



National Aeronautics and
Space Administration

NASA BPS Space Crops Program and Goal Update

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October 8, 2024

BPS

Biological & Physical Sciences



Agenda

Science Highlights

- Awards and Recognition
- Completed ISS Experiments
- Major grants



Engagement and Outreach

Publications

Space Crops Roadmap Update



A hand in a blue glove holds a test tube containing a green liquid. To the left, a small green plant with white flowers is visible. The background is a dark blue space with stars and a nebula. The letters 'BPS' are partially visible in the bottom left corner.

Space Crops-Science Highlights

Awards and Recognition

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Recognition: Outstanding research accomplishments, mentorship, service



Dr. Anjali Iyer-Pascuzzi

Recognized by the American Society of Plant Biologists (ASPB) as one of 25 inspiring Women in Plant Biology.



Dr. Aubrie O'Rourke

2024 Early Career Achievement Medal. Significant performance within 10 years of service to NASA mission.



Drs. Sarah Wyatt and Raymond Wheeler

Elected as 2023 ASGSR Fellows for distinguished scientific and social contributions to the advancement of gravitational and space research through research, education, mentoring, outreach, and professional and public service.

BPS PI Conducts Own Suborbital Experiment on Blue Origin New Shepard-26

- Dr. Rob Ferl (University of Florida) is the first NASA-funded researcher to conduct his own experiment in space.
- The experiment launched from and returned to Blue Origin's West Texas Suborbital Launch Site on 08/29/24.
- One of the first experiments to examine genes that change expression as biology (plants) transition to and from microgravity.
- Pre and post launch activities were covered by more than 20 media outlets, including ABC, NBC, and CBS.



Dr. Rob Ferl exiting the NS-26 spacecraft after it returned to Earth.



Dr. Rob Ferl preparing to activate KFTs on NS-26.



Space Crops-Science Highlights

ISS Experiments Completed

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Three ISS Plant and Microbial Experiments Completed

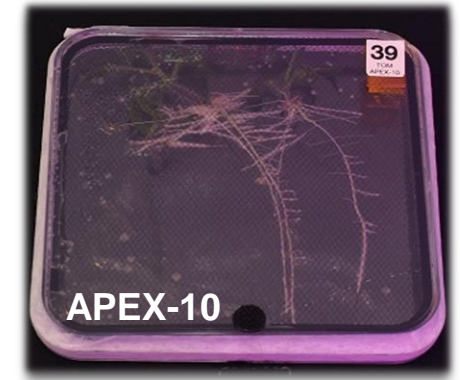
- **Plant Habitat-06 (PH-06) tomato plant immune response**

- Launched on SpX-29 (11/09/23); returned on Ax-3 (02/07/24)
- PI: Dr. Anjali Iyer-Pascuzzi, Purdue University



- **Advanced Plant Experiment-10 (APEX-10) tomato-microbe experiment**

- Launched on NG-20 (01/30/24); returned on Crew-7 (03/11/24)
- PI: Dr. Simon Gilroy, Univ. of Wisconsin-Madison



- **Biological Research in Canisters-25 (BRIC-25) *Staphylococcus aureus* bacterial experiment**

- Launched on NG-20 (01/30/24); returned on SpX-30 (04/28/24)
- PI: Dr. Kelly Rice, Univ. of Florida





Space Crops-Science Highlights

Major Grants Awarded

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Lunar Effects on Agricultural Flora (LEAF)

PI: Christine Escobar [Space Lab Technologies, LLC]

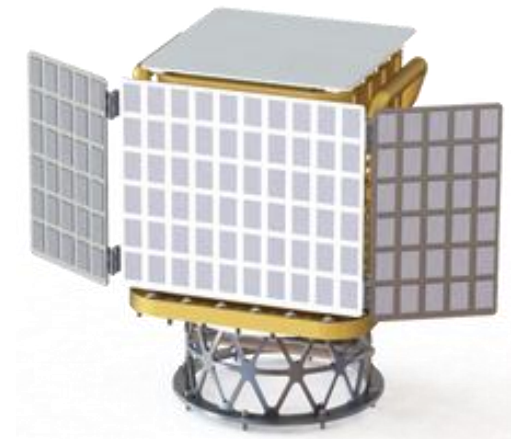
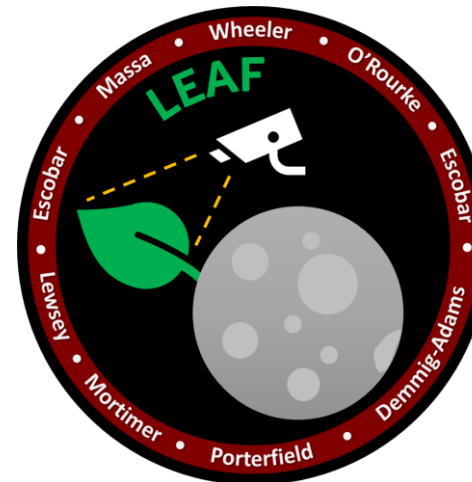
Managed by PMPO, MSFC

Co-sponsored by NASA SMD Exploration Science Strategy Integration Office (ESSIO) and BPS

- Space Lab Technologies LLC-led research study with Deputy Principal Investigator and Co-Investigators from Kennedy Space Center, Purdue Univ., Univ. of Colorado-Boulder, and USDA [collaborator]
- Selected through the Artemis 3 Deployed Instruments solicitation as a candidate for lunar surface deployment
- Will enable the first detailed investigation on the effects of the lunar surface environment on plant physiological processes
- Aims to understand how plants grow in partial gravity and in lunar surface radiation environment; provide data for future crop growth methods and technologies sustaining lunar habitation and beyond



LEAF Specimens: *Arabidopsis thaliana*, *Wolffia australiana* (duckweed), and *Brassica rapa*



LEAF payload concept
(Credit Space Lab Technologies)



Space Crops

Engagement and Outreach

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International Space Life Sciences Working Group (ISLSWG)

- ‘Plants in Space’ workshop held at 28th European Low Gravity Research Association (ELGRA) biennial meeting in Liverpool, UK (Sept. 3-6, 2024)
- Organized by NASA and the German and Italian Space agencies (DLR, ASI)
- 200 delegates attended the ELGRA meeting; 50 international space agency delegates presented at the ISLSWG workshop
- Viewpoint article capturing the main points raised at the workshop will be submitted to the *New Phytologist* journal (March. 2025)



Dr. Lynn Harrison, NASA Space Biology Program Scientist, participating in a cross-agency panel on the future of microgravity research





Space Crops

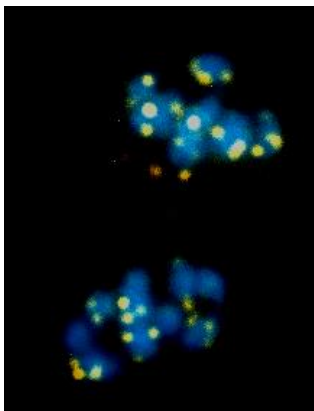
Representative publications
from a total of 37

BPS

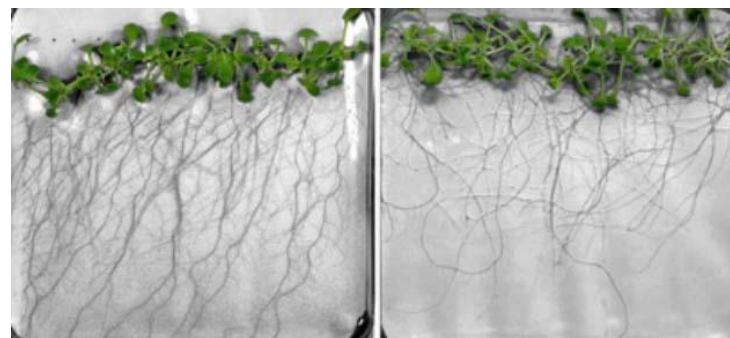
Spaceflight reveals insights into telomere function that may help plants survive harsh environments

Citation: Barcenilla BB, Meyers AD, Castillo-González C, Young P, Min JH, Song J, Phadke C, Land E, Canaday E, Perera IY, Bailey SM, Aquilano R, Wyatt SE, Shippen DE (2023) *Nature Communications*. 14(1):7854. doi: 10.1038/s41467-023-41510-4.

- Repetitive DNA sequences called telomeres are protective structures at the end of chromosomes that serve as biomarkers of the health of an organism.
- An enzyme called telomerase maintains the length of telomeres.
- Telomere length in roots of *Arabidopsis thaliana* plants grown on the ISS remained unchanged despite exhibiting enhanced telomerase activity.
- Results indicate a novel protective function of telomerase in plants that is independent of telomere length.

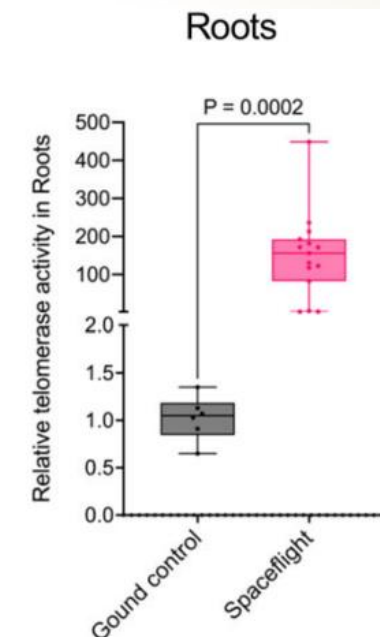


Telomeres (yellow)
in *Arabidopsis*
chromosomes
(blue)



Ground control

Spaceflight




Insights into how superelevated CO₂ affects plant growth has implications for crop cultivation in space

Citation: Wheeler, R.M., Spencer, L.E., Bhuiyan, R.H., Mickens, M.A., Bunchek, J.M., van Santen, E., Massa, G.D., & Romeyn, M.W. (2024). Effects of Elevated and Superelevated Carbon Dioxide on Salad Crops for Space. *J. Plant Interactions* 19 (1) <https://doi.org/10.1080/17429145.2023.2292219>

Citation: Kennebeck, E. J., & Meng, Q. (2024). Mustard 'Amara' Benefits from Superelevated CO₂ While Adapting to Far-red Light Over Time. *HortScience*, 59(2), 139-145. <https://doi.org/10.21273/HORTSCI17522-23>

- Space habitats accumulate CO₂ because of human exhalation, which could affect the crops that will be used to supplement astronaut diets in space.
- Results show that crop species, cultivar, and light quality influence crop growth and nutritional qualities under ISS-like CO₂ levels.
- Results can help optimize environmental parameters and down selection of crops for future space habitats.



A composite image featuring a blue-gloved hand holding a test tube, a small white flower, and a green plant against a starry space background.

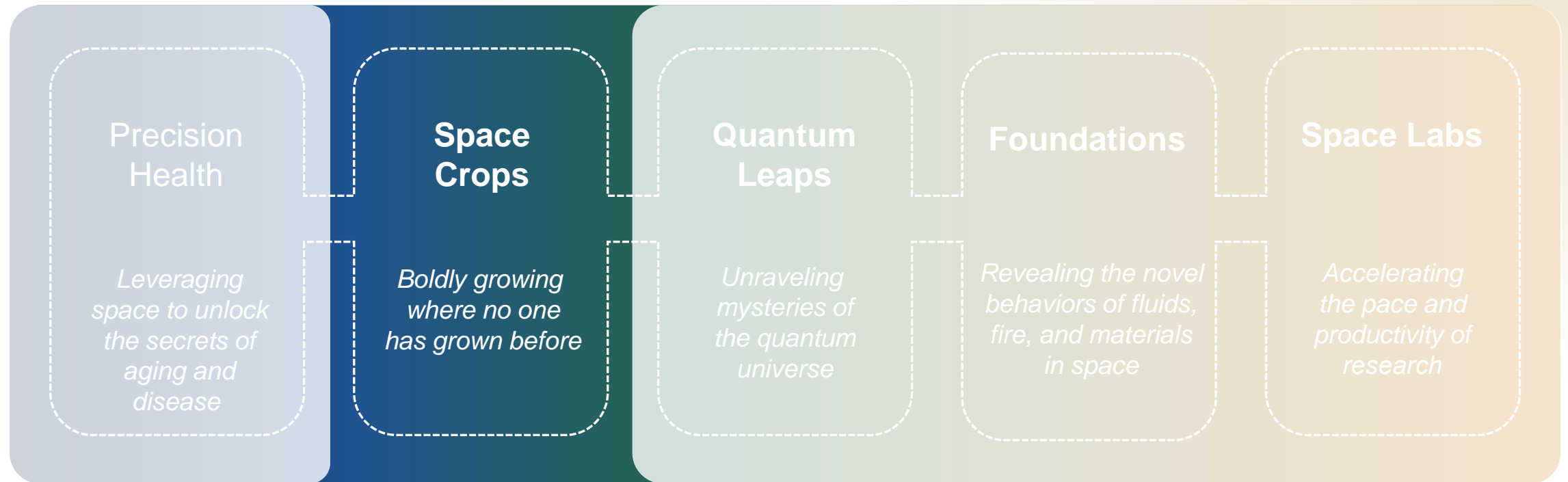
Space Crops

Roadmap Update

BPS

Thriving in Space

Revolutionary research in extraordinary places.



Goal Overview: Space Crops

Reviewed plant science portfolio to identify gaps and opportunities



- Aligned with BPS decadal KSQs and Moon to Mars (M2M)
- Discussed a high level objective and defined disciplines
- Formulated guiding questions

Sept 16-20, 2024

Revisit space crop gaps and map to KSQs

Sept 23, 2024- present

Prioritize objectives/ deliverables

Complete roadmap and accompanying narrative (i.e., Space Crops Science Plan)



Decadal and Moon to Mars (M2M) Alignment : Space Crops

Most Relevant Decadal Themes and Research Campaign

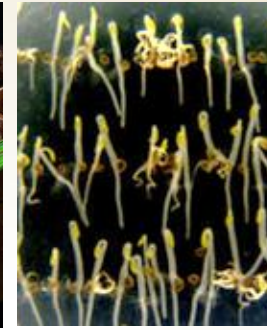
- Advances the Adapting to Space and Living and Traveling in Space Themes.
 - Transition to/from space
 - Genetic diversity & life history
 - Interactions between organisms
 - Multigenerational effects
 - Integration of biological & abiotic systems
 - Behavior of fluids in space
- Advances the Bioregenerative Life Support Systems (BLiSS) research campaign.

Most Relevant M2M Objectives

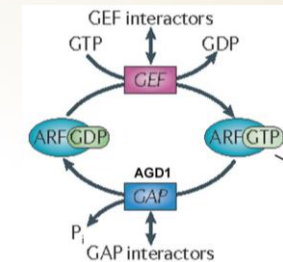
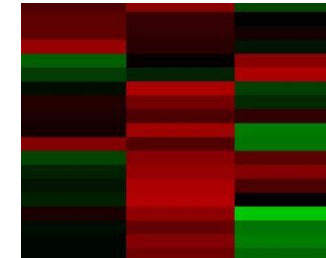
- HBS-1LM - Understand the effects of short- and long-duration exposure to the environments of the Moon, Mars, and deep space on biological systems and health, using humans, model organisms, systems of human physiology, and plants.
- AS-5LM: Define crop plant species, including methods for their productive growth, capable of providing sustainable and nutritious food sources for lunar, Deep Space transit, and Mars habitation.

Examples of guiding questions for roadmapping

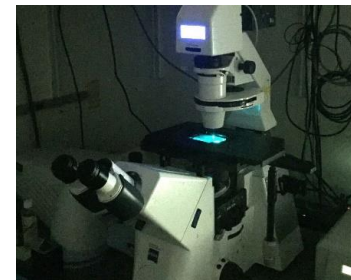
- What role will model plants play?



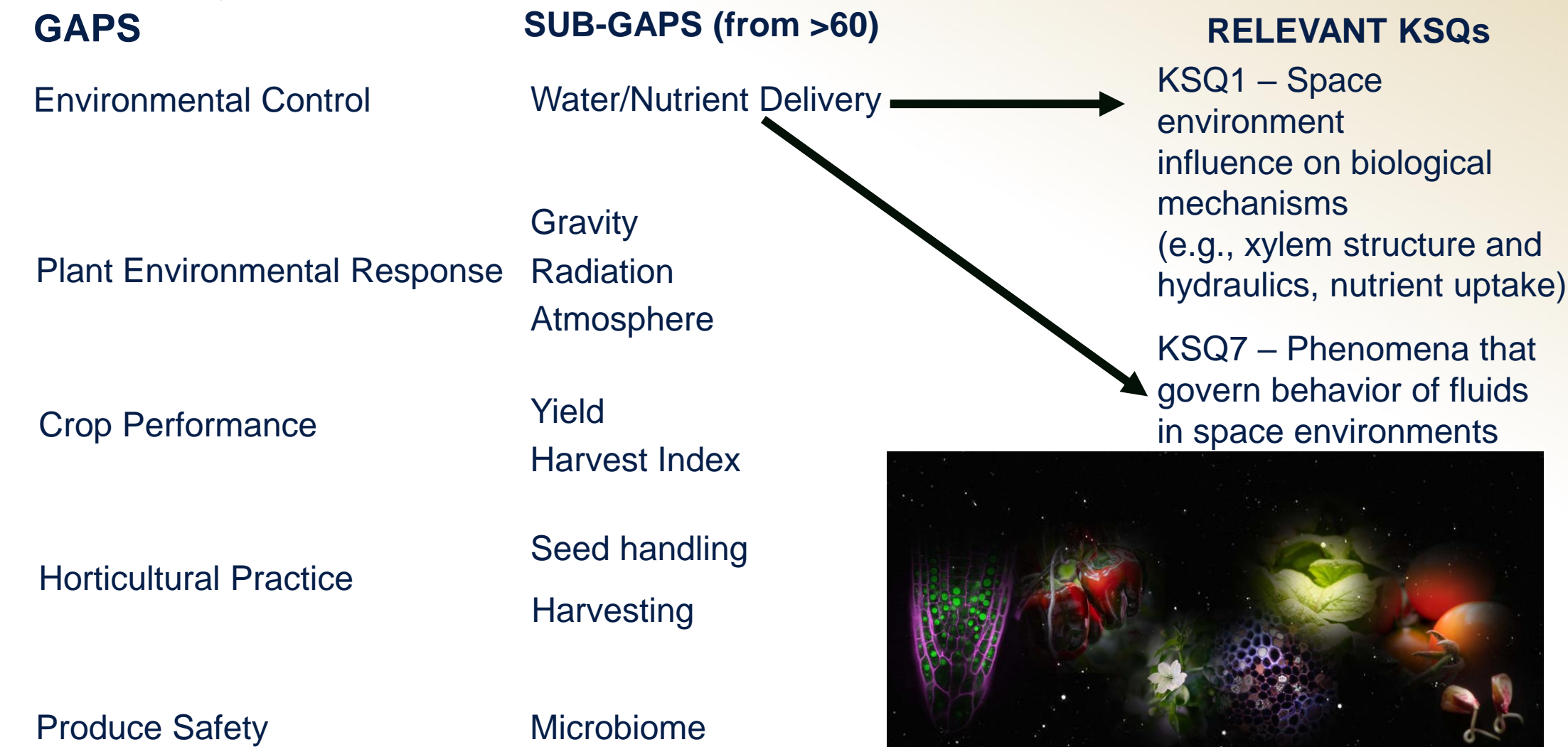
- How do we make a leap from primarily descriptive science to more mechanistic understanding of plant biological processes in space?



- What are top technological needs and science questions that need to be answered to successfully grow crops in space?



Revisit Space Crops Knowledge and Technology Gaps List and Map to Key Science Questions



Progress with Space Crops Roadmapping

Objective

Lunar Crops for Whole Food Nutrition and Mental Well-Being

- Define subobjectives/disciplines – Plant/Crop Physiology, Ecology, Microbiology, Molecular biology
- Prioritize space stressors – partial gravity, magnetic fields, radiation, growth substrates
- Define measurable outcomes – metrics that indicate progress toward an objective. How do we know if we are achieving the objective?

Space Crops Vision

