

National Aeronautics and
Space Administration



EXPLORE EARTH

Expanding DSCOVR Data Visibility through
the Atmospheric Science Data Center

Hazem Mahmoud, Ph.D.

ASDC Scientist

10/17/2024

The Science Directorate at NASA's Langley Research Center

A large graphic on the left side of the slide depicts a space scene. It features a bright sun in the lower-left, a blue and white Earth in the lower-right, a grey moon in the center, a ringed planet (Saturn) in the upper-left, and a reddish planet (Mars) in the upper-middle. The background is a dark blue space filled with stars and nebulae. A white curved line separates the graphic from the text area.

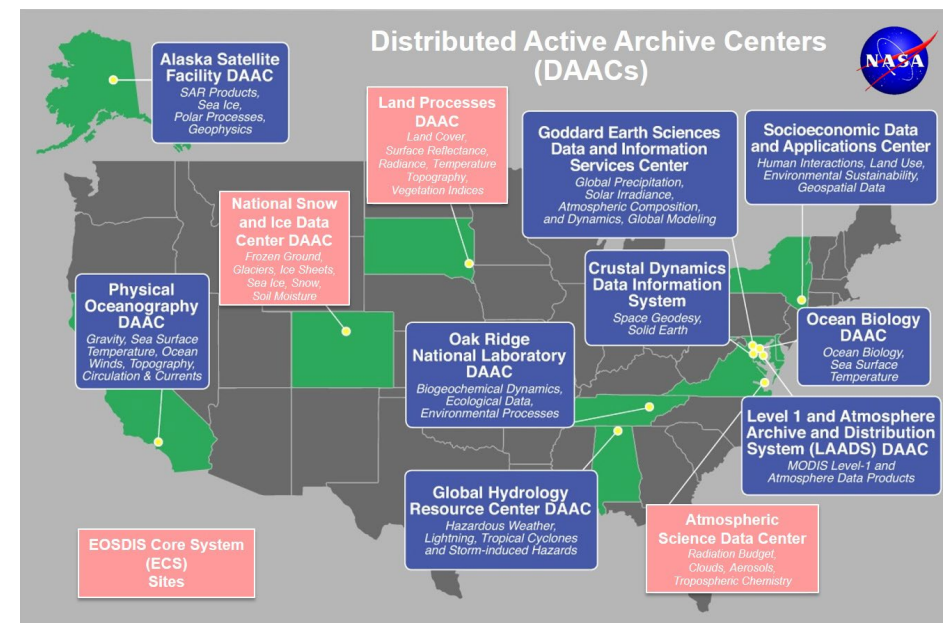
EXPLORE EARTH

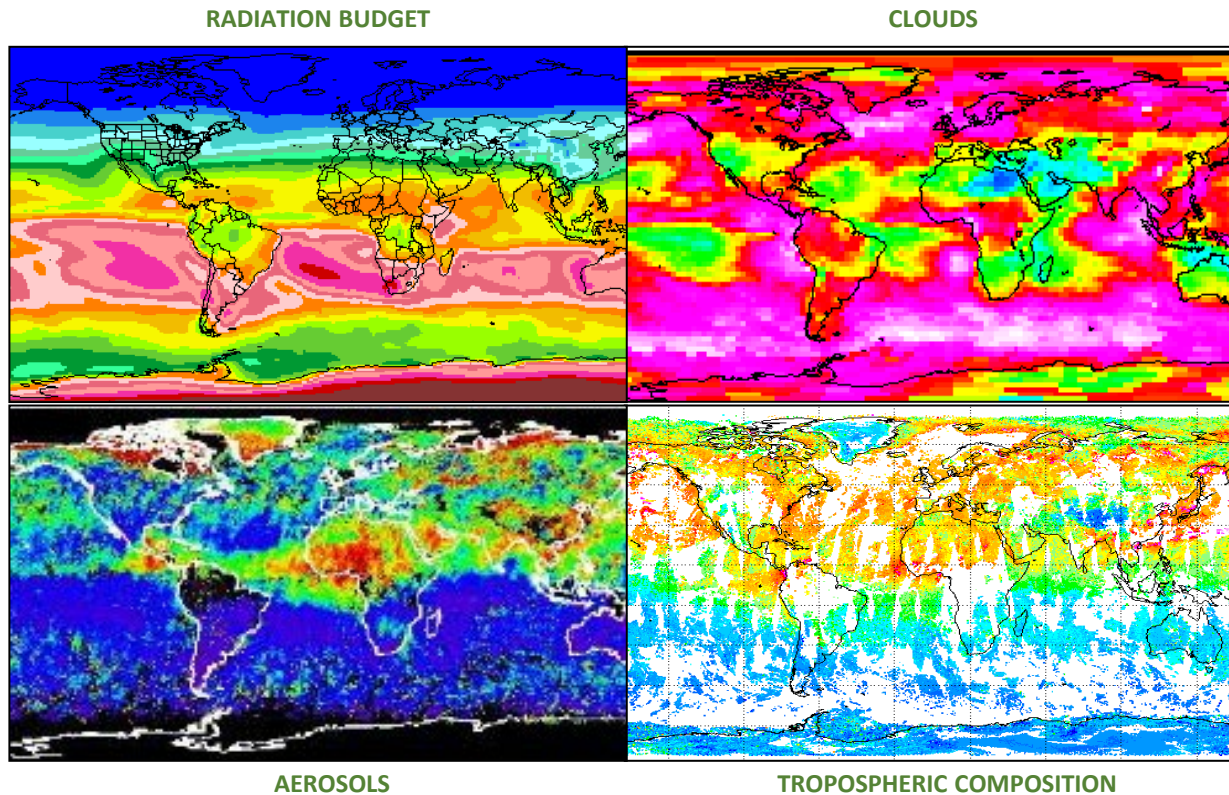
- ASDC Overview
- ASDC Data Distribution Tools and Services
- DSCOVER Data Products and Distribution Metrics
- DSCOVER data on the Cloud
- Questions

Earth System Data and Information System *ESDIS*

EOSDIS data centers **process, archive, and distribute thousands of data products** to the global user community. The primary services provided by EOSDIS are data archive & management, distribution, information management, product generation, and user support. It is comprised of multiple components including:

- **Distributed Active Archive Centers (DAACs)**
- Science Data Processing Segment (SDPS)
- Science Investigator-led Processing Systems (SIPS)
- Common Metadata Repository (CMR)
- Earthdata
- Global Imagery Browse Services (GIBS)
- more





ASDC at a glance

- ✓ 100+ Science projects
 - TEMPO ◦ MISR ◦ MOPITT ◦ MAIA ◦ CERES
 - CALIPSO → RSIG (EPA)
 - Airborne field campaigns
(**KORUS AQ, DISCOVER AQ, FIREX AQ**)
- ✓ 3000+ unique science products
- ✓ Data usage
 - 4,600+ Terabytes ◦ 160,000+ users
 - 158 countries
- ✓ Data archive
 - 5.8 Petabytes ◦ 141 million files (4,400 TB)
on high-speed disks
- ✓ Data in cloud (ongoing)
 - Data and services in the cloud
 - Scalable infrastructure

Primary Functions of ASDC

Ingest receive data from data provider

Archive preservation & provenance

Distribute tools and services

Process create higher level products

Outreach & Support research community

ASDC Data Distribution: Tools and Services

✓ NASA Earthdata Search

- metadata ◦ browse ◦ download
- customize ◦ HTTPS and AWS S3 direct data access



✓ NASA Earthdata WorldView

- visualize ◦ GIBS API



✓ NASA Earthdata Harmony

- transform ◦ subset ◦ reformat



✓ NASA Earthdata GIS

- ArcGIS Image & Feature Service
- OGC WMS, WFS & WCS



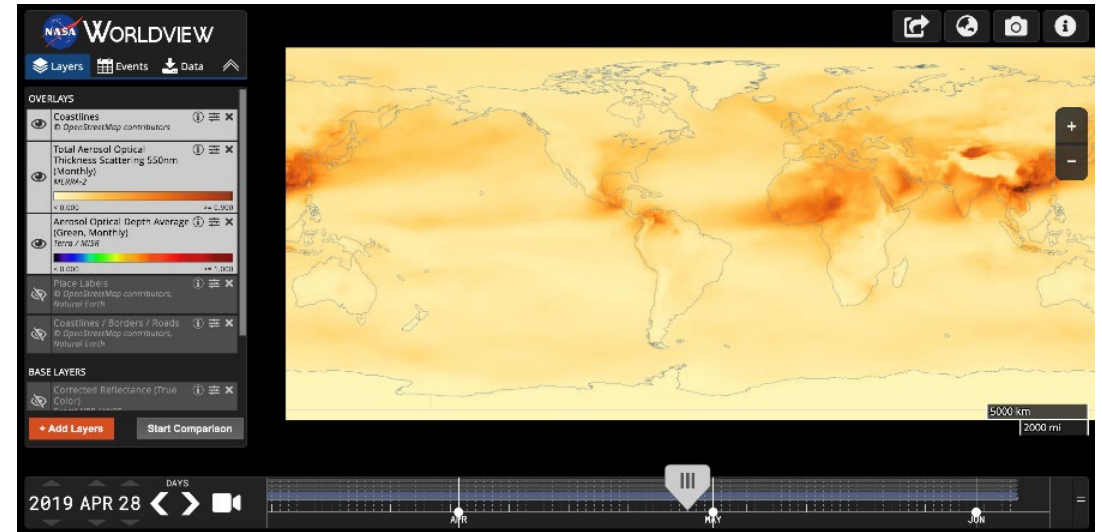
✓ OPeNDAP

- transform ◦ subset ◦ reformat



✓ ASDC Subsetters

- subset ◦ aggregate



User Support and Other Resources

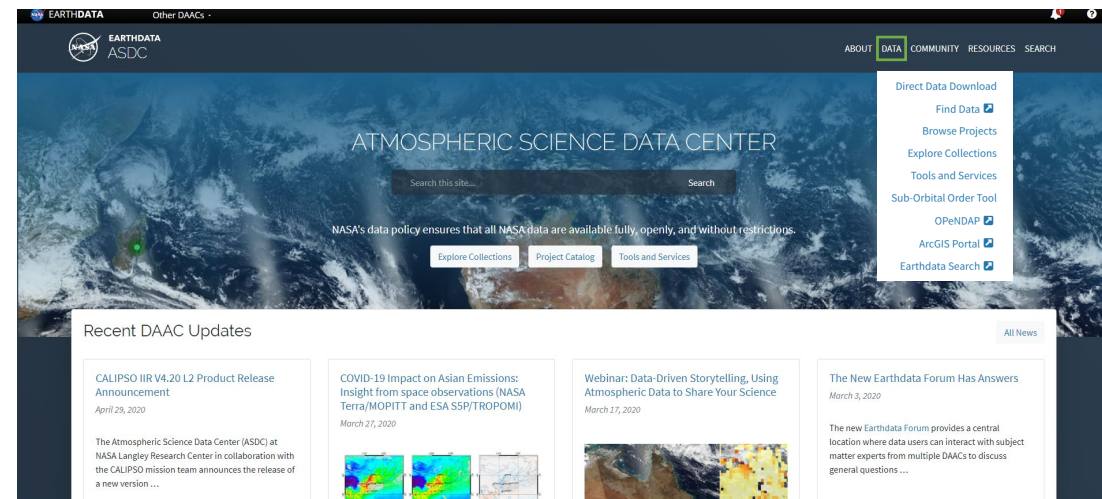
Example scripts

- Python/Jupyter Notebook ◦ R scripts
- contributed tutorials/scripts



Earthdata Forum <https://forum.earthdata.nasa.gov/>

ASDC User Support support-asdc@earthdata.nasa.gov



<https://asdc.larc.nasa.gov/>

Earthdata Forum

Science Data Users can seamlessly search for information even if they do not know which DAAC the data belongs to.

Scientists & Data Providers can effectively assist their user community in more accurately using their products.

DAACs & Subject Matter Experts (SMEs) can quickly link users to existing resources.

DAAC User Services can swiftly provide inquirers with an authoritative source related to DAAC data products & services.

The screenshot shows the Earthdata Forum website. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the NASA logo, 'EARTHDATA', 'Find a DAAC', a notification bell, 'Feedback', and a help icon. Below this is a header section with the NASA logo, 'EARTHDATA Forum BETA', and a welcome message: 'Welcome to the Earthdata User Forum! Here, subject matter experts from several NASA Distributed Active Archive Centers (DAAC) can discuss general questions, research needs and data applications. Users can query how to access, view and interpret the data.' A blue navigation bar contains 'Quick links', 'FAQ', 'Data Recipes', and 'Login'. Below this is a 'Home' button. The main content area shows the current date and time: 'It is currently Fri Feb 21, 2020 1:51 pm America/New_York'. There is a 'Post a New Question' button. A search section includes a search bar with the placeholder 'Search for keywords, tags...' and an 'Advanced Search' link. Below the search bar is an 'OR' separator. The 'SEARCH BY TAGS' section features four dropdown menus: 'Discipline' (with a dropdown arrow), 'DAAC' (with a dropdown arrow), 'Major Projects' (with a dropdown arrow), and 'Services/Usage' (with a dropdown arrow). A green 'Submit' button is located below the dropdowns. A link 'What do these tags mean?' is at the bottom right of the tags section. Another 'OR' separator follows. The 'FORUM' section is a table with columns for 'QUESTIONS', 'POSTS', and 'LAST POST'. The first row shows 'All Questions/Comments' with 215 questions and 452 posts. The last post is titled 'Where can I find more FAQs fr...' by 'GES DISC - zliu' on 'Fri Feb 21, 2020 10:18 am America/New_York'.

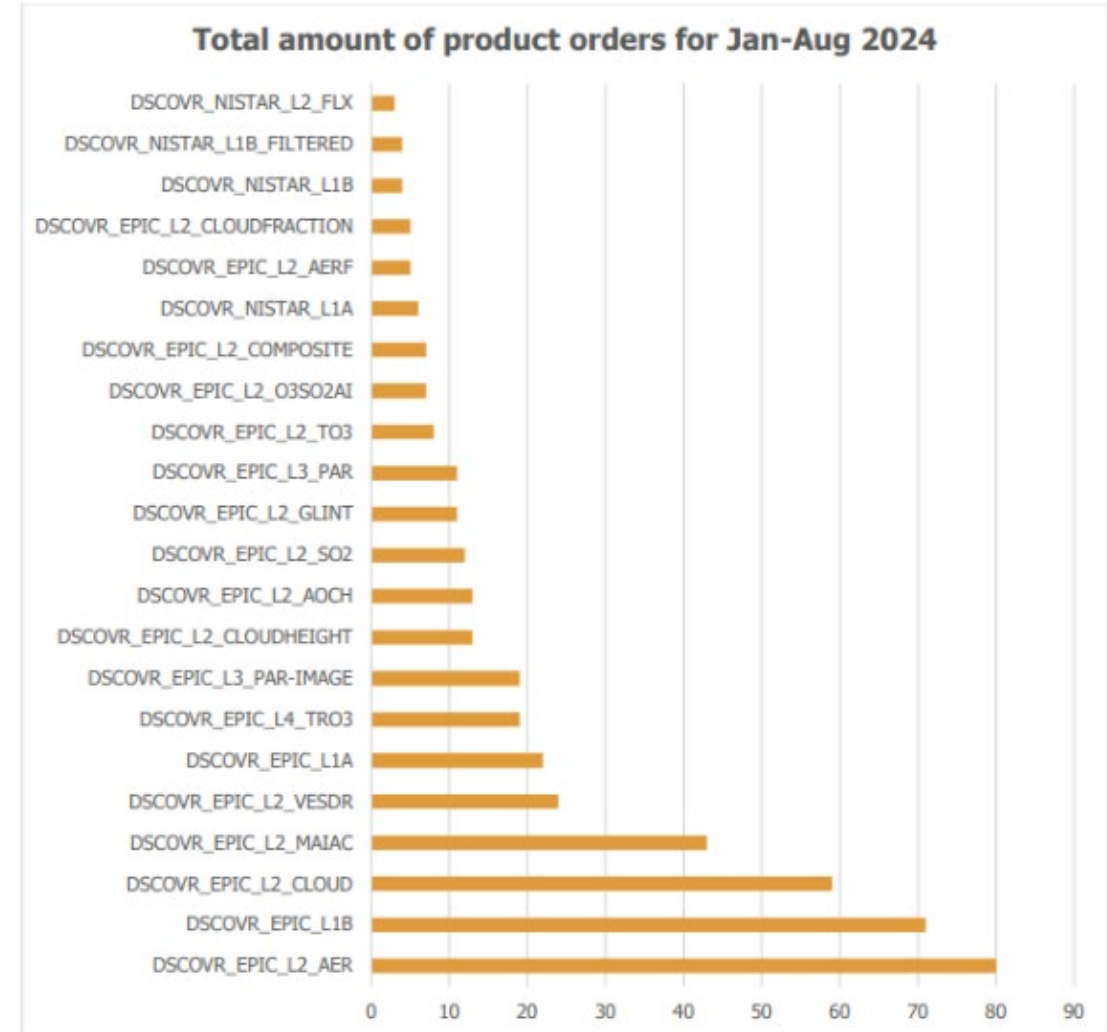
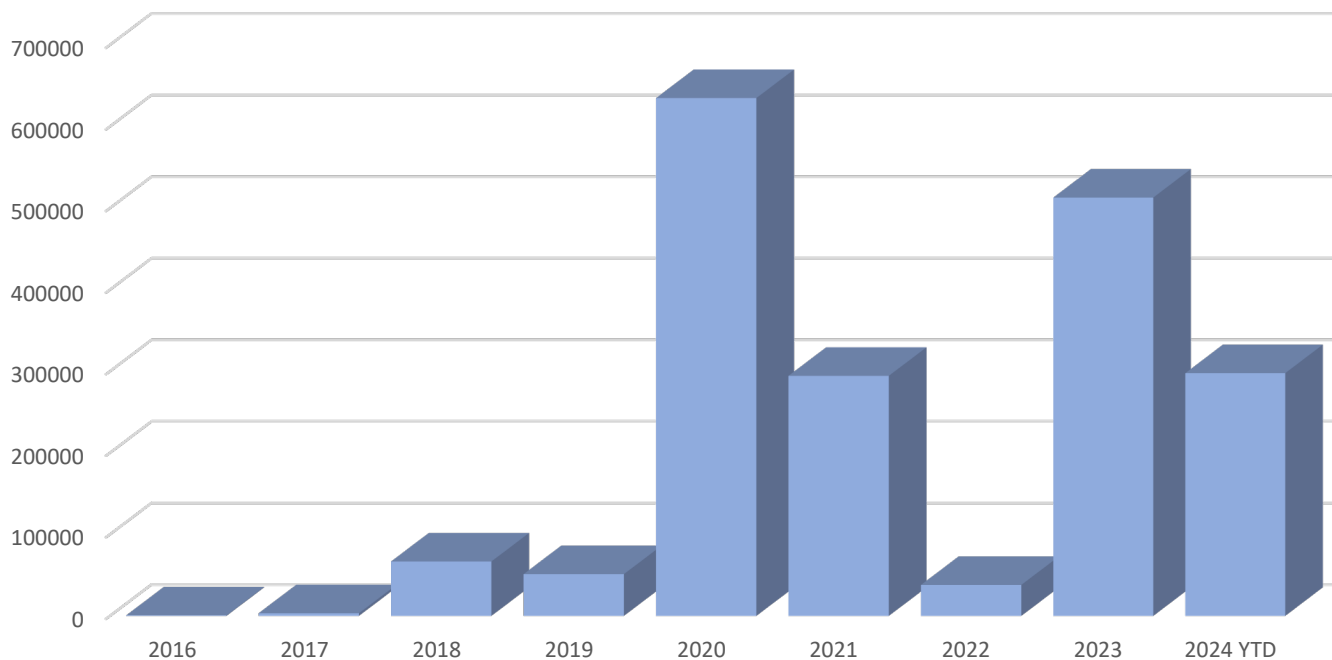
<https://forum.earthdata.nasa.gov/>

DSCOVER Data Products: Number of Users, Files and Size per Product for 2024

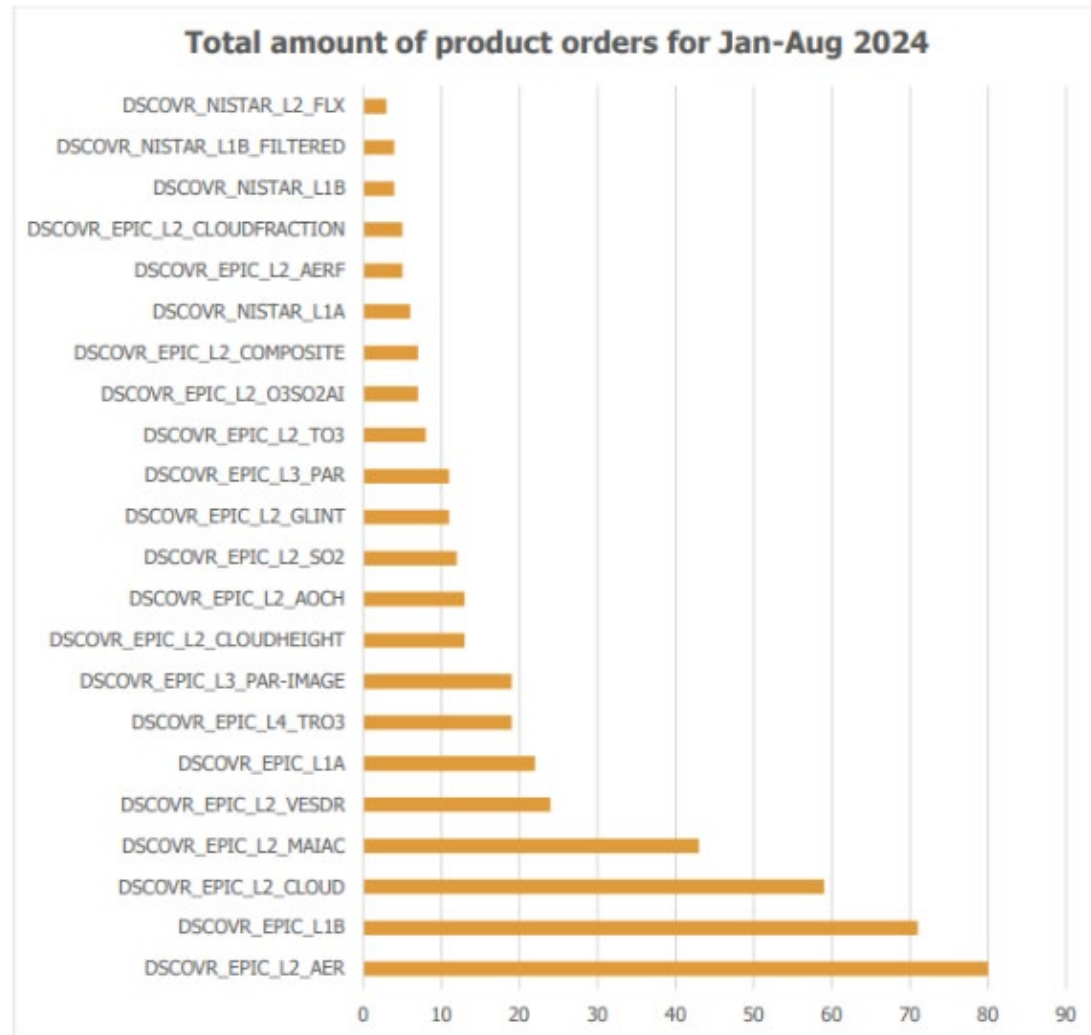
Volume downloaded:

- 2023: 71 TB for 512K granules
- 2024 YTD: 53 TB for 297K granules

EPIC/NISTAR Total Granules Distribution per year

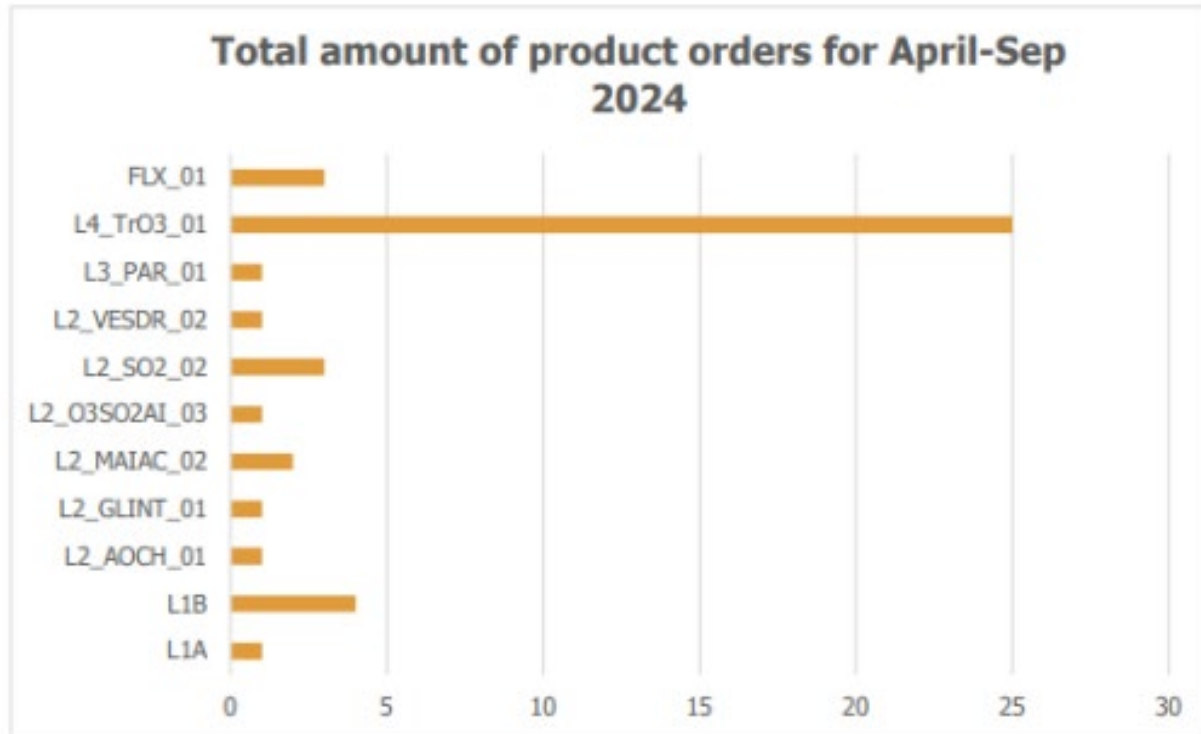


2023 vs. 2024



Users per Country

OPeNDAP Orders







Country	#Orders 2023	Country	# Orders Jan-Aug 2024
United States	323	United States	169
China	154	China	119
Germany	32	Korea South	24
Finland	14	United Kingdom	16
France	10	India	15
United Kingdom	9	France	13
India	9	Germany	11
Portugal	7	Japan	8
Switzerland	5	Belgium	7
Italy	4	Finland	5
Korea South	4	Indonesia	5
Poland	3	Ethiopia	5
Colombia	3	Taiwan	4
Bangladesh	3	Israel	4
Japan	3	Sweden	4
Turkey	3	Singapore	3
Ecuador	3	Italy	3
Australia	3	Canada	2
Russian Federation	2	Chile	2
Jordan	2	Thailand	2
Brazil	2	Venezuela	2
Chile	2	Argentina	2
Greece	2	Mexico	2
Romania	2	Portugal	1
Belgium	2	Belarus	1
Iran	2	Uzbekistan	1
Egypt	2	Vietnam	1
Vietnam	1	United Arab Emirates	1
Taiwan	1	Nigeria	1
Guatemala	1	Austria	1
Malta	1	Pakistan	1
Algeria	1	Lebanon	1
Ukraine	1	Bolivia	1
Pakistan	1	Brazil	1
Honduras	1	Poland	1
Mexico	1	Australia	1
Philippines	1	Spain	1
Ethiopia	1	Kenya	1
Namibia	1	Afghanistan	1
Indonesia	1	Czech Republic	1
Senegal	1	Turkey	1
Uruguay	1	Tajikistan	1

DSCOVER data in the Cloud

- Primary motivations
 - To allow the science community to do unprecedented science with unconstrained processing and storage capacity across all EOSDIS data in a highly available environment (AWS)
 - The size of future datasets makes on-premise archiving undesirable
 - TEMPO, CLARREO-PF and PREFIRE are ingested on the cloud using Cumulus
- ESDIS pays for the storage. Users pay for their own compute resources.
- Data download will still be available free of charge
- User experience will not be interrupted or degraded
- Activities are being planned in a way to avoid introducing technical and schedule risks and dependencies.

DSCOVER EPIC Level 2 UV Aerosol Version 3

45,165 Granules 2015-06-16 ongoing    

DSCOVER_EPIC_L2_AER_03 is the Deep Space Climate Observatory (DSCOVER) Enhanced Polychromatic Imaging Camera (EPIC) Level 2 UV Aerosol Version 3...

GEOSS • DSCOVER EPIC L2 AER v03 - NASA/LARC/SD/ASDC

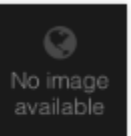


DSCOVER EPIC Level 2 UV Aerosol Version 3

111 Granules 2015-06-16 ongoing      Earthdata Cloud

DSCOVER_EPIC_L2_AER_03 is the Deep Space Climate Observatory (DSCOVER) Enhanced Polychromatic Imaging Camera (EPIC) Level 2 UV Aerosol Version 3...

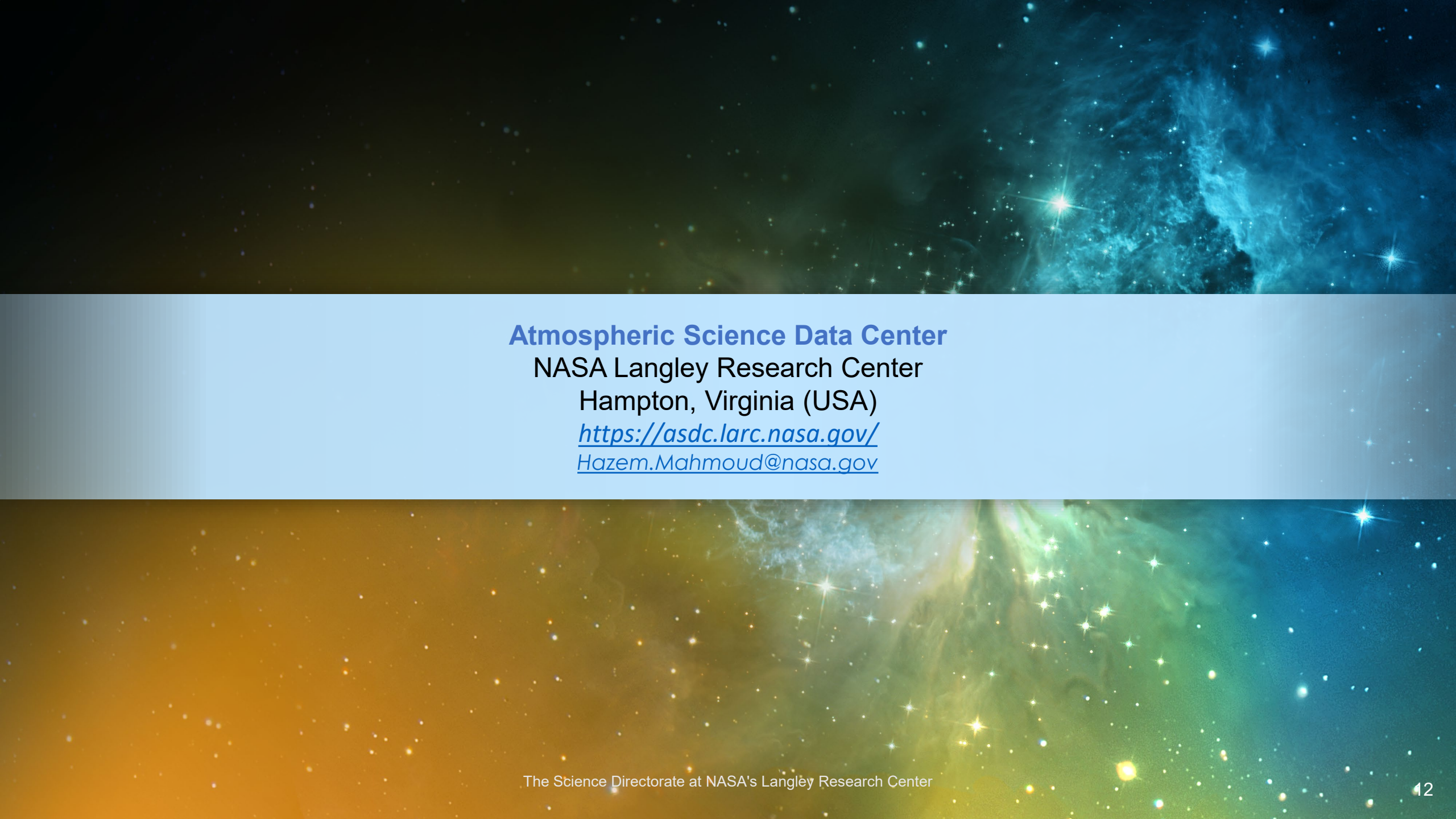
GEOSS • DSCOVER_EPIC_L2_AER v03 - NASA/LARC/SD/ASDC



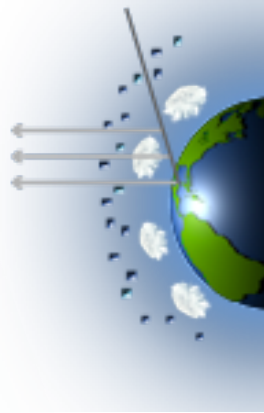
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Atmospheric Science Data Center
NASA Langley Research Center
Hampton, Virginia (USA)
<https://asdc.larc.nasa.gov/>
Hazem.Mahmoud@nasa.gov



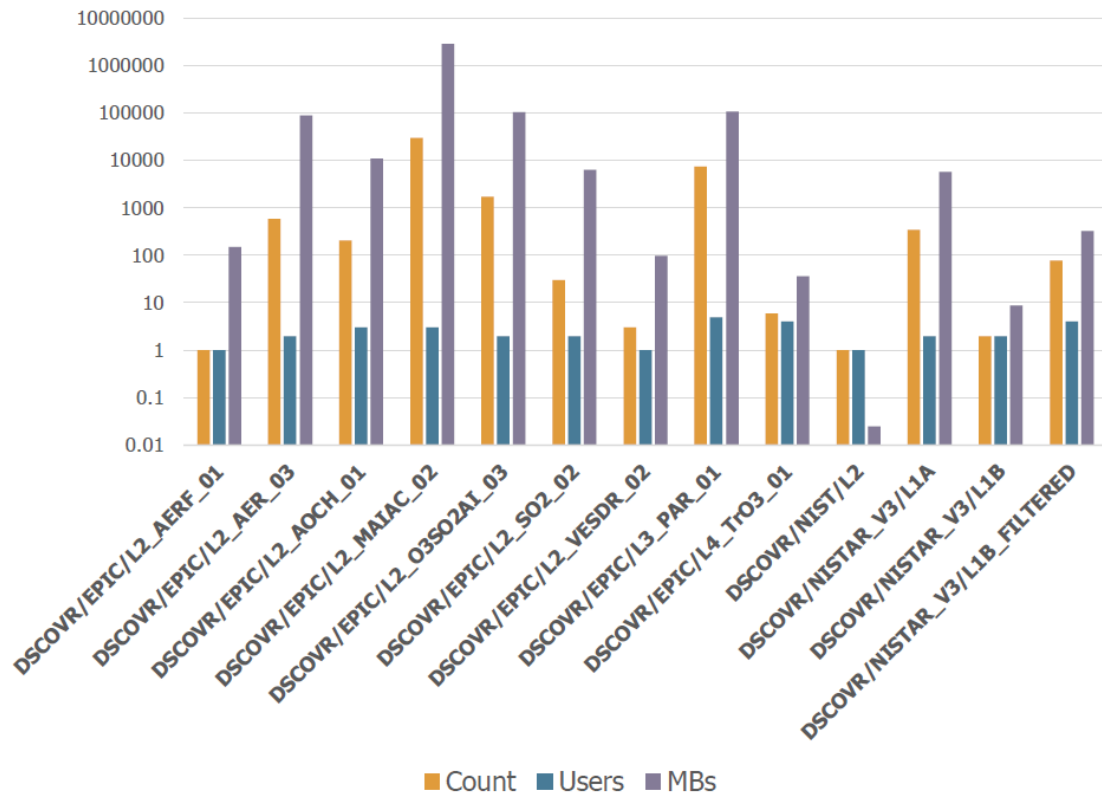
Atmospheric Science Data Center

ASDC Vision

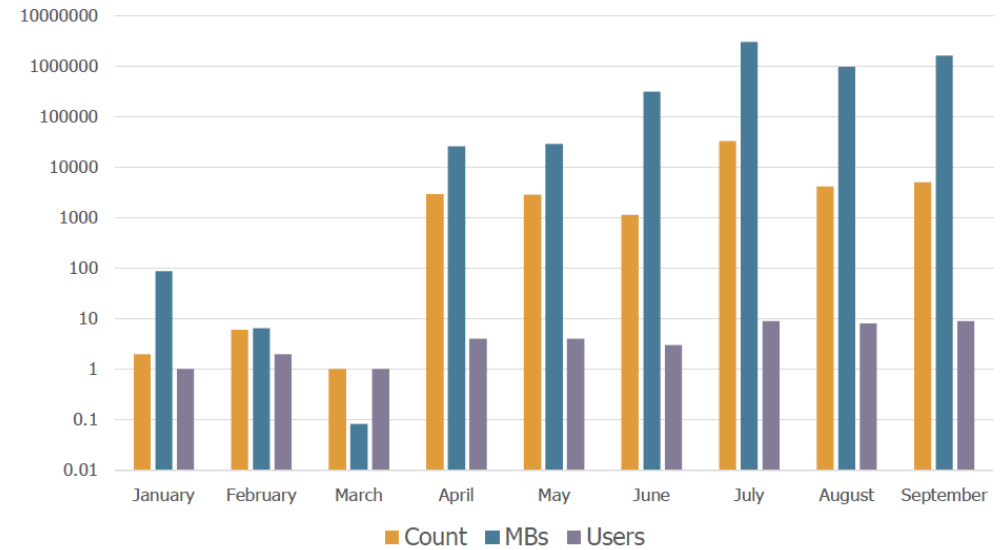
"To be a leading provider of **atmospheric science data** products and services to the science community through **agility, innovation, and technical excellence**"

OPeNDAP

OPeNDAP January to September 2023



OPeNDAP 2023



ASDC Portal for ArcGIS

← → ↻ arcgis.asdc.larc.nasa.gov/portal/home/index.html ☆

ASDC's Portal for ArcGIS

Featured Maps and Apps

- 2020 ASDC Earthdata Webinar, "Data-Driven"
- Introduction to MAIA & TEMPO
- MISR Global Aerosol Optical Depth (BETA)
- MOPITT A Priori CO Total Column Day (BETA)

The Atmospheric Science Data Center at NASA Langley Research Center, Virginia. The Science Directorate at NASA Langley Research Center is using ArcGIS Enterprise to study changes in the atmosphere. Scientists, educators, and students can access these data collections. These data

ArcGIS Enterprise

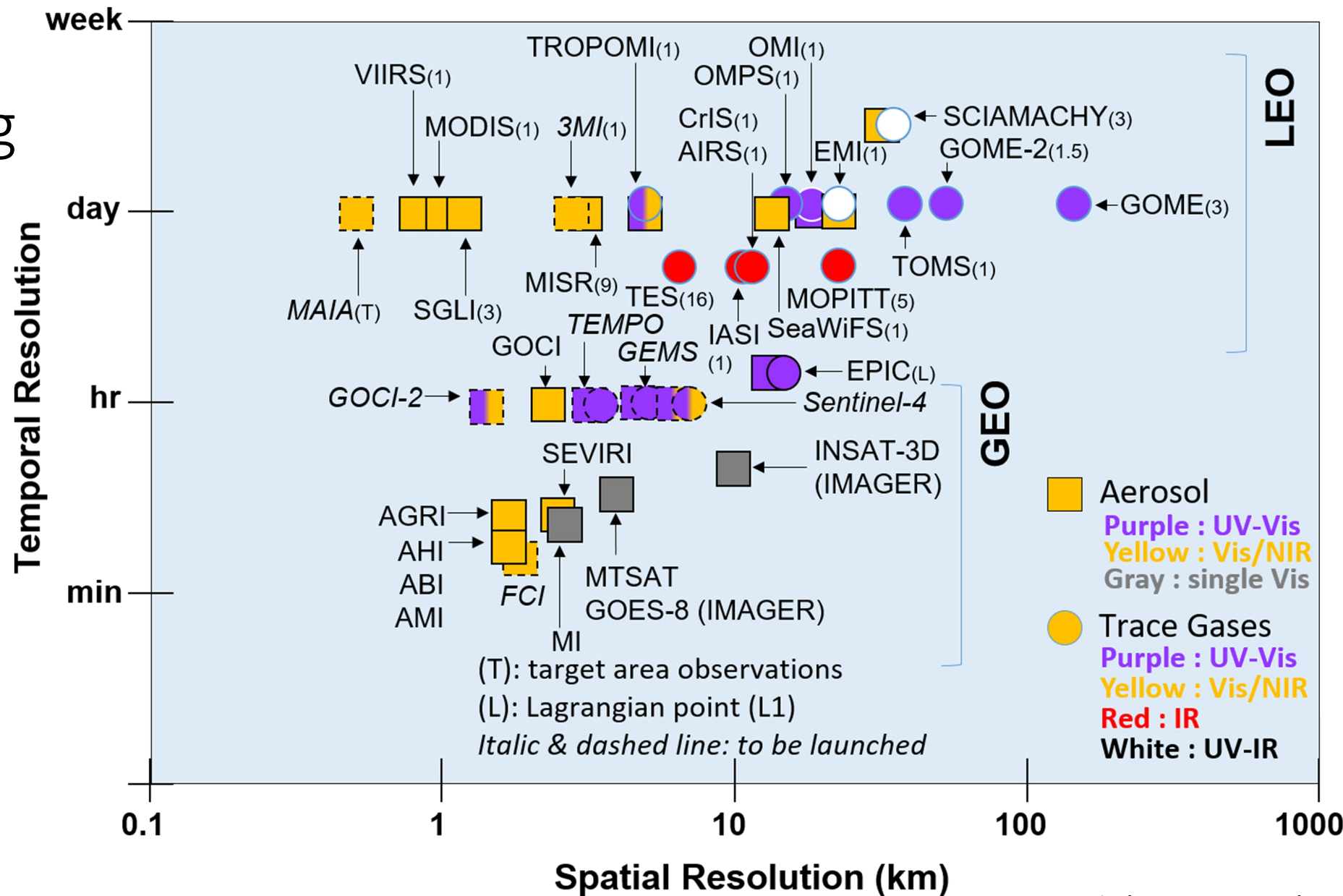
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- Select ASDC datasets available publicly as image services and WMS
- Incorporate data directly into web applications and desktop software
- Develop storymaps, jupyter notebooks and outreach content

<https://arcgis.asdc.larc.nasa.gov>

New Era of Air Quality Monitoring from Space

Development of satellite remote sensing instruments for atmospheric composition measurements with respect to temporal and spatial resolution. Numbers in parentheses for LEO instruments represent revisit time per location in days. Symbols in squares and circles represent aerosols, and AQ-related trace gases, respectively. Symbol colors represent wavelength ranges, as in the legend. For planned missions, mission names are in italics and symbol outlines are in dashed lines.



Kim et al. (BAMS 2020)

main 2 branches 0 tags

Go to file Code

About

No description, website, or topics provided.

Readme

Activity

8 stars

3 watching

4 forks


Report repository













Releases

No releases published

Packages

alexrad71	Update EPIC_I2_readme	3118559 on Aug 7	🕒 68 commits
CALIPSO	Rename CALIPSO_Ozone_Number_Density to CALIPSO/CALIPSO_Ozone...		2 months ago
DSCOVER	Update EPIC_I2_readme		last month
MAIA	Created using Colaboratory		2 months ago
MISR	Rename MISR_AOD to MISR/MISR_AOD		2 months ago
MOPITT	Rename MOP03JM_COMixingRatio to MOPITT/MOP03JM_COMixingRatio		2 months ago
TEMPO	add "open in colab" badge to TEMPO demo notebook		last month
images	Add files via upload		last year
CERES.m	Add files via upload		2 months ago
README.md	Update README.md		2 months ago

 alexrad71 Update EPIC_l2_readme3118559 · last month  History

Name	Last commit message	Last commit date
 ..		
 DSCOVER_EPIC_L2_TO3	Rename DSCOVER_EPIC_L2_TO3 to DSCOVER/DSCOVER_EPIC_L2_TO3	2 months ago
 DSCOVER_EPIC_L4_TrO3_vs_Pandora.py	Rename O3_EPIC_L4_vs_Pandora_final.py to DSCOVER_EPIC_L4_TrO3_vs_Pando...	last month
 DSCOVER_EPIC_L4_TrO3_vs_Pandora.readme	Create DSCOVER_EPIC_L4_TrO3_vs_Pandora.readme	last month
 DSCOVER_EPIC_L4_TrO3_vs_tolnet_clim_vs_pandora.py	Update DSCOVER_EPIC_L4_TrO3_vs_tolnet_clim_vs_pandora.py	last month
 DSCOVER_EPIC_L4_TrO3_vs_tolnet_clim_vs_pandora.readme	Update and rename qqq to DSCOVER_EPIC_L4_TrO3_vs_tolnet_clim_vs_pandor...	last month
 EPIC_l2_readme	Update EPIC_l2_readme	last month
 POI_list	Add files via upload	last month
 epic_l2_aer_timeseries.py	Rename epic_l2_aer_timeseries_02.py to epic_l2_aer_timeseries.py	last month
 epic_l2_aer_timeseries_web.py	Rename epic_l2_aer_timeseries_web_02.py to epic_l2_aer_timeseries_web.py	last month
 epic_l2_to3_timeseries.py	Rename epic_l2_to3_timeseries_02.py to epic_l2_to3_timeseries.py	last month
 epic_l2_to3_timeseries_web.py	Rename epic_l2_to3_timeseries_web_02.py to epic_l2_to3_timeseries_web.py	last month

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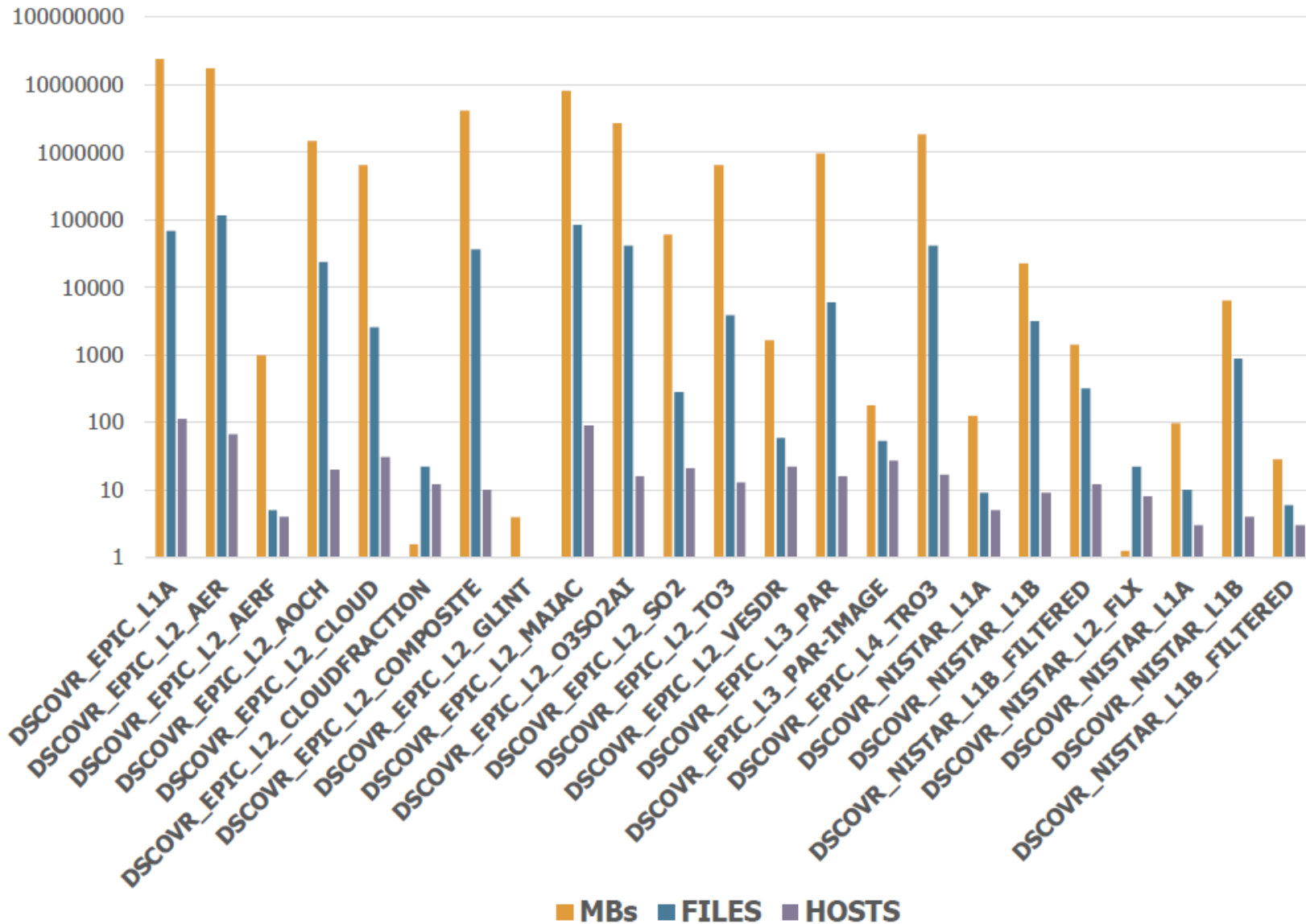
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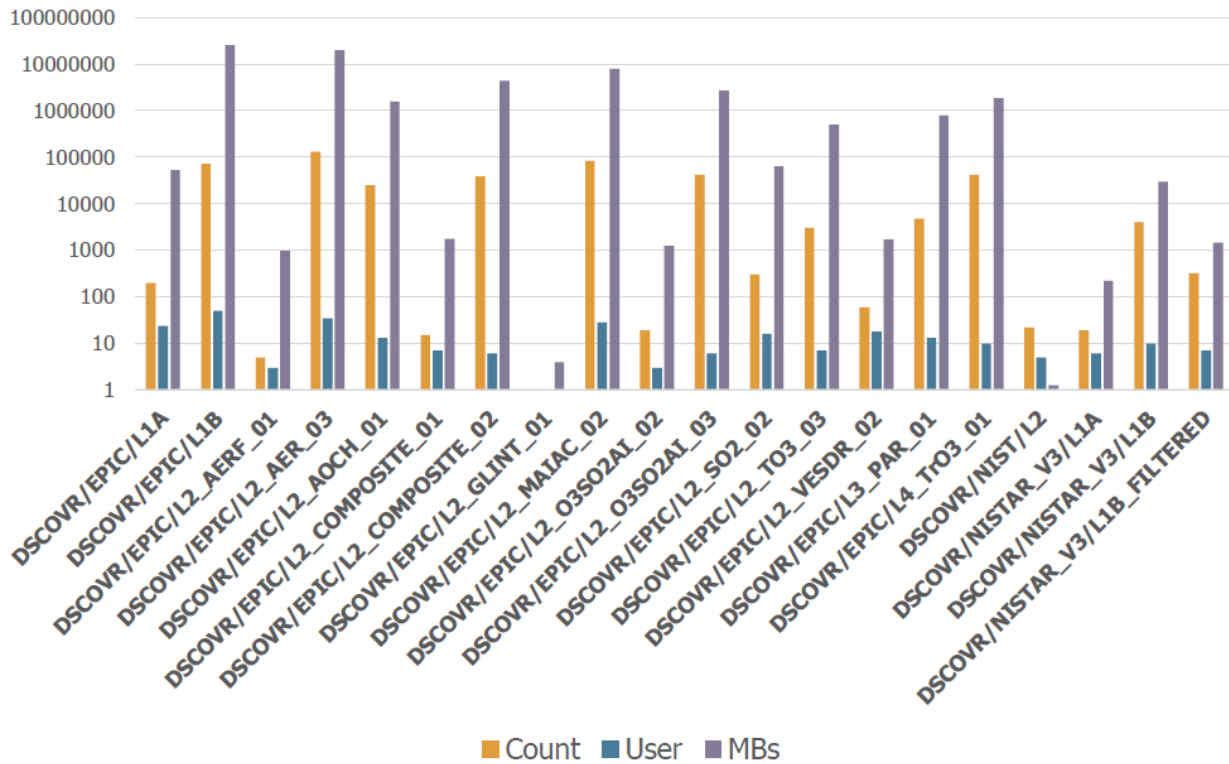
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EMS January to September 2023

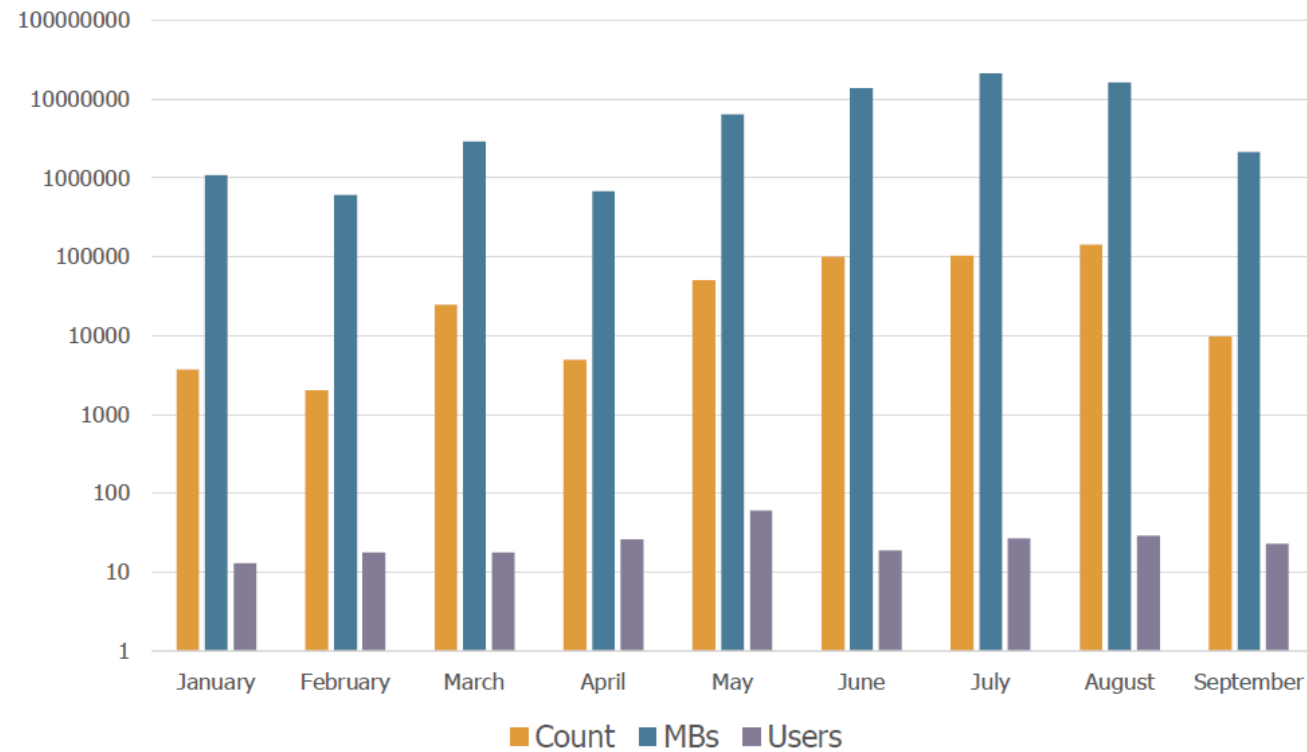


DDD

DDD January to September 2023

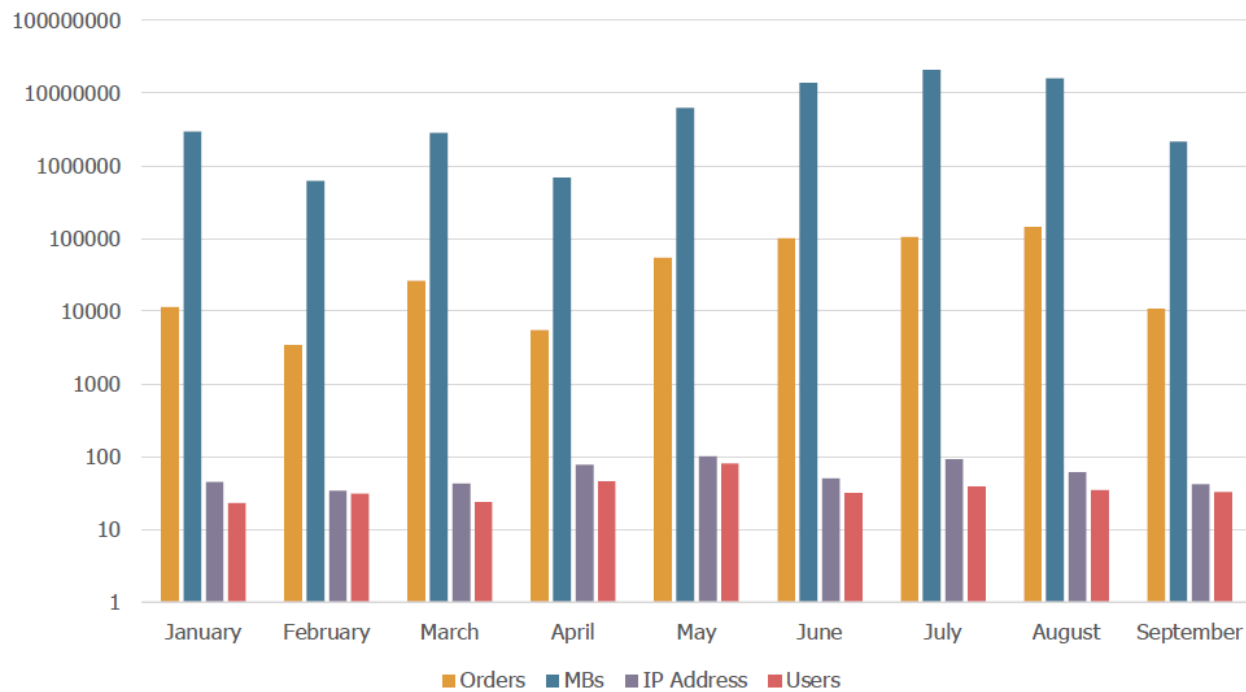


DDD 2023

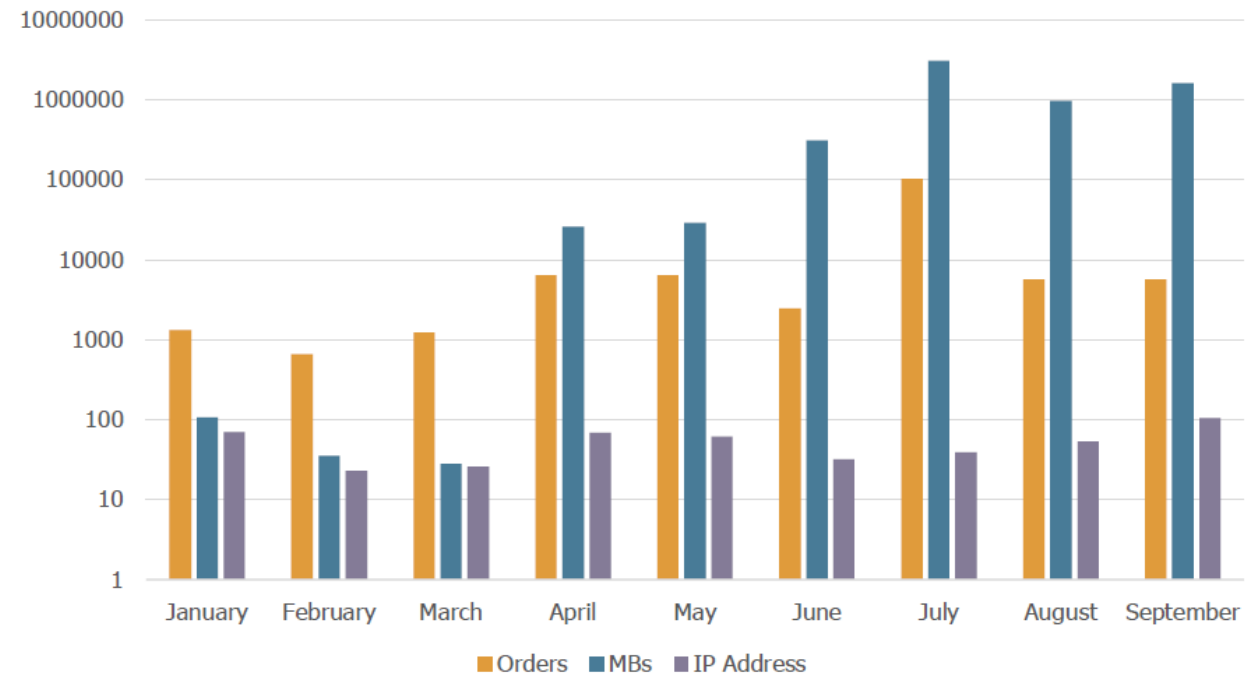


DDD vs. OPeNDAP 2023 Metrics

DDD 2023

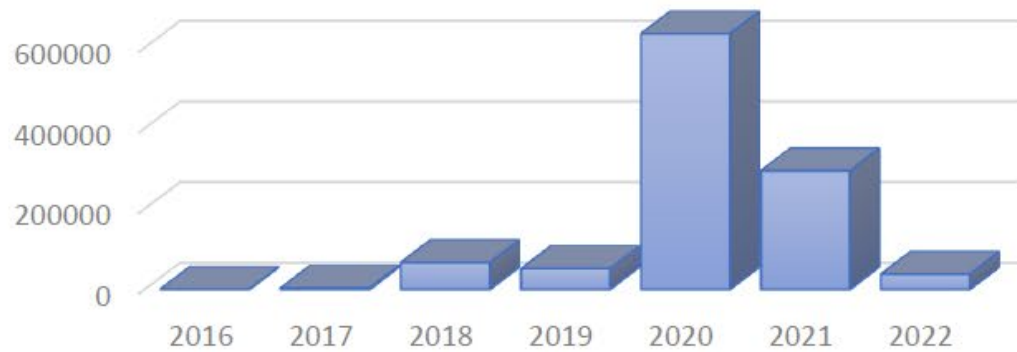


OPeNDAP 2023



DSCOVER Data Products: Number of Users per Product for 2020-2022

EPIC Total Granules Distributed per Year

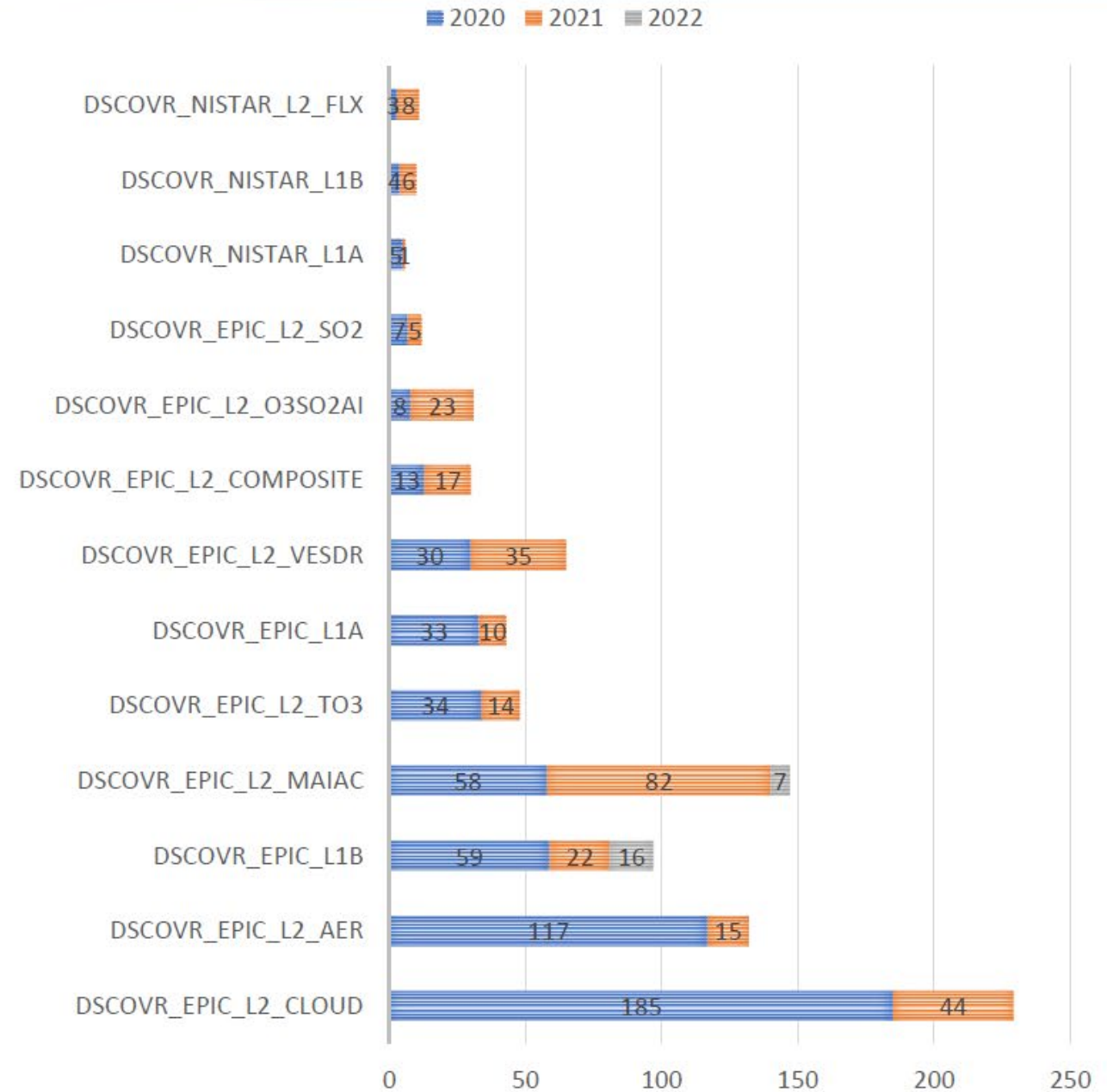


Average order size:

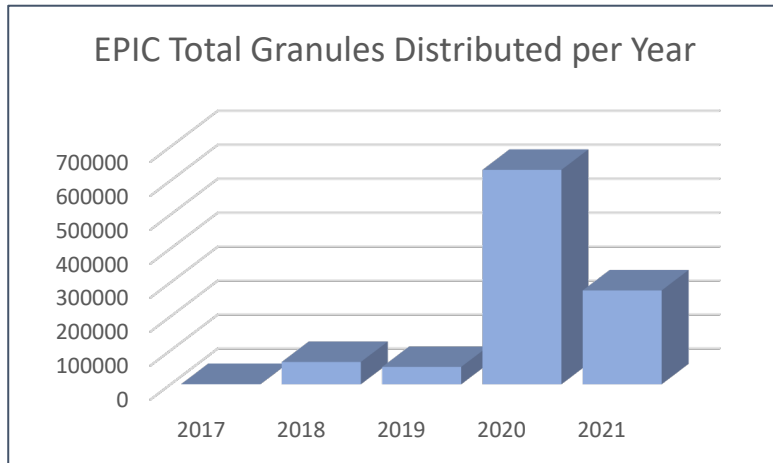
- 2020: 1143 granules, 232GB
- 2021: 1044 granules, 146GB
- 2022: 1648 granules, 448GB

RECENT UPDATES:

- DSCOVER_EPIC_L3_PAR
- DSCOVER_EPIC_L2_GLINT
Geolocation Variables



DSCOVER Data Products: Number of Users per Product for 2020-2021

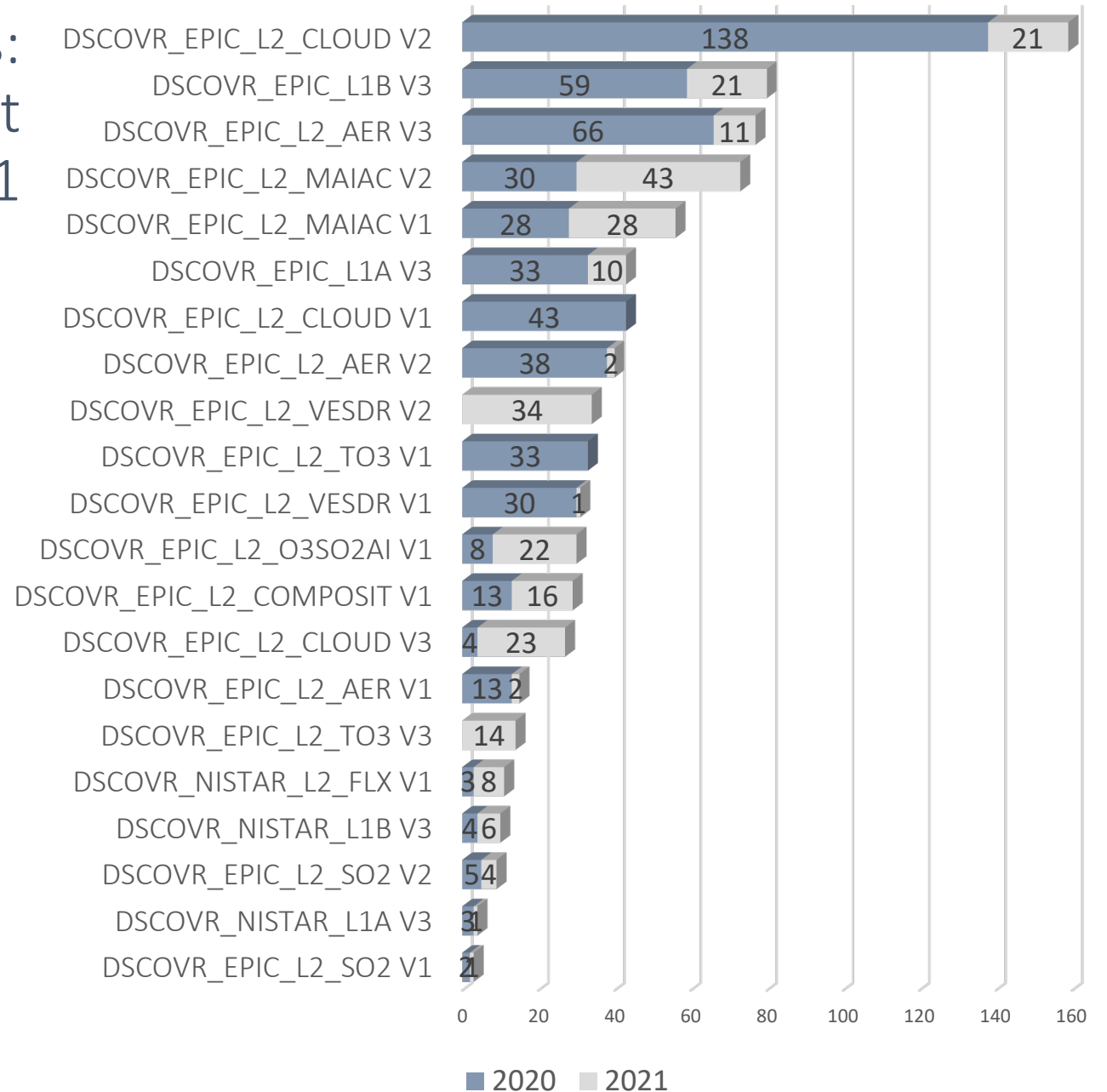


Average order size:

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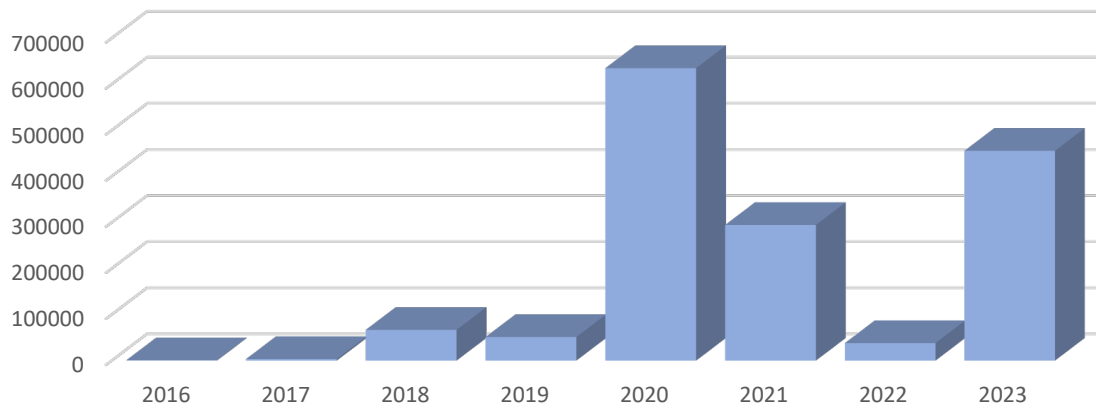
RECENT UPDATES:

- DSCOVER_EPIC_L3_PAR
 - DSCOVER_EPIC_L2_GLINT
- are now orderable



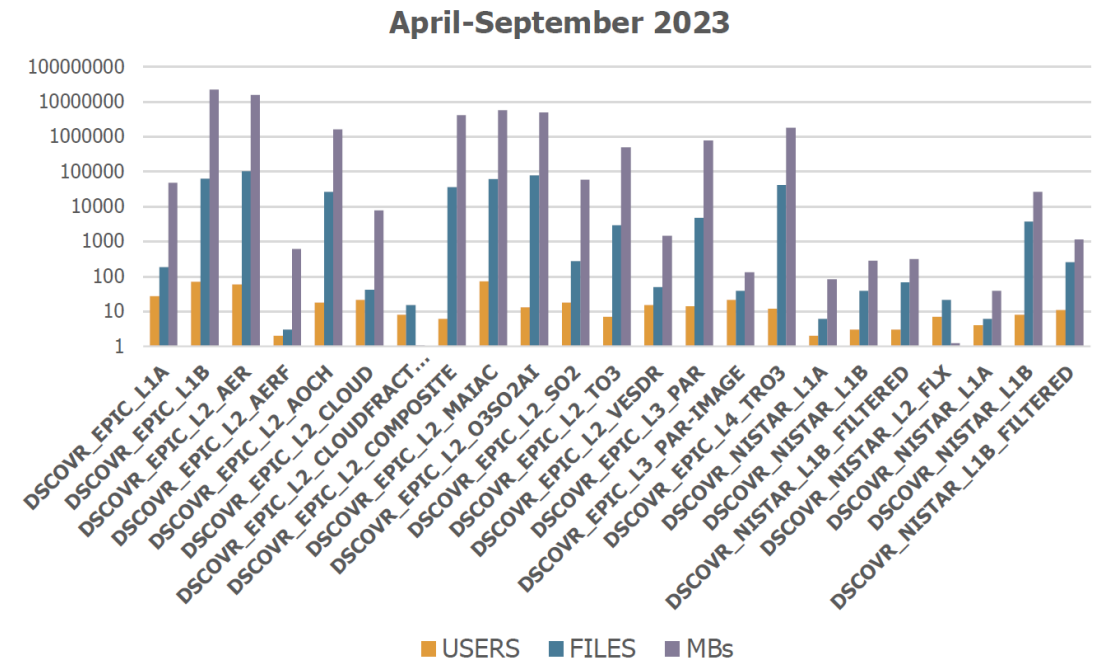
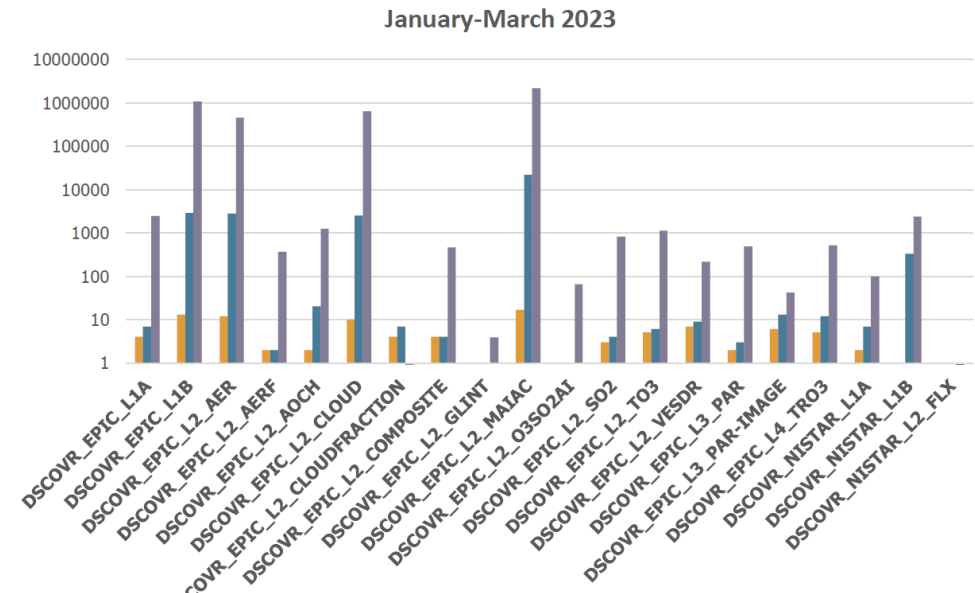
DSCOVER Data Products: Number of Users, Files and size per Product for 2023

EPIC/NISTAR Total Granules Distribution per year



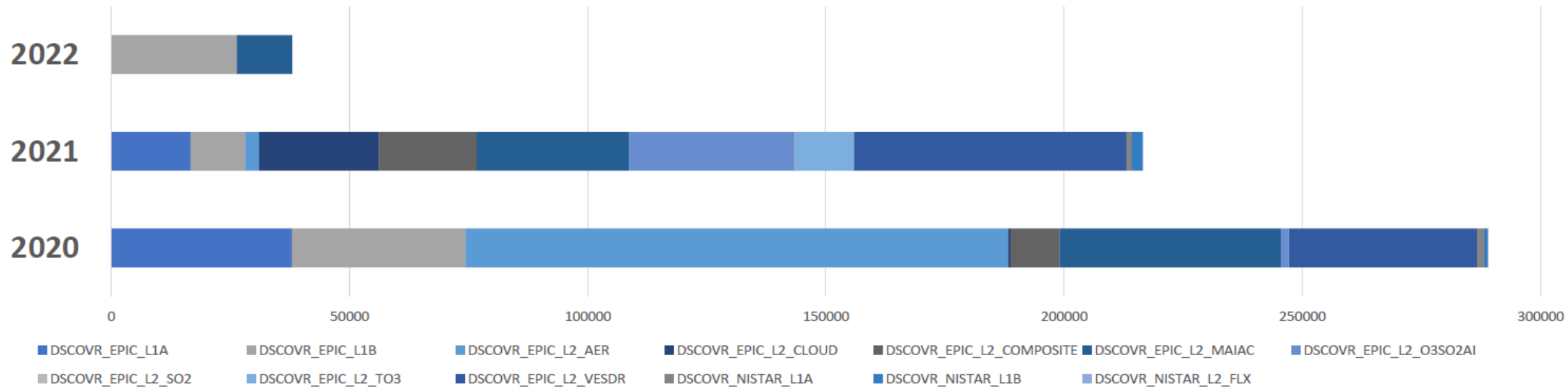
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- 2022: 1648 granules, 448GB
- 2023: 1044 granules, 3.222TB

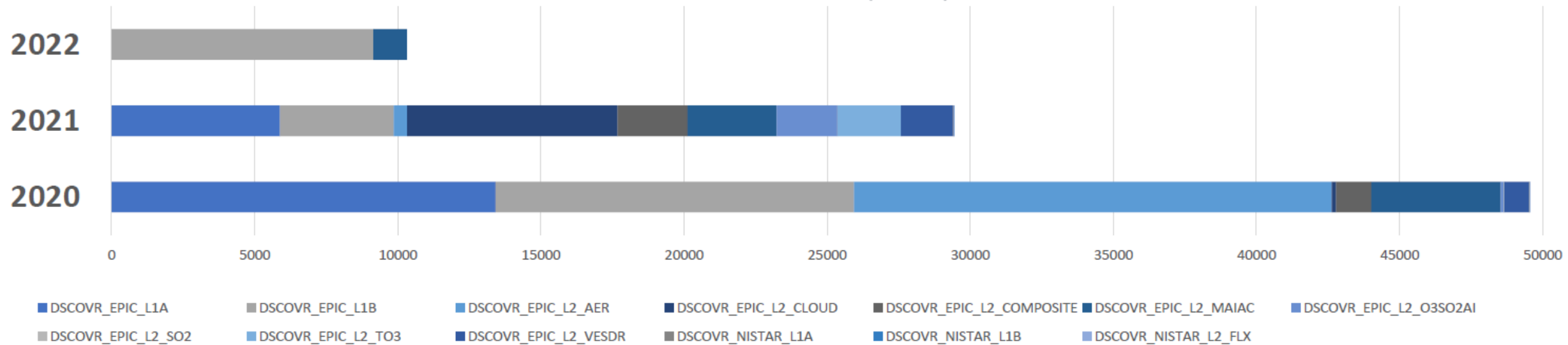


USERS FILES MBs

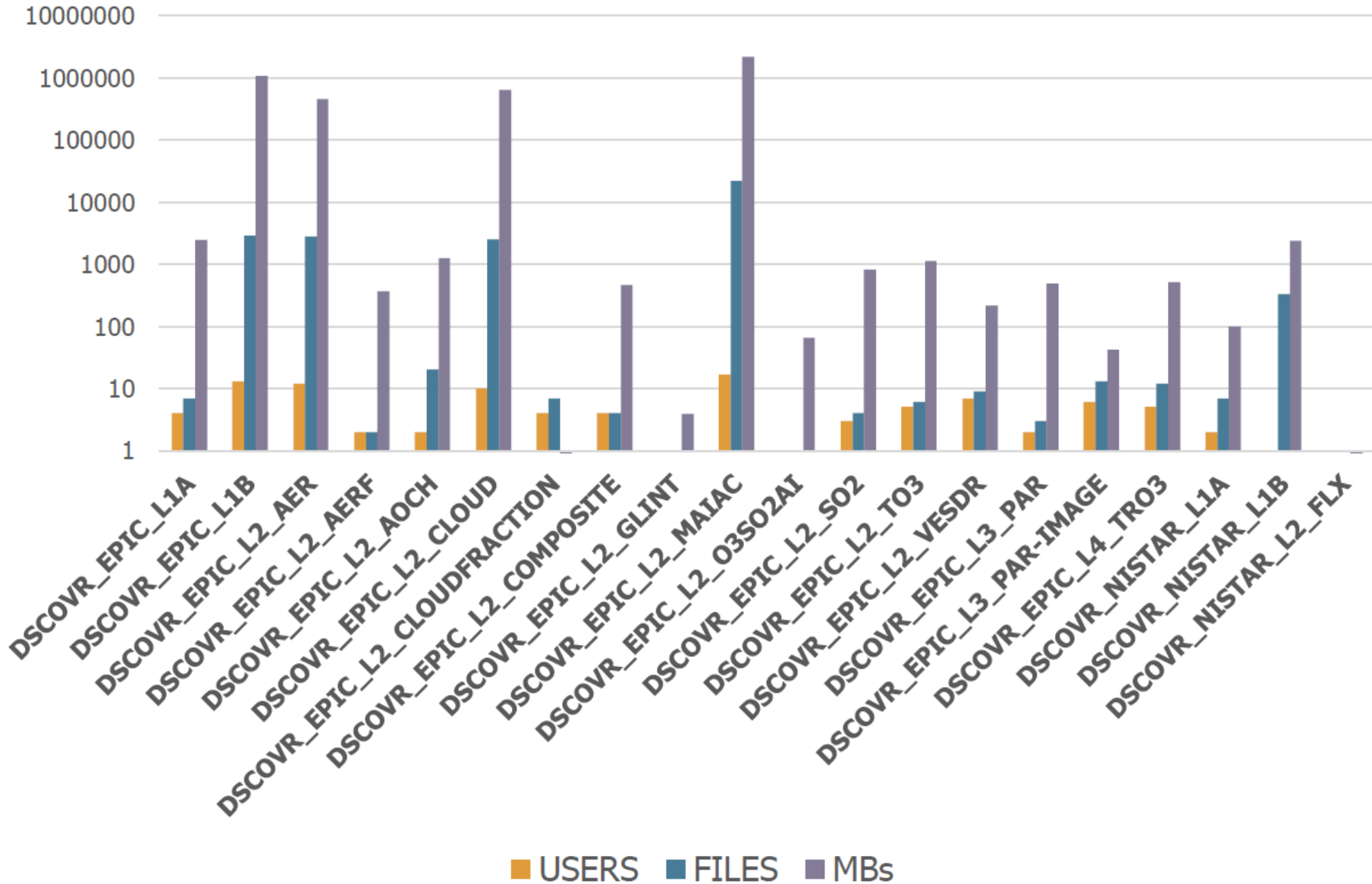
DSCOVR Distribution Volume by Granules per Year



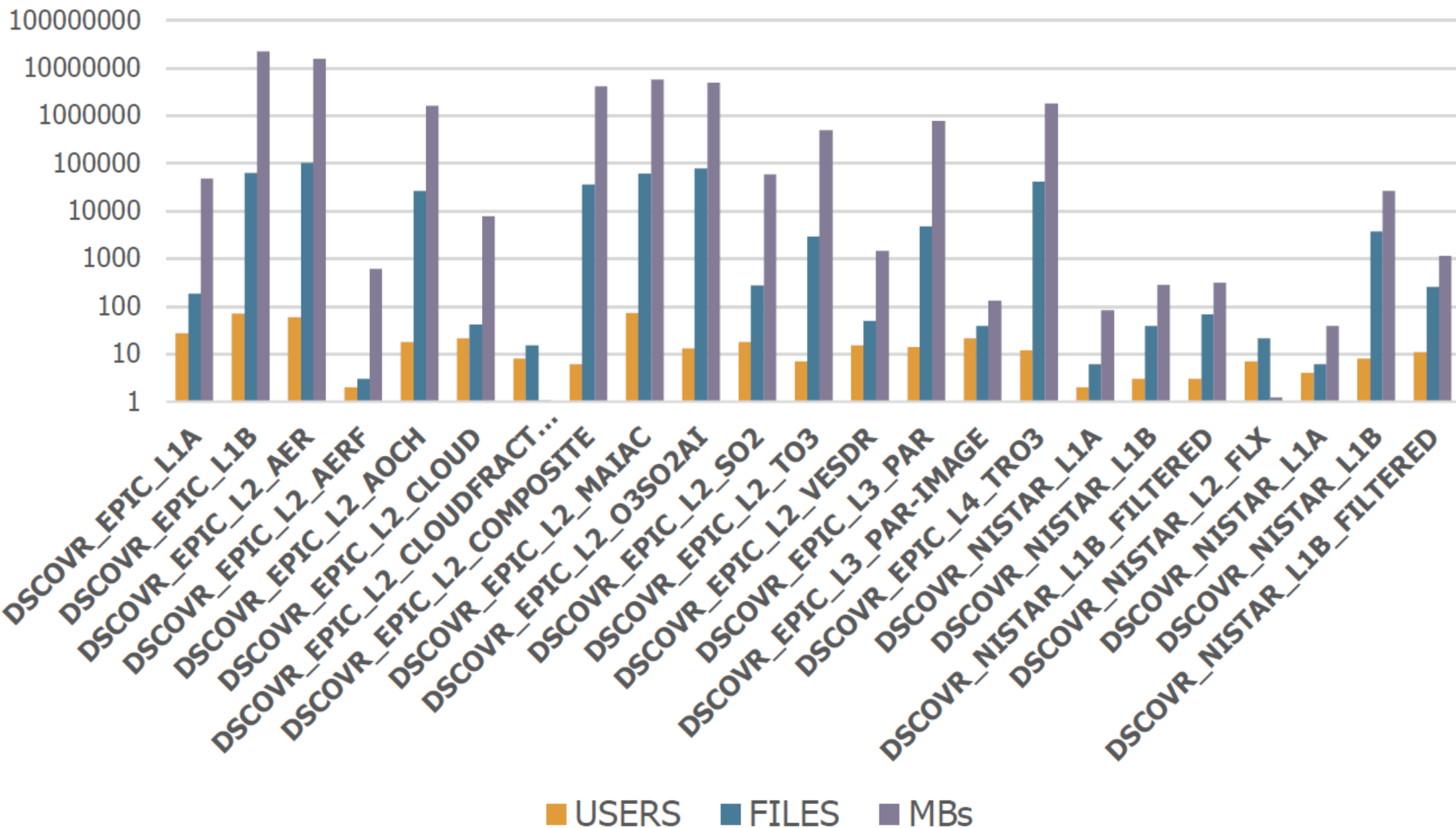
DSCOVR Distribution Volume by GB per Year



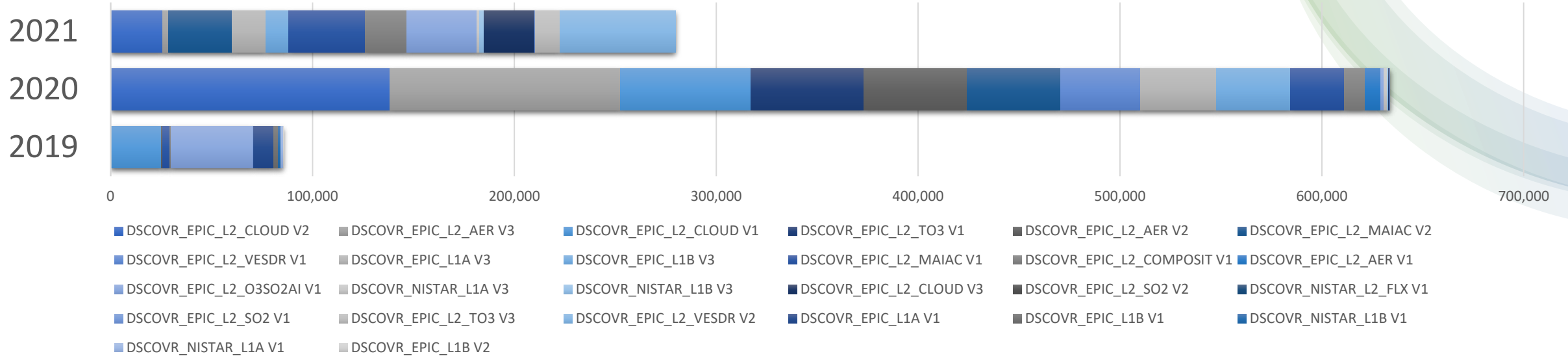
January-March 2023



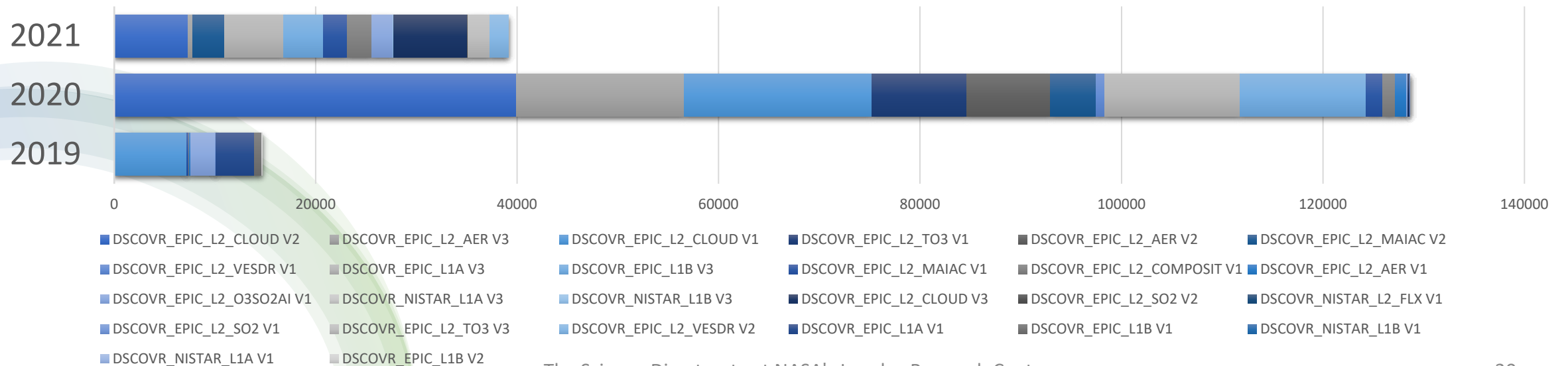
April-September 2023



DSCOVR Distribution Volume by Granules per Year



DSCOVR Distribution Volume by GB per Year



Services at the ASDC

PRE-LAUNCH

- Preparation for Ingest
 - Accurate metadata for discovery
 - Well formatted data for maximum interoperability
 - Digital Object Identifiers for each product
- Support Data Flow Testing Prior to Launch
 - Interface confidence tests
 - End-to-end ground system testing with instrument or synthetic data
- Discuss Service Options
 - Customer/Product affinities and technical capacity
 - Data Delivery Cadence

ACTIVE OPERATIONS

- Standard curation of archived data
 - Provenance and integrity
 - Up to date documentation
 - Disaster Recovery
- User Services staff to assist customers
 - Maintain FAQs, examples of scripts
 - Perform reach back to science team when necessary
 - Disseminate announcements to user community
 - Use customer feedback from annual third-party ACSI survey, contacts, and ASDC User Working Group to determine changes in services
- Subsetting and ArcGIS capabilities
 - Temporal, spatial and variable slices

ASDC Data Distribution: Tools and Services

- ✓ NASA Earthdata Search

 - CMR Search ◦ Metadata



- ✓ NASA WorldView

 - GIBS API ◦ visualization

- ✓ OPeNDAP

 - transform ◦ subsetting
 - reformatting ◦ distribution



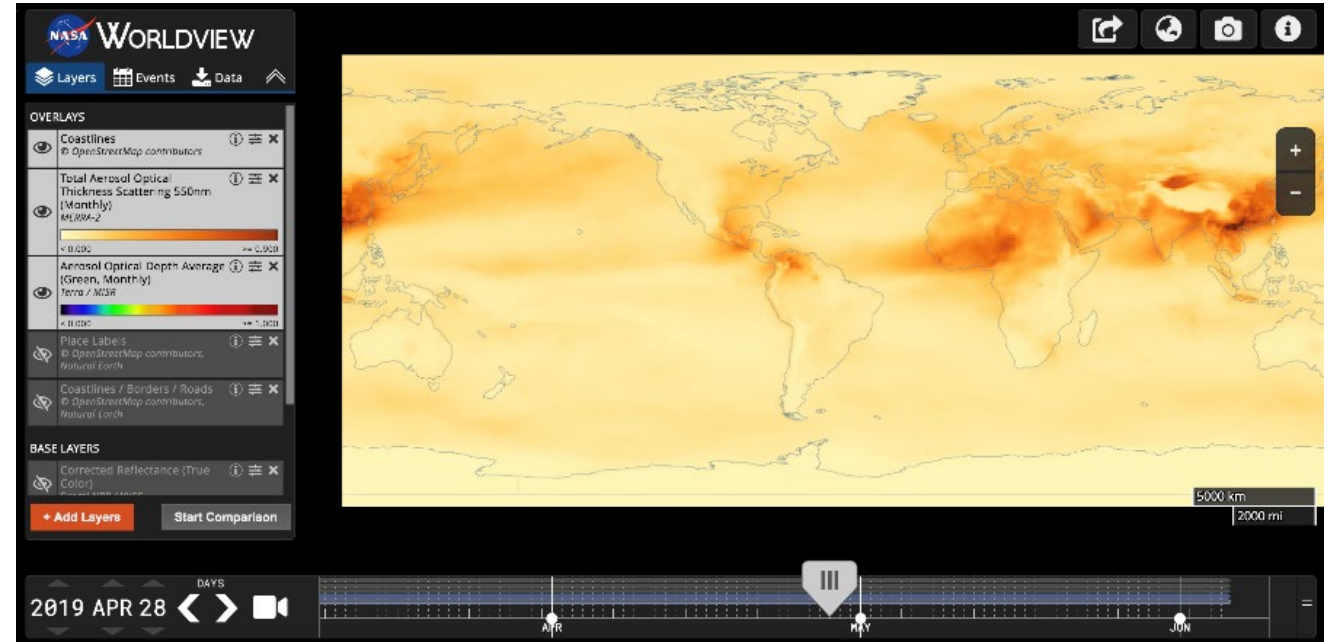
- ✓ HTTPS data access

 - datapool
 - permanent URL/direct access
 - enables scripts/workflow



- ✓ Example scripts

 - Python/Jupyter Notebook
 - R scripts
 - contributed tutorials/scripts



User Support and Other Resources

Earthdata Login <https://urs.earthdata.nasa.gov>

Earthdata Forum <https://forum.earthdata.nasa.gov/>

ASDC User Support support-asdc@earthdata.nasa.gov

ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCE DATA CENTER

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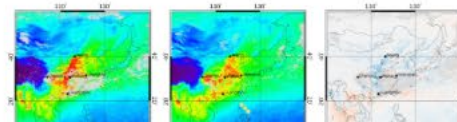
CALIPSO IIR V4.20 L2 Product Release Announcement

April 29, 2020

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March 27, 2020



Webinar: Data-Driven Storytelling, Using Atmospheric Data to Share Your Science

March 17, 2020



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March 3, 2020

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<https://asdc.larc.nasa.gov/>

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 - Data download will still be available free of charge
 - TEMPO, CLARREO-PF and PREFIRE are ingested on the cloud
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 - Activities are being planned in a way to avoid introducing technical and schedule risks and dependencies.
 - ASDC will work closely with ESDIS to identify risks, technical challenges and uncertainties, and proposing concepts and architectures for mitigating any issues that arise

ASDC Portal for ArcGIS

← → ↻ arcgis.asdc.larc.nasa.gov/portal/home/index.html ☆

ASDC's Portal for ArcGIS

Featured Maps and Apps

- 2020 ASDC Earthdata Webinar, "Data-Driven"
- Introduction to MAIA & TEMPO
- MISR Global Aerosol Optical Depth (BETA)
- MOPITT A Priori CO Total Column Day (BETA)

The Atmospheric Science Data Center at NASA's Langley Research Center, Hampton, Virginia. The Science Directorate at NASA's Langley Research Center is using the ASDC to study changes in the atmosphere. These data are available to scientists, educators, and the public.

ArcGIS Enterprise

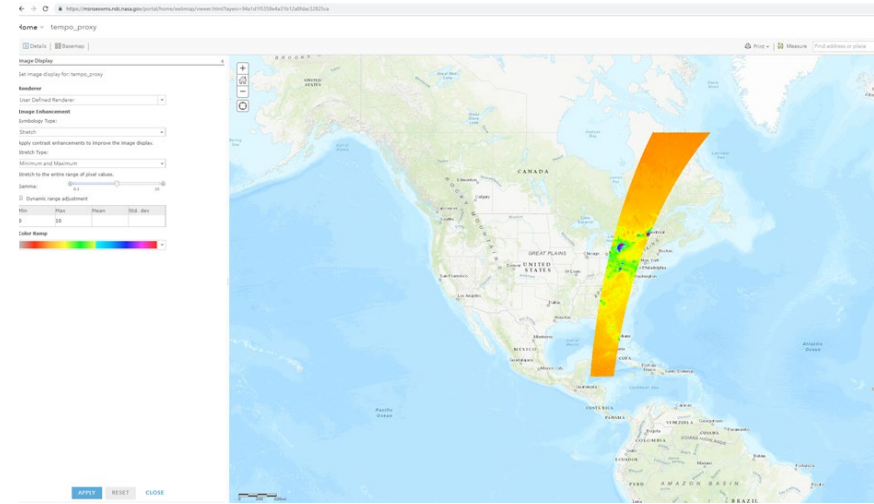
Deliver industry-leading mapping and analytics to your infrastructure and the cloud.

- Select ASDC datasets available publicly as image services and WMS
- Incorporate data directly into web applications and desktop software
- Develop storymaps, jupyter notebooks and outreach content

<https://arcgis.asdc.larc.nasa.gov>

TEMPO Data Products

TEMPO file granules will be indexed by variable, date, scan, and granule correlating to the respective swath of data. Files are archived in Netcdf4 format with their respective metadata record in ODL format.



TEMPO Data Products

Level 0	radiance, irradiance, telemetry, dark frames
Level 1b	calibrated & geolocated radiance, irradiance
Level 2	derived products for total ozone, ozone vertical profile, formaldehyde, nitrogen dioxide, cloud pressure and fraction
Level 3	gridded, derived products for total ozone, ozone vertical profile, formaldehyde, nitrogen dioxide, cloud pressure and fraction

Data File Naming Convention

TEMPO_NO2_L3_V01_YYYYMMDDTHHMMSSZ_ScanIDGranuleID.nc

- NO2** - this is the variable or product name contained in the file
- L3** - this indicates the product level (L0, L1, L2, L3)
- V01** - this denotes the version of the data file
- YYYYMMDD** - year, month, day
- HHMMSSZ** - the time in UTC
- ScanID** - this indicates the scan counter value
- GranuleID** - this indicates the granule counter value

ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCE DATA CENTER

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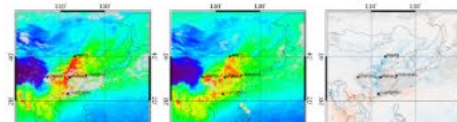
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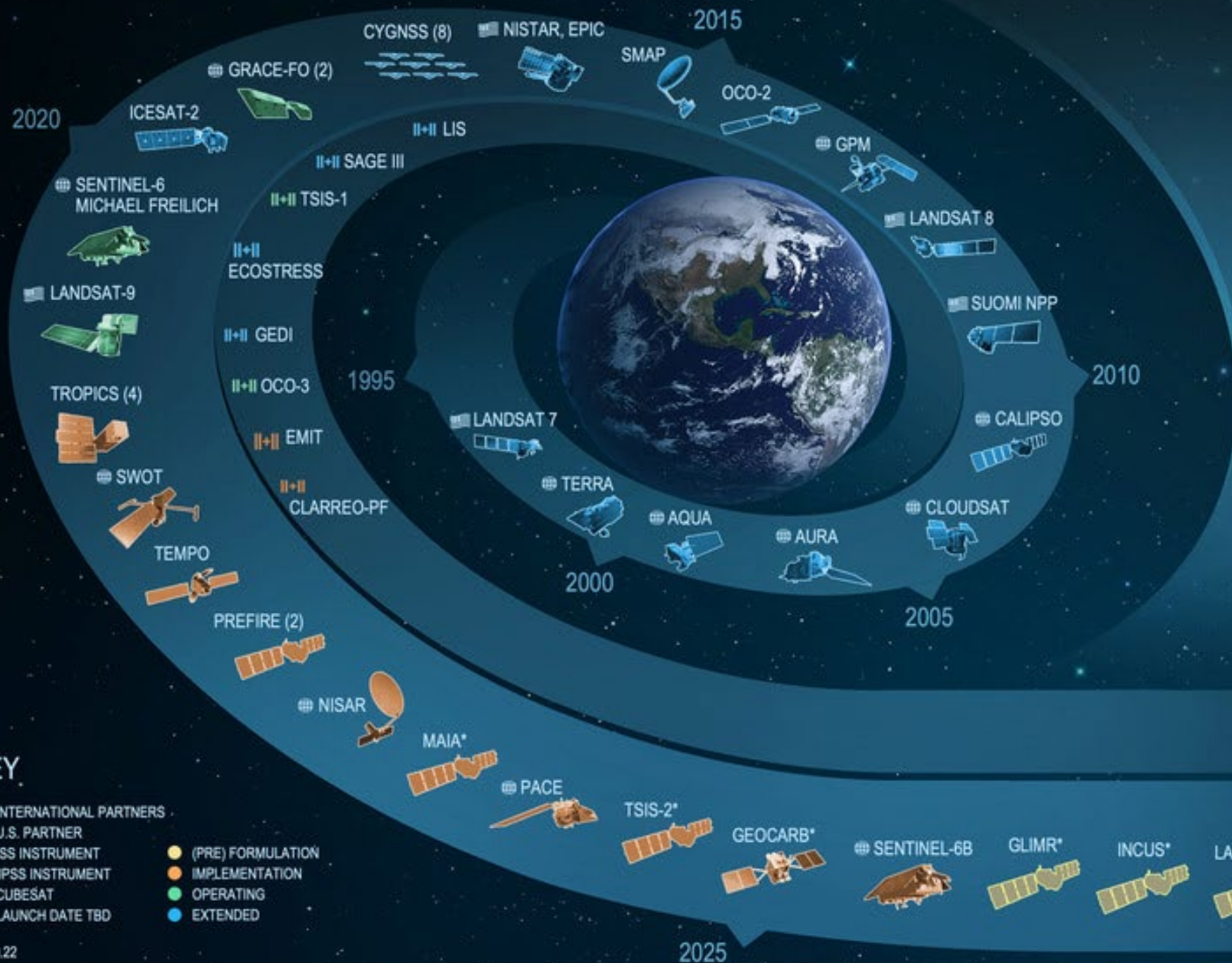
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EARTH FLEET



INVEST/CUBESATS

- CIRIS 2023
- NACHOS 2022
- CTIM 2022
- NACHOS-2 2022
- SNOOPI* 2022
- MURI-FO* 2022
- HYTI* 2023

JPSS INSTRUMENTS

- OMPS-LIMB 2022
- LIBERA 2027
- OMPS-LIMB 2027
- OMPS-LIMB 2032

ISS INSTRUMENTS

MISSIONS

KEY

- INTERNATIONAL PARTNERS
- U.S. PARTNER
- ISS INSTRUMENT
- JPSS INSTRUMENT
- CUBESAT
- LAUNCH DATE TBD
- (PRE) FORMULATION
- IMPLEMENTATION
- OPERATING
- EXTENDED

DSCOV

JAN-MAR, 2023

DDD

		IP ADDRESS	USER NAME			
<u>date</u> <u>month</u>	count	dc(UserIP)	dc(user_name)	Bytes		Megabytes
january	11470	45	23	3.10087E+12		2957218.398
february	3453	34	31	6.51581E+11		621395.7082
march	26031	43	24	3.00364E+12		2864499.062

DSCOVER					
JAN-MAR, 2023					
DDD					
MissInProd = Mission / Instrument / Product					
40,970 events (1/1/23 12:00:00.000 AM to 4/1/23 12:00:00.000 AM)					
MissInProd	count	dc(UserIP)	dc(user_name)	Bytes	Megabytes
DSCOVER/EPIC/L1A	22	8	7	2585192736	2465.431915
DSCOVER/EPIC/L1B	5524	17	13	1.94407E+12	1854008.893
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_AERF_01	11	2	2	387078599	369.1469183
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_AER_03	5189	13	7	5.1436E+11	490532.3366
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_AOCH_01	68	6	5	2664079202	2540.663912
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_CLOUDFRACTION_01	21	5	2	1351782	1.289159775
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_CLOUD_03	7236	14	12	1.99824E+12	1905672.725
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_COMPOSITE_01	6	2	2	251113442	239.4804401
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_COMPOSITE_02	54	9	5	484323634	461.8870106
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_GLINT_01	4	1	1	4296971	4.097910881
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_MAIAC_02	22156	21	9	2.29127E+12	2185122.726
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_O3SO2AI_02	4	1	1	68246121	65.08457279
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_O3SO2AI_03	15	4	4	137106127	130.7545919
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_SO2_02	22	5	5	1072031030	1022.36846
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_TO3_03	15	5	2	1164547734	1110.599264
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_VESDR_02	23	8	7	263544158	251.3352947
DSCOVER/EPIC/L3_PAR	26	7	3	43871828	41.83943558
DSCOVER/EPIC/L3_PAR_01	7	3	3	509223873	485.633729
DSCOVER/EPIC/L4_TrO3_01	44	12	8	584138575	557.0779562
DSCOVER/NIST/L2	12	5	4	270849	0.258301735
DSCOVER/NISTAR_V3/L1A	28	5	5	105052570	100.1859379
DSCOVER/NISTAR_V3/L1B	358	2	2	2529228977	2412.060716
DSCOVER/NISTAR_V3/L1B_FILTERED	12	4	3	236962	0.225984573
public/DSCOVER/EPIC	1	1	1	144314	0.137628555

DSCOVER						
JAN-DEC, 2022						
DDD						
MissInProd = Mission / Instrument / Product						
392,777 events (1/1/22 12:00:00.000 AM to 1/1/23 12:00:00.000 AM)						
MissInProd	count	dc(UserIP)	dc(user_name)	Bytes	Megabytes	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L1A	22295	68	50	8.11607E+12	7740086.243	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L1B	84583	111	70	2.98259E+13	28444233.45	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_AERF_01	81	19	13	1469808971	1401.719066	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_AER_03	68903	96	43	9.94341E+12	9482772.749	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_AOCH_01	40	9	6	261582835	249.4648314	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_CLOUDFRACTION_01	42	12	8	2420174	2.308057785	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_CLOUD_03	89462	112	77	2.5309E+13	24136544.74	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_COMPOSITE_01	296	19	20	15132138953	14431.13227	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_COMPOSITE_02	391	17	13	34997177943	33375.90975	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_GLINT_01	184	45	15	182468993	174.0159922	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_MAIAC_02	58577	56	30	5.91705E+12	5642938.549	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_O3SO2AI_02	2616	21	22	1.75323E+11	167201.5109	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_O3SO2AI_03	5097	23	12	3.41204E+11	325397.4498	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_SO2_02	676	27	19	89909285509	85744.1764	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_TO3_03	1622	26	17	3.07744E+11	293487.8645	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L2_VESDR_02	48445	39	29	1.62053E+12	1545453.612	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L3_PAR	105	28	17	110040593	104.9428873	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L3_PAR_01	4081	38	21	6.64761E+11	633965.8204	
DSCOVER/EPIC/L4_TrO3_01	450	46	24	62022519791	59149.28416	
DSCOVER/NIST/L2	122	28	19	3487477	3.325917244	
DSCOVER/NISTAR_V3/L1A	3118	21	21	50255965999	47927.82402	
DSCOVER/NISTAR_V3/L1B	624	23	16	3935459875	3753.147006	
DSCOVER/NISTAR_V3/L1B_FILTERED	150	18	16	338521567	322.839324	

ASDC in the Cloud

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 - The size of future datasets makes on-premise archiving undesirable
 - SWOT and NISAR are most often cited
 - Building an AWS-native ingest and archive system called Cumulus that is intended to be used by all DAACs
 - ESDIS pays for the storage. Users pay for their own compute resources.
 - Data download will still be available free of charge

ASDC in the Cloud

- ASDC engaged in a “Phase I” onboarding activity with ESDIS support
 - Period of performance is July 2020 to December 2021
 - Selected a small number of data sets from MISR, MOPITT, and CERES to ingest as part of this first phase
 - Data will still be ingested and stored at ASDC with a copy sent to AWS
 - Phase I does not include any services such as subsetting, etc.
 - Data will continue to be archived on site at ASDC for the foreseeable future
- Guiding Principles
 - User experience will not be interrupted or degraded
 - Activities are being planned in a way to avoid introducing technical and schedule risks and dependencies
 - ASDC will work closely with ESDIS to identify risks, technical challenges and uncertainties, and proposing concepts and architectures for mitigating any issues that arise



DSCOV				
JAN-MAR, 2023				
OPeNDAP		IP ADDRESS		
<u>date_month</u>	count	dc(clientip)	Bytes	Megabytes
january	0	0	0	0
february	0	0	0	0
march	61	4	538636	0.513683319

MissInProd	count	dc(clientip)	Bytes	Megabytes
OPeNDAP				
MissInProd = Mission / Instrument / Product				
Complete 3,205 events (1/1/23 12:00:00.000 AM to 4/1/23 12:00:00.000 AM)				
DSCOVR/EPIC/L2_AERF_01	3	2	28182	0.02687645
DSCOVR/EPIC/L2_AER_03	8	2	3530814	3.367246628
DSCOVR/EPIC/L2_AOCH_01	13	4	94889720	90.49388885
DSCOVR/EPIC/L2_COMPOSITE_01	4	2	41728	0.039794922
DSCOVR/EPIC/L2_COMPOSITE_02	5	2	59320	0.05657196
DSCOVR/EPIC/L2_GLINT_01	5	2	64110	0.06114006
DSCOVR/EPIC/L2_MAIAC_02	14	3	7797299	7.436083794
DSCOVR/EPIC/L2_O3SO2AI_02	1	1	12669	0.0120821
DSCOVR/EPIC/L2_O3SO2AI_03	5	3	67420	0.064296722
DSCOVR/EPIC/L2_SO2_02	11	3	528550	0.50406456
DSCOVR/EPIC/L2_TO3_03	2	2	26928	0.025680542
DSCOVR/EPIC/L2_VESDR_02	1	1	11844	0.011295319
DSCOVR/EPIC/L3_PAR_01	2	2	26113	0.024903297
DSCOVR/EPIC/L4_TrO3_01	18	5	5637401	5.376244545



ASDC Data Distribution: Tools and Services

✓ NASA Earthdata Search

- metadata ◦ browse ◦ download
- customize ◦ HTTPS and AWS S3 direct data access



✓ NASA Earthdata WorldView

- visualize ◦ GIBS API



✓ NASA Earthdata Harmony

- transform ◦ subset ◦ reformat



✓ NASA Earthdata GIS

- ArcGIS Image & Feature Service
- OGC WMS, WFS & WCS



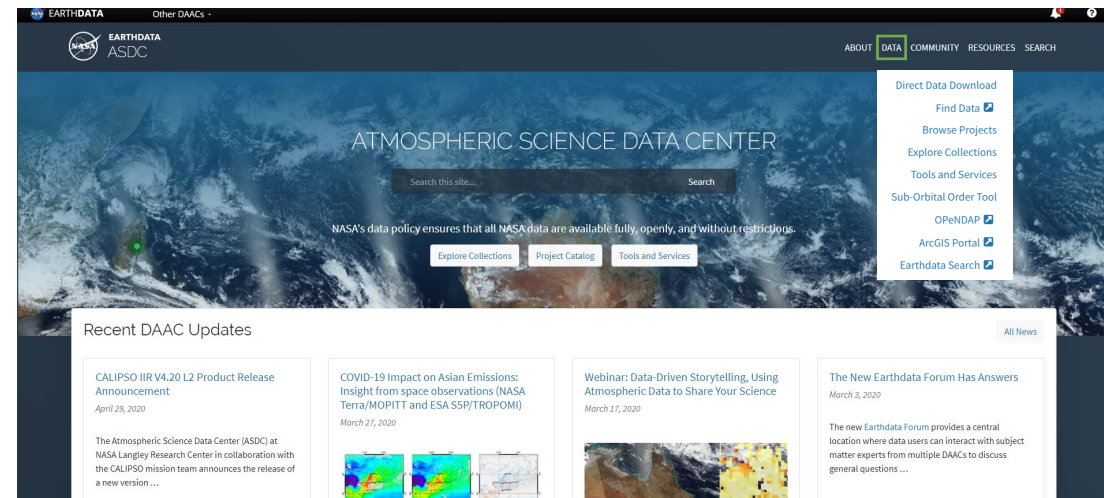
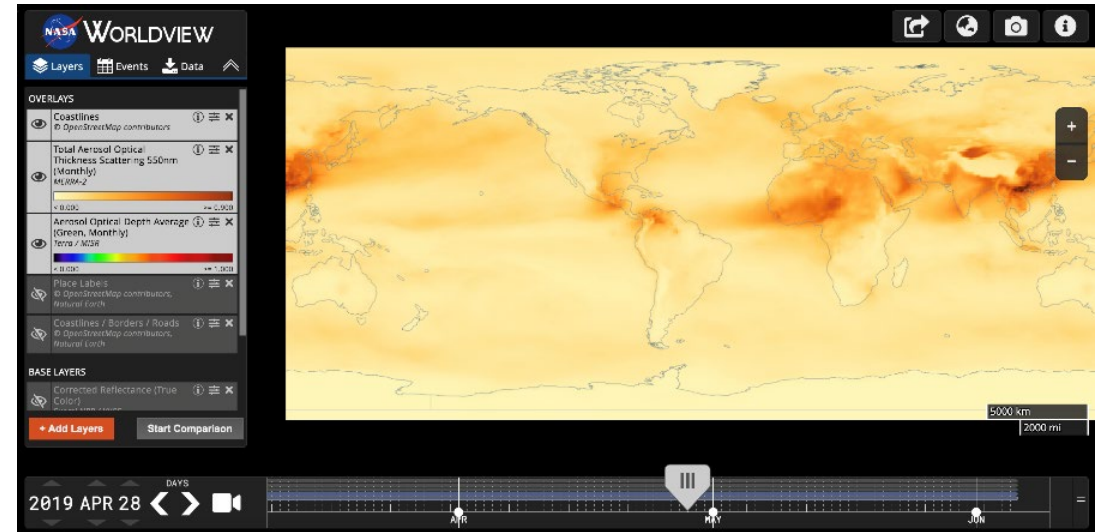
✓ OPeNDAP

- transform ◦ subset ◦ reformat



✓ ASDC Subsetters

- subset ◦ aggregate



User Support and Other Resources

Example scripts

- Python/Jupyter Notebook ◦ R scripts
- contributed tutorials/scripts

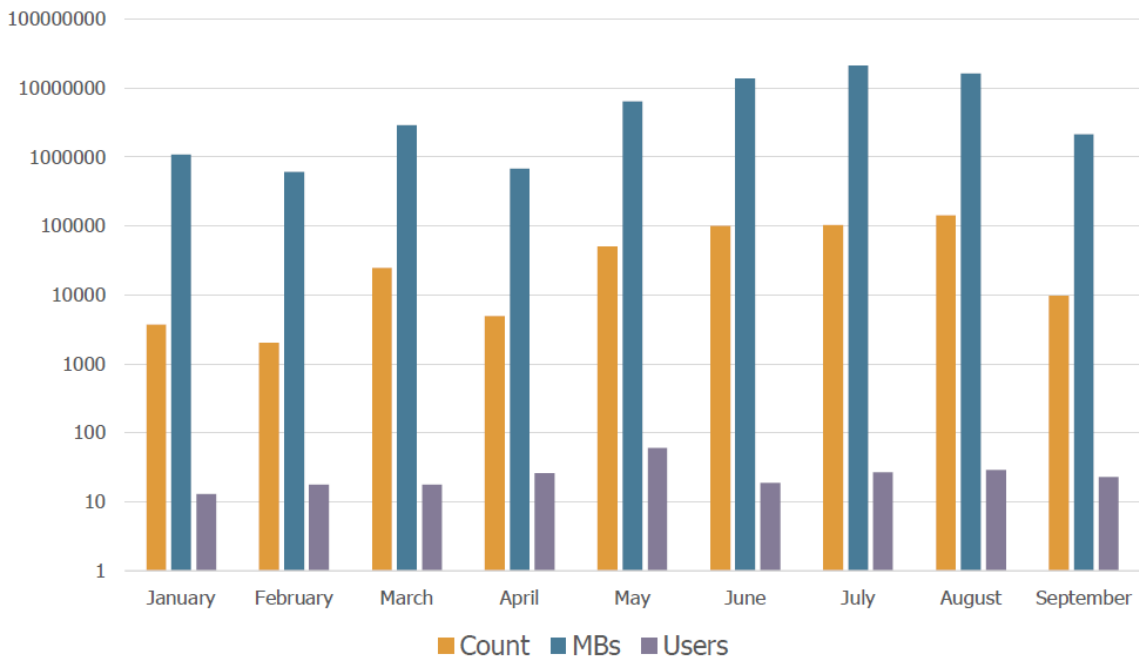


Earthdata Forum <https://forum.earthdata.nasa.gov/>

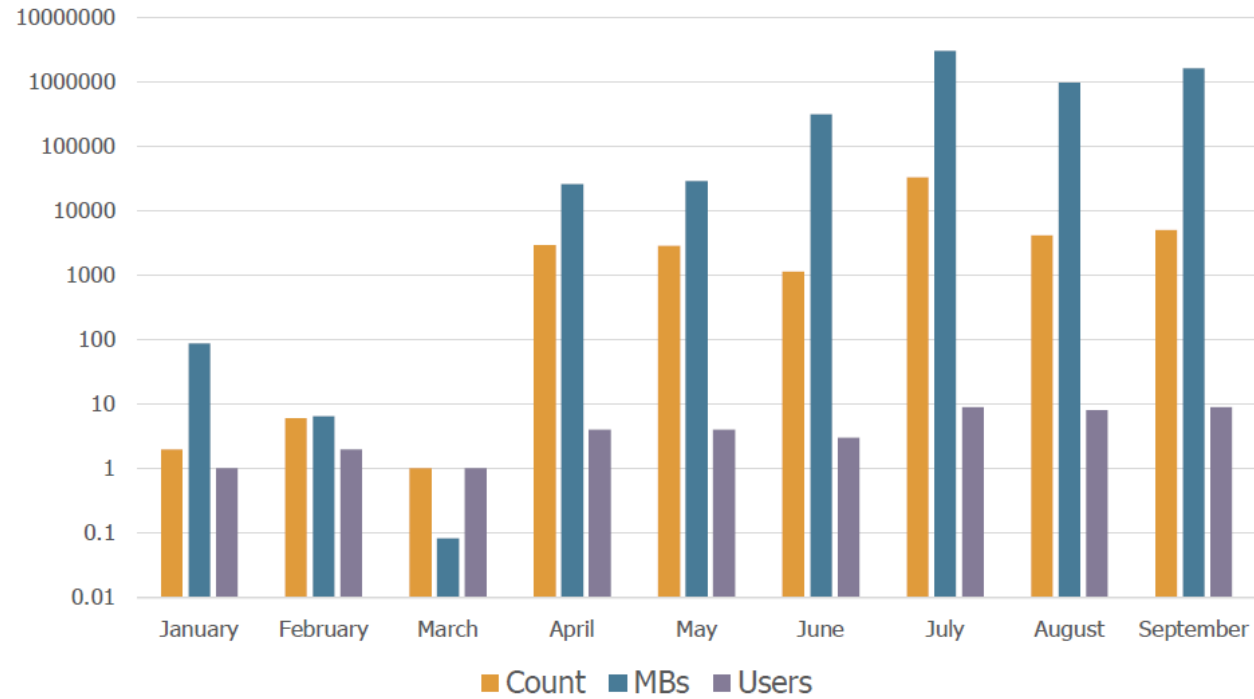
ASDC User Support support-asdc@earthdata.nasa.gov

<https://asdc.larc.nasa.gov/>

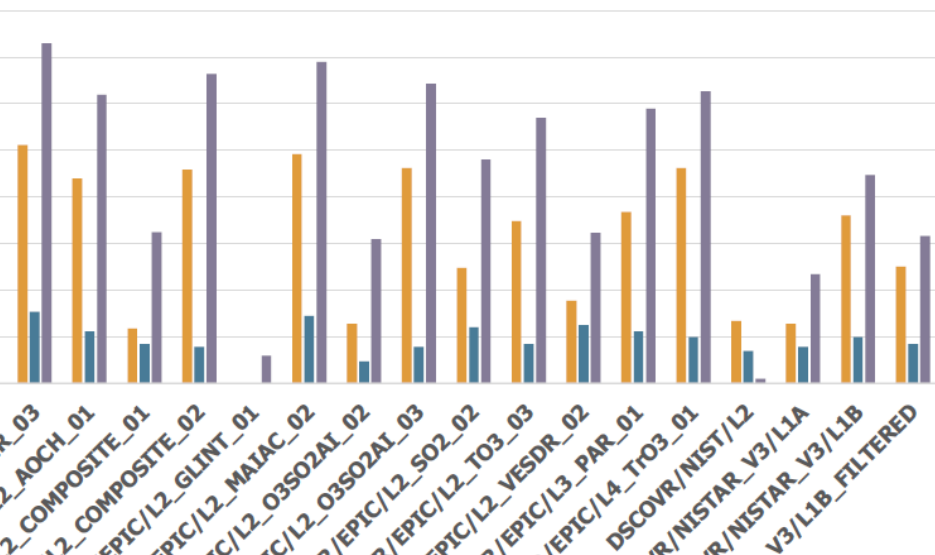
DDD 2023



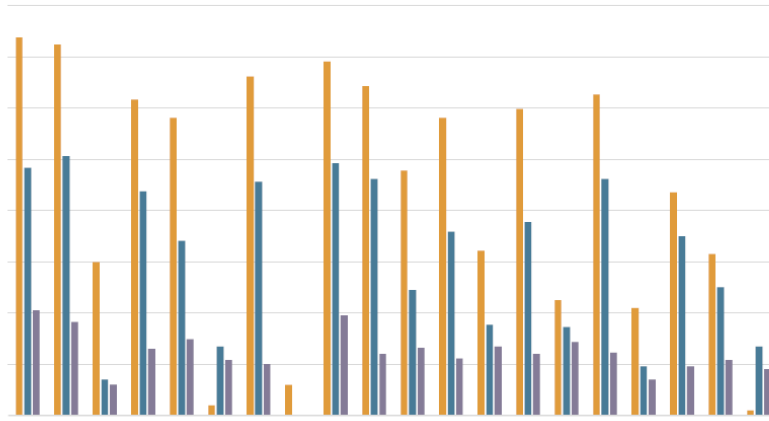
OPeNDAP 2023



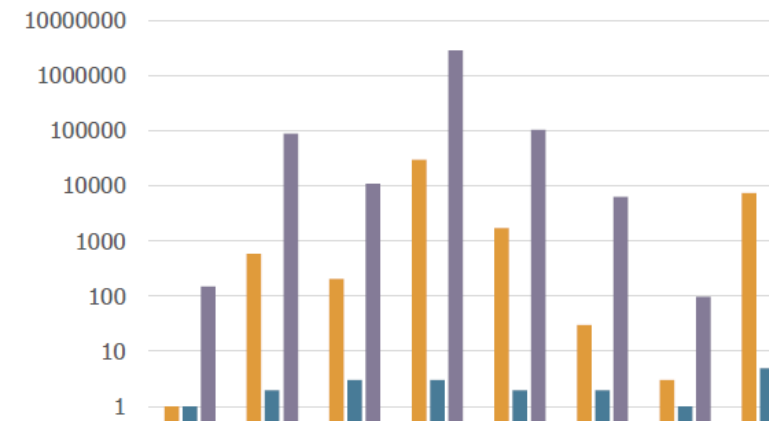
DDD January to September 2023

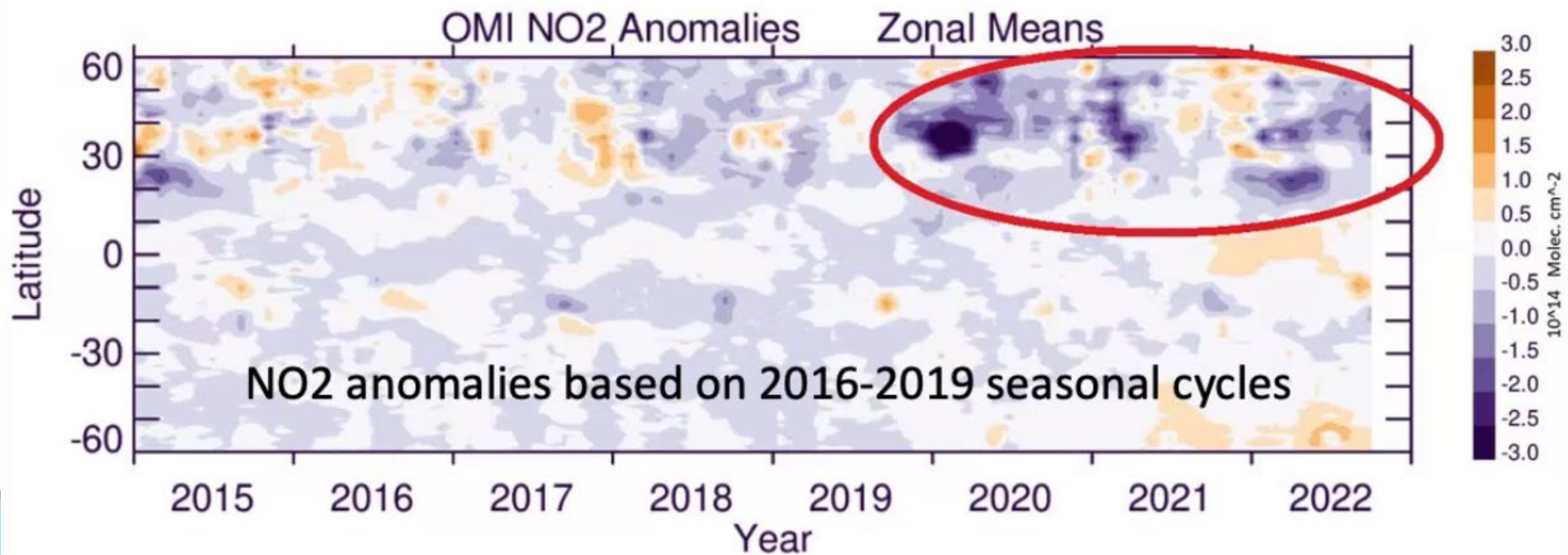
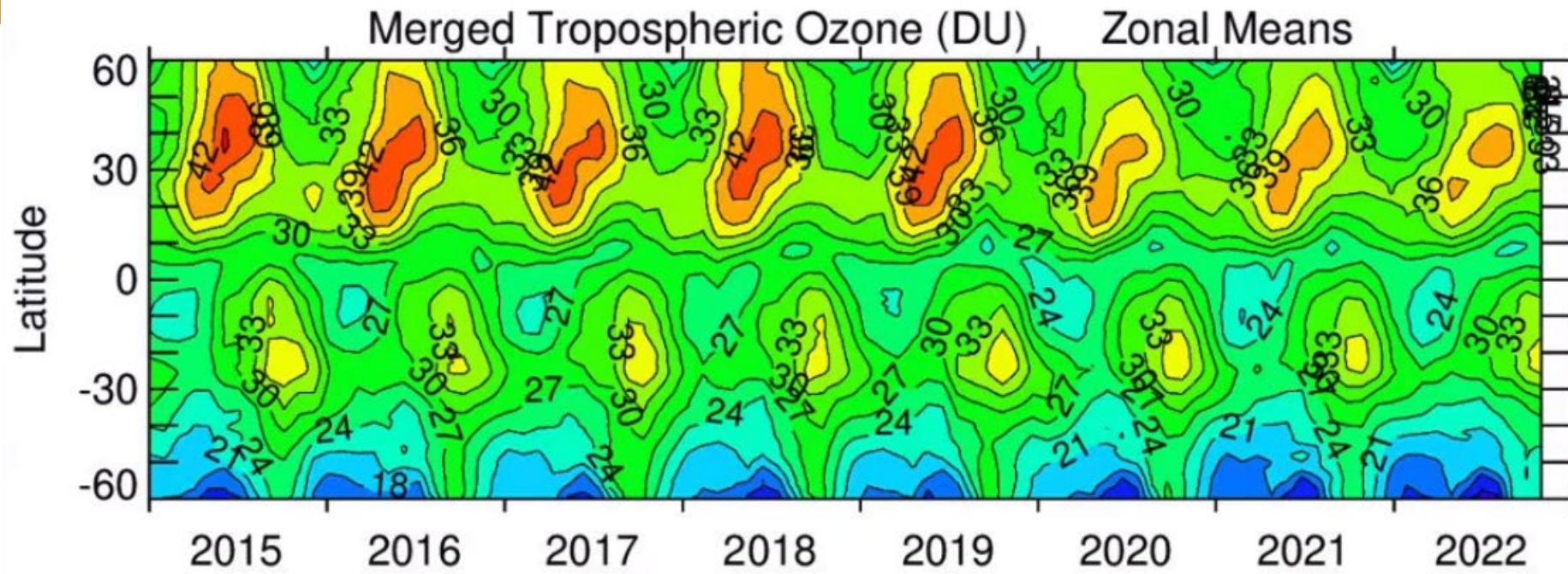


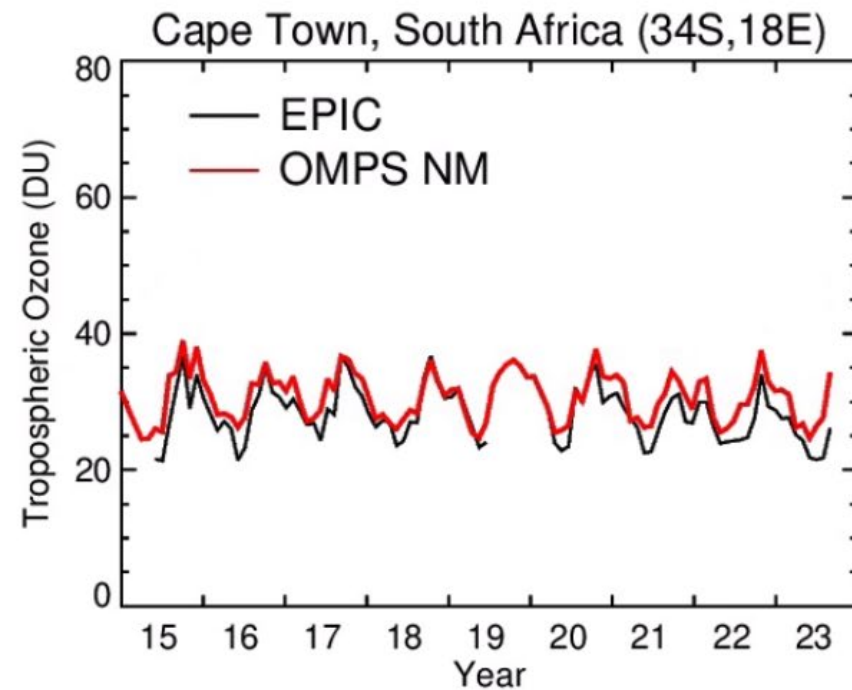
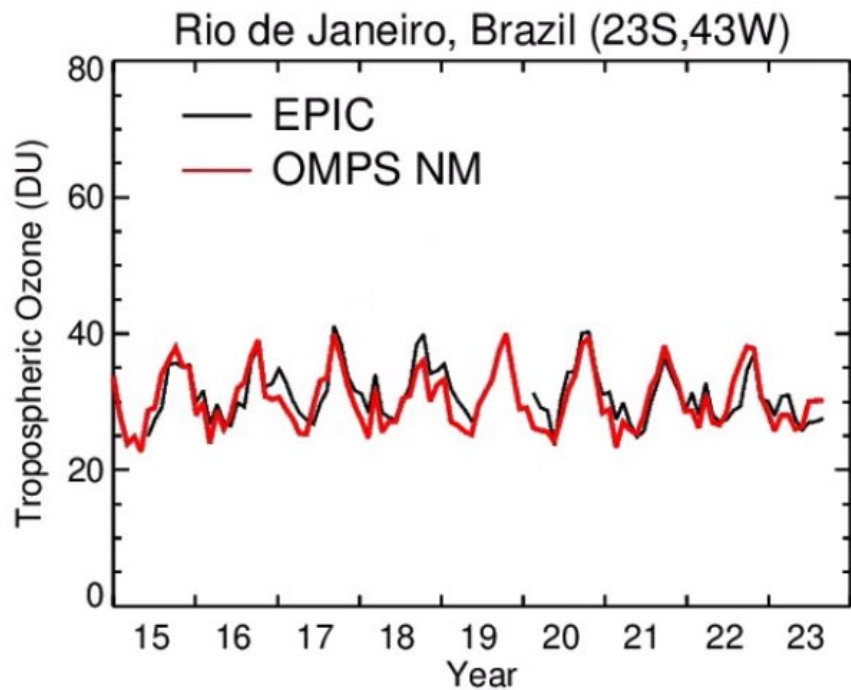
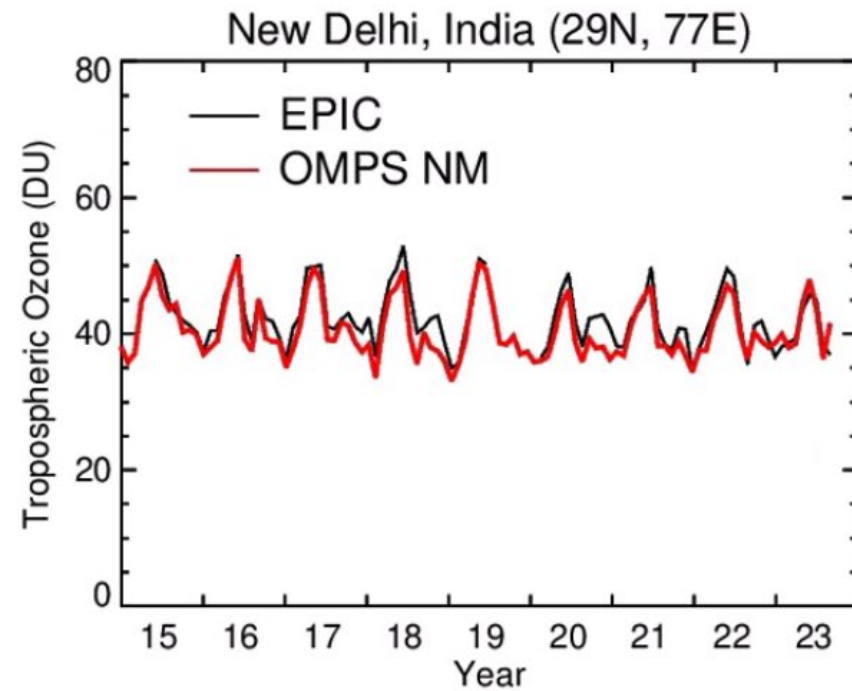
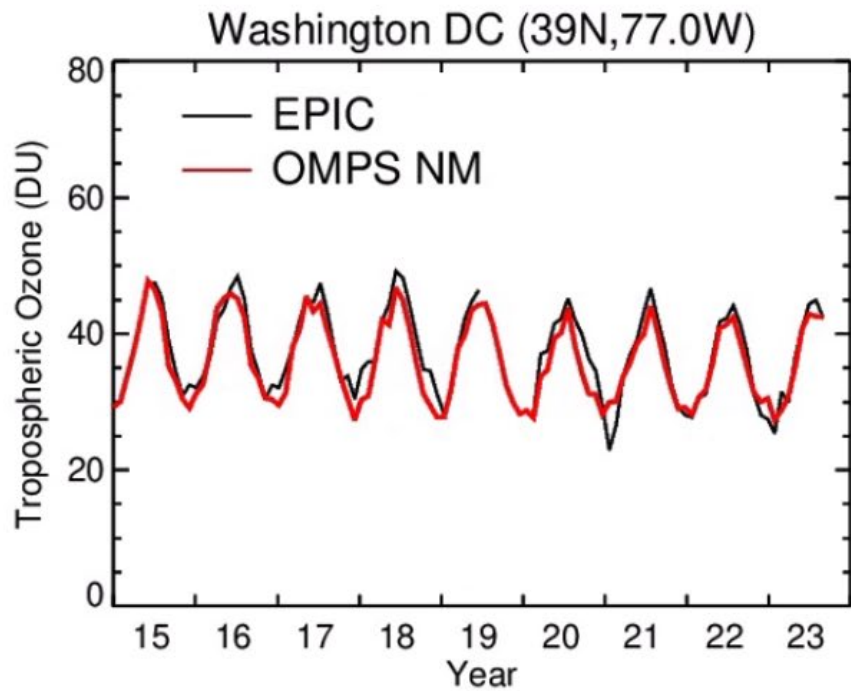
EMS January to September 2023



OPeNDAP January to September 2023

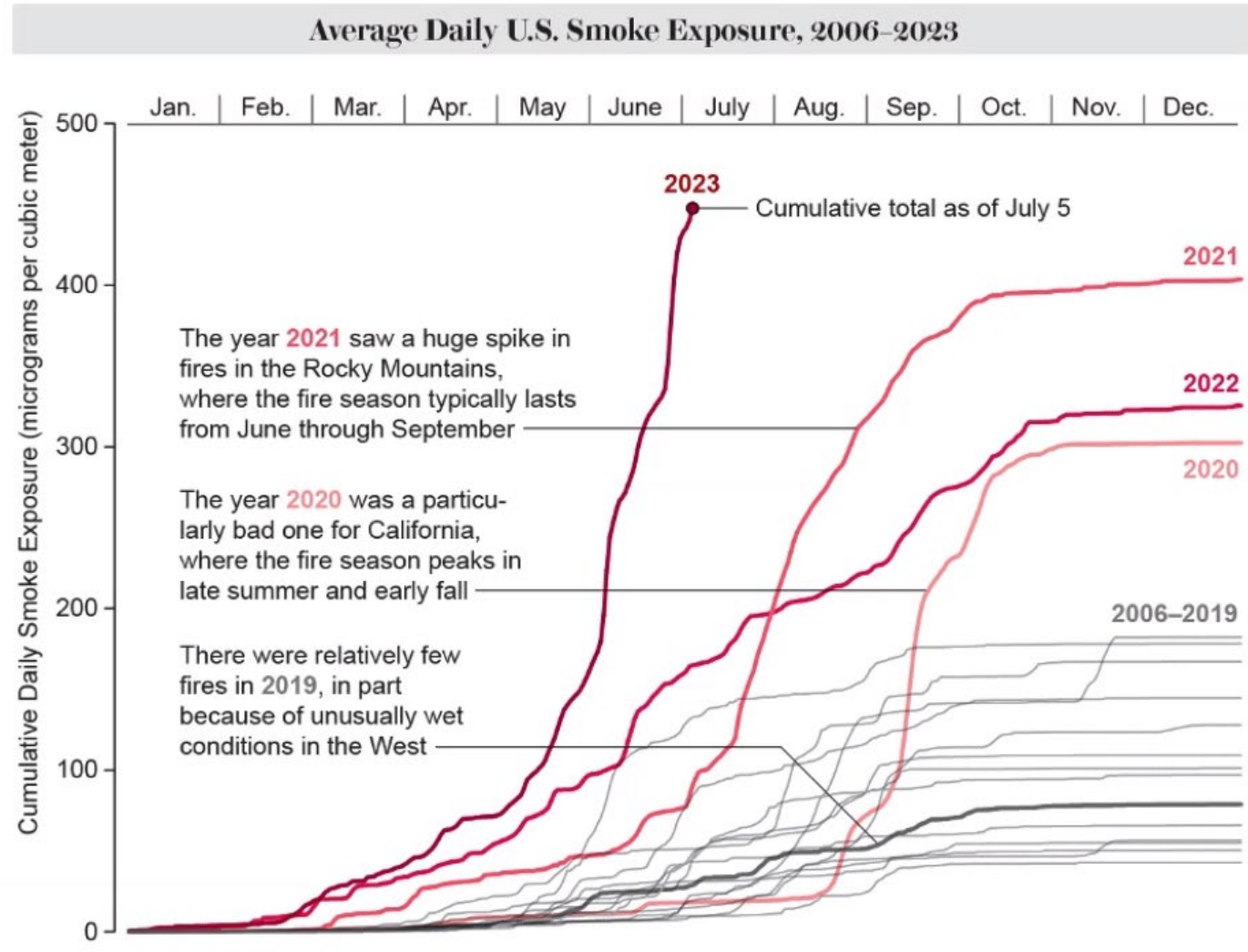






Increasing cumulative daily smoke exposure in recent years

MAIAC AOD product will soon be released on EDS. This product differentiate between smoke and dust



Credit: Amanda Montañez;

Source: Environmental Change and Human Outcomes Lab (ECHOLab), Stanford University

ABSTRACT. Observing the Earth from the Moon's surface has important scientific and technical advantages. The apparent librational movement of the Earth in the Moon's sky complicates observations of the Earth. The angular diameter of the Earth as seen from the Moon's surface is $1.8\text{--}2.0^\circ$, depending on the Earth–Moon distance. The libration of the Moon in latitude reaches an amplitude of 6.68° and has a main period of 27.21 d. The libration of the Moon in longitude, reaching an amplitude of 7.9° , has a period of 27.55 d. This causes the center of the Earth to move in the Moon's sky in a rectangle measuring $13.4^\circ \times 15.8^\circ$. The trajectory of the Earth's motion in this rectangle has a period of 6 years (or 2190.34 d).

[1]. Gorkavyi, N., Carn, S., DeLand, M., Knyazikhin, Y., Krotkov, N., Marshak A., Myneni, R. and Vasilkov, A.: Earth Imaging From the Surface of the Moon With a DSCOVR/EPIC-Type Camera. *Front. Remote Sens.* 2:724074. doi: 10.3389/frsen.2021.724074, 2021.

[2]. Gorkavyi, N., Krotkov, N., and Marshak, A.: Earth observations from the Moon's surface: dependence on lunar libration, *Atmos. Meas. Tech.*, 16, 1527–1537, <https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-16-1527-2023>, 2023. **Cumulative views and downloads: >8500.**

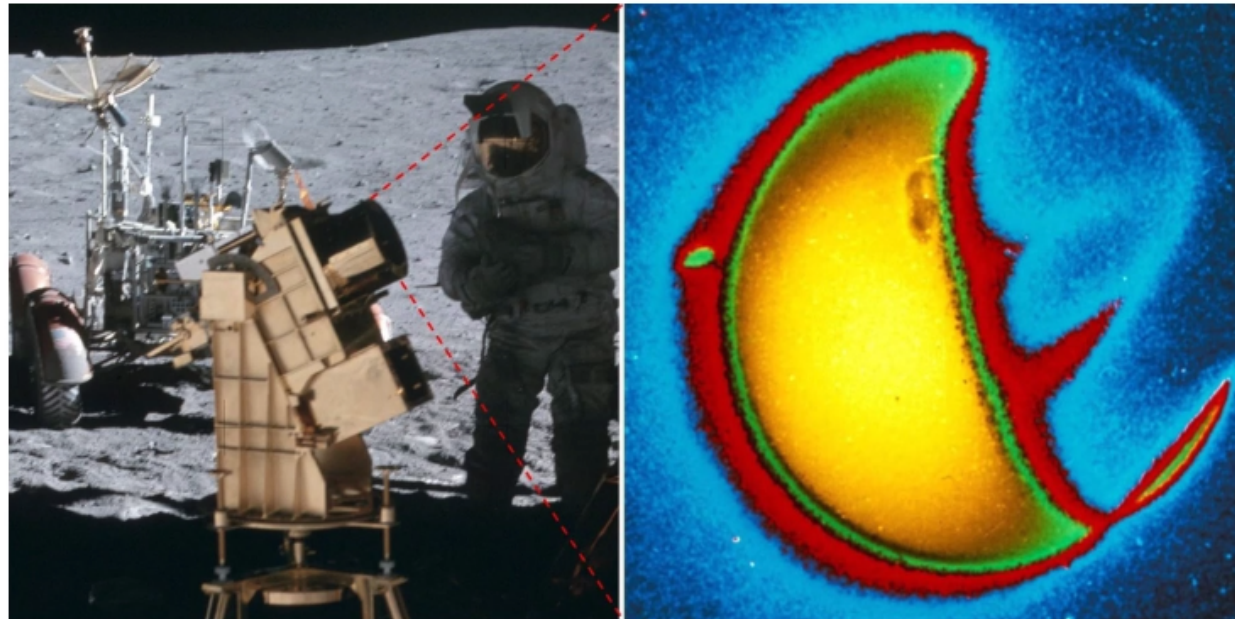


Figure 1. (from [2]) **Left:** a far-ultraviolet camera and spectrograph was operated on the lunar surface during the **Apollo 16 mission**, April 1972 (credits: NASA, Apollo 16).

Right: the Earth, photographed in far-ultraviolet light (1304 angstroms) by astronaut John W. Young. Credits: George Carruthers (NRL) and Thornton Page (JSC), Far UV Camera, NASA, Apollo 16; based on the image AS16-123-19657 (Mason, 2019).

View from EPIC
(12 October 2015)



**Earth observations from
the Moon's surface
compared to
L1 observations:**

Scientific advantages

1. Smaller distance (~4 times)
2. Richer phase angles (0°-180°)
3. Night side and twilight zone of the Earth

Technical benefits

1. Orbital stability
2. Possibility for repair
3. Robust connection with the Earth

View from LRO
(12 October 2015)



“Use the Moon as a platform for Earth-observing studies . . . The observations from the Moon will have higher resolution than would similar observations made from L1. Myriad science investigations targeting topics such as lightning, Earth’s albedo, atmosphere, and exosphere . . . , the oceans, infrared emission, and radar interferometry may be accomplished from the surface of the Moon. The Moon also offers a unique vantage point for full-disk observations . . .”
(Artemis III Science, 2020).

STM Feedback and way forward

~30 in person and ~ 30 online with international attendees and international questions. AWS curiosity

The Science team is very glad to see the poster and asked how can we get PANDORA and AERONET on EDS?

99% Scientific presentations, Geophysical Retrievals, Geolocation. ASDC had the only poster.

The Science team recommended to have a 10-15 time slot to present this great work in addition to the poster for side discussions.

Can we get Data usage metrics vs. Publications/Citation?

EPIC DSCOVR has a global coverage. Can we present metrics for usage per country?

MAIAC AOD product will soon be released on EDS. This product will differentiate Aerosols between smoke and dust.

The Science teams are not familiar with OPeNDAP. ASDC needs to develop a code for Facilitating OPeNDAP usage.

It will be a great to have EPIC DSCOVR on ASDC ArcGIS Portal, especially ozone/Aerosol products.

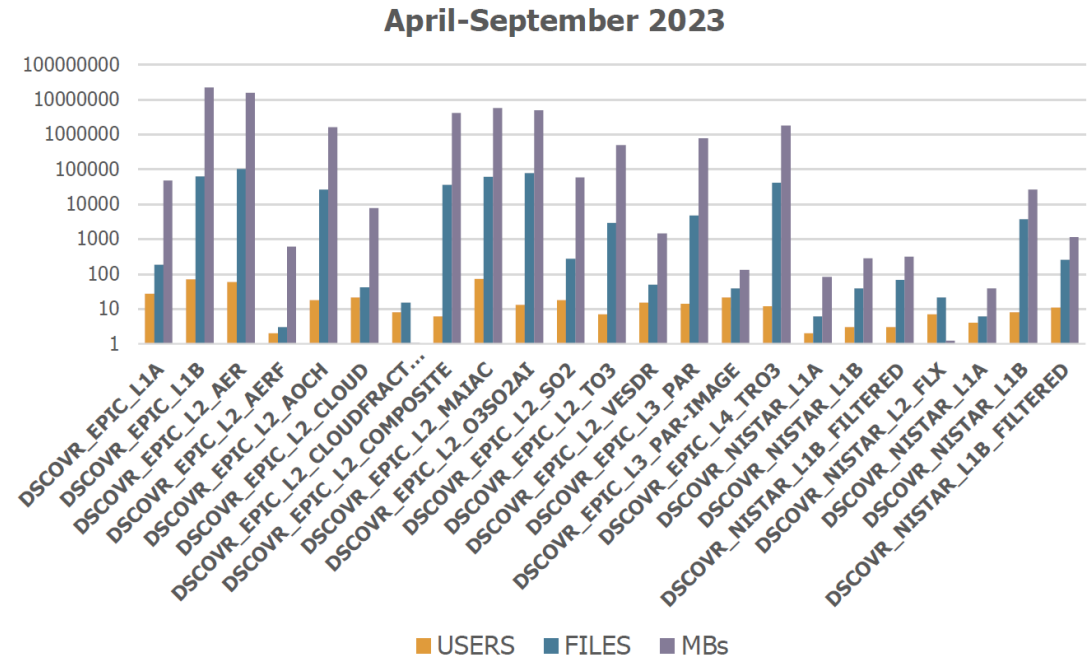
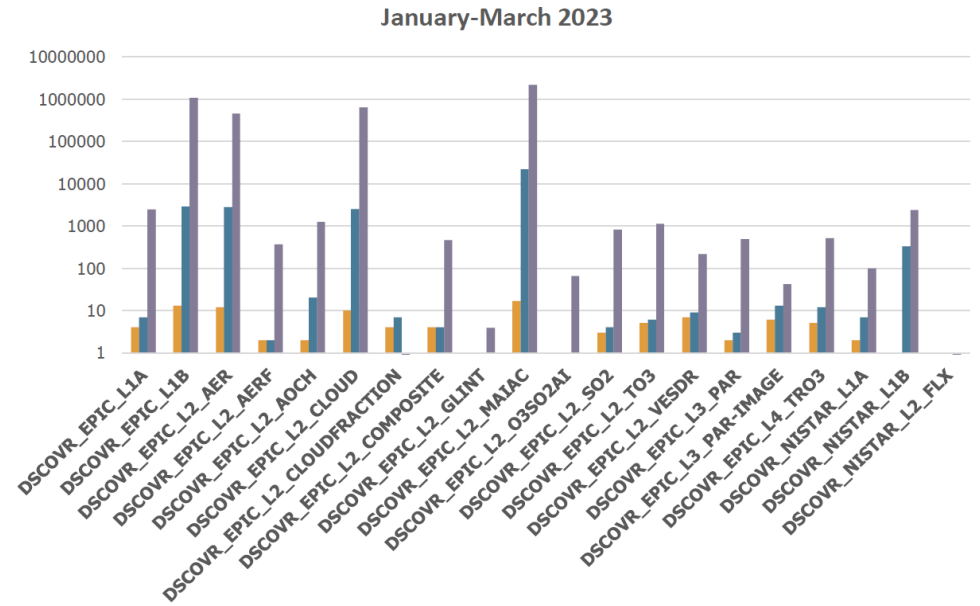
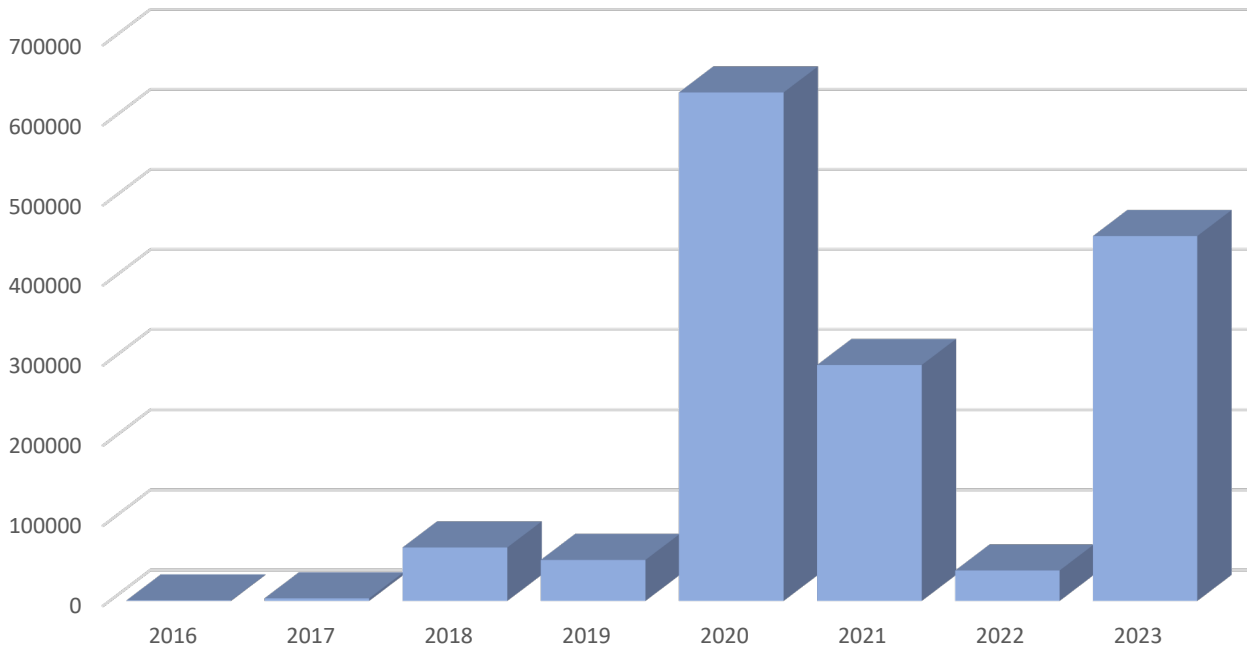
This will help TEMPO users to use ASDC products for extended trends.

Poster

DSCOVER Data Products: Number of Users, Files and Size per Product for 2023

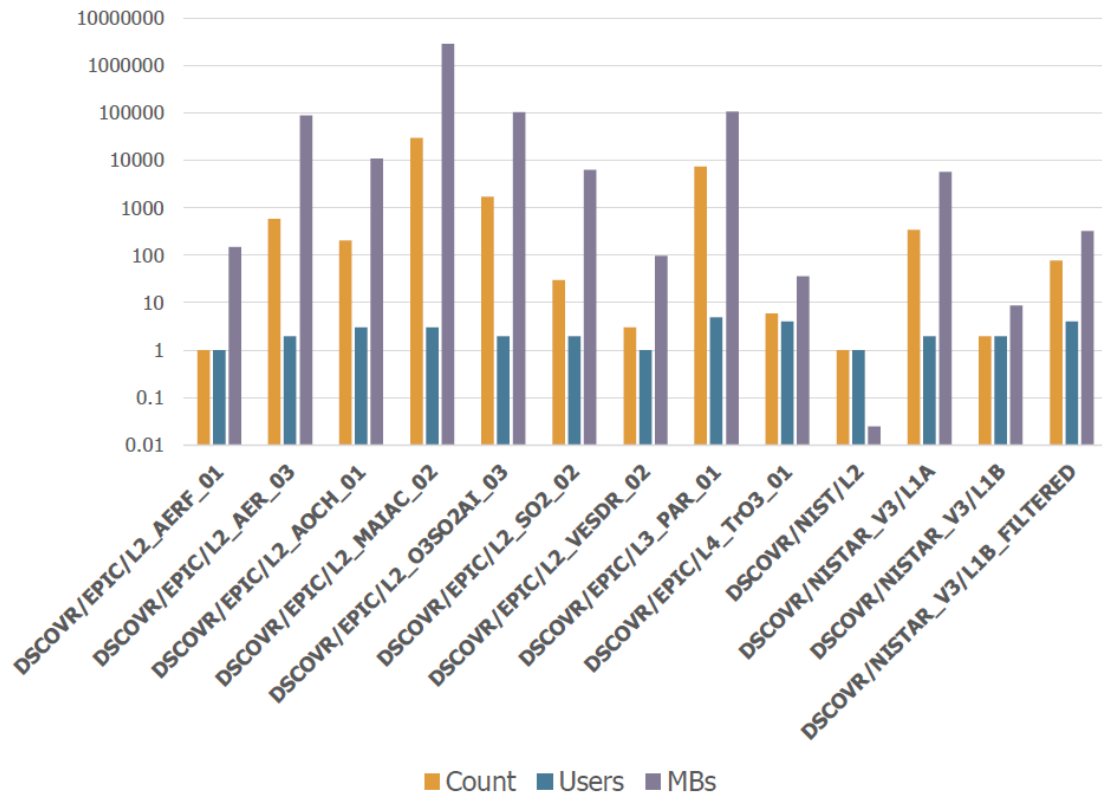
30,748 files from January to March
424,592 files from April to September

EPIC/NISTAR Total Granules Distribution per year



OPeNDAP

OPeNDAP January to September 2023



OPeNDAP 2023

