

### SOUTH AFRICA ECOLOGICAL CONSERVATION

Identifying and Mapping
Riparian Areas in South Africa
with Earth Observations

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### Introduction to Riparian Zones

**Riparian Zones** are lands that occur along the edges of rivers, streams, lakes, and other water bodies.

Benefits of these lands include:

Stream bank stabilization

Water filtration

Flood control

Habitat stability

Recreational space



### Selected Study Sites

### North West Province



### Northeast of Cape Town



**Study Location:** Western Cape and North West Province, South Africa **Study Period:** Jan 2023 – Dec 2023

### Objectives

**INVESTIGATE** transitional nature between stream bodies and riparian zones





IDENTIFY riparian areas that are not highlighted in prior map products

to other areas in South Africa



### **Partners**

### South African National Biodiversity Institute (SANBI)



- Public access to biodiversity data
   Advancing policy
- Sharing information and knowledge
- Conserving biodiversity

Biodiversity Study of the Cape (BioSCape)



- Combines remote sensing and field data
- Progress understanding of biodiversity on land and water

# Community Concerns

Lack of cohesive maps across the area



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Climate change



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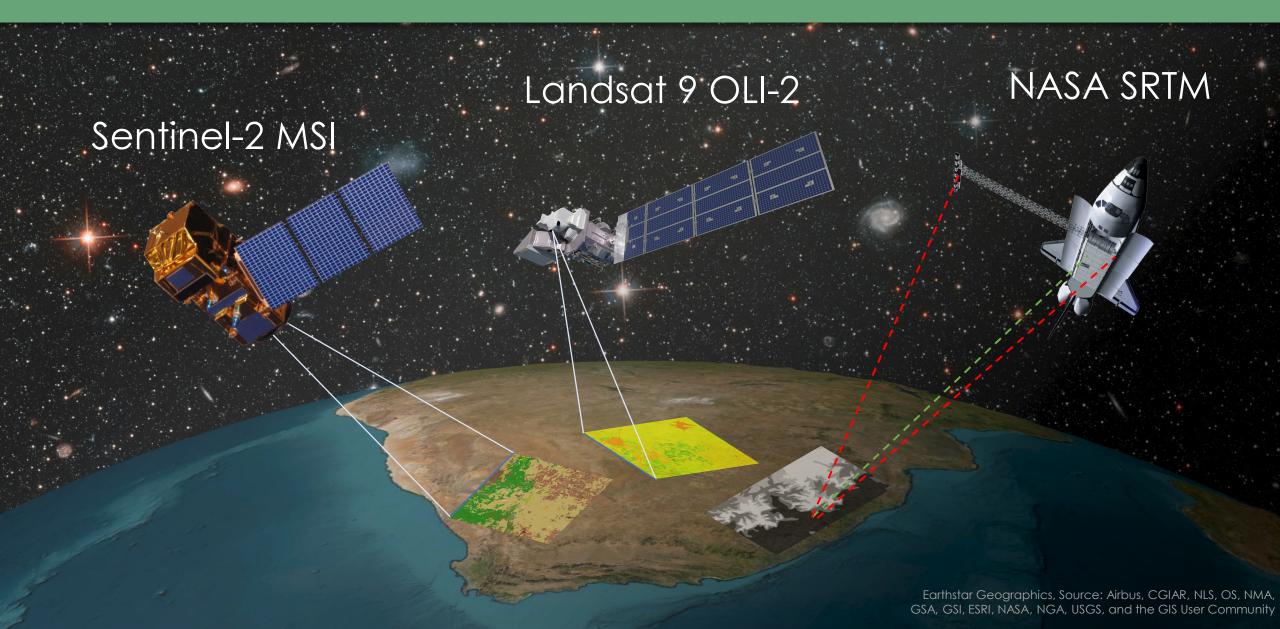
Climate change

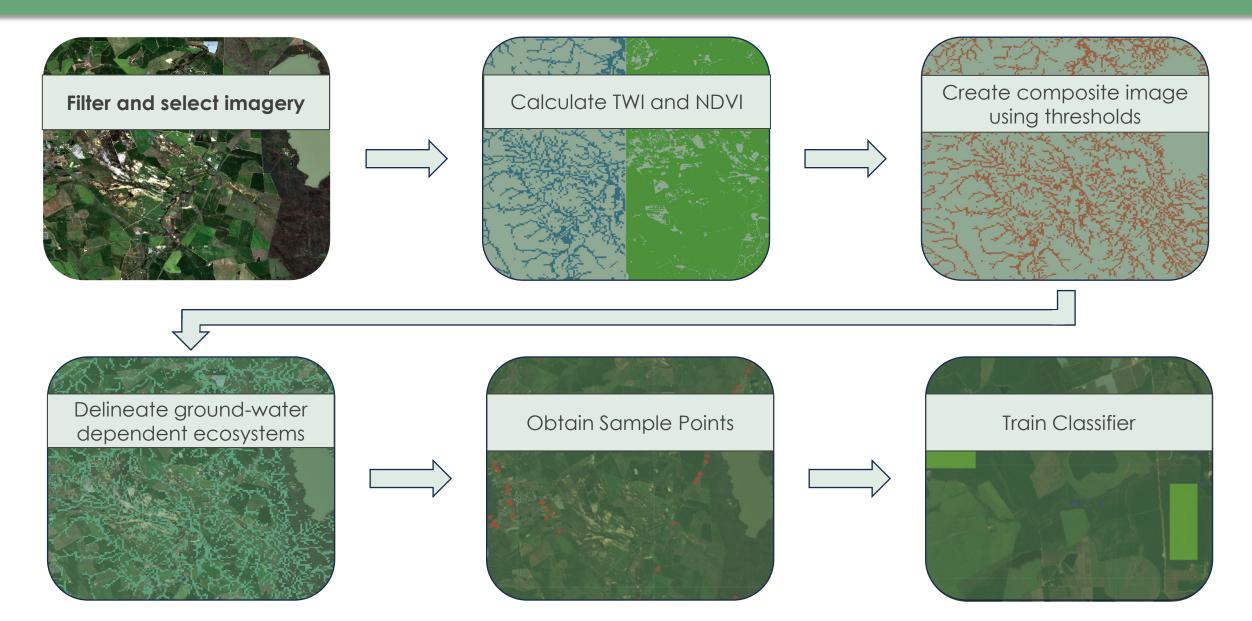


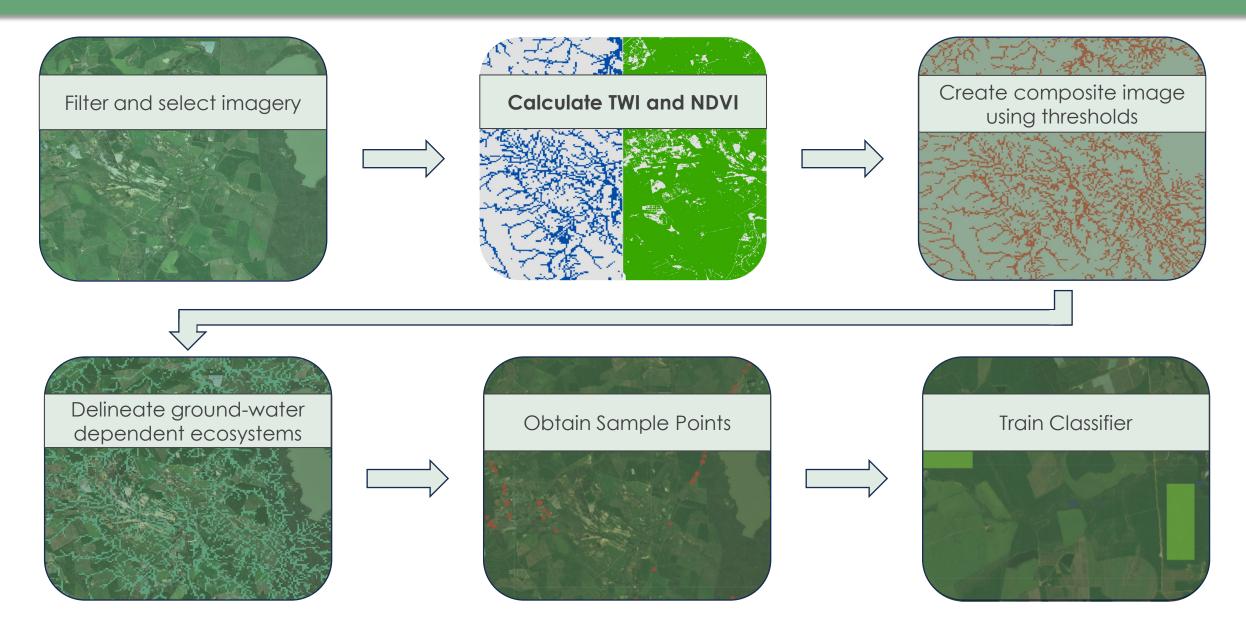
Conservation planning

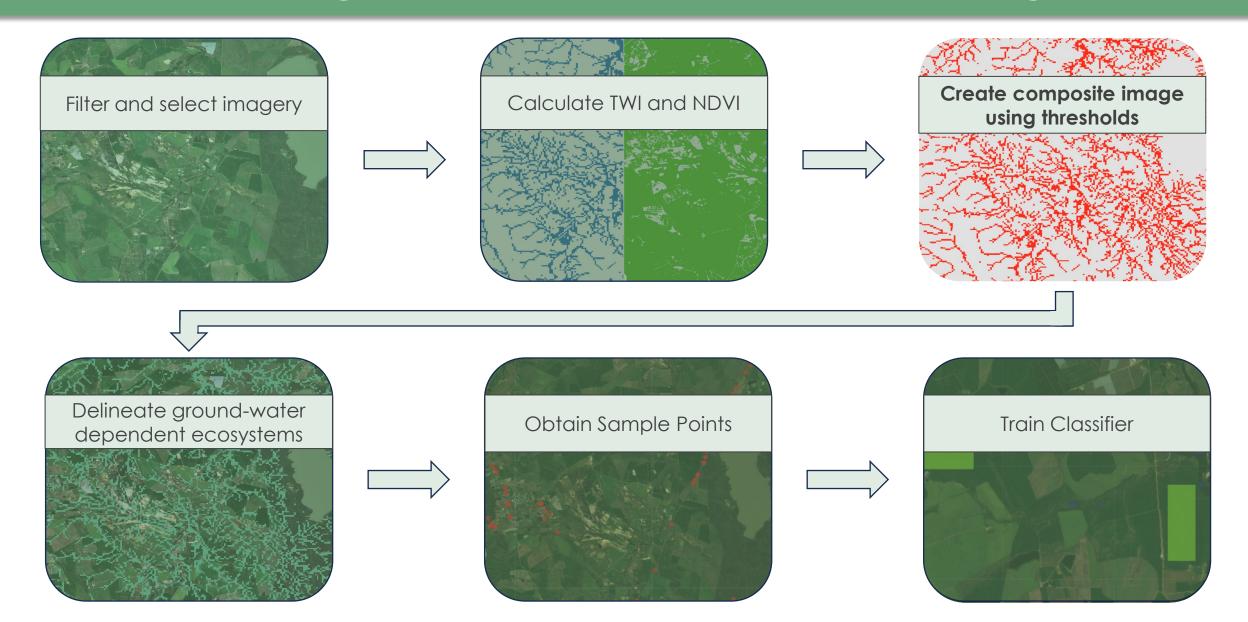


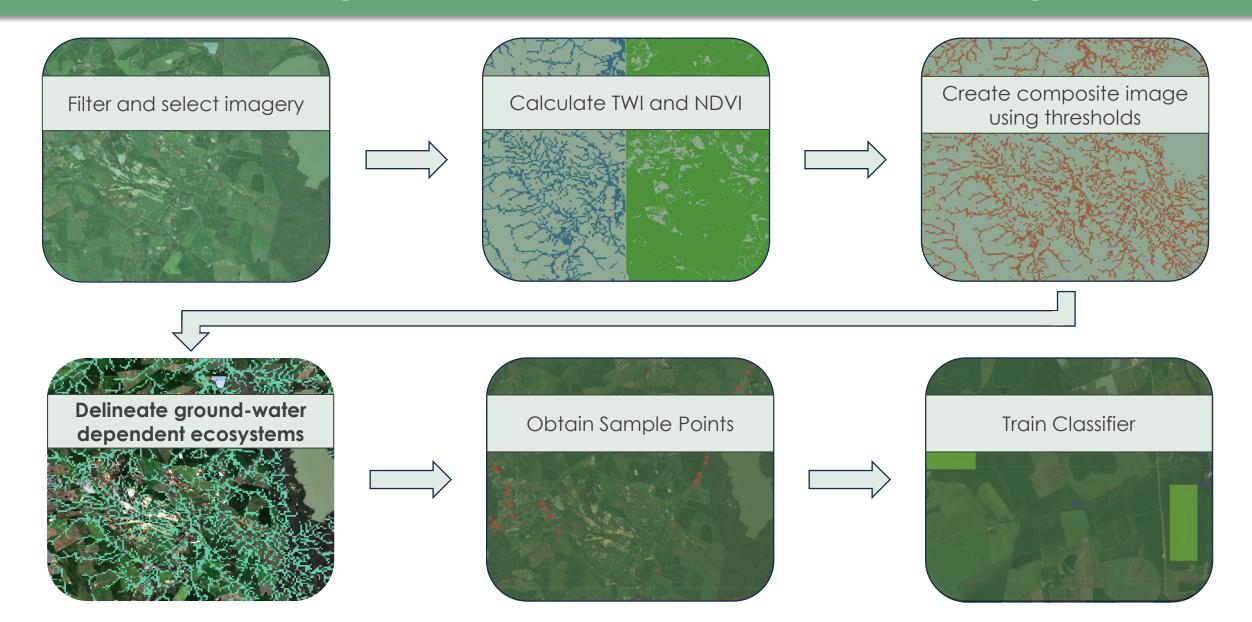
# Earth Observations

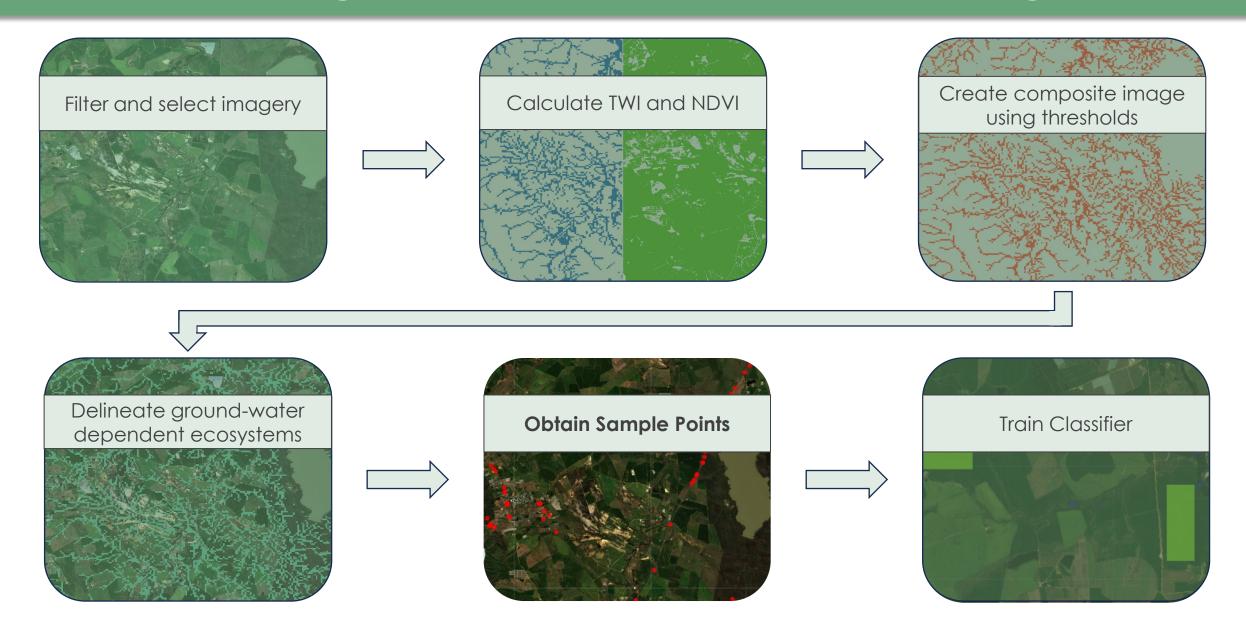


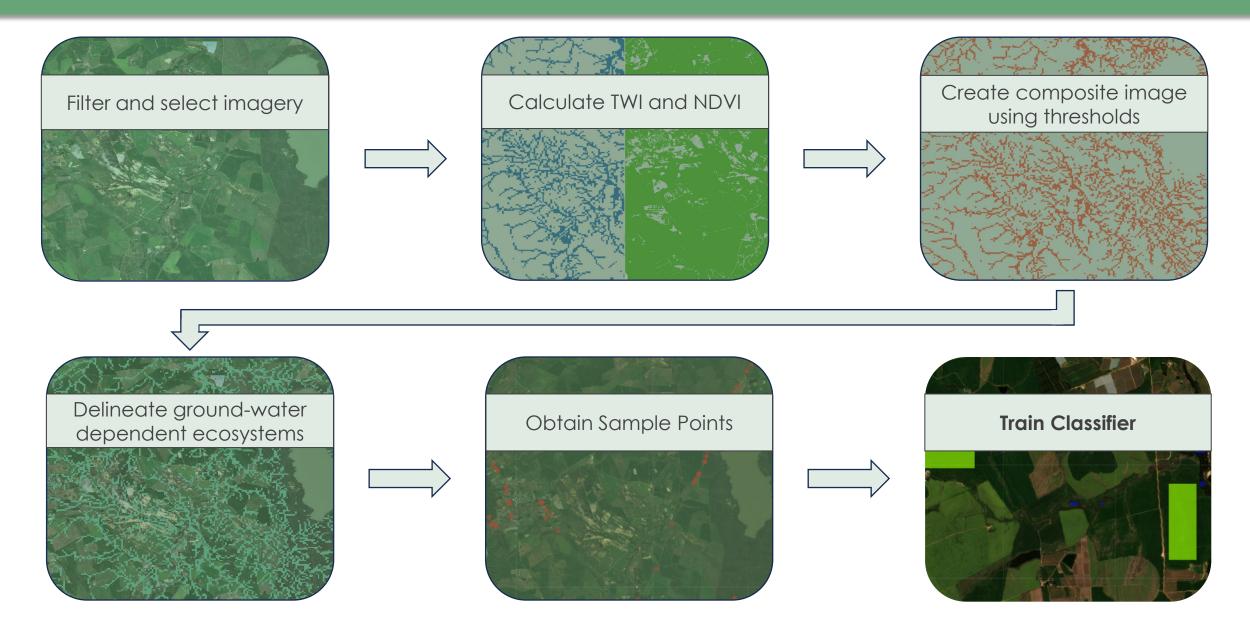


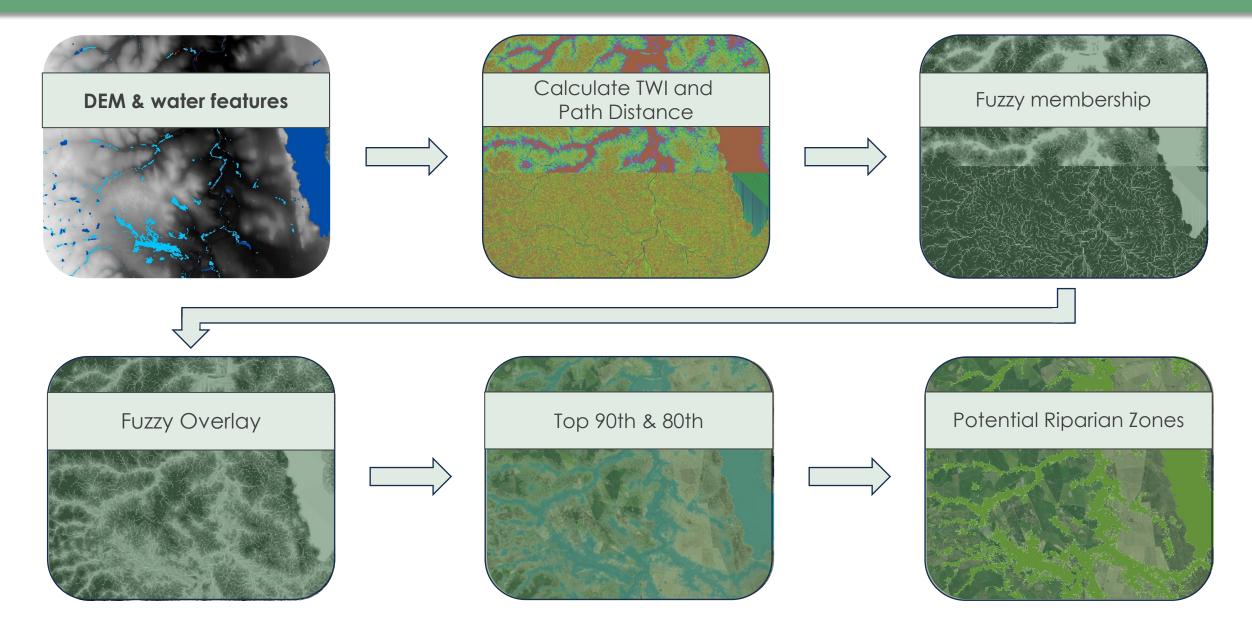


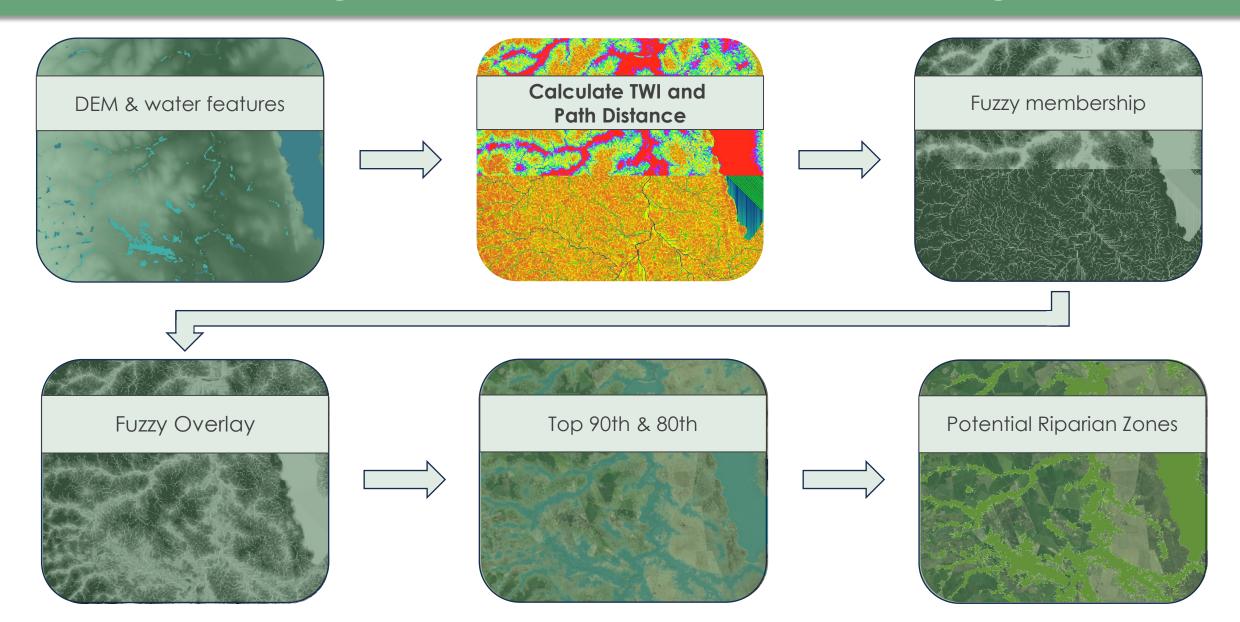


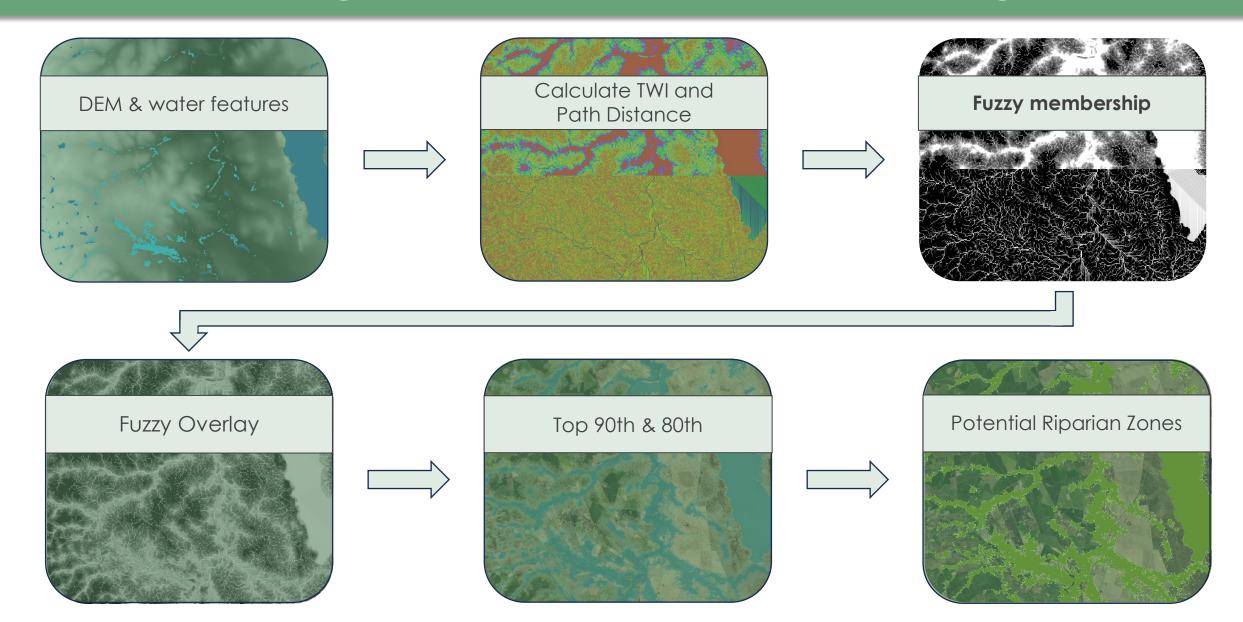


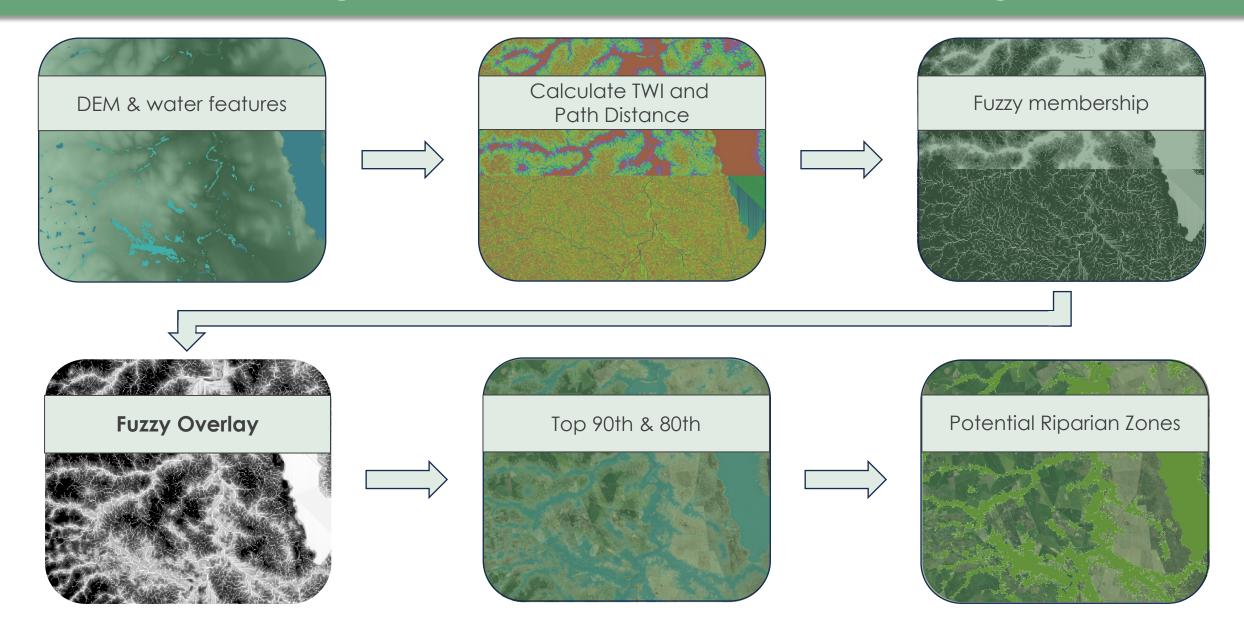


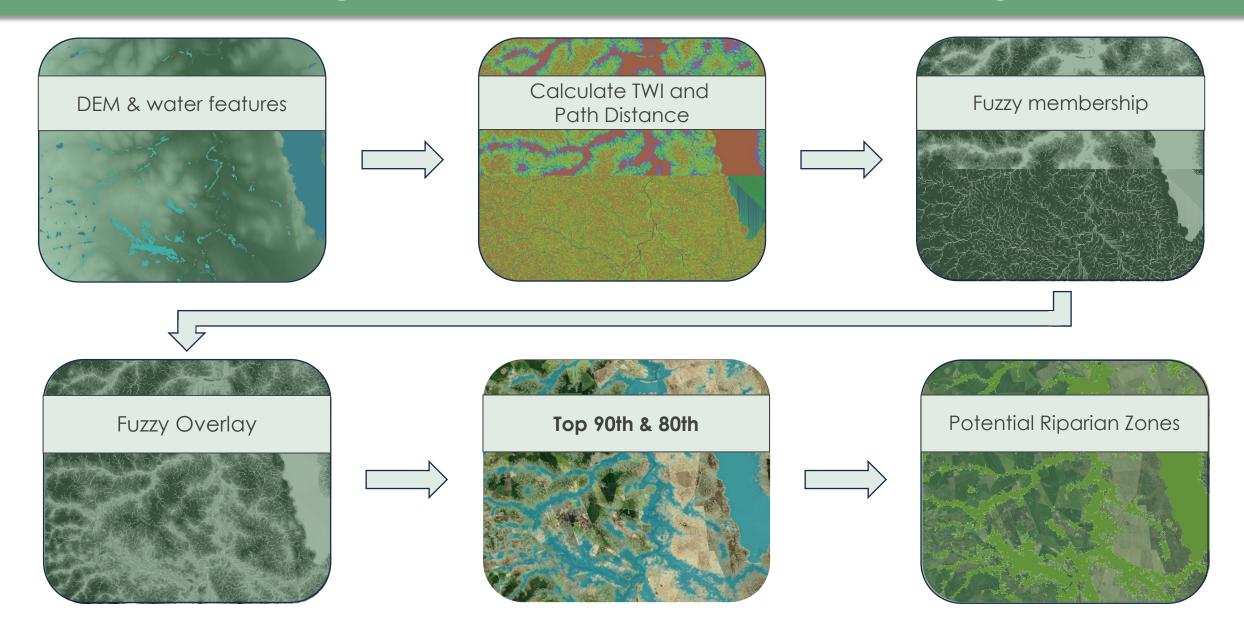


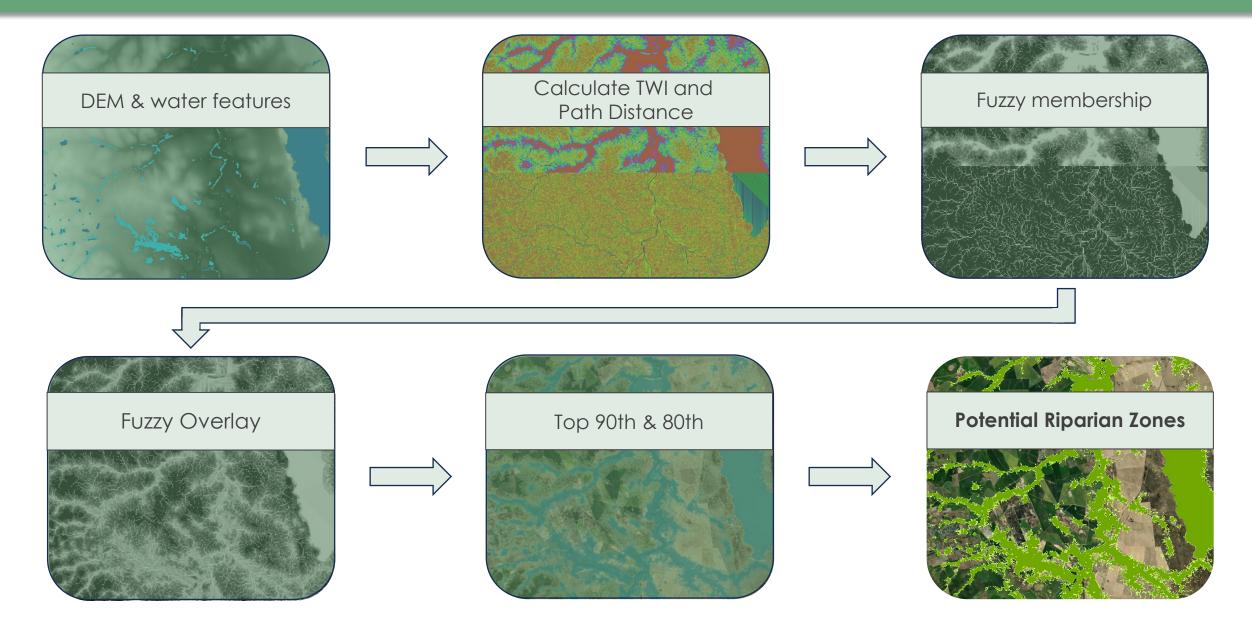












# Methodology: Actual Riparian Vegetation

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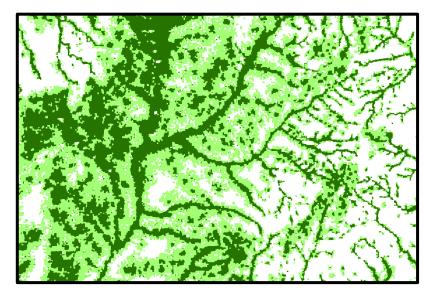
Observed Riparian Zones Actual Riparian Vegetation Potential Riparian Zones

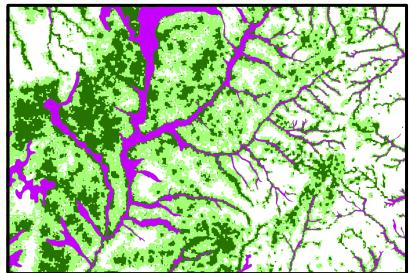
# Results: Potential Riparian Zones (PRZ)

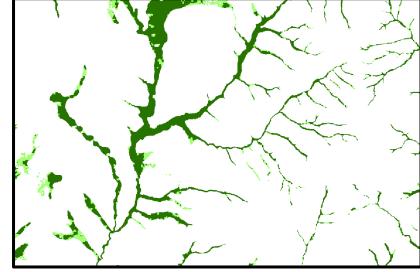
40% of pixels high confidence
60% of pixels moderate
confidence

Tended to overclassify riparian zones\*

75% agreement when compared to reference riparian zone data







High Confidence PRZ >90

Moderate
Confidence PRZ >80

25KM

Reference Riparian Zones

\*Based on the assumption that Reference Riparian Zones are correct

# Results: Actual Riparian Vegetation

- 141,967 Hectares of Riparian Vegetation in Study Sites
- High correlation with forested areas and agricultural zones





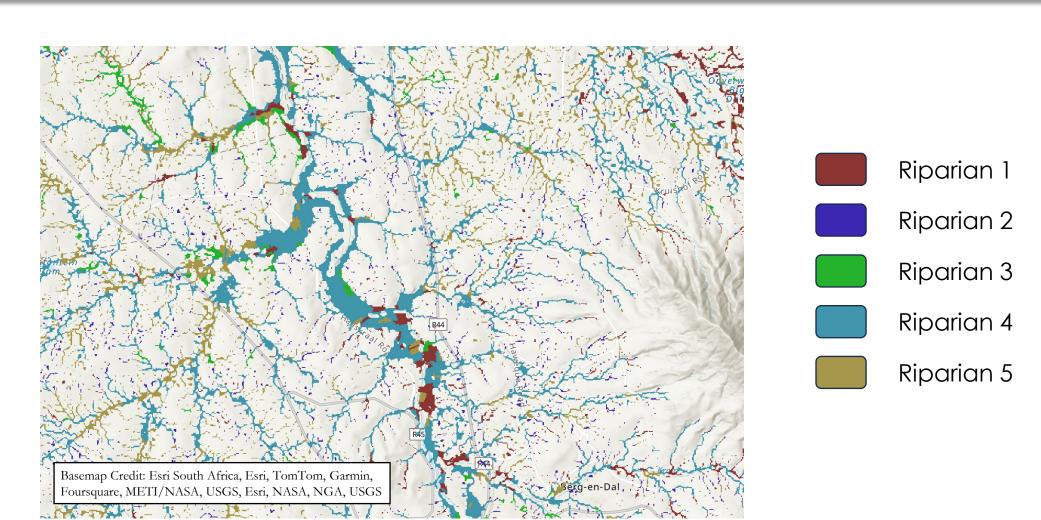
# Results: Riparian Vegetation Classification

### **Overall Accuracy 97.3%**

	Riparian 1	Riparian 2	Riparian 3	Riparian 4	Riparian 5
Riparian 1	1,006	0	13	3	8
Riparian 2	0	419	0	3	0
Riparian 3	19	0	946	7	13
Riparian 4	3	7	26	991	0
Riparian 5	14	0	8	0	974

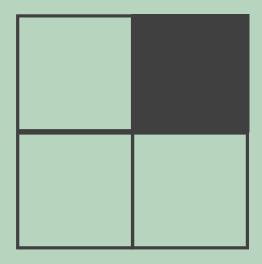
**Confusion Matrix** 

### Results: Unsupervised Classification



### **Errors and Uncertainties**

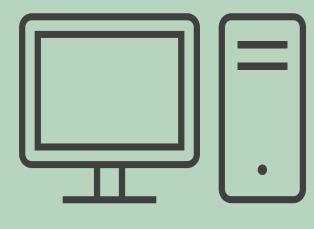
Low spatial resolution



Lack of validation and training data



Computational abilities



### Conclusions

Two-pronged approach showed promise in accurate riparian vegetation mapping across South African landscapes





Detected riparian vegetation numbered near 141,000 hectares.

Resulting data will foster science-based decision making in local communities.



# Feasibility and Future Work

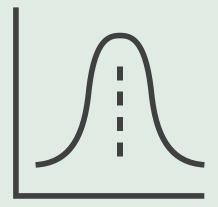
Feasibility for furthering analysis:

Successful use of open source data for study sites of different scales



Future Work should take note of:

Refining methodology for larger data sizes



### Acknowledgements

<u>Team Members</u>

Mina Nada (Project Lead)







Andrew Saah



### **Advisors**

Dr. Kerry Cawse-Nicholson (NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Caltech) Dr. Arnaud Cerbelaud (NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Caltech) Ben Holt (NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Caltech)

#### **Partners**

Anisha Dayaram (SANBI - Vegetation Scientist) Nancy Job (SANBI - Freshwater Team Lead) Dr. Andrew Skowno (SANBI – Biodiversity Assessment & Terrestrial Team Lead) Dr. Cherie Forbes (BioSCape - Applications Coordinator)

#### Center Lead & Fellow

Michael Pazmino (NASA DEVELOP – JPL) Jane Zugarek (NASA DEVELOP – JPL)