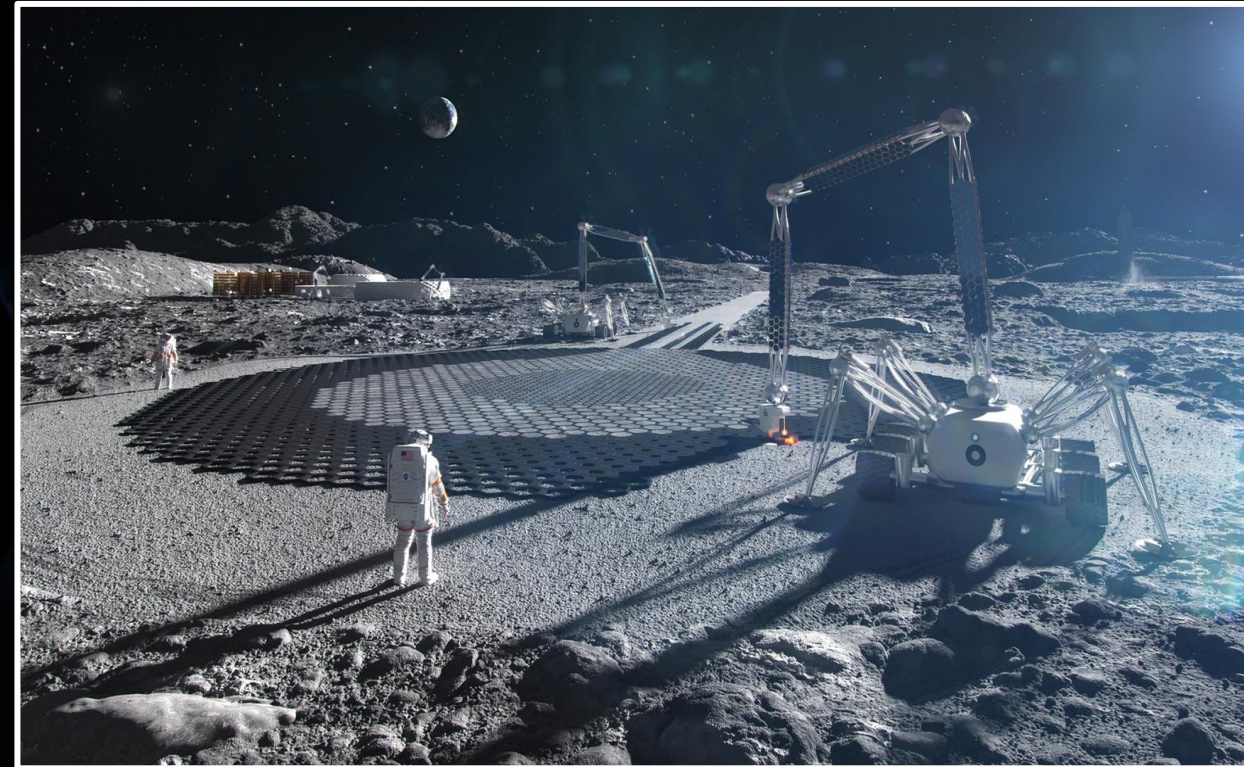


Accelerating Materials Discovery for National Security



National Security Challenges Panel

JHU/APL September 5, 2024

Dr. Corky Clinton



NASA's Moon to Mars Strategy and Objectives: Manufacturing and Construction Examples Objective-based Approach – Architect from the Right - Stick with the Plan

LI-4L: Demonstrate advanced manufacturing and autonomous construction capabilities in support of continuous human lunar presence and a robust lunar economy.

LI-8L: Demonstrate technologies supporting cislunar orbital/surface depots, construction and manufacturing maximizing the use of in-situ resources, needed for continuous human/robotic presence.

RT-5: Maintainability and Reuse: when practical, design systems for maintainability, reuse, and/or recycling to support the long-term sustainability of operations and increase Earth independence.

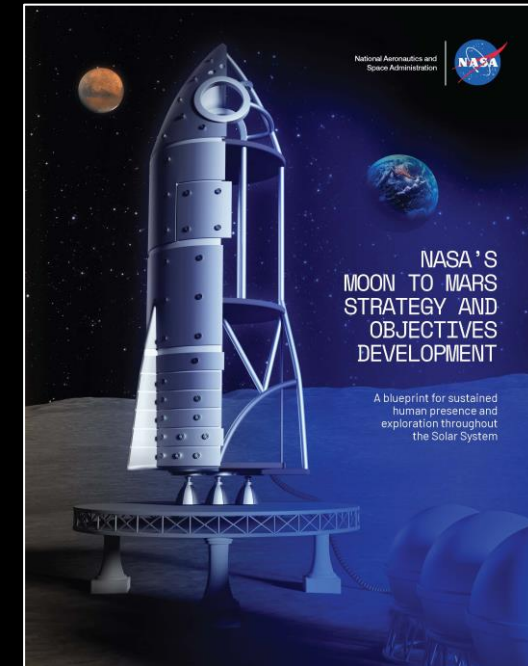
PPS-2LM: Advance understanding of physical systems and fundamental physics by utilizing the unique environments of the Moon, Mars, and deep space.

AS-6LM: Advance understanding of how physical systems and fundamental physical phenomena are affected by partial gravity, microgravity, and general environment of the Moon, Mars, and deep space.

TH-4LM: Develop in-space and surface habitation system(s) for crew to live in deep space for extended durations, enabling future missions to Mars.

OP-11LM: Demonstrate the capability to use commodities produced from planetary surface or in-space resources to reduce the mass required to be transported from Earth.

OP-12LM: Establish procedures and systems that will minimize the disturbance to the local environment and allow for reuse/recycling of material transported from Earth.



NASA Space Technology Mission Directorate: Advanced Manufacturing and Excavation, Construction, and Outfitting Technology Shortfalls and Rankings



ADVANCED MANUFACTURING SHORTFALLS		
SHORTFALL NUMBER	SHORTFALL TITLE	RANKING
1485	In-Space and On-Surface Manufacturing of Parts/Products from Surface and Terrestrial Feedstocks	92
1486	In-Space and On-Surface NDE and Qualification of Components for Manufacturing, Assembly, and Construction	116
1487	In-Space and On-Surface Welding Technologies for Manufacturing, Assembly, and Construction	179
1489	In-Space and On-Surface Manufacturing from Recycled and Reused Materials and Components	172
1490	Additive Manufacturing for New and High-Performance Materials	145
1488	Additive Manufacturing for Propulsion	163
1491	Additive Manufacturing of Large-Scale Components	154
1492	Materials and Process Modeling for In-Space and On-Surface Manufacturing	170
1493	Computational Materials-Informed Qualification and Certification for In-Space and On-Surface Manufacturing	184
1494	Digital Transformation Technologies for Terrestrial, In-Space, On-Surface Manufacturing, and Operations	176
1496	In-Space and On-Surface New Materials, Manufacturing, Assembly, and Repair of Composite Structures	174
1495	Advanced Manufacturing for Improved Dimensional Control of Large-Scale Space Structures	171

EXCAVATION, CONSTRUCTION, AND OUTFITTING SHORTFALLS		
SHORTFALL NUMBER	SHORTFALL TITLE	RANKING
369	Excavation of granular (surface) regolith for ISRU commodities production	108
384	Excavation of hard/compacted/icy material	104
385	Regolith and resource delivery system	118
662	Robotic regolith manipulation and site preparation	102
617	On-surface robotic assembly of vertical structures	148
1400	On-surface robotic assembly of horizontal structures	159
425	On-Surface In-situ Construction of Vertical Structures	145
666	On-Surface In-situ Construction of Horizontal Structures	160
1480	On-surface Outfitting of Lunar Structures	138

Space Nuclear Power and Propulsion (SNPP) Systems



- Safety, System Performance, and Mass are Design Drivers.
- Solid Fuel Nuclear Thermal Propulsion (NTP) Systems
 - Nuclear fuels capable of operating at >2500 K in the presence of hydrogen
 - Simultaneously have a high uranium loading and parasitic neutron absorption
 - Example material is UZrC.
- Liquid fuel NTP systems require
 - Materials Compatible with Liquid Uranium at >1500 K (perhaps ZrC?)
 - Materials for Regeneratively Cooled Nozzles with a Very High Heat Flux in the Nozzle Throat
 - Bearings and other components that can operate at very high (> 1000 K) temperatures.
- High performance nuclear electric propulsion (NEP) systems would benefit from
 - Closed-cycle turbomachinery capable of operating at > 1800 K turbine inlet temperature,
 - Superconducting magnets, and superconducting cables for transmitting power.
- Fission Surface Power (FSP) concepts could benefit from
 - Development of hydrogen barriers capable of preventing hydrogen diffusion at temperatures up to 1200 K.
 - Barriers could potentially be used in long-life reactors with a ZrHx or Yhx neutron Moderator
- Many SNPP systems could also benefit from
 - Development of advanced neutron reflector materials such as Be_2C .
 - Advanced manufacturing techniques - reduce the cost and hazard associated with the use of certain advanced materials.
 - High emissivity coatings capable of operating over a wide temperature range



Space/Aeronautics Manufacturing Creates



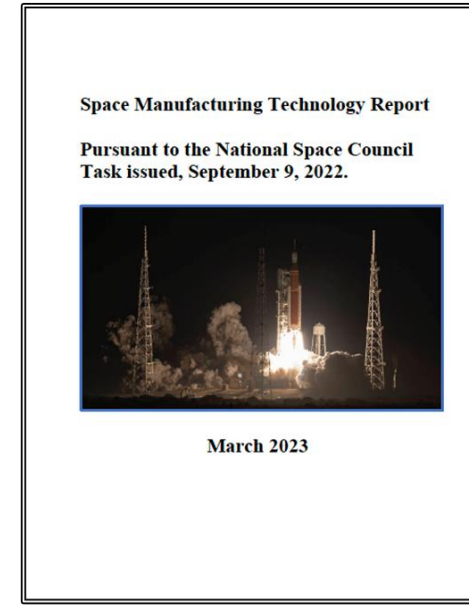
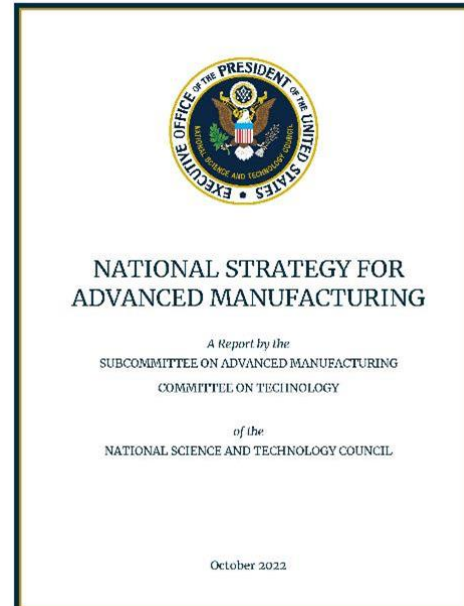
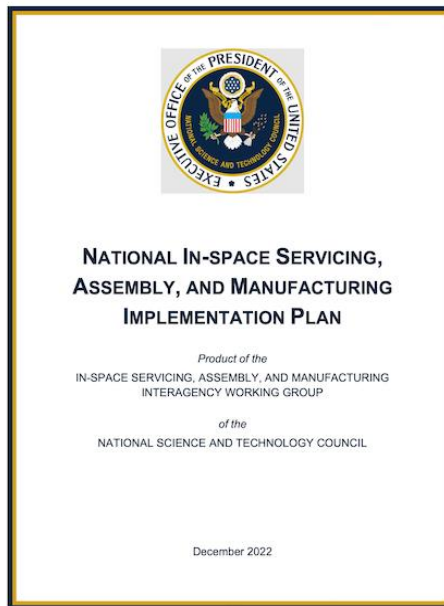
**Economic
Competitiveness**



**National
Security**



STEM



BACK-UP

National Space Council Space Manufacturing Technology Report: Prioritize Investments in New and Emerging Space Manufacturing Technologies

New and Emerging Space Manufacturing Technology List:

1. Additive Manufacturing
2. Advanced Materials
3. Robotics and Automation
4. Digital Manufacturing Systems
5. Clean and Sustainable Manufacturing
6. Electronics Manufacturing
7. Hypersonics

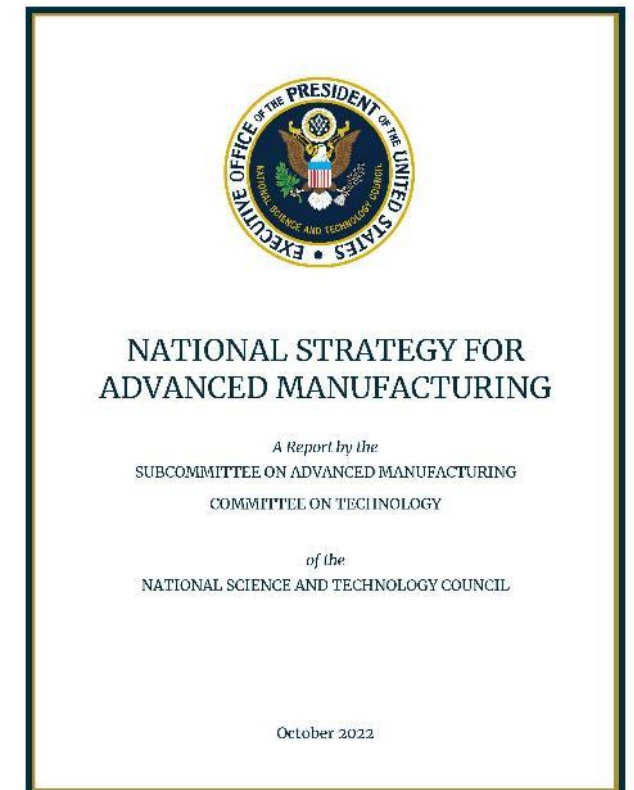
Strategic Plan Structure

Vision:

United States leadership in Advanced Manufacturing - grow the economy, create jobs, enhance environmental sustainability, address climate change, strengthen supply chains, ensure national security, and improve healthcare.

National Goals:

1. Develop and implement advanced manufacturing technologies – **5 Objectives with 18 priorities**
2. Grow the advanced manufacturing workforce – **3 Objectives with 8 priorities**
3. Build resilience into manufacturing supply chains and ecosystems – **3 Objectives with 11 priorities**



Space Manufacturing Technology Report Structure

Vision:

The National Space Council - Ensuring the United States capitalizes on the rich opportunities presented by our nation's space activities

National Goals:

- **New and Emerging Space Manufacturing Technologies – 7 Priority Areas**
- **Grow the advanced manufacturing workforce – 5 Objectives, 14 Recommendations, 12 Opportunities**

Space Manufacturing Technology Report

Pursuant to the National Space Council
Task issued, September 9, 2022.



March 2023