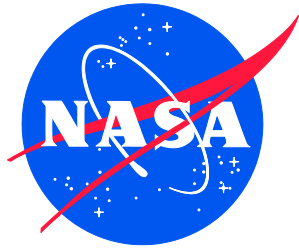


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Proceedings of the Infrared Detector Technical Interchange Meeting

Compiled by

*Upendra N. Singh/NESC
Langley Research Center, Hampton, Virginia*

*Jessica A. Gaskin
Marshall Space Flight Center, Huntsville, Alabama*

May 2025

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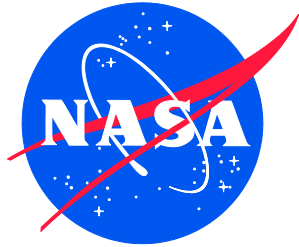
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Proceedings of the Infrared Detector Technical Interchange Meeting
sponsored by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration
and held at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Pasadena, CA
August 27 through 28, 2024

National Aeronautics and
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Langley Research Center
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Contents

Introduction.....	1
1.0 Infrared Detector Technical Interchange Meeting, August 27 through 28, 2024	4
1.1 Final Agenda	4
1.2 Attendees and Contact List.....	6

Introduction

Infrared (IR) detector technology is critical for NASA's future missions, many of which require state-of-the-art infrared payloads in support of the Science Mission Directorate (SMD), Space Technology Mission Directorate (STMD), and Exploration Mission Directorate (EOMD). Sensors utilized in IR missions span a wide gamut, including multispectral, polarimetric imaging, point-source detection, scanning dispersive hyperspectral imaging, staring interferometric hyperspectral imaging, and astronomical imaging. Space-qualified IR detectors are a leading item on NASA's critical technology lists as they are key enablers for many science missions. The objectives and IR sensor needs for future NASA missions are described in the most recent decadal surveys for Earth Science, Planetary Science, Heliophysics, and Astronomy and Astrophysics:

- [Thriving on Our Changing Planet: A Decadal Strategy for Earth Observation from Space](https://www.nationalacademies.org/our-work/decadal-survey-for-earth-science-and-applications-from-space)¹
- [Origins, Worlds, and Life: A Decadal Strategy for Planetary Science and Astrobiology 2023-2032](https://www.nationalacademies.org/our-work/planetary-science-and-astrobiology-decadal-survey-2023-2032)²
- [Solar and Space Physics: A Science for a Technological Society](https://www.nationalacademies.org/our-work/a-decadal-strategy-for-solar-and-space-physics-heliophysics)³
- [Pathways to Discovery in Astronomy and Astrophysics for the 2020s](https://www.nationalacademies.org/our-work/decadal-survey-on-astronomy-and-astrophysics-2020-astro2020)⁴

The NASA Engineering and Safety Center (NESC) Sensors and Instrumentation Technical Discipline Team (S&I TDT) established an IR Detector Community of Practice (CoP) in December 2023 to promote knowledge sharing among science and engineering practitioners and to assess current and future capabilities relevant to future NASA missions. The IR Detector CoP organized a Technical Interchange Meeting (TIM) that was held on August 27-28, 2024 at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory in Pasadena, CA that convened about 80 attendees from NASA HQ and Centers, Federally Funded Research and Development Centers (FFRDCs)/ University Affiliated Research Centers (UARCs), government agencies and industrial organizations to openly discuss future NASA technology needs and the latest technology developments in IR detectors that span the 2-1000 micron wavelength range.

Program managers and technologists from NASA HQ and Centers, including JPL, provided an overview of the priority IR technology needs and requirements for upcoming missions and identified significant specific research areas that will benefit from IR detector and focal plane array (FPA) technology maturation. Advanced IR detectors/FPAs will enable Earth science on terrestrial and space-based platforms, for example, in applications and observations for climate study, hydrological cycle, land surface vegetation and temperature, and coastal erosion. These instruments, with low noise and high detection efficiency, are also critical to Astrophysics applications such as characterizing faint objects (e.g. Earth-like planets around other stars), detecting fluctuations in the Cosmic Microwave Background, and studying the birth of galaxies. Similarly, for Planetary Science, these instruments can be used to find asteroids and comets, and to spectroscopically map planets in our own solar system. The establishment of research and development on material science theory and growth, read-out circuitry, device fabrication, characterization, packaging, and testing will result in enhanced performance of IR detectors/FPAs for the community. There is, however, a need for agency-wide technology leadership that will

¹ <https://www.nationalacademies.org/our-work/decadal-survey-for-earth-science-and-applications-from-space>

² <https://www.nationalacademies.org/our-work/planetary-science-and-astrobiology-decadal-survey-2023-2032>

³ <https://www.nationalacademies.org/our-work/a-decadal-strategy-for-solar-and-space-physics-heliophysics>

⁴ <https://www.nationalacademies.org/our-work/decadal-survey-on-astronomy-and-astrophysics-2020-astro2020>

address mission constraints related to instrument performance, mass, power, and volume since there is no existing technology that could fulfill every specific mission requirement. Depending on the mission constraints, IR detector/FPA technology is chosen to maximize return of research investment on science data.

Representatives from multiple DoD organizations and DoD-funded contractors provided overview presentations of their IR sensor portfolios and technology development roadmaps. NASA had the opportunity to assess applicability of the significant investments and advancements within the DoD community for detectors up to 15 micron in wavelength. The DoD and NASA share common long-term challenges for producing space-qualified IR sensors due to limited domestic resources for mixed-signal silicon foundries and radiation testing. To facilitate information sharing, NASA has been invited to participate in two annual meetings organized by the DoD – the FPA Technical Workshop (typically held in February) and the Market Research Forum (typically held in September). These meetings provide deep insight into the DoD’s technology roadmaps, programmatic needs driving the development activities, and the underlying investment strategies.

Beyond 15 micron wavelengths, notable progress is being made in superconducting-based detectors for single-photon counting and far-IR sensors. Representatives from leading FFRDCs and government labs such as NIST, JPL, GSFC, MIT Lincoln Laboratory and Argonne National Laboratory gave briefings on the latest results in the field of superconducting detectors, including microwave kinetic inductance detectors (MKIDs), superconducting nanowires single photon detectors (SNSPDs), quantum capacitance detectors (QCDs), and transition-edge sensors (TESs). Superconducting sensors offer the highest level of sensitivity and performance for space applications, but they require costly and SWAP-intensive flight cryogenics. There has been significant advancement in superconducting detector capabilities at a very rapid pace, despite the fact that R&D funding is very small by semiconductor detector standards. Many of the most immediate applications for far-IR superconducting detectors within NASA are in Astrophysics. As an example, JPL and GSFC are working jointly on PRIMA, a far-infrared Probe Explorer mission which is currently in Phase A. If selected, PRIMA will fly 120 mK MKID arrays with world-leading sensitivity and noise performance, and a cryogenic 1.8-m telescope. Superconducting detectors also offer significant performance advantages at near-IR wavelengths as well, such as time- and energy-resolved single photon counting, zero read noise and negligible dark counts, and high detection efficiency at near-IR wavelengths. These sensors are currently being used on the ground for deep-space optical communication projects such as Deep Space Optical Communications (DSOC) and Orion Artemis II Optical Communications System (aka O2O), and may have cross-cutting applications for NASA in quantum sensing applications.

The intent of this TIM was to evaluate relevant NASA-needed technologies and developments, identify opportunities for investments and collaboration, and formulate agency-level strategies to meet its near- and far- term needs for science and exploration missions. The presentations and contact information for the participants were distributed to all attendees.

Biographies of Meeting Chairs

Brett Nosho

Brett Nosho is a Senior Engineering Specialist in the Visible and Infrared Sensor Systems Department at The Aerospace Corporation. He has over 25 years of experience in the growth, fabrication and development of infrared detector materials and focal plane arrays based on HgCdTe and III-V compound semiconductor materials. Prior to joining Aerospace, he received his Ph.D. from the University of California, Santa Barbara and then spent two years as a National Research Council Research Associate at the Naval Research Laboratory. He has co-authored one book chapter, contributed to over 70 technical papers and proceedings and has been awarded 12 patents.

Sarath Gunapala

Sarath Gunapala is the Deputy Section Manager of the Microdevices & Sensor Systems Section at the NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory. He has 40 years of experience in the infrared detector and focal plane arrays development based on III-V compound semiconductor materials. He is a Fellow of SPIE, IEEE, & Optica, a senior research scientist and a Fellow of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory. Dr. Gunapala has authored over 400 publications, including 14 book chapters, and holds twenty-seven U.S. patents.

Matthew Shaw

Matt Shaw is the supervisor of the Superconducting and Quantum Devices group at JPL. He also holds guest researcher appointments at Caltech and at the University of Maryland. He has led the development of SNSPD technology at JPL since 2012. Prior to joining JPL, he was a postdoc studying superconducting quantum optomechanics at Caltech.

1.0 Infrared Detector Technical Interchange Meeting, August 27 through 28, 2024

1.1 Final Agenda

Tuesday, August 27				
8:00 AM	9:00 AM	Arrival and Badging		
9:00 AM	9:05 AM	Opening and Logistics	Brett Nosho, Sarath Gunapala	
9:05 AM	9:10 AM	NESC Welcome	Upendra Singh, Mike Kirsch	
9:10 AM	9:40 AM	NASA HQ	Mario Perez	Astrophysics Update and Technology Gaps: IR Detectors
9:40 AM	10:10 AM	NASA GSFC	Bernie Rauscher	IR and Visible Detectors for Astro 2020 Missions
10:10 AM	10:30 AM	NASA LaRC	Tamer Refaat	Review of Detector Requirements and Technologies for 2- μ m Lidar Applications at NASA Langley Research Center
10:30 AM	10:40 AM	Break		
10:40 AM	11:10 AM	JPL	Charles Lawrence	Astronomical Detectors 2-1000 μ m, Status and Needs
11:10 AM	11:40 AM	JPL	Jason Hyon	Enabling Future Science With EO/IR Sensing
11:40 AM	1:00 PM	Lunch		
1:00 PM	1:15 PM	USSF	Vince Cowan	Space VIS-LWIR FPA Development & Characterization
1:15 PM	1:35 PM	Navy	Ben Conley	Infrared Sensing in a Naval Environment
1:35 PM	1:55 PM	Army/C5ISR-RTI	Sumith Bandara	Infrared Focal Plane Array Development at C5ISR-RTI
1:55 PM	2:15 PM	AFRL/Ry	Charles Reyner	AFRL/Ry's Infrared Detector Portfolio
2:15 PM	2:35 PM	DoD	Stephen Ambrozic	Mixed Signal Semiconductor Foundry Experience
2:35 PM	2:45 PM	Break		
2:45 PM	3:05 PM	TIS	Jim Beletic	NASA Funded IR Detector Developments at Teledyne Imaging Sensors
3:05 PM	3:25 PM	RVS	Chad Fulk	Raytheon Vision Systems (RVS) Leader in Infrared Imaging Systems
3:25 PM	3:45 PM	HRL	Brad Jones, Minh Nguyen	HRL's Infrared Technologies & Product Offerings
3:45 PM	4:05 PM	LMSBF	Nate Wilson	Lockheed Martin Santa Barbara Focalplane Space Sensors
4:05 PM	4:25 PM	Leonardo DRS Dallas	Pradip Mitra	HgCdTe Avalanche Photodiode Detectors for NASA Applications
4:25 PM	4:45 PM	Leonardo DRS Cypress	Arvind D'Souza	Detector FAeAPD & Large Pixel Technology at Leonardo
4:45 PM	5:05 PM	L3Harris	Greg Gosian	Strained Layer Superlattice for pLEO missions

Wednesday, August 28				
8:00 AM	9:00 AM	Arrival and Badging		
9:00 AM	9:20 AM	QmagiQ	Mani Sunduram	Infrared FPA Status at QmagiQ
9:20 AM	9:40 AM	Attollo Engineering	Justin Wehner	Attollo Engineering –Products & Capabilities
9:40 AM	10:00 AM	Anduril	Chaffra Affouda, Chris David	Infrared Sensors Development at Anduril
10:00 AM	10:20 AM	Senseker	Ross Bannatyne	Senseker Products & Services to Enable IR Systems
10:20 AM	10:40 AM	Cyan	John Caulfield	Small Pixel HD and UHD IR Cameras
10:40 AM	10:50 AM	Break		
10:50 AM	11:10 AM	JPL	David Ting	Superlattice infrared detector development at JPL
11:10 AM	11:25 AM	JPL	Matt Kenyon	Uncooled Infrared/Far-Infrared Thermopile Arrays for Space-Borne, Remote-Sensing Radiometry
11:25 AM	11:40 AM	JPL	Mina Rais-Zadeh	Resonant Infrared Detectors
11:40 AM	1:00 PM	Lunch		
1:00 PM	1:30 PM	MIT LL	Kevin Ryu, Kyle McNicholas	IR Detector Development at Lincoln Laboratory; Superconducting Photon Detectors at MIT Lincoln Laboratory
1:30 PM	1:50 PM	JPL	Matt Shaw	Superconducting Nanowire Single Photon Detectors and Quantum Capacitance Detectors
1:50 PM	2:10 PM	NIST	Marty Stevens	Infrared superconducting single-photon detectors at NIST: from photon number resolution to large arrays
2:10 PM	2:30 PM	JPL	Matt Bradford	Far-IR Kinetic Inductance Detector (KID) Arrays
2:30 PM	2:50 PM	NIST	Hannes Hubmayr	Superconducting IR Detector Research within NIST's Quantum Sensors Division
2:50 PM	3:10 PM	Argonne	Clarence Chang	Long-wave Detectors at Argonne for High Energy Physics
3:10 PM	3:30 PM	NASA GSFC	Karwan Rostem	Infrared TES and MKID developments at GSFC
3:30 PM	5:00 PM	JPL Tour		

1.2 Attendees and Contact List

Name	Org	Email	Title
Chaffra Affouda	Anduril	caffouda@anduril.com	Director, Imaging
Stephen Ambrozik	DoD / OGA		
Val Arris	DoD / OGA		
Robert Baker	Teledyne	robert.baker@teledyne.com	Sr. Director of Engineering
Sumith Bandara	Army, C5ISR-RTI	sumith.v.bandara.civ@army.mil	Subject Matter Expert (Focal Plane Arrays)
Ross Bannatyne	Senseeker	ross@senseeker.com	Director of Business Development
James Beletic	Teledyne	james.beletic@teledyne.com	Chief Scientific Officer
Steven Beltson	L3Harris	Steven.Beltson@L3Harris.com	Business Development
Dominic Benford	NASA HQ	dominic.benford@nasa.gov	Deputy Chief Technologist for Astrophysics
Matt Bradford	JPL	matt.bradford@jpl.nasa.gov	Principal Scientist
Michael Carmody	Teledyne	michael.carmody@teledyne.com	Sr Director, Focal Plane Array Operations
Rick Castillo	JPL	richard.a.castillo@jpl.nasa.gov	Business Administrator
John Caulfield	Cyan Systems	john@cyan-systems.com	CTO / Founder
Clarence Chang	Argonne	clchang@anl.gov	Scientist
Ben Conley	Navy	benjamin.r.conley4.civ@us.navy.mil	Distinguished Scientist for EO/IR
Vince Cowan	USSF	vincent.cowan.1@spaceforce.mil	
Kenneth Creech	L3Harris	kenneth.creech@l3harris.com	Business Development
Christopher David	Anduril	cdavid@anduril.com	Imaging Electrical Engineering Lead
Meghan Dorn	Teledyne	meghan.dorn@teledyne.com	Program Manager
Arvind DSouza	Leonardo DRS	arvind.dsouza@drs.com	Senior Director Engineering
Matthew Filmer	L3Harris	matthew.filmer@l3harris.com	Systems Engineer
Steve Flores	JPL	steven.flores@jpl.nasa.gov	Manager
Siamak Forouhar	JPL	siamak.forouhar@jpl.nasa.gov	Microdevices Engineer
Chad Fulk	Raytheon	chad.w.fulk@rtx.com	Engineering Fellow
Jessica Gaskin	NASA MSFC	jessica.gaskin@nasa.gov	Deputy to the Tech Fellow for Sensors & Instrumentation TDT, NESC
Arnold Goldberg	JHU APL	arnold.goldberg@jhuapl.edu	Principal Professional Staff
Gregory Gosian	L3Harris	gregory.gosian@L3Harris.com	Scientist
Robert Green	JPL	robert.o.green@jpl.nasa.gov	Research Fellow

Sarath Gunapala	JPL	sarath.d.gunapala@jpl.nasa.gov	Engineering Fellow
Galen Harden	L3Harris	Galen.Harden@L3Harris.com	Sr. Specialist, Systems Engineering
Curt Henry	JPL	curt.a.henry@jpl.nasa.gov	Division Manager
Johannes Hubmayr	NIST	hubmayr@nist.gov	Physicist
Jason Hyon	JPL	jason.j.hyon@jpl.nasa.gov	Chief Technologist - Earth Science Directorate
Murzy Jhabvala	NASA GSFC	murzy.d.jhabvala@nasa.gov	Chief Engineer/Detectors
Bradley Jones	HRL	btjones@hrl.com	Vice President
Robert Jones	L3Harris	robert.jones@l3harris.com	Engineering department manager; FPA Engineering
Matthew Kenyon	JPL	matthew.e.kenyon@jpl.nasa.gov	Microdevices Engineer
Mike Kirsch	NASA NESC	Michael.T.Kirsch@nasa.gov	Deputy Director, NASA Engineering & Safety Center
Peter Kurczynski	NASA GSFC	peter.kurczynski@nasa.gov	Chief Scientist, Cosmic Origins Program
Vaikunth Khalap	Leonardo DRS	vaikunth.khalap@drs.com	Program Manager
Satish Khanna	JPL	satish.k.khanna@jpl.nasa.gov	Chief Technologist - Planetary Science Directorate
Stefan Lauxtermann	Attollo Engineering	stefan.lauxtermann@attolloengineering.com	Vice-President
Charles Lawrence	JPL	charles.lawrence@jpl.nasa.gov	Chief Scientist for Astronomy and Physics
Harish Manohara	JPL	harish.manohara@jpl.nasa.gov	Instrument Division Technologist
Kyle McKinney	Aerospace	Kyle.A.McKinney@aero.org	EO Engineer
Kyle McNicholas	MIT Lincoln Lab	kyle.mcnicholas@ll.mit.edu	Technical Staff
Pradip Mitra	Leonardo DRS	pradip.mitra@drs.com	Senior Director, Advanced Sensor Technology
Alina Moussessian	JPL	moussess@jpl.nasa.gov	Deputy Division Manager
Minh Nguyen	HRL	mbnguyen@hrl.com	Senior Scientist
Brett Nosh	Aerospace	brett.nosho@aero.org	Senior Engineering Specialist
Randy Odle	JPL	randy.t.odle@jpl.nasa.gov	Manager
George Paloczi	LMSBF	george.t.paloczi@lmco.com	Engineer
Raviv Perahia	HRL	rperahia@hrl.com	Deputy Director, R&D – Product Growth
Mario Perez	NASA HQ	mario.perez@nasa.gov	Astrophysics Chief Technologist
Denise Podolski	NASA HQ / STMD	denise.a.podolski@nasa.gov	Principal Technologist for Sensors (NASA HQ/STMD)
Klaus Pontoppidan	JPL	klaus.m.pontoppidan@jpl.nasa.gov	Associate Directorate Scientist for Astrophysics
Tony Ragucci	Leonardo DRS	tony.ragucci@drs.com	Senior Director, RAPID Laboratory
Mina Rais-Zadeh	JPL	mina.rais-zadeh@jpl.nasa.gov	Group Supervisor, MicroSensors and MicroSystems Group (389R)

Bernard Rauscher	NASA GSFC	Bernard.J.Rauscher@nasa.gov	Astrophysicist, NASA Detector Scientist for JWST
Katie Redfield	JPL	katie.redfield@jpl.nasa.gov	Business Administrator
Tamer Refaat	NASA LaRC	tamer.f.refaat@nasa.gov	Electro-optical Engineer
Charles Reyner	AFRL	charles.reyner.1@us.af.mil	Detectors and FPAs Research Lead
Raphael Ricardo	HRL	rericardo@hrl.com	GM VP, Vision Systems Labs
Karwan Rostem	NASA GSFC	karwan.rostem@nasa.gov	Research Scientist
Kevin Ryu	MIT Lincoln Lab	kevin.ryu@ll.mit.edu	Assistant Group Leader
Joseph Sauvageau	JPL	Joseph.Sauvageau@jpl.nasa.gov	Group Supervisor Advanced Detectors
Divyang Shah	DoD / OGA		
Yagya Sharma	HRL	ysharma@hrl.com	Focal Plane Sr Engineer
Matt Shaw	JPL	matthew.d.shaw@jpl.nasa.gov	Group Supervisor
Upendra Singh	NASA NESC	Upendra.N.Singh@nasa.gov	NASA Technical Fellow for Sensors & Instrumentation TDT
Martin Stevens	NIST	martin.stevens@nist.gov	Group Leader
Robert Stirbl	JPL	robert.c.stirbl@jpl.nasa.gov	Program Manager
Mani Sundaram	QmagiQ	msundaram@qmagiq.com	CEO
David Ting	JPL	david.z.ting@jpl.nasa.gov	Senior Research Scientist
Benny Toomarian	JPL	nikzad.toomarian@jpl.nasa.gov	Section Manager
Megan Tremer	Teledyne	megan.tremer@teledyne.com	Vice President & General Manager
Kenton Veeder	Senseker	kenton@senseker.com	CEO, Senseker Corp
Justin Wehner	Attollo Engineering	justin.wehner@attolloengineering.com	Director Active/Space Products
Nathaniel Wilson	LMSBF	nathaniel.s.wilson@lmco.com	Research Scientist
Jianming Yuan	Leonardo DRS	jianming.yuan@drs.com	Project Engineer