

Machine Learning Application in Aircraft Engine Conceptual Design (Invited Presentation)

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Outline

- Objectives/Motivation
- Machine learning (ML) models development
- ML models deployment methodologies
 - via a Windows app
 - via an AI chatbot
- Summary & future work
- A demo (time permitting)



Objectives/ Motivation

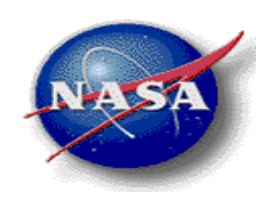
- To develop a ML-based engine **conceptual** design tool that would:
 - enable data-informed decision making
 - enable expeditious assessment (with reasonably good accuracy)
- To develop a digital platform that would:
 - seamlessly deploy the ML-based conceptual design tool
 - enhance knowledge sharing among peers (improve org. efficiency)
 - be simple, intuitive, easy to use (user-centric)



Engine Conceptual Design's Role at NASA

Support Advanced Air Vehicle Program (AAVP) system studies to:

- quantify the benefit of new propulsion technologies for advanced aircraft systems
- identify high payoff technologies worthy of pursuit to decision makers
- provide high-level decision-making information to project managers enabling them to:
 - establish project goals
 - conduct technology down-select process
 - track technology progress



ML Models Development



ML models are big data driven

<u>GE</u>	<u>CFM</u>	<u>P&W</u>	<u>Rolls Royce</u>	<u>IAE</u>
CF6-6D	56-2C1	JT8D-7	RB211-22B	V2500-A1
CF6-80C2A1	56-3B1	JT9D-3A	RB211-524B	V2522-A5
CF6-80C2B1	56-3C1	JT9D-7	RB211-535C	V2524-A5
CF34-10A	56-5A1	2037	Trent 768	V2525-D5
CF34-3A	56-5B1	4052	Trent 553-61	V2527-A5
•	•	•	•	V2528-D5
•	•	•	•	V2530-A5
•	•	•	•	V2533-A5
90-94B	LEAP-1A35	6122A	Trent 970-84	
90-115B	LEAP-1B25	4168-1D	Trent XWB-84	
Genx-1B54	LEAP-1B27	1519G	Trent XWB-97	
Genx-1B70	LEAP-1B28	1527G	Trent 7000-72	

certified
1966

certified
2018

Open-source data (ICAO, Jane's, Company websites...)

Real engine data - minimize ML model uncertainties!



NASA looks to the future

<u>Subsonic Fixed Wing Project (SFW)</u>	<u>Environmentally Responsible Aviation Project (ERA)</u>	<u>Advanced Air Transport Technology Project (AATT)</u>
SA-FPR1.3-GR-HW-2E	Large-DD-2014	N+3
SA-FPR1.4-GR-HW-2E	Large-DD-2015	N3CC-2016
SA-FPR1.5-DD-2D	Large-DD-2015-HWB	N3CC-2017
SA-FPR1.6-DD-2D	Large-Geared-2015	N3CC-2018
SA-FPR1.7-DD-2D	Large-Geared-2015-HWB	Small-Core-Geared
•	•	
•	•	
•	•	
SA-FPR1.3-GR-HW-2D	Medium-Geared-2014	
SA-FPR1.4-GR-HW-2D	Medium-Geared-2015	
SA-FPR1.5-GR-HW-2D	Small-DD-2015	
SA-FPR1.6-GR-HW-2D	Small-Geared-2015	



Expand database by data augmentation

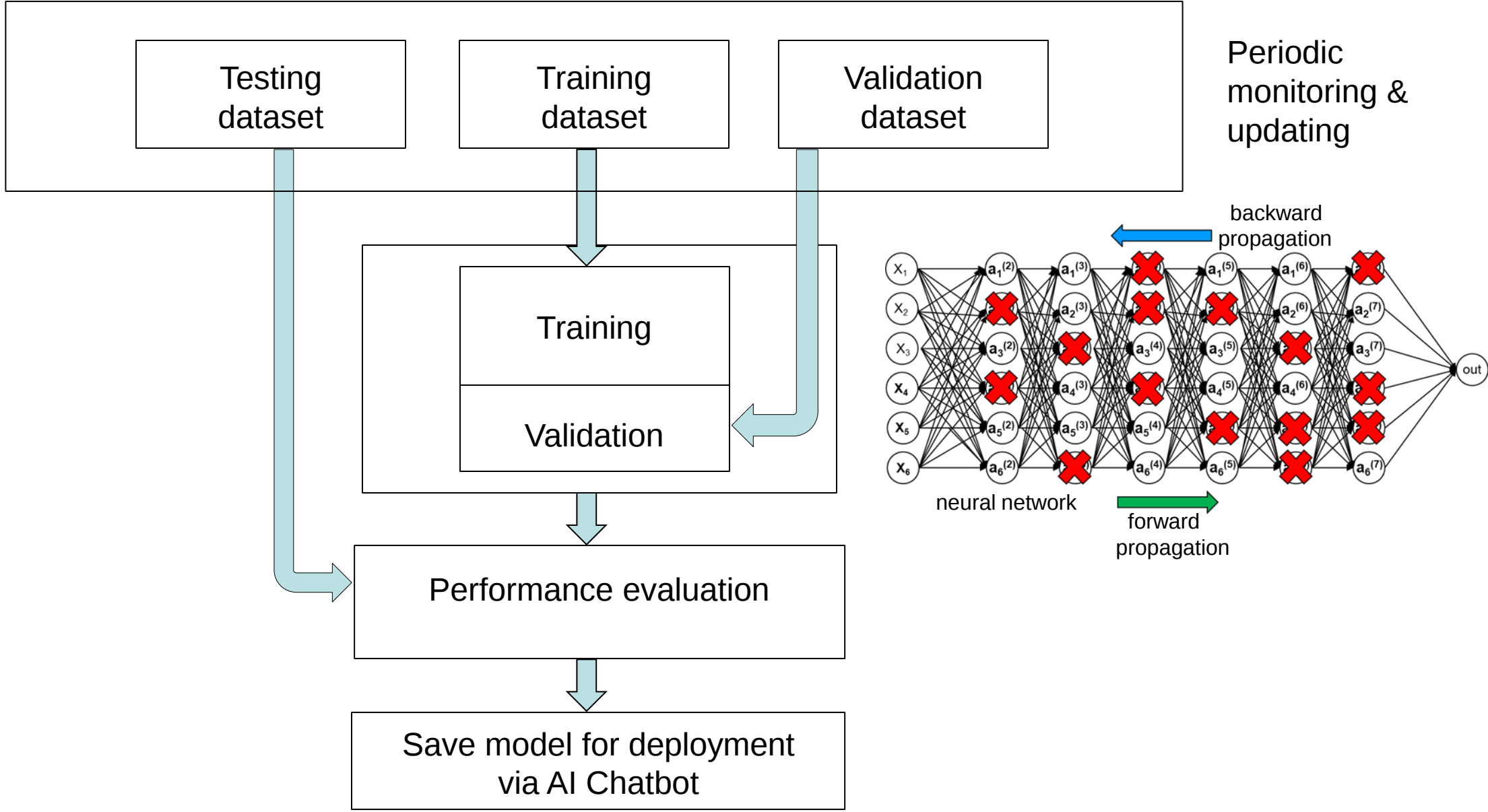
Engine	No. of engines
Commercial	290
NASA	122

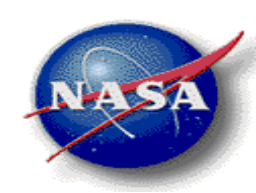
Data augmentation - example

BPR	OPR	SLS Thrust (lbs)	Mach	Alt. (ft)	TSFC (lb/hr/lb)	Weight (lbs)
8.44	38.37	79377	0.85	35000	.5526	18949
8.44	38.37	87315	0.85	35000	.5526	20844



ML models development process



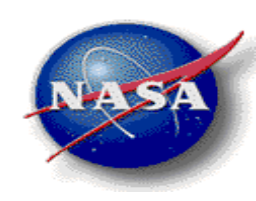


ML models development - references

Tong, M. T., "Using Machine Learning to Predict Core Sizes of High-Efficiency Turbofan Engines," GTP-19-1338, ASME Journal of Engineering for Gas Turbines and Power, Volume 141, Issue 11, November 2019.

Tong, M. T., "Machine Learning-Based Predictive Analytics for Aircraft Engine Conceptual Design," NASA TM-20205007448, October 2020.

Tong, M. T., "Aero-Engines AI - A Machine-Learning App for Aircraft Engine Concepts Assessment," NASA TM-20230012237, September 2023.



ML Models Deployment



Deployment via a point-and-click app

Aero-Engines AI
A machine-learning app for aero-engine concepts assessment

Turbofan ▾ Direct-Drive ▾ 2-Spool ▾ Engine Timeframe ▾ Single Engine Design ▾

Drop-down menu

Engine design parameters input:

Sea level static engine bypass ratio (BPR, ≥ 1):

Sea level static overall pressure ratio (OPR, ≥ 16):

Sea level static thrust (lbf):

Cruise Mach No. ($0.7 \leq M \leq 0.9$):

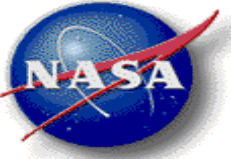
Cruise altitude (feet, $30000 \leq \text{alt} \leq 45000$):

Fan diameter known? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Data entry fields

App execution button

Reference: Tong, M. T., "Aero-Engines AI - A Machine-Learning App for Aircraft Engine Concepts Assessment," NASA TM-20230012237, September 2023.



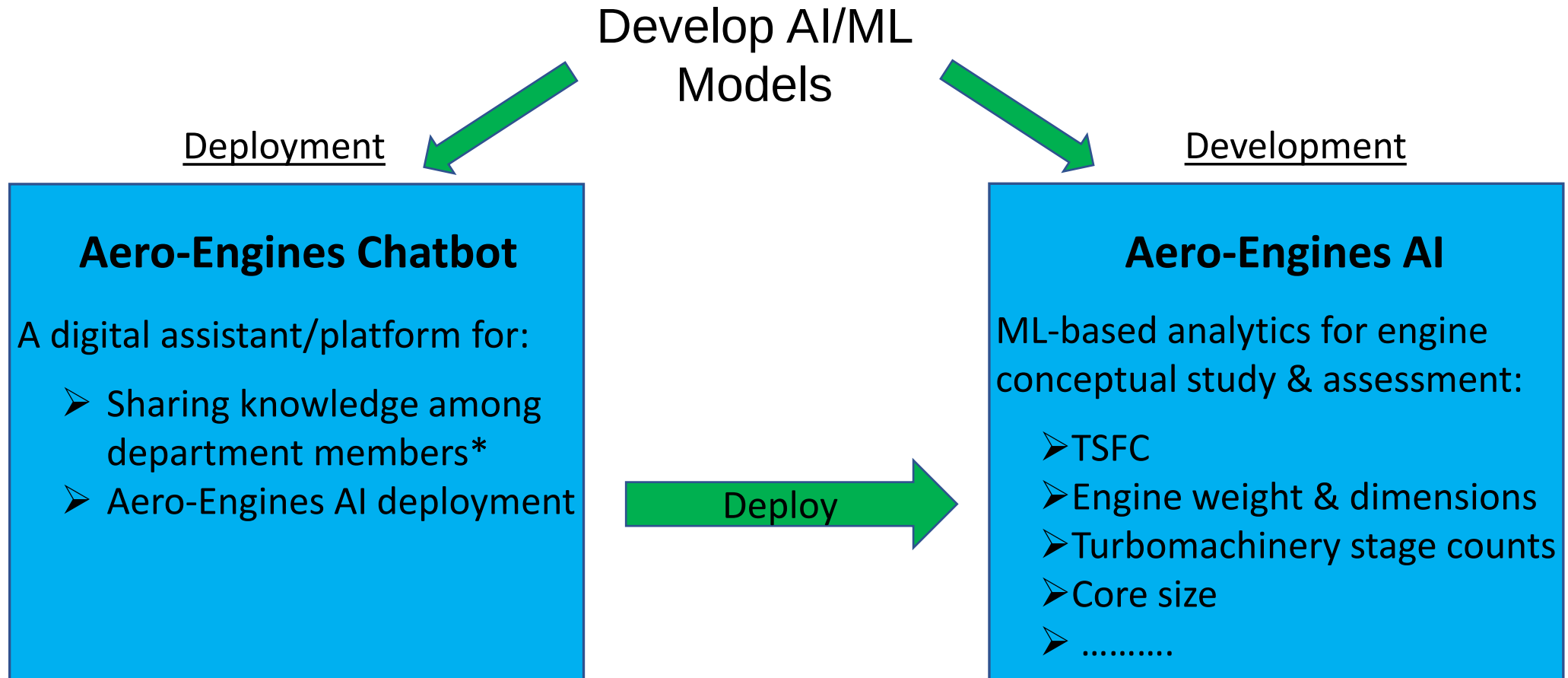
Point-and-Click App Design for ML Models Deployment

- Created using *Tkinter*, a Python GUI.
- Converted to a MS Windows executable using ***pyinstaller*** (Python library)
 - easy access for users (Python installation not needed)
- Focused on user experience
 - simple, intuitive, easy to use (hard work done behind the scene)
 - effective & efficient usability (instruction manual not needed)

User-centric deployment is as important as ML model development!



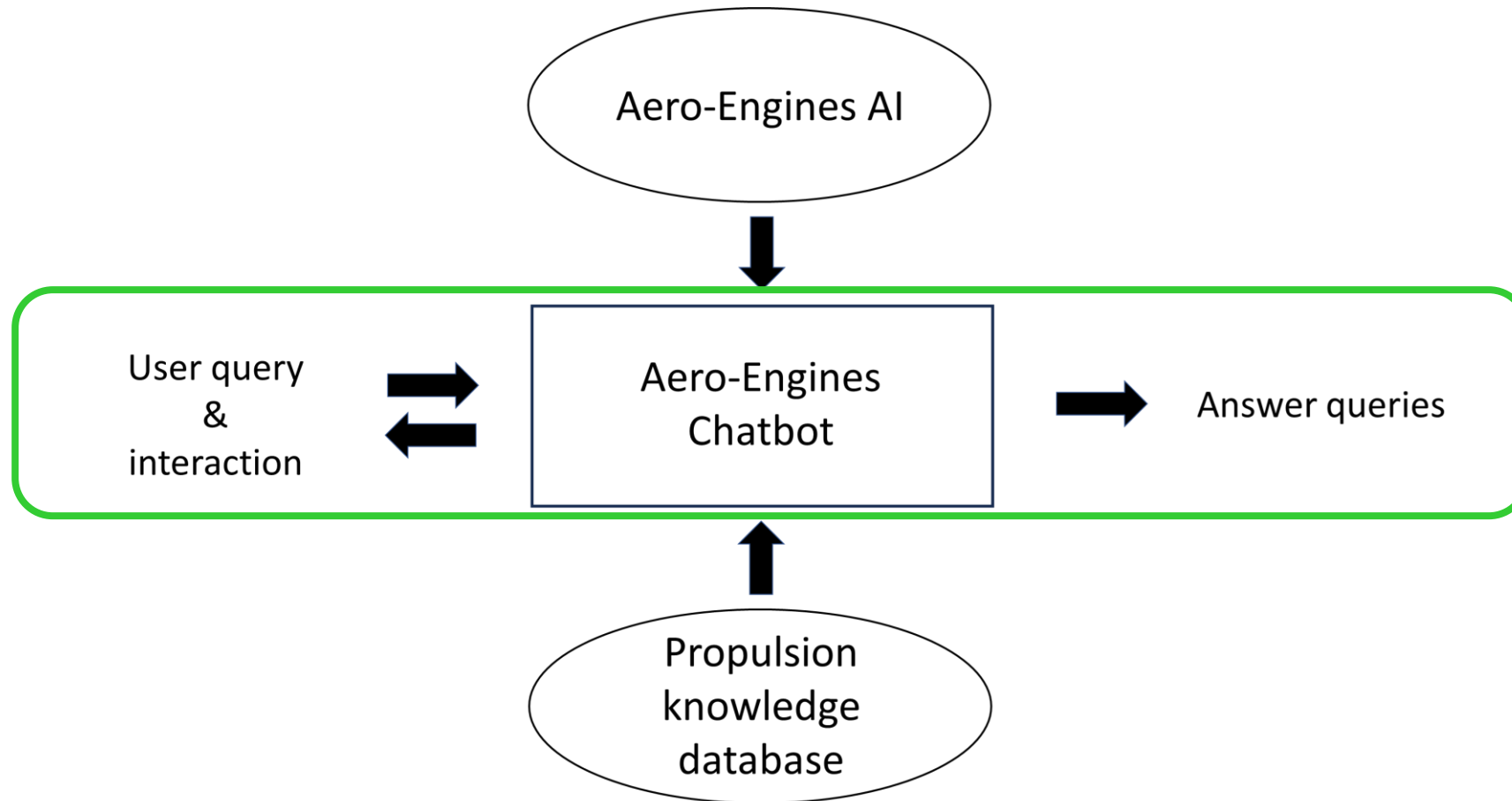
Deployment via an AI chatbot



**to preserve dept. knowledge amid personnel retirements and job transitions*



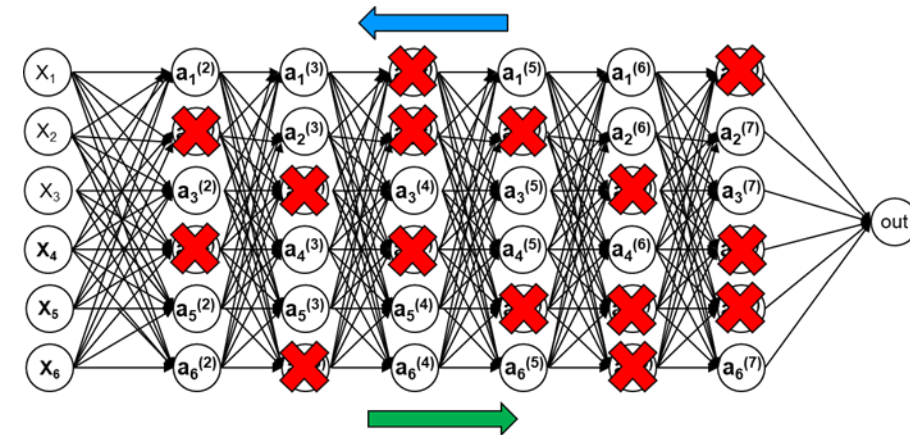
Structure of Aero-Engines Chatbot





Aero-Engines Chatbot development process

- Choose a natural language processing (NLP) framework
 - python Natural Language Toolkit (NLTK)
- Data (knowledge) collection and preprocessing
 - tokenization (splitting text into words or phrases)
 - lemmatization (reducing words to their root form)
- Feature extraction
 - convert text data into numerical vector (facilitate training)
- ML model building
 - construct deep-learning neural networks
- ML model training with knowledge data
 - training algorithms - use python & Google AI libraries
- Evaluating and testing





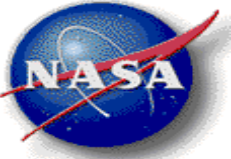
Summary

- *Aero-Engines AI* created for turbofan conceptual design study
- An app built for *Aero-Engines AI* deployment
- *Aero-Engines Chatbot* built for:
 - *Aero-Engines AI* deployment
 - propulsion knowledge sharing & management

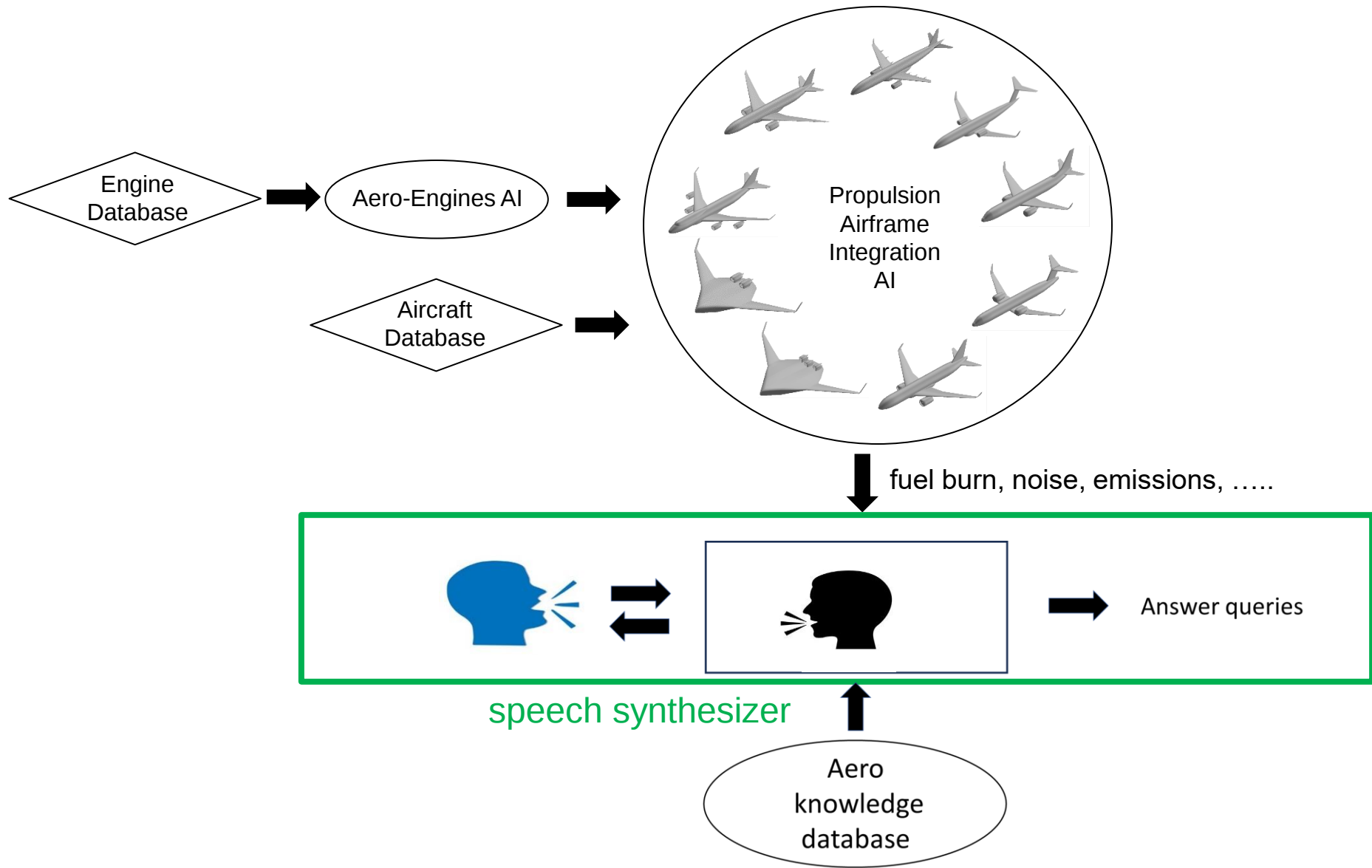


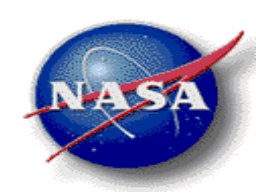
What's next?

- *Aero-Engines AI*
 - monitor & update database to improve accuracy
 - collect data & develop ML models for other engine architectures (hybrid-electric, turboshaft, ...)
- *Aero-Engines Chatbot* – expand knowledge database



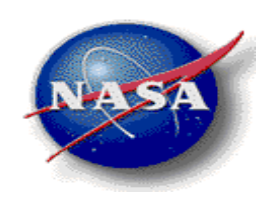
An Aero AI Conceptual Design Tool – A Vision





Acknowledgement

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A demo