large-Format, High-Dyn.-Range UV Detector Using MCPs & Timepix4 Readouts         | Vallerga, J         | UCB      | Detector      |

Detectors: 9  
 Optics: 3  
 Coatings: 2  
 Electronics: 1  
 Cooling Sys.: 1  
 Metr./Struct.: 1

Acronyms: PI, Principal Investigator; KID, Kinetic Inductance Detector; NIST, National Institute of Standards and Technology; IR, Infrared; NIR, Near Infrared; LmAPD, Linear-mode Avalanche Photodiode; JPL, Jet Propulsion Lab; CMOS, Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor; RIT, Rochester Institute of Technology; Caltech, California Institute of Technology; ALD, Atomic Layer Deposition; FUV, Far UV; NUV, Near UV; GSFC, Goddard Spaceflight Center; TES, Transition-Edge Sensor; JHU, Johns Hopkins University; MSFC, Marshall Spaceflight Center; MCP, Multi-Channel Plate; UCB, University of California Berkeley.



# Current ExEP Strategic Technology Portfolio



| Title  | PI                 | PI Org    | Tech Type    |
|--|--------------------|-----------|--------------|
| Development of a Method for Exoplanet Imaging in Multi-Star Systems                                      | Belikov, R         | ARC       | Coronagraph  |
| High Contrast w/Phase-Induced Amplitude Apodization Complex Mask Coronagraph on a Segmented Aperture     | Belikov, R         | ARC       | Coronagraph  |
| Laboratory Demonstration of Multi-Star Wavefront Control in Vacuum                                       | Belikov, R         | ARC       | Coronagraph  |
| Starshade Large-Structure Precision Deployment and Stability   | Aaron, K           | JPL       | Starshade    |
| Starshade Starlight Suppression  | Aaron, K           | JPL       | Starshade    |
| Adaptive High-Order Wavefront Control Algorithms for High-Contrast Imaging on the Decadal Survey Testbed | Cahoy, K           | MIT       | Coronagraph  |
| Segmented Coronagraph Design and Analysis study  | Chen, P            | JPL       | Coronagraph  |
| Linear Wavefront Control for High-Contrast Imaging   | Guyon, O           | U Arizona | Coronagraph  |
| Robust Deep-Contrast Imaging with Self-Calibrating Coronagraph Systems                                   | Guyon, O           | U Arizona | Coronagraph  |
| Colloid Thruster Life Testing and Modeling   | Marrese-Reading, C | JPL       | μ-Propulsion |
| Optimal Spectrograph and Wavefront Control Architectures for High-Contrast Exoplanet Characterization    | Mawet, D           | Caltech   | Coronagraph  |
| Radiation-Tolerant, Photon-Counting, Vis/Near-IR Detectors for Coronagraphs and Starshades               | Rauscher, B        | GSFC      | Detector     |
| Laboratory Demonstrations of High Contrast with Black Si Coronagraph Masks                               | Riggs, AJ          | JPL       | Coronagraph  |
| Vortex Coronagraph High-Contrast Demonstrations  | Serabyn, E         | JPL       | Coronagraph  |
| System-level Demonstration of High Contrast for Segmented Space Telescopes                               | Soummer, R         | STScI     | Coronagraph  |
| Ultra-Stable Mid-IR Detector Array for Space-Based Exoplanet Transit Spectroscopy                        | Staguhn, J         | JHU       | Detector     |
| Demonstration of Adv. Wavefront Control for Segmented Aperture Telescopes                                | Tesch, J           | JPL       | Coronagraph  |
| Super Lyot ExoEarth Coronagraph  | Trauger, J         | JPL       | Coronagraph  |
| Low-Order HW Implementation for Sensing and Control in Exoplanet Imaging                                 | Trauger, J         | JPL       | Coronagraph  |
| A Novel Optical Etalon for Precision Radial Velocity Measurements  | Vasisht, G         | JPL       | EPRV         |
| Dual-Purpose Coronagraph Masks for Enabling High-Contrast Imaging with an IR/Optical/UV Flagship Mission | Wallace, K         | JPL       | Coronagraph  |

Coronagraphs: 15  
 Starshade: 2  
 Detectors: 2  
 μ-Propulsion: 1  
 EPRV: 1

Acronyms: ARC, Ames Research Center; MIT, Massachusetts Institute of Technology; STScI, Space Telescope Science Institute; HW, Hardware).



# Current PhysCOS Strategic Technology Portfolio



| Title   | PI               | PI Org | Tech Type     |
|---|------------------|--------|---------------|
| Magnetically Coupled Calorimeters   | Bandler, S       | GSFC   | Detector      |
| Extremely Low-noise, High Frame-rate X-ray Image Sensors                      | Bautz, M         | MIT    | Detector      |
| Microwave SQUID Readout Technology to Enable Lynx and Other GOs               | Bennett, D       | NIST   | Electronics   |
| Mounting and Alignment of Full-Shell X-Ray Mirrors                            | Bongiorno, S     | MSFC   | Optics        |
| Metrology Development for Full-Shell X-Ray Mirrors                            | Davis, J         | MSFC   | Metr./Struct. |
| Rapid Electron-Beam Lithography Patterning for Customized Reflection Gratings | DeRoo, C         | U Iowa | Optics        |
| Thin Film Coatings for Full-Shell X-Ray Mirrors                               | Gurgew, D        | MSFC   | Coating       |
| Advanced Pixelated Si Sensors for the Next Generation of X-ray Observatories  | Kenter, A.       | SAO    | Detector      |
| Polishing Mandrels and Optics for Full-Shell X-Ray Mirrors                    | Kolodziejczak, J | MSFC   | Optics        |
| Optimized Soft X-ray Sensors for Strategic X-ray Astrophysics Missions        | Leitz, C         | MIT/LL | Detector      |
| High-Sensitivity and High-Resolving-Power X-ray Spectrometer                  | Schattenburg, M  | MIT    | Optics        |
| Replication Studies for Full-Shell X-ray Mirrors                              | Singam, P        | MSFC   | Optics        |
| Advanced X-Ray Microcalorimeters  | Smith, S         | GSFC   | Detector      |
| Next-Generation X-ray Optics: High Resolution, Light Weight, and Low Cost     | Zhang, W         | GSFC   | Optics        |

Optics: 6  
 Detectors: 5  
 Coating: 1  
 Electronics: 1  
 Metr./Strct.: 1

Acronyms: SQUID, Superconducting Quantum Interference Device; SAO, Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory; LL, Lincoln Laboratory