

# Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants

Human Health and Performance Directorate

Biomedical Research and Environmental Sciences Control Board  
(BRESCB) Controlled

Revision C

DATE 6/13/2024

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**National Aeronautics and Space Administration**  
Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center  
Houston, Texas

Human Health and Performance Directorate	Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants	
	Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 2

## NASA APPROVAL SHEET

# Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants

## Human Health and Performance Directorate

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NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION  
Lyndon B. Johnson Space Center  
Houston, Texas

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Human Health and Performance Directorate	Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants	
	Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 3

## CHANGE HISTORY

Revision/P CN	Date	Authorization/ Originator/Phone	Description
Baseline	09/2017	CR# SA-00308 Valerie E. Ryder 281-483-4989	<p><b>NOTE: Previous versions of the document were baselined through the STIC Library and not “BASELINED” through a Board. Therefore, the versioning of the document will start at BASELINE for Configuration Management purposes.</b></p> <p><b>PREVIOUS INFORMATION FROM STIC BASELINE:</b> <i>Errata</i></p> <p>Correct CAS numbers are below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 75-69-4 (Freon 11)</li> <li>• 111-30-8 (Glutaraldehyde)</li> <li>• 7647-01-0 (Hydrogen chloride)</li> <li>• 5989-27-5 (Limonene)</li> </ul> <p><b>CURRENT UPDATES:</b></p> <p>Introductory page revised</p> <p>CAS number for Acrolein corrected to 107-02-8</p> <p>Compound names revised to match published NRC Vol. 5: 1-Butanol to n-Butanol; Unsymmetrical Dimethylhydrazine to Dimethylhydrazine</p> <p>C3-C8 Aliphatic Saturated Aldehydes 7-d, 30-d, 180-d, 1000-d values revised to match NRC Vol. 5 (5 ppm)</p> <p><b>Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) SMACs have been deleted</b> – CO<sub>2</sub> does not fit SMAC paradigm and is being managed based on expected performance and health decrements and the associated risks. NASA Standard 3001 is currently under revision to provide guidance on acceptable CO<sub>2</sub> levels.</p> <p>Linear Siloxanes group SMACs added</p> <p>Octamethyltrisiloxane SMACs deleted (replaced by Linear Siloxanes)</p>
Revision A	03/2020	CR# SA-02481 Valerie E. Ryder 281-483-4989	<p>Clarification of SMACs for small chain alkanes (C2-C4) versus longer chain alkanes (C5-C9)</p> <p>Revised SMACs for methanol</p> <p>New SMACs for manganese</p> <p>Updated MAPTIS access information</p>

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Human Health and Performance Directorate	Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants		
	Document:	JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date:	6/13/2024	Page: 4

Revision B	11/30/2022	CR # SA-05524 Valerie E. Ryder 281-483-4989	Revised SMACs for propylene glycol New SMACs for n-hexane, hydrogen fluoride, and ethyl acetate
Revision C	6/13/2024	CR# SA-07170 Shannon D. Langford 281-483-2137	Update to acute benzene SMACs Added new SMACs for hydrogen sulfide Added notation that SMACs are set based on and applicable to ambient conditions (14.7 psi/25°C). Added clarification concerning the hierarchy of this document and specifying that this document is only a reprinting of data published and controlled in other sources.

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Human Health and Performance Directorate	Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants	
	Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 5

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.0 BACKGROUND .....6

2.0 PUBLISHED SMACS .....7

3.0 REFERENCES .....28

**APPENDIX**

APPENDIX A ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS ..... 29

Human Health and Performance Directorate	Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants	
	Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 6

## 1.0 BACKGROUND

### SPACECRAFT MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CONCENTRATIONS FOR AIRBORNE CONTAMINANTS

The enclosed table lists official Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs) for selected airborne contaminants. They are based upon experiments conducted at standard pressure and oxygen environments and may or may not be applicable to altered atmospheres. The values listed in this summary document are applicable only to ambient conditions at standard temperature and oxygen (14.7 psi and 21% O<sub>2</sub> at 25°C). These are guideline values set by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)/Johnson Space Center (JSC) Toxicology Group in cooperation with the National Research Council Committee on Toxicology (NRCCOT), through publication in the peer-reviewed scientific literature, or NASA Technical Memoranda. Based on documented guidance (NRC, 1992; NRC, 2016), NASA has established SMACs for 58 chemical compounds that are particularly relevant to atmospheric contamination of the International Space Station (ISS) and targets of Exploration. Some long-term limits (1000-days) have also been established to support manned deep-space exploration. Summaries of these SMACs are presented in tabular form as part of this publication. This document provides a tabular summary of values that have been previously established based on guidelines established by NASA and the National Research Council's Committee on Toxicology and vetted and published through the NRCCOT and/or non-NASA scientific literature and NASA Technical Memoranda. Complete documentation of the rationale used to establish the values summarized here is provided in the reference section below.

Short-term (1- and 24-hour) SMACs apply to off-nominal situations, such as accidental releases aboard a spacecraft. These limits permit risk of minor, reversible effects, such as mild mucosal irritation. In contrast, the long-term SMACs are set to fully protect healthy crewmembers from adverse effects resulting from continuous exposure to specific air pollutants for up to 1000 days. Because allergic reactions or chemical idiosyncrasy to certain airborne pollutants are very difficult to predict, crewmembers with allergies or unusual sensitivity to trace pollutants may not be afforded complete protection, even when long-term SMACs are not exceeded.

Conversely, exceedance of a SMAC does not mean that health impairment is certain (there are many other factors that influence ultimate health outcomes), although it does indicate that the crew may be subject to increased risks that must be closely evaluated. Environmental pollutant control to mitigate exposure will likely be triggered.

These values have been specifically established for human spaceflight and are not intended to apply to other situations, such as ground operations. The SMACs take into account a number of unique factors such as the effect of space-flight stress on human physiology, the uniform good health of the astronauts, and the absence of pregnant or very young individuals.

Crewmember exposures involve a mixture of contaminants, each at a specific concentration ( $C_n$ ). These contaminants could interact to elicit symptoms of toxicity even though individual contaminants do not exceed their respective SMACs. We assume that the effects of a toxicologically similar group of compounds are additive. The air quality is therefore considered

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Human Health and Performance Directorate	Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants	
	Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 7

acceptable when the toxicity index ( $T_{grp}$ ) for each toxicological group of compounds is less than 1, where  $T_{grp}$  is calculated as follows:

$$T_{grp} = C_1/SMAC_1 + C_2/SMAC_2 + \dots + C_n/SMAC_n$$

Toxicological groups are defined according to the target organ and the nature of the toxic response from exposure to the compounds in the group. As shown in the table of SMACs, the target organ and toxic effect can change depending on the duration of exposure.

In addition to official SMACs used for the evaluation of spacecraft air, the JSC Toxicology Group sets interim 7-day SMAC values that are posted to the “MAPTIS” database, which is used to evaluate materials and hardware off-gassing data. Following registration, these values can be accessed at: <https://maptis.nasa.gov/>. For help with registration or using MAPTIS, contact MAPTIS support at [maptissupport@mail.nasa.gov](mailto:maptissupport@mail.nasa.gov).

## 2.0 PUBLISHED SMACS

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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 8



## Chemical

Chemical	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Acetaldehyde</b>	<b>10</b>	(18)	<b>6</b>	(10)	<b>2</b>	(4)	<b>2</b>	(4)	<b>2</b>	(4)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 75-07-0 REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit, (1994), Acetaldehyde, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants Vol 1: 19-38, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa Throat	<u>Effect</u> Irritation Cancer	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>

REMARKS: Carcinogen

<b>Acetone</b>	<b>500</b>	(1200)	<b>200</b>	(500)	<b>22</b>	(52)	<b>22</b>	(52)	<b>22</b>	(52)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 67-64-1 REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Acetone, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:17-41, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Fatigue	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Fatigue	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Fatigue Headache	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Fatigue Headache	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Fatigue Headache	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>

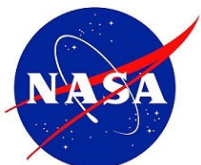
REMARKS:

<b>Acrolein</b>	<b>0.075</b>	(0.17)	<b>0.035</b>	(0.08)	<b>0.015</b>	(0.03)	<b>0.015</b>	(0.03)	<b>0.008</b>	(0.02)	<b>0.008</b>	(0.02)
CAS #: 107-02-8 REFERENCE: Langford, Shannon D. (2008), Acrolein, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:13-33, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation

REMARKS: Ceiling values

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System CV: Cardiovascular DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity GI: Gastrointestinal tract HA: Headache  
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit PNS: Peripheral Nervous System ppm: parts per million RespSys: Respiratory System U.Blad: Urinary bladder





# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 9



## Chemical

### C3-C8 Aliphatic Saturated Aldehydes

CAS #: various

REFERENCE: Langford, Shannon D. (2008), C3-C8 Aliphatic Saturated Aldehydes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:34-47, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	45	(varies)	45	(varies)	5	(varies)	5	(varies)	5	(varies)	5	(varies)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Nasal Cavity	Injury	Nasal Cavity	Injury	Nasal Cavity	Injury	Nasal Cavity	Injury

REMARKS: Includes propanal, butanal, pentanal, hexanal, heptanal, octanal  
The mg/m3 value depends on the molecular weight of the particular aldehyde.

### C5-C9 Alkanes

CAS #: various

REFERENCE: McCoy, J. Torin. (2008), C2-C9 Alkanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:85-111, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

	150		80		60		20		3		Not Set	
	ppm	(varies)	ppm	(varies)	ppm	(varies)	ppm	(varies)	ppm	(varies)	ppm	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Ototoxicity		
	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation			CNS	Ototoxicity				
	Nose	Irritation	Nose	Irritation								

REMARKS: Includes pentane, heptane, octane, and nonane and branched isomers

EXCLUDES n-hexane

The mg/m3 value depends on the molecular weight of the particular alkane.

### Ammonia

CAS #: 7664-41-7

REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2008), Ammonia, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:48-61, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

	30		20		3		3		3		3	
	ppm	(20)	ppm	(14)	ppm	(2)	ppm	(2)	ppm	(2)	ppm	(2)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation
	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache

REMARKS:

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System

CV: Cardiovascular

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination

DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity

GI: Gastrointestinal tract

HA: Headache

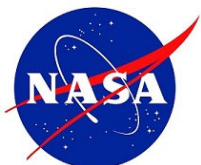
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

U.Blad: Urinary bladder



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 10



## Chemical

Chemical	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Benzene</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>(120)</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>(1.5)</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>(0.3)</b>	<b>0.07</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>	<b>0.013</b>	<b>(0.04)</b>
CAS #: 71-43-2 REFERENCE: Ryder VE, Williams ES. Revisions to acute/off-nominal limits for benzene in spacecraft air. Aerosp Med Hum Perform. 2023; 94(7):544–545. Kahn-Mayberry, Noreen N. (2008). Benzene. Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:62-72, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Blood	Immunotoxicity	Blood	Immunotoxicity	Blood Blood	Immunotoxicity Leukemia	Blood	Hematological
Remarks:												

REMARKS:

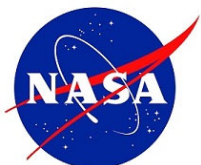
<b>Bromotrifluoromethane</b>	<b>3500</b>	<b>(21000)</b>	<b>3500</b>	<b>(21000)</b>	<b>1800</b>	<b>(11000)</b>	<b>1800</b>	<b>(11000)</b>	<b>1800</b>	<b>(11000)</b>	<b>Not Set</b>	<b>(Not Set)</b>
CAS #: 75-63-8 REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing. (1996). Bromotrifluoromethane. Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:21-52, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
	CNS	Cognition	CNS	Cognition	Heart	Arrhythmia						

REMARKS:

<b>n- Butanol</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>(150)</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>(80)</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>(80)</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>(80)</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>(40)</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>(40)</b>
CAS #: 71-36-3 REFERENCE: James, John T. (2008). n-Butanol. Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:73-84, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation
	CNS	Depression				Systemic Injury		Systemic Injury		Systemic injury		Systemic injury

REMARKS: The odor threshold and noxious odor concentrations are uncertain.  
These concentrations may not preclude odor detection by the crew.

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System    CV: Cardiovascular    DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination    DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity    GI: Gastrointestinal tract    HA: Headache  
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit    PNS: Peripheral Nervous System    ppm: parts per million    RespSys: Respiratory System    U.Blad: Urinary bladder



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 11



## Chemical

### tert- Butanol

CAS #: 75-65-0

REFERENCE: James, John T. (1996), tert-Butanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:78-104, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	50	(150)	50	(150)	50	(150)	50	(150)	40	(120)	Not Set	(Not Set)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>		<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CNS	Depression		CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity		
							CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
									U. Blad	Injury		

REMARKS:

### Carbon monoxide

CAS #: 630-08-0

REFERENCE: James, John T. (2008), Carbon Monoxide, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:125-143, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

	425		100		55		15		15		15	
	ppm	(485)	ppm	(114)	ppm	(63)	ppm	(17)	ppm	(17)	ppm	(17)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>		<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CNS	Depression		CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression
CV	Arrhythmia		CV	Arrhythmia	CV	Arrhythmia	CV	Arrhythmia	CV	Arrhythmia	CV	Arrhythmia

REMARKS: Carboxyhemoglobin target

### Chloroform

CAS #: 67-66-3

REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Chloroform, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:264-306, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

	2		2		2		1		1		Not Set	
	ppm	(10)	ppm	(10)	ppm	(10)	ppm	(5)	ppm	(5)	ppm	(Not Set)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>		<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CNS	Depression		CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
Kidney	Nephrotoxicity		Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity		
					Kidney	Nephrotoxicity						

REMARKS:

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System

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DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination

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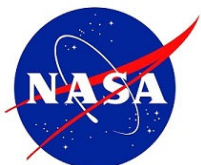
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Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 12



## Chemical

Chemical	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane</b>	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)	<b>7</b>	(100)	<b>5</b>	(75)	<b>1</b>	(15)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 541-02-6 REFERENCE: James, John T. (2000), Polydimethylcyclsiloxanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:151-174, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
					RspSys Gonad	Injury Toxicity	RspSys Gonad	Injury Toxicity	RspSys Gonad	Injury Toxicity		

REMARKS: Documented as a polydimethylcyclsiloxane

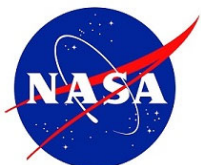
<b>Diacetone alcohol</b>	<b>50</b>	(250)	<b>50</b>	(250)	<b>20</b>	(100)	<b>6</b>	(30)	<b>4</b>	(20)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 123-42-2 REFERENCE: James, John T. (1996), Diacetone alcohol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:105-116, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Liver	Hepatomegaly		
	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		

REMARKS:

<b>Dichloroacetylene</b>	<b>0.6</b>	(2.4)	<b>0.04</b>	(0.16)	<b>0.03</b>	(0.12)	<b>0.025</b>	(0.10)	<b>0.015</b>	(0.06)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 7572-29-4 REFERENCE: James, John T. (1996), Dichloroacetylene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:117-134, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity		
	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity								

REMARKS:

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System CV: Cardiovascular DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity GI: Gastrointestinal tract HA: Headache  
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit PNS: Peripheral Nervous System ppm: parts per million RespSys: Respiratory System U.Blad: Urinary bladder



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 13



## Chemical

### 1,2- Dichloroethane

CAS #: 107-06-2

REFERENCE: Ramanathan, Raghupathy (2008), 1,2-Dichloroethane, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:144-161, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
0.4	(1.6)	0.4	(1.6)	0.4	(1.6)	0.4	(1.6)	0.4	(1.6)	0.4	(1.6)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
G.I.	GI Toxicity	G.I.	GI Toxicity	G.I.	GI Toxicity	G.I.	G.I. Toxicity	G.I.	G.I. Toxicity	G.I.	G.I. Toxicity
										Liver	Hepatotoxicity

REMARKS: Impairs host defenses against bacteria.

### Dimethylhydrazine

CAS #: 57-14-7

REFERENCE: Khan-Mayberry, Noreen N. (2008), Dimethylhydrazine, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:162-189, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

3	(7.5)	0.12	(0.3)	0.03	(0.075)	0.017	(0.0425)	0.003	(0.0075)	Not Set	(Not Set)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CNS		CNS		Blood	Anemia	Blood	Anemia	Liver	Anemia		
								Liver	Hepatotoxicity		

REMARKS:

### Ethanol

CAS #: 64-17-5

REFERENCE: McCoy, J. Torin (2008), Ethanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:190-205, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

5000	(10000)	5000	(10000)	1000	(2000)	1000	(2000)	1000	(2000)	1000	(2000)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation
Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation
Skin	Flushing	Skin	Flushing	Skin	Flushing	Skin	Flushing	Skin	Flushing	Skin	Flushing
CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity

REMARKS:

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System

CV: Cardiovascular

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination

DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity

GI: Gastrointestinal tract

HA: Headache

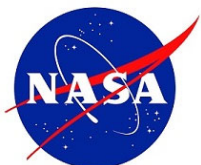
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

U.Blad: Urinary bladder



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 14



## Chemical

### 2- Ethoxyethanol

CAS #: 110-80-5

REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1996), 2-Ethoxyethanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:189-212, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	10	(40)	10	(40)	0.8	(3)	0.5	(2)	0.07	(0.3)	Not Set	(Not Set)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>		<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
Blood	Hematotoxicity		Blood	Hematotoxicity	Blood	Hematotoxicity	Blood	Hematotoxicity	Blood	Hematotoxicity		
Mucosa	Irritation		Mucosa	Irritation	Testes	Toxicity	Testes	Toxicity	Testes	Toxicity		

REMARKS:

### Ethyl acetate

CAS #: 141-78-6

REFERENCE: Williams, E.S. and Ryder, V.E. Spacecraft maximum allowable concentrations for ethyl acetate. Aerosp Med Hum Perform. 2023; 94(1):1-9.

	400		400		117		117		117		39	
		(1440)		(1440)		(421)		(421)		(421)		(140)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>		<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
Mucosa	Irritation		Mucosa	Irritation	Body Weight	Reduction	Body	Reduction	Body	Reduction	Body	Reduction
							Weight		Weight		Weight	

REMARKS:

### Ethylbenzene

CAS #: 100-41-4

REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (1996), Ethylbenzene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:208-231, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

	180		60		30		30		12		Not Set	
		(780)		(260)		(130)		(130)		(50)		(Not Set)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>		<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
Mucosa	Irritation		Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Testes	Necrosis		
CNS	Depression		CNS	Depression	Testes	Necrosis	Testes	Necrosis				

REMARKS:

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System

CV: Cardiovascular

DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination

DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity

GI: Gastrointestinal tract

HA: Headache

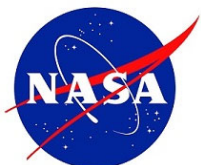
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

PNS: Peripheral Nervous System

ppm: parts per million

RespSys: Respiratory System

U.Blad: Urinary bladder



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 15



## Chemical

Chemical	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Ethylene glycol</b>	25	(64)	25	(64)	5	(13)	5	(13)	5	(13)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 107-21-1 REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1996), Ethylene glycol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:232-270, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation		
			CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
					Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity		

REMARKS:

<b>Formaldehyde</b>	0.8	(1.0)	0.5	(0.6)	0.1	(0.12)	0.1	(0.12)	0.1	(0.12)	0.1	(0.12)
CAS #: 50-00-0 REFERENCE: McCoy, J. Torin (2008), Formaldehyde, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:206-249, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation
											Nose	Cancer

REMARKS: Ceiling values, Carcinogen

<b>Freon 11</b>	140	(790)	140	(790)	140	(790)	140	(790)	140	(790)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 75-69-4 REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11), Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:211-226, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia		

REMARKS:

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System CV: Cardiovascular DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity GI: Gastrointestinal tract HA: Headache  
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit PNS: Peripheral Nervous System ppm: parts per million RespSys: Respiratory System U.Blad: Urinary bladder



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

Chemical	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Freon 113</b>	<b>50</b>	(400)	<b>50</b>	(400)	<b>50</b>	(400)	<b>50</b>	(400)	<b>50</b>	(400)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 76-13-1 REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. and James, John T. (1994), Freon 113, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 1:121-138, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u> Heart	<u>Effect</u> Arrhythmia	<u>Organ</u> Heart	<u>Effect</u> Arrhythmia	<u>Organ</u> Heart	<u>Effect</u> Arrhythmia	<u>Organ</u> Heart	<u>Effect</u> Arrhythmia	<u>Organ</u> Heart	<u>Effect</u> Arrhythmia	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>

REMARKS:

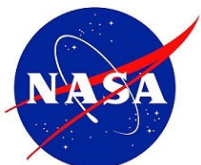
<b>Freon 12</b>	<b>540</b>	(2600)	<b>95</b>	(470)	<b>95</b>	(470)	<b>95</b>	(470)	<b>95</b>	(470)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 75-71-8 REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon 12), Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:227-239, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u> Heart	<u>Effect</u> Tachycardia	<u>Organ</u> Heart	<u>Effect</u> Arrhythmia	<u>Organ</u> Heart	<u>Effect</u> Arrhythmia	<u>Organ</u> Heart	<u>Effect</u> Arrhythmia	<u>Organ</u> Heart	<u>Effect</u> Arrhythmia	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>

REMARKS:

<b>Freon 21</b>	<b>50</b>	(210)	<b>50</b>	(210)	<b>15</b>	(63)	<b>12</b>	(50)	<b>2</b>	(8)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 75-43-4 REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Dichlorodifluoromethane (Freon 21), Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:175-189, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u> Heart	<u>Effect</u> Tachycardia	<u>Organ</u> Heart	<u>Effect</u> Tachycardia	<u>Organ</u> Liver	<u>Effect</u> Hepatotoxicity	<u>Organ</u> Liver	<u>Effect</u> Hepatotoxicity	<u>Organ</u> Liver	<u>Effect</u> Hepatotoxicity	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>

REMARKS:





# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 17



## Chemical

Chemical	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Freon 22</b>	<b>1000</b>	(3500)	<b>1000</b>	(3500)	<b>1000</b>	(3500)	<b>1000</b>	(3500)	<b>1000</b>	(3500)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 75-45-6 REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Chlorodifluoromethane (Freon 22), Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:190-210, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia	Heart	Arrhythmia		

REMARKS:

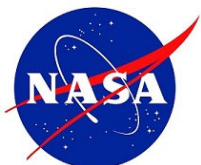
<b>Furan</b>	<b>4</b>	(11)	<b>0.4</b>	(1)	<b>0.025</b>	(0.07)	<b>0.025</b>	(0.07)	<b>0.025</b>	(0.07)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 110-00-9 REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. and James, John T. (2000), Furan, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:307-329, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Cancer	Liver	Cancer	Liver	Cancer		

REMARKS: Carcinogen

<b>Glutaraldehyde</b>	<b>0.12</b>	(0.50)	<b>0.04</b>	(0.08)	<b>0.006</b>	(0.025)	<b>0.003</b>	(0.012)	<b>0.0006</b>	(0.002)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 111-30-8 REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (1996), Glutaraldehyde, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:271-291, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	RspSys	Lesions	RspSys	Lesions	RspSys	Lesions		
	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache								

REMARKS:

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System    CV: Cardiovascular    DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination    DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity    GI: Gastrointestinal tract    HA: Headache  
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit    PNS: Peripheral Nervous System    ppm: parts per million    RespSys: Respiratory System    U.Blad: Urinary bladder



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 18



## Chemical

Chemical	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Hexamethylcyclotrisiloxane</b>	Not Set		Not Set		10	(90)	5	(45)	1	(9)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 541-05-9 REFERENCE: James, John T. (2000), Polydimethylcyclsiloxanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:151-174, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
					RspSys CNS	Injury Depression	RspSys CNS	Injury Depression	RspSys Injury			

REMARKS: Documented as a polydimethylcyclsiloxane

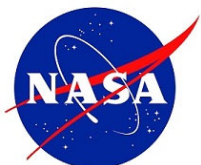
<b>n- Hexane</b>	200	(703)	30	(106)	2.4	(8.4)	2.4	(8.4)	2.4	(8.4)	2.4	(8.4)
CAS #: 110-54-3 REFERENCE: Garcia, H.D, Acceptable Limits for n-Hexane in Spacecraft Atmospheres. Aerospace Medicine and Human Performance. 2021;92(12);956-961.	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity

REMARKS:

<b>Hydrazine</b>	4	(5)	0.3	(0.4)	0.04	(0.05)	0.02	(0.03)	0.004	(0.005)	Not Set	(Not Set)
CAS #: 302-01-2 REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. and James, John T. (1996), Hydrazine, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:213-233, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
		Death	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver Liver Nose	Hepatotoxicity Hyperplasia Cancer	Liver Liver Nose	Hepatotoxicity Hyperplasia Cancer		

REMARKS: Carcinogen

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System CV: Cardiovascular DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity GI: Gastrointestinal tract HA: Headache  
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit PNS: Peripheral Nervous System ppm: parts per million RespSys: Respiratory System U.Blad: Urinary bladder



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 19



## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Hydrogen chloride</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>(8)</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>(3)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(1.5)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(1.5)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(1.5)</b>	<b>Not Set</b>	<b>(Not Set)</b>
CAS #: 7647-01-0 REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing and Wong, King Lit (2000), Hydrogen Chloride, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:60-88, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation		
	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation		

REMARKS:

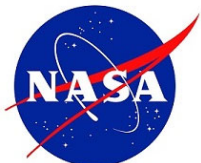
<b>Hydrogen cyanide</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>(9)</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>(4.5)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(1.1)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(1.1)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(1.1)</b>	<b>Not Set</b>	<b>(Not Set)</b>
CAS #: 74-90-8 REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing and Wong, King Lit (2000), Hydrogen Cyanide, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:330-365, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache		
	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea	CNS	Nausea		
					Testes	Testicular toxicity	Testes	Testicular toxicity	Testes	Testicular toxicity		
							Thyroid	Thyroid effects	Thyroid	Thyroid effects		

REMARKS:

<b>Hydrogen fluoride</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>(2.5)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>(2.5)</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>(0.25)</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>(0.25)</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>(0.25)</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>(0.25)</b>
CAS #: 7664-39-3 REFERENCE: Lam, C-W and Ryder, V.E. Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Hydrogen Fluoride. Aerospace Medicine and Human Performance. 2022; 93(10):1-3.	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	RspSys	Irritation	RspSys	Irritation	RspSys	Irritation	RspSys	Irritation	RspSys	Irritation	RspSys	Irritation

REMARKS:

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System CV: Cardiovascular DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity GI: Gastrointestinal tract HA: Headache  
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit PNS: Peripheral Nervous System ppm: parts per million RespSys: Respiratory System U.Blad: Urinary bladder



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance Directorate	Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
	Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 20



## Chemical

### Hydrogen sulfide

CAS #: 7683-06-4  
REFERENCE: Wimberly, AA and Ryder VE. Exposure Limits for Hydrogen Sulfide in Spaceflight. NASA/TM-20240000101, NASA Johnson Space Center, 2024.

REMARKS: \*The endpoint includes increased anxiety directly related to odor irritation.

### Indole

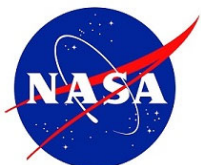
CAS #: 120-72-9  
REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing and James, John T. (1996), Indole, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:235-249, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

REMARKS: Normal turnover of indole was used to establish a lower bound of 0.05 ppm.

### Isoprene

CAS #: 78-79-5  
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2000), Isoprene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:89-118, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

REMARKS:



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance Directorate	Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
	Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 21



## Chemical

### Limonene

CAS #: 5989-27-5  
REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing (2008), Limonene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:250-274, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

REMARKS:

### Linear Siloxanes

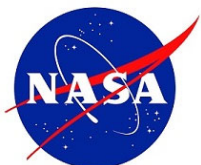
CAS #: various  
REFERENCE: Meyers, Valerie E., Hector D. Garcia, Tami S. McMullin, Joseph M. Tobin, and John T. James. Safe human exposure limits for airborne linear siloxanes during spaceflight. *Inhal Toxicol*, 2013; 25(13): 735-746.

REMARKS: Includes hexamethyldisiloxane, octamethyltrisiloxane, decamethyltetrasiloxane, dodecamethylpentasiloxane.  
The mg/m3 value depends on the molecular weight of the particular linear siloxane.

### Manganese

CAS #: 7439-96-5  
REFERENCE: Romoser AA, Ryder VE, McCoy JT. Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Manganese Compounds in Mars Dust. *Aerosp Med Hum Perform*. 2019; 90(8):709-719.

REMARKS:



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 22



## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Mercury</b>	<b>0.01</b>	(0.08)	<b>0.002</b>	(0.02)	<b>0.001</b>	(0.01)	<b>0.001</b>	(0.01)	<b>0.001</b>	(0.01)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 7439-97-6 REFERENCE: James, John T. and Kaplan, Harold L. (1996), Mercury, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:251-276, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u> Lung	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Lung	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> CNS Kidney	<u>Effect</u> Neurotoxicity Nephrotoxicity	<u>Organ</u> CNS Kidney	<u>Effect</u> Neurotoxicity Nephrotoxicity	<u>Organ</u> CNS Kidney	<u>Effect</u> Neurotoxicity Nephrotoxicity	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>

REMARKS:

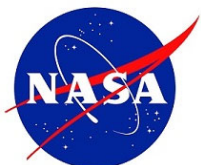
<b>Methanol</b>	<b>70</b>	(92)	<b>70</b>	(92)	<b>20</b>	(26)	<b>20</b>	(26)	<b>20</b>	(26)	<b>10</b>	(13)
CAS #: 67-56-1 REFERENCE: Scully RR, Garcia H, McCoy JT, Ryder VE. Revisions to Limits for Methanol in the Air of Spacecraft. Aerosp Med Hum Perform. 2019; 90(9):807-812.	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Neurotoxicity	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Neurotoxicity	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Neurotoxicity	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Neurotoxicity	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Neurotoxicity	<u>Organ</u> CNS	<u>Effect</u> Neurotoxicity

REMARKS:

<b>Methyl ethyl ketone</b>	<b>50</b>	(150)	<b>50</b>	(150)	<b>10</b>	(30)	<b>10</b>	(30)	<b>10</b>	(30)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 78-93-3 REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1996), Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:307-329, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u> Mucosa	<u>Effect</u> Irritation	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>

REMARKS: Ceiling values

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System CV: Cardiovascular DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity GI: Gastrointestinal tract HA: Headache  
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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 23



## Chemical

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Methyl hydrazine</b>	<b>0.002</b>	(0.004)	<b>0.002</b>	(0.004)	<b>0.002</b>	(0.004)	<b>0.002</b>	(0.004)	<b>0.002</b>	(0.004)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 60-34-4 REFERENCE: Garcia, Hector D. (2000), Methylhydrazine, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:119-136, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Nose	Lesions	Nose	Lesions	Nose	Lesions	Nose	Lesions	Nose	Lesions		

REMARKS: Carcinogen

<b>4- Methyl-2-pentanone</b>	<b>35</b>	(140)	<b>35</b>	(140)	<b>35</b>	(140)	<b>35</b>	(140)	<b>35</b>	(140)	<b>Not Set</b>	(Not Set)
CAS #: 108-10-1 REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (2000), 4-Methyl-2-Pentanone, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:240-263, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation		

REMARKS:

<b>Methylene chloride</b>	<b>100</b>	(350)	<b>35</b>	(120)	<b>14</b>	(49)	<b>7</b>	(24)	<b>3</b>	(10)	<b>1</b>	(3.5)
CAS #: 75-09-2 REFERENCE: Ramanathan, Raghupathy (2008), Methylene Chloride, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:289-313, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity

REMARKS: CO formation, carcinogen

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System    CV: Cardiovascular    DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination    DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity    GI: Gastrointestinal tract    HA: Headache  
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit    PNS: Peripheral Nervous System    ppm: parts per million    RespSys: Respiratory System    U.Blad: Urinary bladder



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance Directorate	Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
	Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 24



## Chemical

### Nitromethane

CAS #: 75-52-5  
REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1996), Nitromethane, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:331-350, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	25	(65)	15	(40)	7	(18)	7	(18)	5	(13)	Not Set	(Not Set)
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Blood	Anemia	Blood	Anemia	Blood	Anemia	Blood	Anemia	Blood	Anemia		

REMARKS:

### Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

CAS #: 556-67-2  
REFERENCE: James, John T. (2000), Polydimethylcyclsiloxanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:151-174, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

	Not Set		Not Set		23	(280)	5	(60)	1	(12)	Not Set	
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
					Gonads	Toxicity	Gonads	Toxicity	Gonad	Toxicity		
					CNS	Depression						

REMARKS: Documented as a polydimethylcyclsiloxane

### Perfluoropropane and Other Aliphatic Perfluoroalkanes

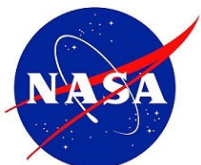
CAS #: 76-19-7  
REFERENCE: Lam, Chiu-Wing (2000), Perfluoropropane and Other Aliphatic Perfluoroalkanes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 4:137-150, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

	11,000	(varies)	11,000	(varies)	11,000	(varies)	11,000	(varies)	11,000	(varies)	Not Set	
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	CNS	Symptoms	CNS	Symptoms	CNS	Symptoms	CNS	Symptoms	CNS	Symptoms		

REMARKS: EXCLUDES perfluorocycloalkanes.  
The mg/m3 value depends on the molecular weight of the particular perfluoroalkane.

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System    CV: Cardiovascular    DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination    DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity    GI: Gastrointestinal tract    HA: Headache  
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# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance  
Directorate

Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 25



## Chemical

### 2- Propanol

CAS #: 67-63-0

REFERENCE: James, John T. and Kaplan, Harold L. (1996), 2-Propanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 2:351-371, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	400	(1000)	100	(240)	60	(150)	60	(150)	60	(150)	Not Set	(Not Set)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>		<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CNS	Depression		CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression		
Mucosa	Irritation		Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation		
			Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	PNS	DCV	PNS	DCV		
							Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity		

REMARKS:

### Propylene glycol

CAS #: 57-55-6

REFERENCE: Ryder, V.E. and Williams, E.S. Revisions to Limits for Propylene Glycol in Spacecraft Air. Aerospace Medicine and Human Performance. 2022; 93(5):467-469.

	64		32		32		32		32		32	
		(200)		(100)		(100)		(100)		(100)		(100)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>		<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
Mucosa	Irritation		Mucosa	Irritation	Blood	Elevated	Blood	Elevated	Blood	Elevated	Blood	Elevated
Eye	Irritation		Eye	Irritation		hemoglobin		hemoglobin		hemoglobin		hemoglobin
CNS	Fatigue		CNS	Fatigue		Body Weight		Body Weight		Body Weight		Body Weight
CNS	Headache		CNS	Headache		Gain		Gain		Gain		Gain

REMARKS: updated from 2008, NRC Vol 5

### Toluene

CAS #: 108-88-3

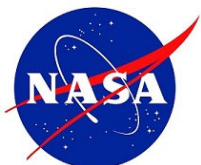
REFERENCE: Tapia CM, Langford SD, Ryder VE. Revisions to Limits for Toluene in Spacecraft Air. Aerosp Med Hum Perform. 2024.

Garcia, Hector D. (2008), Toluene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:329-347, National Academy Press. Washington. DC.

	40		40		40		40		4		4	
		(151)		(151)		(151)		(151)		(15)		(15)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>		<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
CNS	Depression		CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Gonads	Hormone	Gonads	Hormone
					Ear	Ototoxicity	Ear	Ototoxicity				
					Eye	Ocular toxicity	Eye	Ocular toxicity				

REMARKS:

**Abbreviations:** CNS: Central Nervous System CV: Cardiovascular DCD: Decreased Color Discrimination DCV: Decreased Conduction Velocity GI: Gastrointestinal tract HA: Headache  
LEL: Lower Explosive Limit PNS: Peripheral Nervous System ppm: parts per million RespSys: Respiratory System U.Blad: Urinary bladder



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

## Chemical

Chemical	1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
<b>Trichloroethylene</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>(270)</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>(60)</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>(50)</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>(10)</b>	<b>Not Set</b>	<b>(Not Set)</b>
CAS #: 79-01-6 REFERENCE: James, John T., Kaplan, Harold L., and Coleman, Martin E. (1996), Trichloroethylene, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 3:292-320, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity	Multi.	Cancer		
	Heart	Arrhythmia			Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Kidney	Nephrotoxicity		
									Liver	Hepatotoxicity		

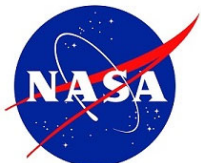
REMARKS: See dichloroacetylene if alkali scrubber is present. Possible carcinogen.

<b>Trimethylsilanol</b>  CAS #: 1066-40-6 REFERENCE: James, John T. (2008), Trimethylsilanol, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:348-355, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<b>15</b>	<b>(55)</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>(7)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(4)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(4)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(4)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(4)</b>
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression	CNS	Depression

REMARKS:

<b>Vinyl chloride</b>  CAS #: 75-01-4 REFERENCE: Wong, King Lit (1994), Vinyl Chloride, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 1:185-219, National Academy Press, Washington, DC	<b>130</b>	<b>(330)</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>(77)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(2.6)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(2.6)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(2.6)</b>	<b>Not Set</b>	<b>(Not Set)</b>
	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Liver	Hepatotoxicity	Testes	Necrosis	Testes	Necrosis	Testes	Necrosis		
	CNS	Headache	CNS	Depression								
	CNS	Depression										

REMARKS:



# SMACs (Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations)

Human Health and Performance Directorate	Title: Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations (SMACs)	
	Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 27



## Chemical

### Xylenes

CAS #: 1330-20-7 (mixed)  
REFERENCE: Ramanathan, Raghupathy (2008), Xylenes, Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Selected Airborne Contaminants, Vol 5:366-386, National Academy Press, Washington, DC

REMARKS: Applies to each individual xylene isomer and mixtures of xylene isomers.

1 hr		24 hr		7 d		30 d		180 d		1000 d	
ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	ppm	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
50	(215)	17	(73)	17	(73)	17	(73)	8.5	(37)	1.5	(6.5)
<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>	<u>Organ</u>	<u>Effect</u>
Mucosa	Irritation	Mucosa	Irritation	CNS	Neurotoxicity	CNS	Neurotoxicity	Ear	Ototoxicity	Ear	Ototoxicity
CNS	Headache	CNS	Headache								
Eye	Irritation	Eye	Irritation								

Human Health and Performance Directorate	Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants	
	Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 28

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Human Health and Performance Directorate	Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants	
	Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 29

## APPENDIX A ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

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Human Health and Performance Directorate	Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations for Airborne Contaminants	
	Document: JSC 20584	Rev C
	Date: 6/13/2024	Page: 30

CAS	Chemical Abstract Service
C <sub>n</sub>	Specific Concentration
CNS	Central Nervous System
CV	Cardiovascular
DCD	Decreased Color Discrimination
DCV	Decreased Conduction Velocity
GI	Gastrointestinal
HA	Headache
ISS	International Space Station
JSC	Johnson Space Center
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NRC	National Research Council
NRCCOT	National Research Council Committee on Toxicology
PNS	Peripheral Nervous System
ppm	Parts Per Million
RespSys	Respiratory System
SMACs	Spacecraft Maximum Allowable Concentrations
T <sub>grp</sub>	Toxicity Index
U.Blad	Urinary Bladder

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