

# Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants

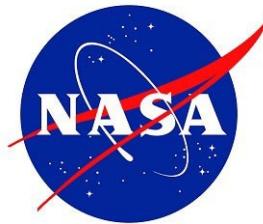
Human Health and Performance Directorate

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Revision C

DATE 6/13/2024

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National Aeronautics and Space Administration  
Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center  
Houston, Texas

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## NASA APPROVAL SHEET

### Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants

#### Human Health and Performance Directorate

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 Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center  
 Houston, Texas

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## CHANGE HISTORY

Revision/P CN	Date	Authorization/ Originator/Phone	Description
Baseline	09/2017	CR# SA-00308 Valerie E. Ryder 281-483-4989	<p><b>NOTE: Previous versions of the document were baselined through the STIC Library and not “BASELINED” through a Board. Therefore, the versioning of the document will start at BASELINE for Configuration Management purposes.</b></p> <p><b>PREVIOUS INFORMATION FROM STIC BASELINE:</b> <i>Errata</i></p> <p>Correct CAS numbers are below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 75-69-4 (Freon 11)</li> <li>• 111-30-8 (Glutaraldehyde)</li> <li>• 7647-01-0 (Hydrogen chloride)</li> <li>• 5989-27-5 (Limonene)</li> </ul> <p><b>CURRENT UPDATES:</b></p> <p>Introductory page revised</p> <p>CAS number for Acrolein corrected to 107-02-8</p> <p>Compound names revised to match published NRC Vol. 5: 1-Butanol to n-Butanol; Unsymmetrical Dimethylhydrazine to Dimethylhydrazine</p> <p>C3-C8 Aliphatic Saturated Aldehydes 7-d, 30-d, 180-d, 1000-d values revised to match NRC Vol. 5 (5 ppm)</p> <p><b>Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) SMACs have been deleted</b> – CO<sub>2</sub> does not fit SMAC paradigm and is being managed based on expected performance and health decrements and the associated risks. NASA Standard 3001 is currently under revision to provide guidance on acceptable CO<sub>2</sub> levels.</p> <p>Linear Siloxanes group SMACs added</p> <p>Octamethyltrisiloxane SMACs deleted (replaced by Linear Siloxanes)</p>
Revision A	03/2020	CR# SA-02481 Valerie E. Ryder 281-483-4989	Clarification of SMACs for small chain alkanes (C2-C4) versus longer chain alkanes (C5-C9) Revised SMACs for methanol New SMACs for manganese Updated MAPTIS access information

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Revision B	11/30/2022	CR # SA-05524 Valerie E. Ryder 281-483-4989	Revised SMACs for propylene glycol New SMACs for n-hexane, hydrogen fluoride, and ethyl acetate
Revision C	6/13/2024	CR# SA-07170 Shannon D. Langford 281-483-2137	Update to acute benzene SMACs Added new SMACs for hydrogen sulfide Added notation that SMACs are set based on and applicable to ambient conditions (14.7 psi/25°C). Added clarification concerning the hierarchy of this document and specifying that this document is only a reprinting of data published and controlled in other sources.

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## 1.0 BACKGROUND

### SPACECRAFT MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CONCENTRATIONS FOR AIRBORNE CONTAMINANTS

The enclosed table lists official Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) for selected airborne contaminants. They are based upon experiments conducted at standard pressure and oxygen environments and may or may not be applicable to altered atmospheres. The values listed in this summary document are applicable only to ambient conditions at standard temperature and oxygen (14.7 psi and 21% O<sub>2</sub> at 25°C). These are guideline values set by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)/Johnson Space Center (JSC) Toxicology Group in cooperation with the National Research Council Committee on Toxicology (NRCCOT), through publication in the peer-reviewed scientific literature, or NASA Technical Memoranda. Based on documented guidance (NRC, 1992; NRC, 2016), NASA has established SMACs for 58 chemical compounds that are particularly relevant to atmospheric contamination of the International Space Station (ISS) and targets of Exploration. Some long-term limits (1000-days) have also been established to support manned deep-space exploration. Summaries of these SMACs are presented in tabular form as part of this publication. This document provides a tabular summary of values that have been previously established based on guidelines established by NASA and the National Research Council's Committee on Toxicology and vetted and published through the NRCCOT and/or non-NASA scientific literature and NASA Technical Memoranda. Complete documentation of the rationale used to establish the values summarized here is provided in the reference section below.

Short-term (1- and 24-hour) SMACs apply to off-nominal situations, such as accidental releases aboard a spacecraft. These limits permit risk of minor, reversible effects, such as mild mucosal irritation. In contrast, the long-term SMACs are set to fully protect healthy crewmembers from adverse effects resulting from continuous exposure to specific air pollutants for up to 1000 days. Because allergic reactions or chemical idiosyncrasy to certain airborne pollutants are very difficult to predict, crewmembers with allergies or unusual sensitivity to trace pollutants may not be afforded complete protection, even when long-term SMACs are not exceeded.

Conversely, exceedance of a SMAC does not mean that health impairment is certain (there are many other factors that influence ultimate health outcomes), although it does indicate that the crew may be subject to increased risks that must be closely evaluated. Environmental pollutant control to mitigate exposure will likely be triggered.

These values have been specifically established for human spaceflight and are not intended to apply to other situations, such as ground operations. The SMACs take into account a number of unique factors such as the effect of space-flight stress on human physiology, the uniform good health of the astronauts, and the absence of pregnant or very young individuals.

Crewmember exposures involve a mixture of contaminants, each at a specific concentration (C<sub>n</sub>). These contaminants could interact to elicit symptoms of toxicity even though individual contaminants do not exceed their respective SMACs. We assume that the effects of a toxicologically similar group of compounds are additive. The air quality is therefore considered

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acceptable when the toxicity index ( $T_{grp}$ ) for each toxicological group of compounds is less than 1, where  $T_{grp}$  is calculated as follows:

$$T_{grp} = C_1/SMAC_1 + C_2/SMAC_2 + \dots + C_n/SMAC_n$$

Toxicological groups are defined according to the target organ and the nature of the toxic response from exposure to the compounds in the group. As shown in the table of SMACs, the target organ and toxic effect can change depending on the duration of exposure.

In addition to official SMACs used for the evaluation of spacecraft air, the JSC Toxicology Group sets interim 7-day SMAC values that are posted to the “MAPTIS” database, which is used to evaluate materials and hardware off-gassing data. Following registration, these values can be accessed at: <https://maptis.nasa.gov/>. For help with registration or using MAPTIS, contact MAPTIS support at [maptissupport@mail.nasa.gov](mailto:maptissupport@mail.nasa.gov).

## 2.0 PUBLISHED SMACS

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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )								
<b>Acetaldehyde</b>	10	(18)	6	(10)	2	(4)	2	(4)	2	(4)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 75-07-0	Mucosa	Irritation										

REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit, (1994). Acetaldehyde, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants Vol 1: 19-38, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

<b>Acetone</b>  CAS #: 67-64-1	500	(1200)	200	(500)	22	(52)	22	(52)	22	(52)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	Organ	Effect										
CNS	Fatigue	CNS	Fatigue	CNS	Fatigue	CNS	Fatigue	CNS	Fatigue	CNS	Fatigue	

REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000). Acetone, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:17-41, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

<b>Acrolein</b>  CAS #: 107-02-8	0.075	(0.17)	0.035	(0.08)	0.015	(0.03)	0.015	(0.03)	0.008	(0.02)	0.008	(0.02)
	Organ	Effect										
Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	

REFERENCE: Langford, Shannon D. (2008). Acrolein, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:13-33, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

REMARKS: Ceiling values
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<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	GI: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr	24 hr	7 d	30 d	180 d	1000 d
	ppm (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )					
<b>C3-C8 Aliphatic Saturated Aldehydes</b>	<b>45</b> (varies)	<b>45</b> (varies)	<b>5</b> (varies)	<b>5</b> (varies)	<b>5</b> (varies)	<b>5</b> (varies)
CAS #: various						
REFERENCE: Langford, Shannon D. (2008), C3-C8 Aliphatic Saturated Aldehydes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:34-47, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Nasal Cavity	Injury
					Nasal Cavity	Injury
					Nasal Cavity	Injury
					Nasal Cavity	Injury

REMARKS: Includes propanal, butanal, pentanal, hexanal, heptanal, octanal  
The mg/m<sup>3</sup> value depends on the molecular weight of the particular aldehyde.

<b>C5-C9 Alkanes</b>	<b>150</b> (varies)	<b>80</b> (varies)	<b>60</b> (varies)	<b>20</b> (varies)	<b>3</b> (varies)	<b>Not Set</b> (Not Set)
	Organ Effect	Organ Effect	Organ Effect	Organ Effect	Organ Effect	Organ Effect
CAS #: various	CNS Depression	CNS Depression	CNS Depression	CNS Depression	CNS Ototoxicity	
REFERENCE: McCoy, J. Torin. (2008), C2-C9 Alkanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:85-111, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Eye Irritation	Eye Irritation	CNS	CNS	Ototoxicity	
	Nose Irritation	Nose Irritation				

REMARKS: Includes pentane, heptane, octane, and nonane and branched isomers  
**EXCLUDES** n-hexane  
The mg/m<sup>3</sup> value depends on the molecular weight of the particular alkane.

<b>Ammonia</b>	<b>30</b> (20)	<b>20</b> (14)	<b>3</b> (2)	<b>3</b> (2)	<b>3</b> (2)	<b>3</b> (2)
	Organ Effect					
CAS #: 7664-41-7	Eye Irritation					
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2008), Ammonia, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:48-61, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS Headache					

REMARKS:

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	GI: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
	LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System	U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Benzene</b>	<b>40</b>	(120)	<b>6.7</b>	(20)	<b>0.5</b>	(1.5)	<b>0.1</b>	(0.3)	<b>0.07</b>	(0.2)	<b>0.013</b>	(0.04)
CAS #: 71-43-2												
REFERENCE: Ryder VE, Williams ES. Revisions to acute/off-nominal limits for benzene in spacecraft air. <i>Aerospace Med Hum Perform.</i> 2023;94(7):544-545.												
Kahn-Mayberry, Noreen N. (2008). Benzene. <i>Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants</i> , Vol 5:62-72, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												
Remarks:												

REMARKS:

<b>Bromotrifluoromethane</b>	<b>3500</b>	(21000)	<b>3500</b>	(21000)	<b>1800</b>	(11000)	<b>1800</b>	(11000)	<b>1800</b>	(11000)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
	<i>Organ</i>	<i>Effect</i>	<i>Organ</i>	<i>Effect</i>								
CAS #: 75-63-8	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
REFERENCE: Lam, Chi-Wing. (1996). Bromotrifluoromethane. <i>Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants</i> , Vol 3:21-52, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Cognition	CNS	Cognition	Heart	Arrhythmia						

REMARKS:

<b>n- Butanol</b>	<b>50</b>	(150)	<b>25</b>	(80)	<b>25</b>	(80)	<b>25</b>	(80)	<b>12</b>	(40)	<b>12</b>	(40)
	<i>Organ</i>	<i>Effect</i>	<i>Organ</i>	<i>Effect</i>	<i>Organ</i>	<i>Effect</i>	<i>Organ</i>	<i>Effect</i>	<i>Organ</i>	<i>Effect</i>	<i>Organ</i>	<i>Effect</i>
CAS #: 71-36-3	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2008). n-Butanol. <i>Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants</i> , Vol 5:73-84, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Depression			Systemic Injury		Systemic Injury		Systemic injury		Systemic injury	

REMARKS: The odor threshold and noxious odor concentrations are uncertain.  
These concentrations may not preclude odor detection by the crew.

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	Gl: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>tert- Butanol</b>	50	(150)	50	(150)	50	(150)	50	(150)	40	(120)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 75-65-0												
REFERENCE: James, John T. (1996), tert-Butanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:78-104, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												

REMARKS:

<b>Carbon monoxide</b>	425	(485)	100	(114)	55	(63)	15	(17)	15	(17)	15	(17)
	Organ	Effect										
CAS #: 630-08-0	CNS	Depression										
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2008), Carbon Monoxide, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:125-143, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CV	Arrhythmia										

REMARKS: Carboxyhemoglobin target

<b>Chloroform</b>	2	(10)	2	(10)	2	(10)	1	(5)	1	(5)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect
CAS #: 67-66-3	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Chloroform, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:284-306, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity		

REMARKS:

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	Gl: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</b>	Not Set	(Not Set)	Not Set	(Not Set)	7	(100)	5	(75)	1	(15)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 541-02-6  REFERENCE: James, John T. (2000). Polydimethylcyclosiloxanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:151-174, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect

REMARKS: Documented as a polydimethylcyclosiloxane

<b>Diacetone alcohol</b>	50	(250)	50	(250)	20	(100)	6	(30)	4	(20)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 123-42-2  REFERENCE: James, John T. (1996). Diacetone alcohol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:105-116, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect								

REMARKS:

<b>Dichloroacetylene</b>	0.6	(2.4)	0.04	(0.16)	0.03	(0.12)	0.025	(0.10)	0.015	(0.06)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 7572-29-4  REFERENCE: James, John T. (1996). Dichloroacetylene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:117-134, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect								

REMARKS:

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## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )								
<b>1,2-Dichloroethane</b>	<b>0.4</b>	(1.6)	<b>0.4</b>	(1.6)								
CAS #: 107-06-2  REFERENCE: Ramanathan, Raghupathy (2008). 1,2-Dichloroethane, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:144-161, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<i>Organ</i> G.I.	<i>Effect</i> GI Toxicity	<i>Organ</i> Liver	<i>Effect</i> Hepatotoxicity								

REMARKS: Impairs host defenses against bacteria.

<b>Dimethylhydrazine</b>  CAS #: 57-14-7  REFERENCE: Khan-Mayberry, Noreen N. (2008). Dimethylhydrazine, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:162-189, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<b>3</b>	(7.5)	<b>0.12</b>	(0.3)	<b>0.03</b>	(0.075)	<b>0.017</b>	(0.0425)	<b>0.003</b>	(0.0075)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
	<i>Organ</i> CNS	<i>Effect</i> CNS	<i>Organ</i> CNS	<i>Effect</i> Blood	<i>Organ</i> Blood	<i>Effect</i> Anemia	<i>Organ</i> Blood	<i>Effect</i> Anemia	<i>Organ</i> Liver	<i>Effect</i> Anemia	<i>Organ</i> Liver	<i>Effect</i> Hepatotoxicity

REMARKS:

<b>Ethanol</b>  CAS #: 64-17-5  REFERENCE: McCoy, J. Torin (2008). Ethanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:190-205, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<b>5000</b>	(10000)	<b>5000</b>	(10000)	<b>1000</b>	(2000)	<b>1000</b>	(2000)	<b>1000</b>	(2000)	<b>1000</b>	(2000)
	<i>Organ</i> Eye	<i>Effect</i> Irritation										

REMARKS:

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	GI: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )										
<b>2- Ethoxyethanol</b>	10	(40)	10	(40)	0.8	(3)	0.5	(2)	0.07	(0.3)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 110-80-5	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>										
REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1996), 2-Ethoxyethanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:189-212, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Blood	Hematotoxicity										
	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Testes	Toxicity	Testes	Toxicity	Testes	Toxicity		

REMARKS:

<b>Ethyl acetate</b>	400	(1440)	400	(1440)	117	(421)	117	(421)	117	(421)	39	(140)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>										
CAS #: 141-78-6	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Body Weight	Reduction						
REFERENCE: Williams, E.S. and Ryder, V.E. Spacecraft maximum allowable concentrations for ethyl acetate. Aerosp Med Hum Perform. 2023; 94(1):1-9.												

REMARKS:

<b>Ethylbenzene</b>	180	(780)	60	(260)	30	(130)	30	(130)	12	(50)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>										
CAS #: 100-41-4	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Testes	Necrosis		
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (1996), Ethylbenzene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:208-231, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Testes	Necrosis	Testes	Necrosis				

REMARKS:

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	GI: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )								
<b>Ethylene glycol</b>	<b>25</b>	(64)	<b>25</b>	(64)	<b>5</b>	(13)	<b>5</b>	(13)	<b>5</b>	(13)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 107-21-1	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>								
REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1996), Ethylene glycol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:232-270, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Mucosa	Irritation										
	CNS	Depression										
	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity										

REMARKS:

<b>Formaldehyde</b>	<b>0.8</b>	(1.0)	<b>0.5</b>	(0.6)	<b>0.1</b>	(0.12)	<b>0.1</b>	(0.12)	<b>0.1</b>	(0.12)	<b>0.1</b>	(0.12)
CAS #: 50-00-0	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>										
REFERENCE: McCoy, J. Torin (2008), Formaldehyde, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:206-249, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Mucosa	Irritation										
											Nose	Cancer

REMARKS: Ceiling values, Carcinogen

<b>Freon 11</b>	<b>140</b>	(790)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)								
CAS #: 75-69-4	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>								
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11), Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:211-226, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Heart	Arrhythmia										

REMARKS:

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	GI: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )								
<b>Freon 113</b>	50	(400)	50	(400)	50	(400)	50	(400)	50	(400)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 76-13-1  REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. and James, John T. (1994), Freon 113, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 1:121-138, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect								
Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia			

REMARKS:

<b>Freon 12</b>  CAS #: 75-71-8  REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon 12), Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:227-239, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	540	(2600)	95	(470)	95	(470)	95	(470)	95	(470)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect
Heart	Tachycardia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia			

REMARKS:

<b>Freon 21</b>  CAS #: 75-43-4  REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon 21), Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:175-189, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	50	(210)	50	(210)	15	(63)	12	(50)	2	(8)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect
Heart	Tachycardia	Heart	Tachycardia	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity			

REMARKS:

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	GI: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )								
<b>Freon 22</b>	<b>1000</b>	(3500)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)								
CAS #: 75-45-6												
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Chlorodifluoromethane (Freon 22), Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:190-210, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												

REMARKS:

<b>Furan</b>	<b>4</b>	(11)	<b>0.4</b>	(1)	<b>0.025</b>	(0.07)	<b>0.025</b>	(0.07)	<b>0.025</b>	(0.07)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 110-00-9												
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. and James, John T. (2000), Furan, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:307-329, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												

REMARKS: Carcinogen

<b>Glutaraldehyde</b>	<b>0.12</b>	(0.50)	<b>0.04</b>	(0.08)	<b>0.006</b>	(0.025)	<b>0.003</b>	(0.012)	<b>0.0006</b>	(0.002)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 111-30-8												
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (1996), Glutaraldehyde, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:271-291, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												

REMARKS:

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	GI: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit		PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		
					U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Hexamethylcyclotrisiloxane</b>	Not Set		Not Set		10	(90)	5	(45)	1	(9)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 541-05-9	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2000), Polydimethylcyclosiloxanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:151-174, National Academy Press, Washington, DC					RspSys	Injury	RspSys	Injury	RspSys	Injury		
					CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression				

REMARKS: Documented as a polydimethylcyclosiloxane

<b>n- Hexane</b>	200	(703)	30	(106)	2.4	(8.4)	2.4	(8.4)	2.4	(8.4)	2.4	(8.4)
CAS #: 110-54-3	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect
REFERENCE: Garcia, H.D. Acceptable Limits for n-Hexane in Spacecraft Atmospheres. Aerospace Medicine and Human Performance. 2021;92(12):956-961.	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity

REMARKS:

<b>Hydrazine</b>	4	(5)	0.3	(0.4)	0.04	(0.05)	0.02	(0.03)	0.004	(0.005)	Not Set	(Not Set)	
CAS #: 302-01-2	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	
REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. and James, John T. (1996), Hydrazine, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:213-233, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Death	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hyperplasia	Liver	Hyperplasia

REMARKS: Carcinogen

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	Gl: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )								
<b>Hydrogen chloride</b>	<b>5</b>	(8)	<b>2</b>	(3)	<b>1</b>	(1.5)	<b>1</b>	(1.5)	<b>1</b>	(1.5)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 7647-01-0												
REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing and Wong, King Lit (2000), Hydrogen Chloride, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:60-88, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Eye	Irritation	Organ	Effect								
	Mucosa	Irritation										

REMARKS:

<b>Hydrogen cyanide</b>	<b>8</b>	(9)	<b>4</b>	(4.5)	<b>1</b>	(1.1)	<b>1</b>	(1.1)	<b>1</b>	(1.1)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 74-90-8	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect								
REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing and Wong, King Lit (2000), Hydrogen Cyanide, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:330-365, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Depression										
	CNS	Headache										

REMARKS:

Thyroid      Thyroid effects      Thyroid      Thyroid effects

<b>Hydrogen fluoride</b>	<b>3</b>	(2.5)	<b>3</b>	(2.5)	<b>0.3</b>	(0.25)	<b>0.3</b>	(0.25)	<b>0.3</b>	(0.25)	<b>0.3</b>	(0.25)
CAS #: 7664-39-3	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect

REMARKS:

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	Gl: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Hydrogen sulfide</b>	5	(7)	1.3	(1.8)	1.3	(1.8)	1.3	(1.8)	0.3	(0.5)	Not Set	
CAS #: 7683-06-4  REFERENCE: Wimberly, AA and Ryder VE. Exposure Limits for Hydrogen Sulfide in Spaceflight. NASA/TM-20240000101, NASA Johnson Space Center, 2024.	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
Nasal Cavity	Odor Irritant*	Nasal Cavity	Lesions	Nasal Cavity	Injury	Nasal Cavity	Injury	Nasal Cavity	Injury			

REMARKS: \*The endpoint includes increased anxiety directly related to odor irritation.

<b>Indole</b>  CAS #: 120-72-9  REFERENCE: Lam, Chi-Wing and James, John T. (1996). Indole, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:235-249, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	1.0	(5)	0.3	(1.5)	0.05	(0.25)	0.05	(0.25)	0.05	(0.25)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	
		Blood	Hematotoxicity									
												Death
												Death

REMARKS: Normal turnover of indole was used to establish a lower bound of 0.05 ppm.

<b>Isoprene</b>  CAS #: 78-79-5  REFERENCE: James, John T. (2000). Isoprene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:89-118, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	50	(140)	25	(70)	2	(6)	2	(6)	1	(3)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>								
Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Lung	Injury			
				Blood	Anemia	Blood	Anemia	Blood	Anemia	CNS	Neurotoxicity	

REMARKS:

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	Gl: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )										
<b>Limonene</b>	<b>80</b>	(450)	<b>80</b>	(450)	<b>20</b>	(115)	<b>20</b>	(115)	<b>20</b>	(115)	<b>20</b>	(115)
CAS #: 5989-27-5												
REFERENCE: Lam, Chi-Wing (2008). Limonene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:250-274, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												

REMARKS:

<b>Linear Siloxanes</b>	<b>600</b>	(varies)	<b>100</b>	(varies)	<b>100</b>	(varies)	<b>50</b>	(varies)	<b>50</b>	(varies)	<b>50</b>	(varies)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CAS #: various	Lung	Hemorrhage	Lung	Hemorrhage	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity
REFERENCE: Meyers, Valerie E., Hector D. Garcia, Tami S. McMullin, Joseph M. Tobin, and John T. James. Safe human exposure limits for airborne linear siloxanes during spaceflight. <i>Inhal Toxicol</i> . 2013; 25(13): 735-746.	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity								

REMARKS: Includes hexamethydisiloxane, octamethyltrisiloxane, decamethyltetrasiloxane, dodecamethylpentasiloxane. The mg/m<sup>3</sup> value depends on the molecular weight of the particular linear siloxane.

<b>Manganese</b>	<b>3</b>		<b>2</b>		<b>0.3</b>		<b>0.3</b>		<b>0.008</b>		<b>0.008</b>	
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>										
CAS #: 7439-96-5	Lung	Lesions	Lung	Lesions	Lung	Irritation	Lung	Irritation	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity
REFERENCE: Romoser AA, Ryder VE, McCoy JT. Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Manganese Compounds in Mars Dust. <i>Aerospace Med Hum Perform</i> . 2019; 90(8):709-719.	Nasal Cavity	Irritation	Nasal Cavity	Irritation								

REMARKS:

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	GI: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )								
<b>Mercury</b>	<b>0.01</b>	(0.08)	<b>0.002</b>	(0.02)	<b>0.001</b>	(0.01)	<b>0.001</b>	(0.01)	<b>0.001</b>	(0.01)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 7439-97-6	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>								
REFERENCE: James, John T. and Kaplan, Harold L. (1996), Mercury, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:251-276, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Lung	Irritation	Lung	Irritation	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity		
	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity			Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity		

REMARKS:

<b>Methanol</b>	<b>70</b>	(92)	<b>70</b>	(92)	<b>20</b>	(26)	<b>20</b>	(26)	<b>20</b>	(26)	<b>10</b>	(13)
CAS #: 67-56-1	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>										
REFERENCE: Scully RR, Garcia H, McCoy JT, Ryder VE. Revisions to Limits for Methanol in the Air of Spacecraft. <i>Aerospace Med Hum Perform</i> . 2019; 90(9):807-812.	CNS	Neurotoxicity										

REMARKS:

<b>Methyl ethyl ketone</b>	<b>50</b>	(150)	<b>50</b>	(150)	<b>10</b>	(30)	<b>10</b>	(30)	<b>10</b>	(30)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 78-93-3	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>								
REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1996), Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:307-329, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Mucosa	Irritation										

REMARKS: Ceiling values

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	GI: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )								
<b>Methyl hydrazine</b>	<b>0.002</b>	(0.004)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)								
CAS #: 60-34-4  REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Methylhydrazine, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:19-136, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u> Nose	<u>Effect</u> Lesions	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>								

REMARKS: Carcinogen

<b>4- Methyl-2-pentanone</b>  CAS #: 108-10-1  REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (2000), 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:240-263, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<b>35</b>	(140)	<b>35</b>	(140)	<b>35</b>	(140)	<b>35</b>	(140)	<b>35</b>	(140)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Depression	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Depression	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Depression	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Depression	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Depression

REMARKS:

<b>Methylene chloride</b>  CAS #: 75-09-2  REFERENCE: Ramanathan, Raghupathy (2008), Methylene Chloride, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:289-313, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<b>100</b>	(350)	<b>35</b>	(120)	<b>14</b>	(49)	<b>7</b>	(24)	<b>3</b>	(10)	<b>1</b>	(3.5)
	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Depression	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Depression	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Depression	<u>Organ</u> Liver	<u>Effect</u> Hepatotoxicity	<u>Organ</u> Liver	<u>Effect</u> Hepatotoxicity	<u>Organ</u> Kidney	<u>Effect</u> Nephrotoxicity

REMARKS: CO formation, carcinogen

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	GI: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )										
<b>Nitromethane</b>	25	(65)	15	(40)	7	(18)	7	(18)	5	(13)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 75-52-5	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>										
REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1996), Nitromethane, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:311-350, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	Blood	Anemia										

REMARKS:

<b>Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane</b>	Not Set	Not Set	23	(280)	5	(60)	1	(12)	Not Set	(Not Set)		
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>										
CAS #: 556-67-2			Gonads	Toxicity	Gonads	Toxicity	Gonad	Toxicity				
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2000), Polydimethylcyclosiloxanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:151-174, National Academy Press, Washington, DC			CNS	Depression								

REMARKS: Documented as a polydimethylcyclosiloxane

<b>Perfluoropropane and Other Aliphatic Perfluoroalkanes</b>	11,000	(varies)	Not Set	(varies)								
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>										
CAS #: 76-19-7	CNS	Symptoms										
REFERENCE: Lam, Chi-Wing (2000), Perfluoropropane and Other Aliphatic Perfluoroalkanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:137-150, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												

REMARKS: EXCLUDES perfluorocycloalkanes.

The mg/m<sup>3</sup> value depends on the molecular weight of the particular perfluoroalkane.

<b>Abbreviations:</b>	CNS: Central Nervous System	CV: Cardiovascular	DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination	DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity	GI: Gastrointestinal tract	HA: Headache
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit	PNS: Peripheral Nervous System	ppm: parts per million	RespSys: Respiratory System		U.Blad: Urinary bladder	



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>2- Propanol</b>	<b>400</b>	(1000)	<b>100</b>	(240)	<b>60</b>	(150)	<b>60</b>	(150)	<b>60</b>	(150)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 67-63-0												
REFERENCE: James, John T. and Kaplan, Harold L. (1996), 2-Propanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:351-371, National Academy Press, Washington, DC												

REMARKS:

## Propylene glycol

	64		(200)		32		(100)		32		(100)		32		(100)		32		(100)		
	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	
CAS #: 57-55-6	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Blood	Elevated															
REFERENCE: Ryder, V.E. and Williams, E.S. Revisions to Limits for Propylene Glycol in Spacecraft Air. Aerospace Medicine and Human Performance. 2022; 93(5):467-469.	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation		hemoglobin															
	CNS	Fatigue	CNS	Fatigue		Body Weight															
	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache		Gain															

REMARKS: updated from 2008, NRC Vol 5

## Toluene

	40		(151)		40		(151)		40		(151)		4		(15)		4		(15)	
	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect
CAS #: 108-88-3	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Gonads	Hormone	Gonads	Hormone	Gonads	Hormone	Gonads	Hormone	Gonads	Hormone	Gonads	Hormone
REFERENCE: Tapia CM, Langford SD, Ryder VE. Revisions to Limits for Toluene in Spacecraft Air. Aerosp Med Hum Perform. 2024.			Ear	Ototoxicity	Ear	Ototoxicity	Eye	Ocular toxicity	Eye	Ocular toxicity										
Garcia, Hector D. (2008), Toluene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:329-347, National Academv Press. Washington. DC.																				

REMARKS:

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System

CV: Cardiovascular

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination

DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity

Gl: Gastrointestinal tract

HA: Headache

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

U.Blad: Urinary bladder



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

Chemical	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Trichloroethylene	50	(270)	11	(60)	9	(50)	4	(20)	2	(10)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 79-01-6												
REFERENCE: James, John T., Kaplan, Harold L., and Coleman, Martin E. (1996), Trichloroethylene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:292-320, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Multi.	Cancer		
	Heart	Arrhythmia			Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity		
									Liver	Hepatotoxicity		

REMARKS: See dichloroacetylene if alkali scrubber is present. Possible carcinogen.

## Trimethylsilanol

CAS #: 1066-40-6	15	(55)	2	(7)	1	(4)	1	(4)	1	(4)	1	(4)
	Organ	Effect										
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2008), Trimethylsilanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:348-355, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Depression										

REMARKS:

## Vinyl chloride

CAS #: 75-01-4	130	(330)	30	(77)	1	(2.6)	1	(2.6)	1	(2.6)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect	Organ	Effect
	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Testes	Necrosis	Testes	Necrosis	Testes	Necrosis		

REMARKS:

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System

CV: Cardiovascular

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination

DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity

Gl: Gastrointestinal tract

HA: Headache

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

U.Blad: Urinary bladder



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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )										
<b>Xylenes</b>	<b>50</b>	(215)	<b>17</b>	(73)	<b>17</b>	(73)	<b>17</b>	(73)	<b>8.5</b>	(37)	<b>1.5</b>	(6.5)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>										
CAS #: 1330-20-7 (mixed)	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	Ear	Ototoxicity	Ear	Ototoxicity
REFERENCE: Ramanathan, Raghupathy (2008). Xylenes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:366-386, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache								
	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation								

REMARKS: Applies to each individual xylene isomer and mixtures of xylene isomers.

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#### **APPENDIX A ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

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CAS	Chemical Abstract Service
C <sub>n</sub>	Specific Concentration
CNS	Central Nervous System
CV	Cardiovascular
DCD	Decreased Color Discrimination
DCV	Decreased Conduction Velocity
GI	Gastrointestinal
HA	Headache
ISS	International Space Station
JSC	Johnson Space Center
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NRC	National Research Council
NRCCOT	National Research Council Committee on Toxicology
PNS	Peripheral Nervous System
ppm	Parts Per Million
RespSys	Respiratory System
SMACs	Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations
T <sub>grp</sub>	Toxicity Index
U.Blad	Urinary Bladder

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