

# Development of a Graphical User Interface for the Advanced Capabilities for Emergency Response Operation's Portable Airspace Management Concept

**SJSU** SAN JOSÉ STATE UNIVERSITY



Applied Human Factors and Ergonomics (AHFE) Hawaii International Conference  
December 8–10, 2025  
Honolulu, Hawaii

Yasmin Arbab  
NASA Ames Research Center

Connie L. Brasil  
San José State University

Lynne Martin  
NASA Ames Research Center

Gregory Costedoat  
San José State University

Stefan A. Blandin  
San José State University

Charles M. Walter  
ASRC Federal Data Solutions

Deborah L. Bakowski  
San José State University

# Uncrewed Aircraft Systems (UAS)

- UAS are increasingly being used to support wildland fire management
- Missions include:
  - Real-time fire mapping
  - Perimeter monitoring
  - Prescribed burns
  - Aerial ignition
- Can operate in conditions or altitudes too hazardous for crewed aircraft
- Particularly well-suited for nighttime or low-visibility



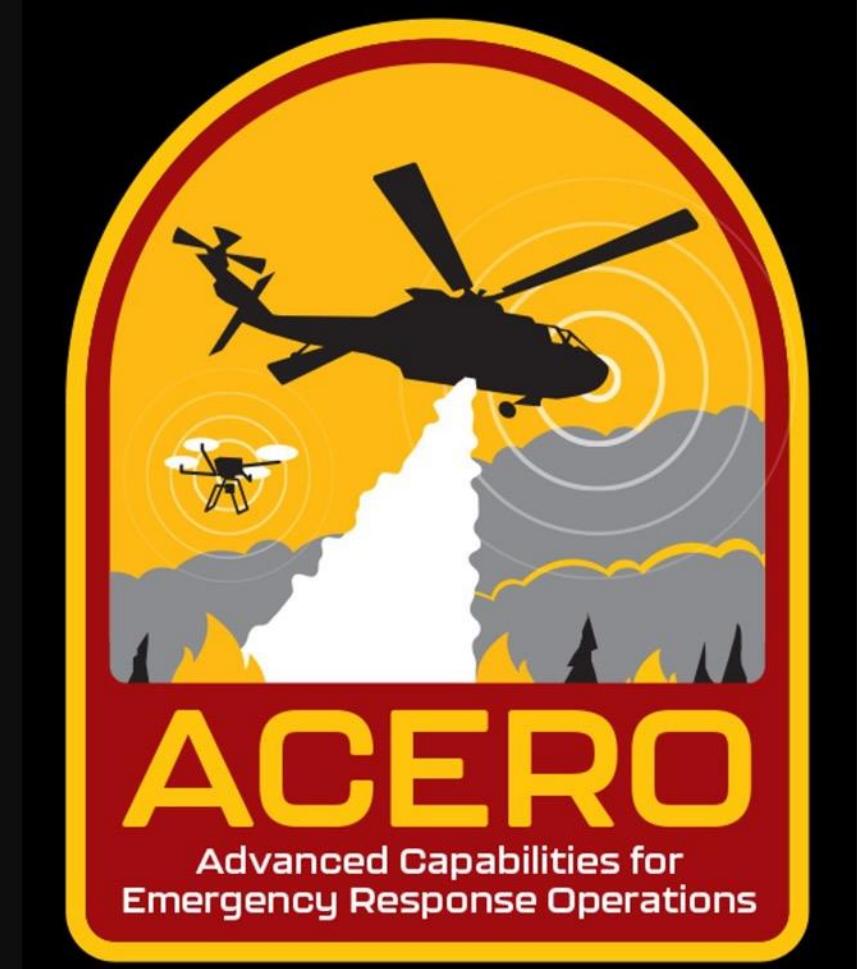
# Integrating UAS in Wildland Fire Management

- Challenge to safely integrate UAS into the shared airspace around a wildland fire
- Safe integration is hindered by their lack of visibility
- It is critical to develop tools that provide a common picture of airspace activity
- Situation awareness of the airspace is vital for safety



# Advanced Capabilities for Emergency Response Operations

- Multi-year project, launched in 2023
- Led by NASA Ames Research Center
- Seeks to enhance the safety, effectiveness, and efficiency of emergency response operations, with a particular focus on wildland firefighting
- Second Shift Capabilities (SSC) explores how UAS can extend aerial support in **low-visibility conditions** while addressing some of the challenges that UAS operators face in the wildland firefighting environment



# UAS Traffic Management (UTM)

- UTM laid the groundwork for coordinating operations through **digital flight intent sharing**
- UTM Service Supplier (USS):
  - Check for volume conflicts
  - Provides feedback
  - Monitor conformance
- However, UTM relies on persistent network connectivity, creating challenges in the wildland fire environment



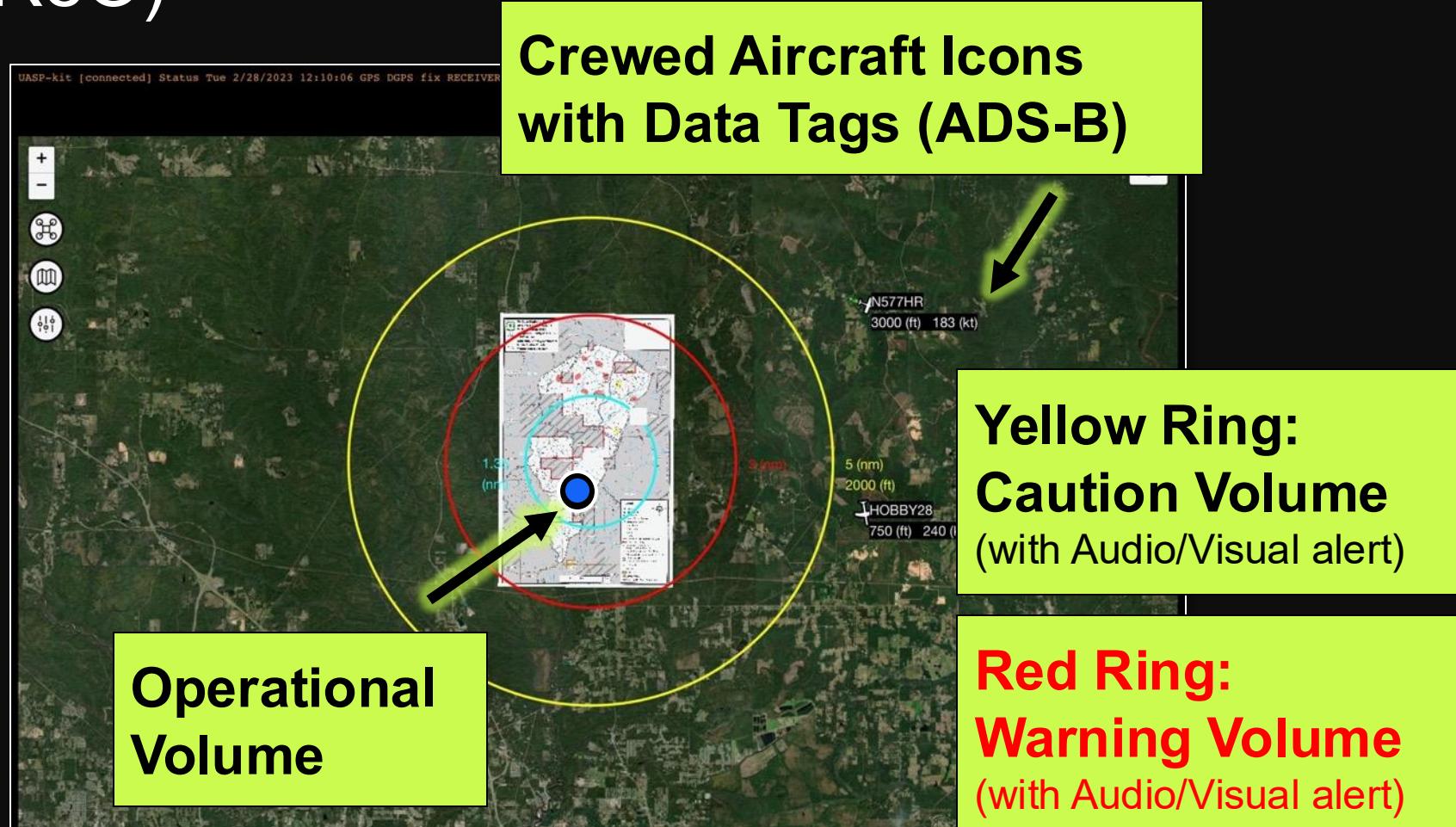
# Scalable Traffic Management for Emergency Response Operations (STEReO)

- To address some of the challenges in the **wildland fire environment**, elements of UTM were adapted to support the UAS operator's situation awareness of the airspace
- The **UAS Pilot (UASP)-kit** supports situation awareness and uses volume-based UAS operations



# Scalable Traffic Management for Emergency Response Operations (STEReO)

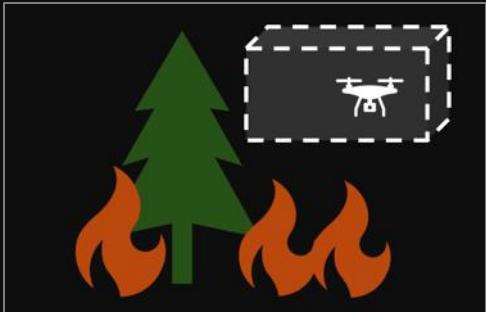
- However, the UASP-kit does not facilitate the exchange of operational data between users
- Built for a single UAS
- Can't see other UAS operations



UAS Pilot (UASP)-kit User Interface

# ACERO's Portable Airspace Management System (PAMS)

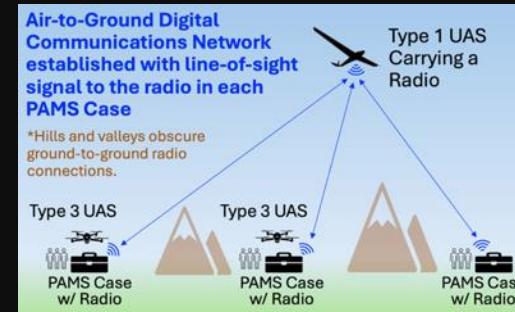
- Field-deployable research prototype
- Allows users to coordinate multiple operations
- Consolidates key airspace, operation, and system information into a single viewpoint with interactive features



WFSS Airspace Management System



PAMS Cases



Air-to-ground Digital Communication System

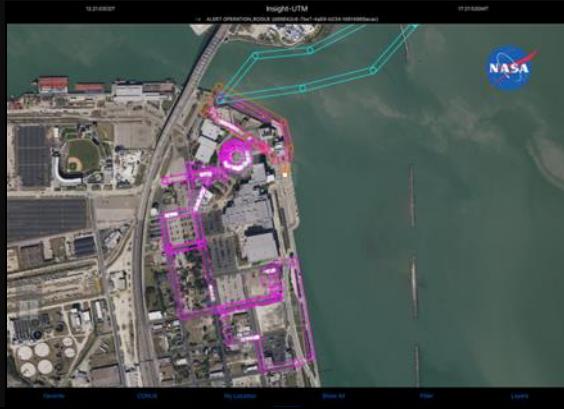


User Interface

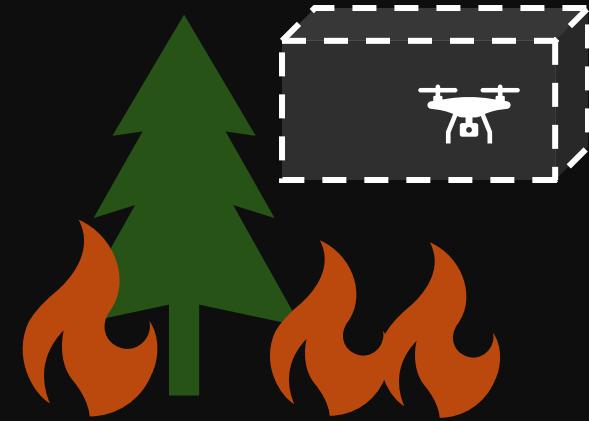
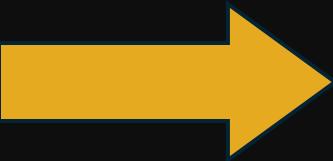


Decision Support Tool

# ACERO's Portable Airspace Management System (PAMS)



UTM Service Supplier (USS)



Wildland Fire Service Supplier  
(WFSS) "wolfs"

- Modeled after UTM's USS architecture
- Compares all UAS operations submitted to the system to prevent spatial and temporal conflicts between UAS operations
- Monitors conformance to the 4D volumes
- Checks for violations of airspace constraints / boundaries

# PAMS User Interface

- The PAMS UI is displayed on touchscreen tablet, housed in the PAMS Case
- Enables the UAS operator to interact with WFSS
- Building and submitting their operational volumes
- Receive feedback and notifications from WFSS
- Receive conformance monitoring alerts if the UAS deviates from the 4D volume



# PAMS User Interface – Requirements

- ACERO adopted a systems engineering process to define the UI requirements
- The Systems Engineering team conducted interviews with the technical team to identify development priorities
- Translated them into formal “shall” statements for clear, testable descriptions



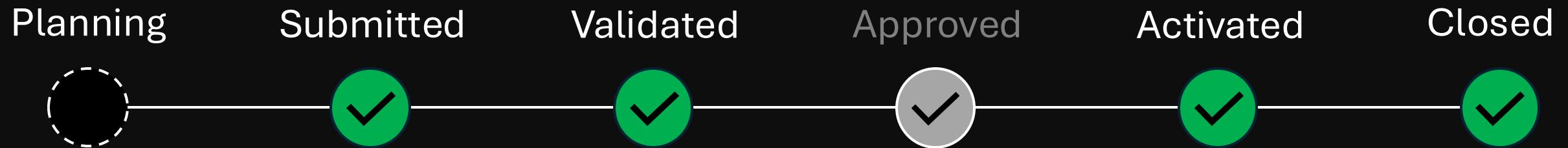
# PAMS User Interface – Requirements

<b>ID</b>	<b>Title</b>	<b>Requirement Test</b>
UI.1	User Interface	System shall provision user accessibility and awareness through a field-deployable interactive display
UI.1.1	WFSS Interface	User Interface shall provide an interface to WFSS
UI.1.2	Data Processing Tool Interface	UI shall provide an interface to the data processing tool (Fire data and ADS-B data display)
UI.1.3	UI System Data Logging	UI system shall record user interface data as specified in the Data Management Plan

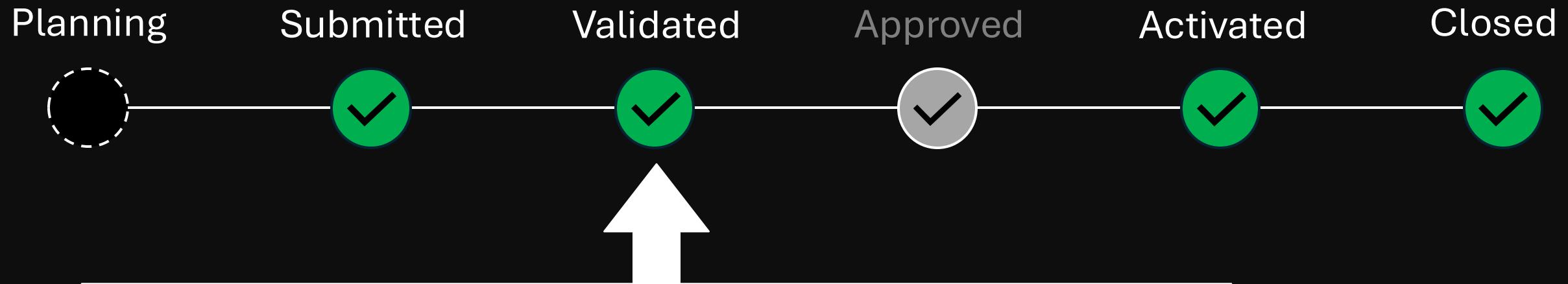
# PAMS User Interface – Requirements

ID	Title	Requirement Test
UI.1	User Interface	System shall provision user accessibility and awareness through a field-deployable interactive display
UI.1.1	WFSS Interface	User Interface shall provide an interface to WFSS
	Sub-Level Requirements	<p><b>Support the full lifecycle of UAS operations:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Create, Modify, Send, Receive, and Display 4D volumes</li><li>- Depict Operational States: Validated, Active, or Closed</li><li>- Receive / depict airspace constraints conflicts, telemetry</li></ul>
UI.1.2	Data Processing Tool Interface	UI shall provide an interface to the data processing tool (Fire data and ADS-B data display)
UI.1.3	UI System Data Logging	UI system shall record user interface data as specified in the Data Management Plan

# WFSS Operational States



# WFSS Operational States

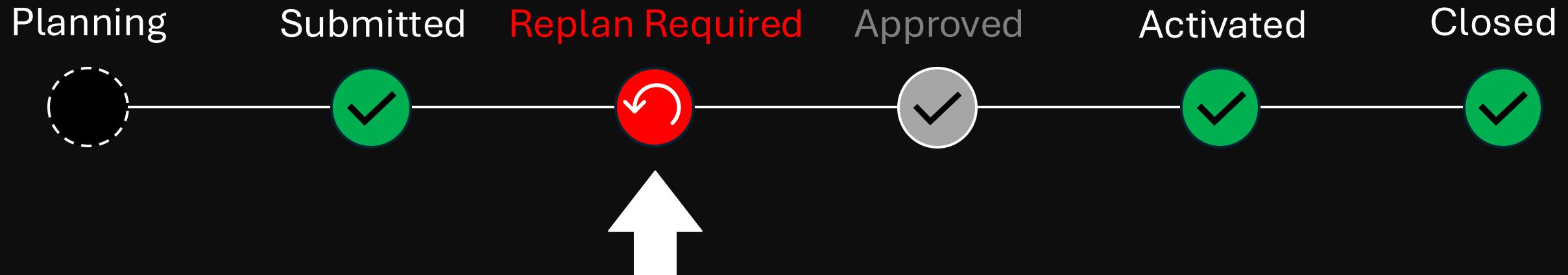


If the **Submitted** operation:

- Meets the parameter requirements
- Does not overlap with another operator's volume
- And, is within the Temporary Flight Restriction

Then the operation advances to the **Validated** state

# WFSS Operational States

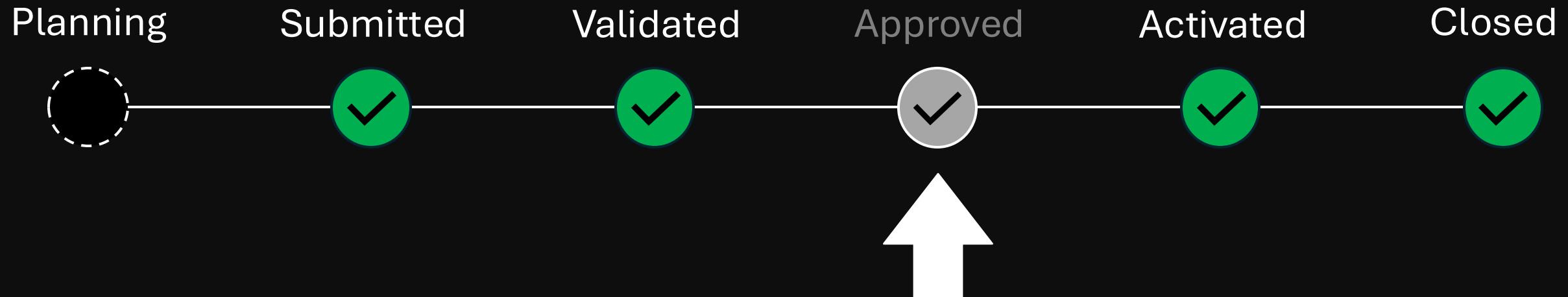


If the volume:

- Overlaps with another operator,
- Or is outside of the TFR boundary

Then the user is prompted with a “**Replan Required**”

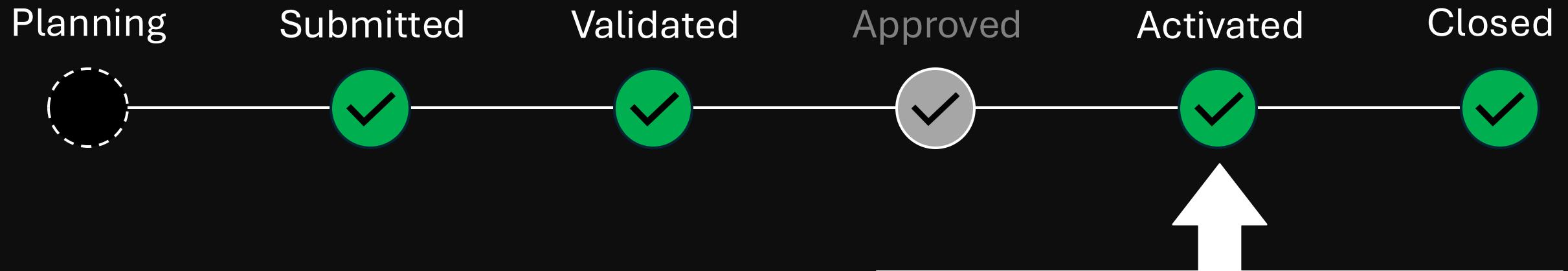
# WFSS Operational States



The **Approved** state:

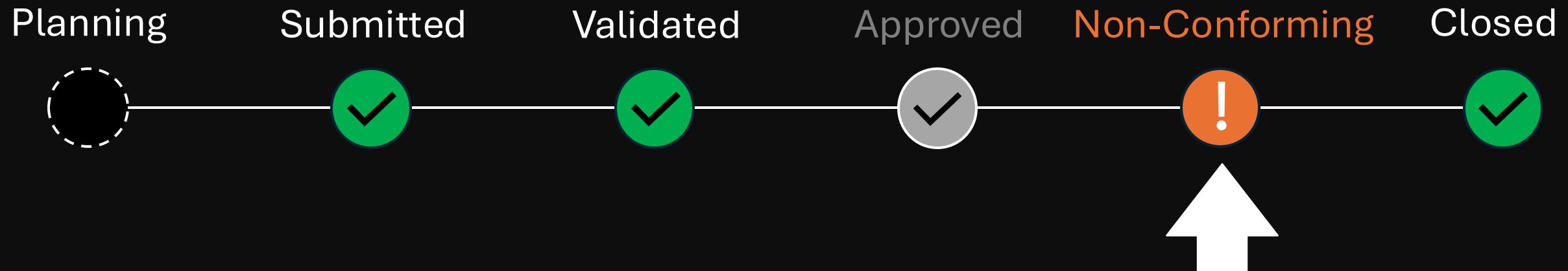
- Not a formal WFSS state
- Rather a verbal communication incorporated into the PAMS workflow to simulate an Aerial Supervisor.

# WFSS Operational States



The operation transitions to the **Activated** state upon takeoff.

# WFSS Operational States



## Non-Conforming:

- Deviates from volume (laterally, above, below)
- Or operates outside of the approved time window

← Operation Status

LRZ

Operation

UF

Layer

Co

No

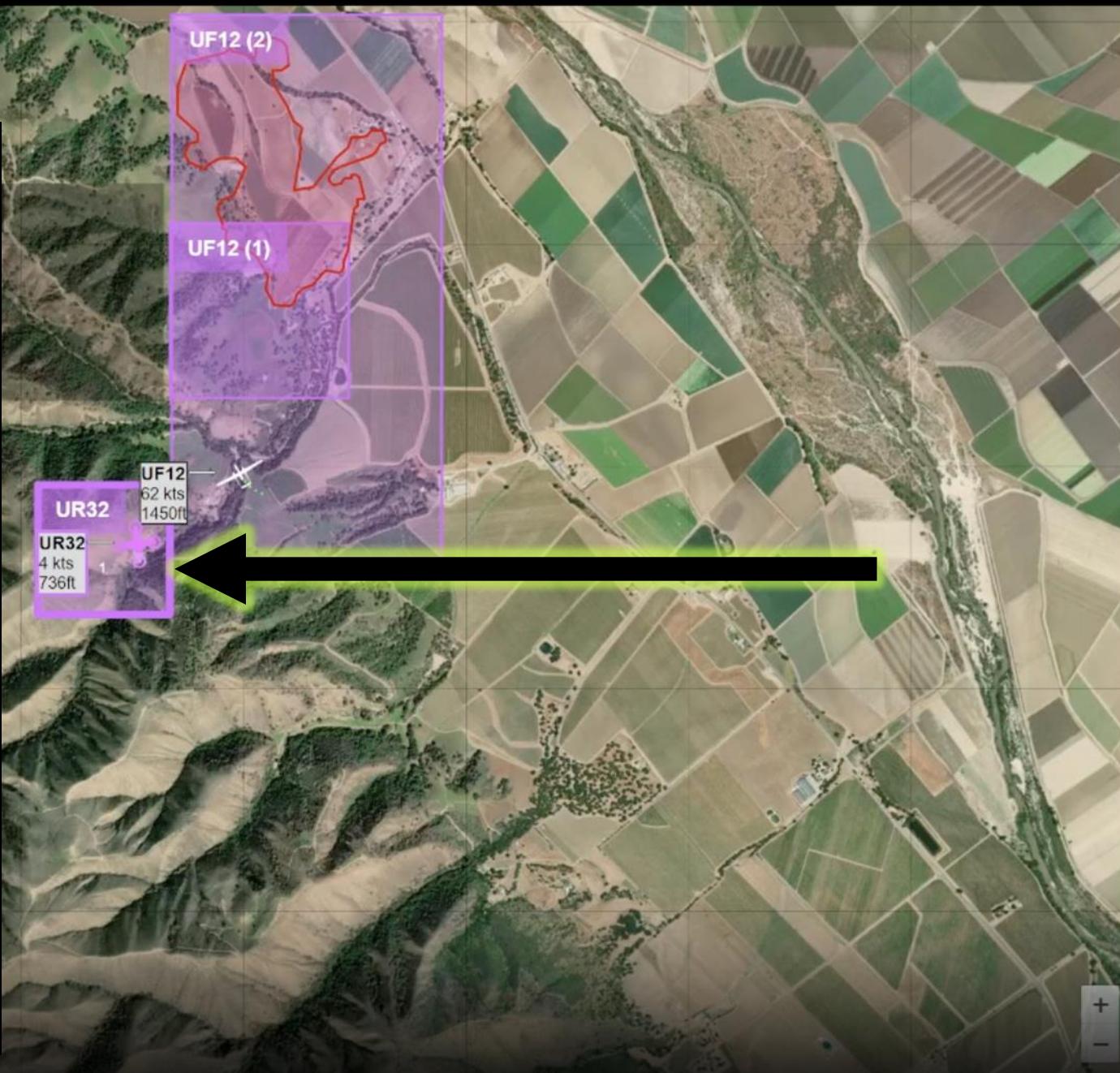
Hi

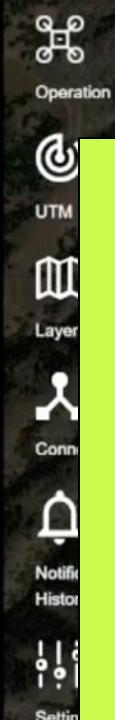
Se

# Operation Status

At-a-glance information about the user's own operation

- **Operational State:** Submitted, Validated, Approved, Active
- Color-coding coordinated with the map display





← Operation Setup

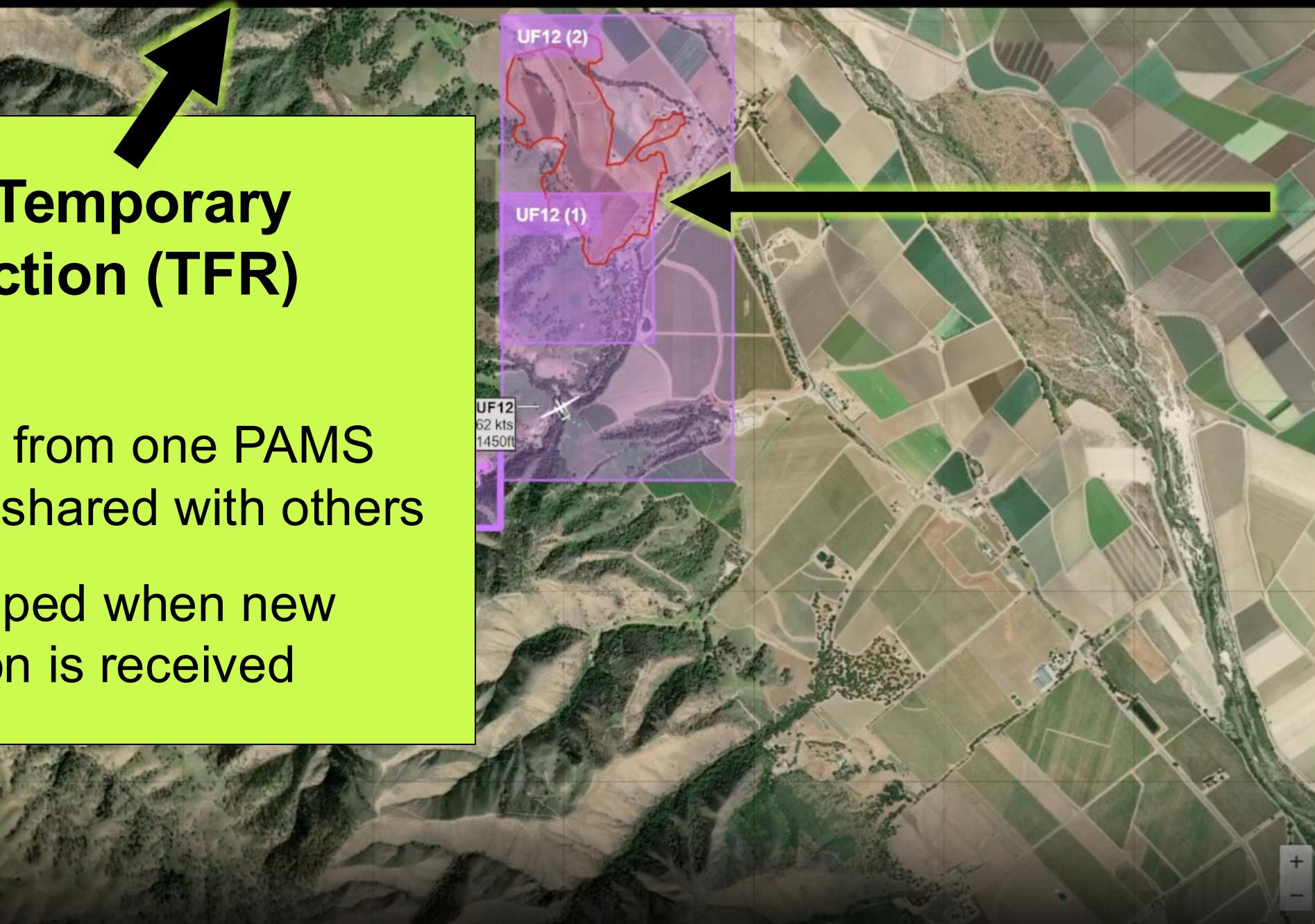
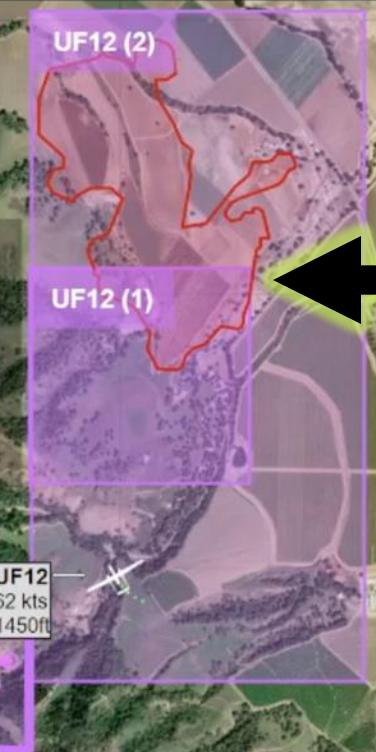
LRZ

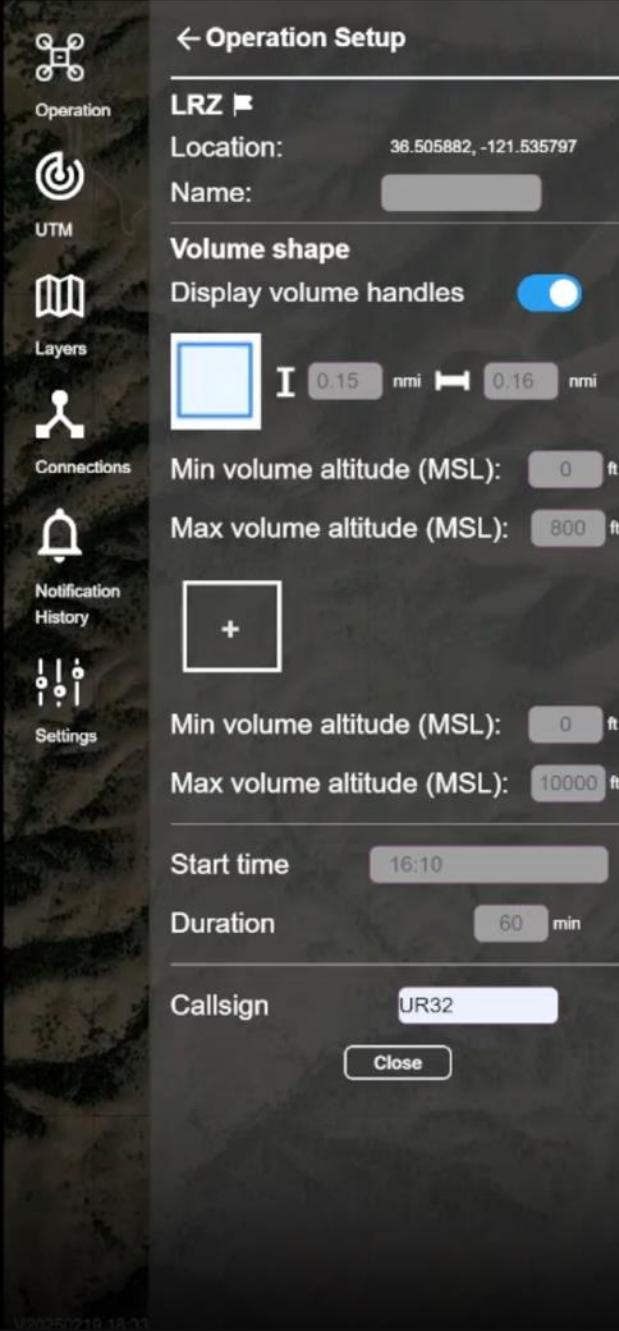
Location:

36.505882, -121.535797

# Fireline and Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR) Status

- Uploaded from one PAMS case and shared with others
- Timestamped when new information is received





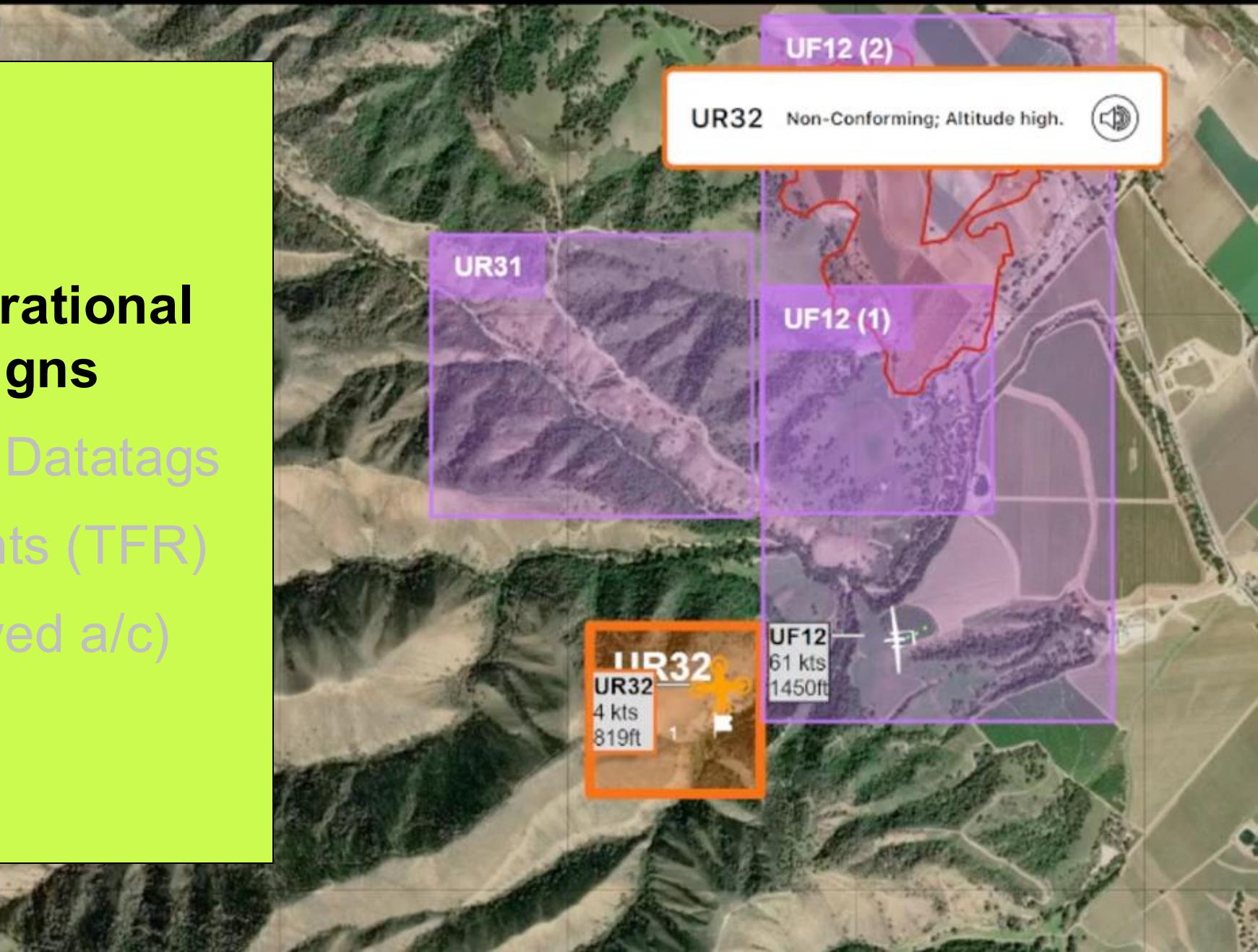
## System Status

- **Radio:** Indicates a connection to the air-to-ground digital communication network which enables information exchange with other PAMS cases
- **pingStation:** Receiving messages from the ADS-B receiver
- **Network:** UI is connected to the local WFSS

[← Operation Setup](#)

## Map Display

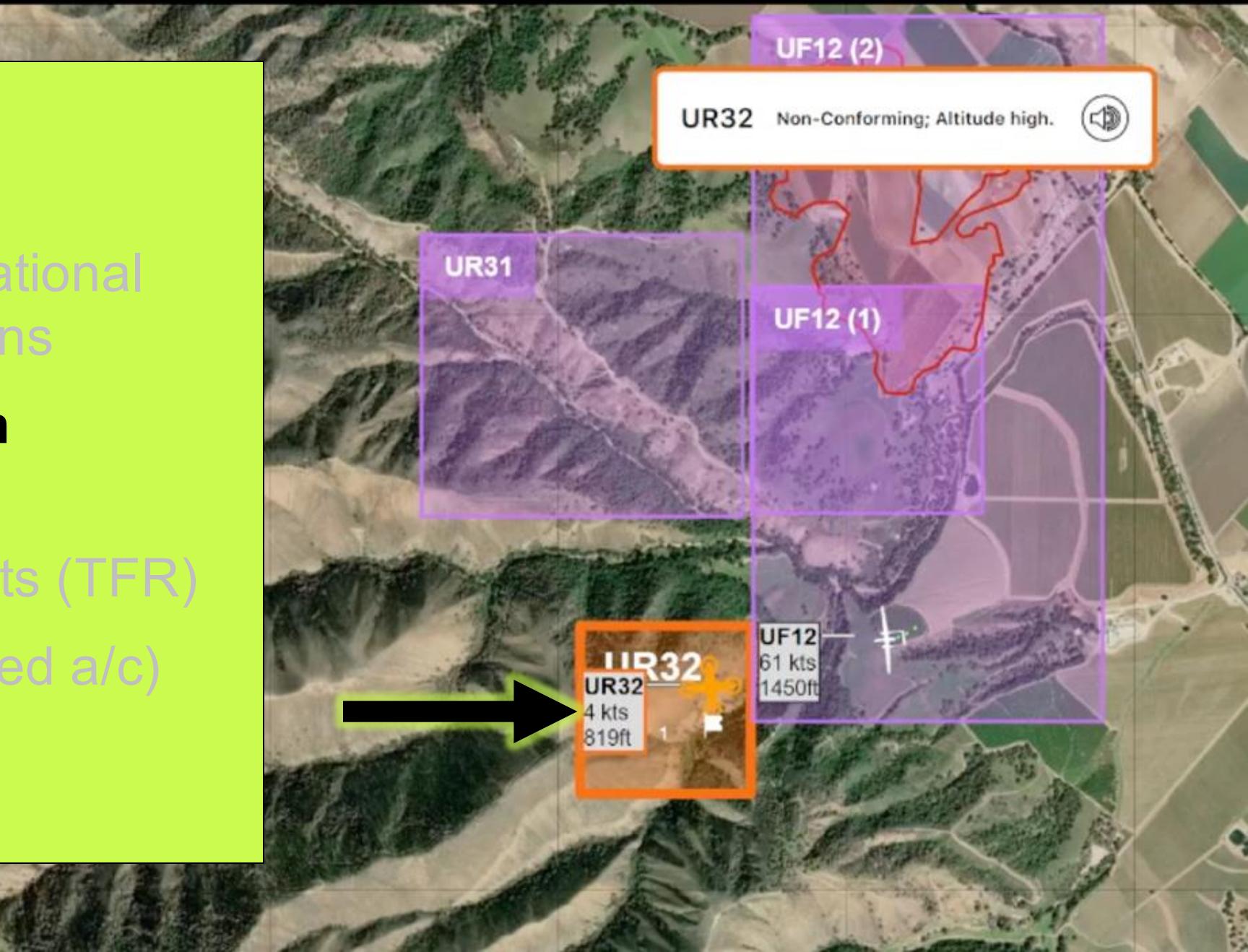
- **Color-Coded Operational Volumes w/ Callsigns**
- UAS Vehicles with Datatags
- Airspace Constraints (TFR)
- ADS-B Data (Crewed a/c)
- Fireline



&lt; Operation Setup

## Map Display

- Color-Coded Operational Volumes w/ Callsigns
- **UAS Vehicles with Datatags**
- Airspace Constraints (TFR)
- ADS-B Data (Crewed a/c)
- Fireline



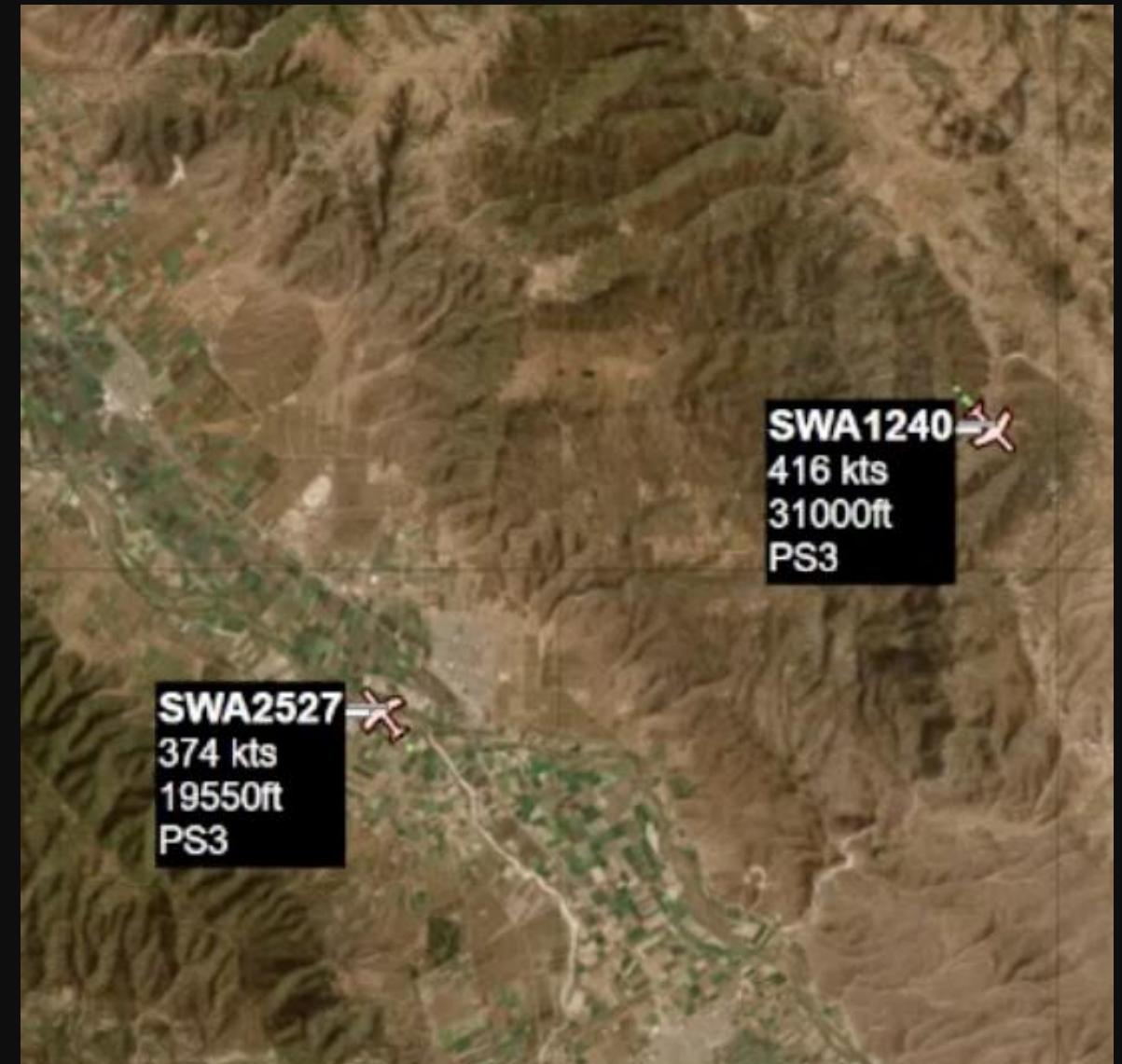
## Map Display

- Color-Coded Operational Volumes w/ Callsigns
- UAS Vehicles with Datatags
- **Airspace Constraints (TFR)**
- ADS-B Data (Crewed a/c)
- Fireline



# Map Display

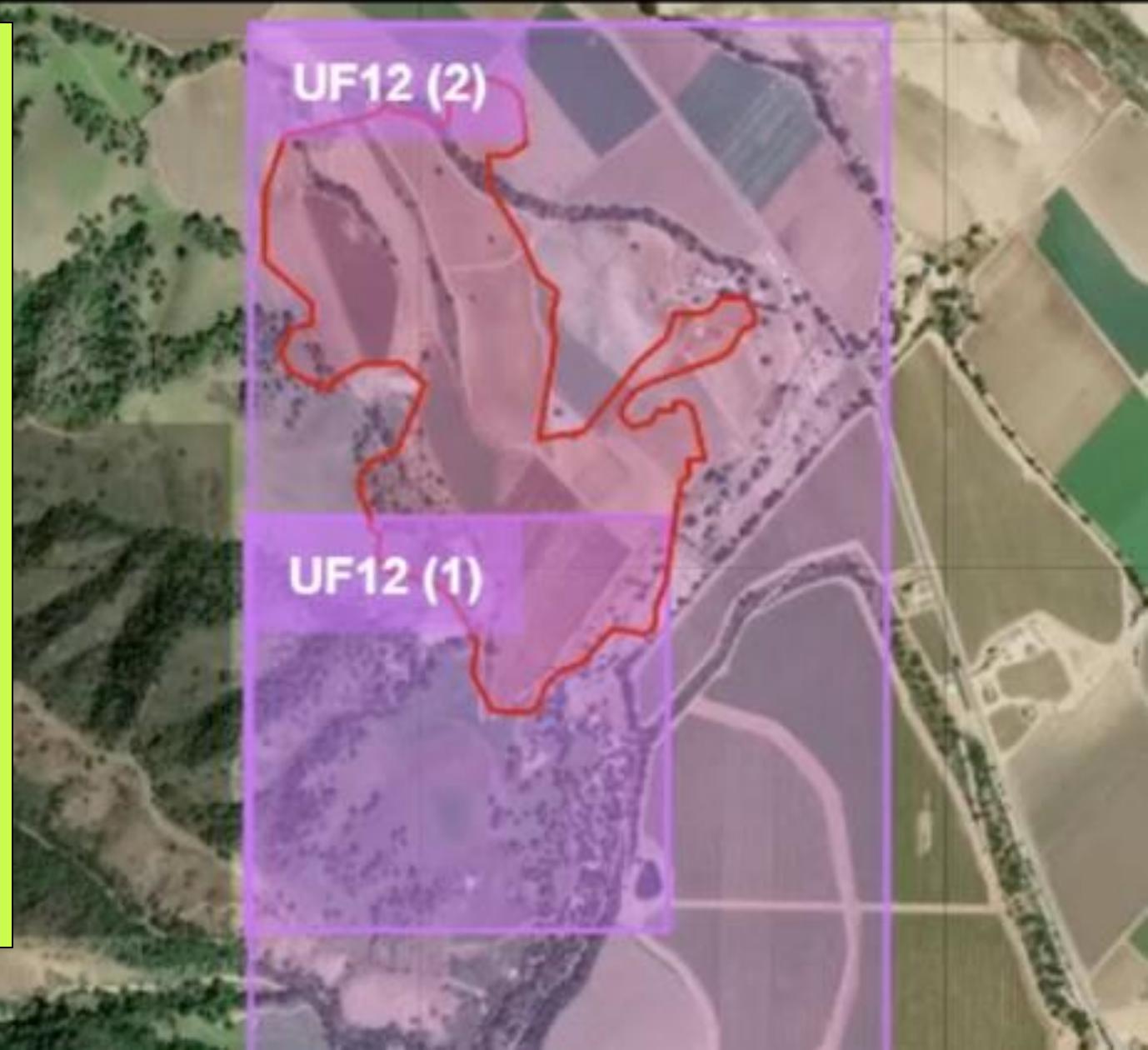
- Color-Coded Operational Volumes w/ Callsigns
- UAS Vehicles with Datatags
- Airspace Constraints (TFR)
- **ADS-B Data (Crewed a/c)**
- Fireline

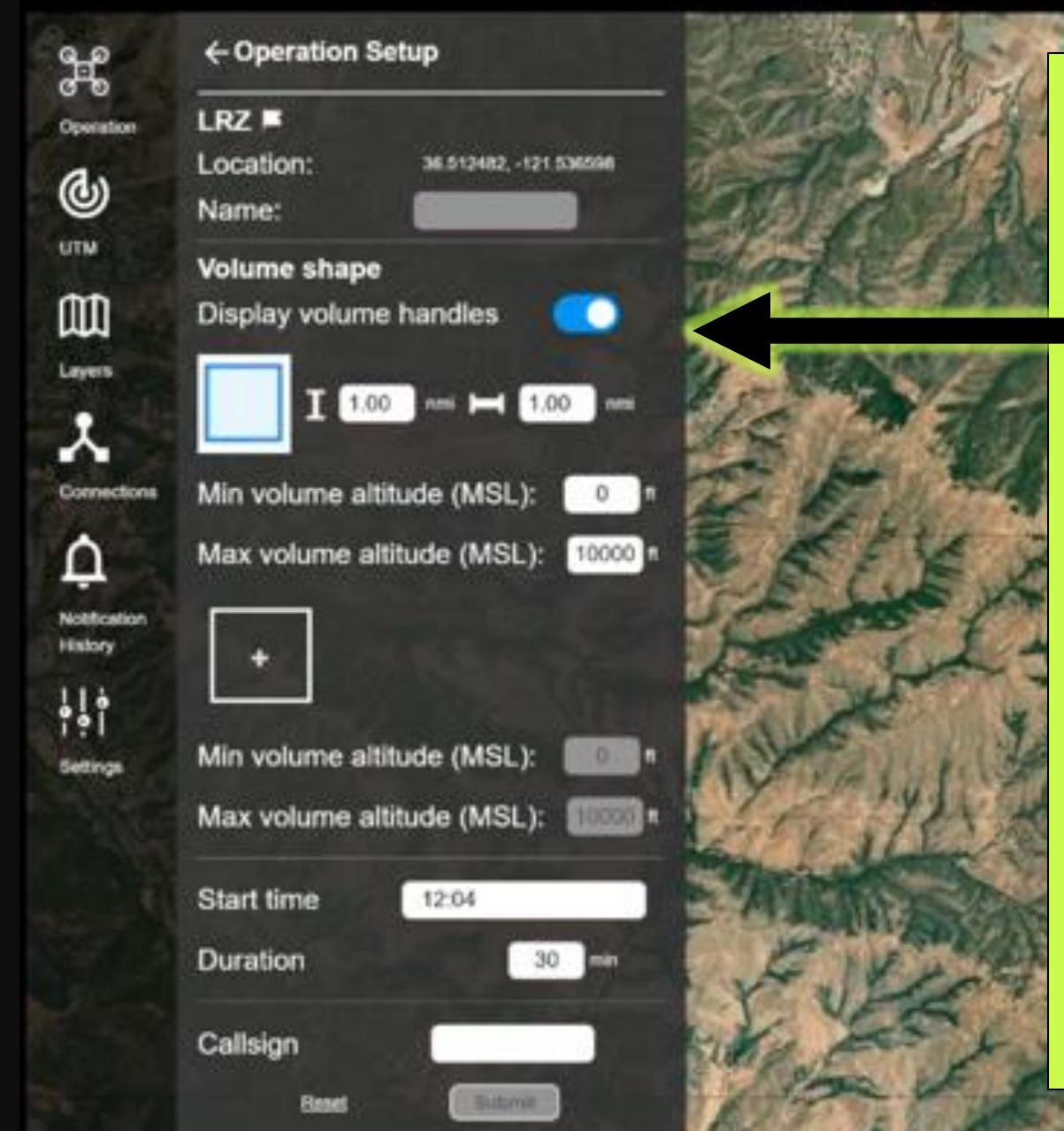


Fireline updated (15:50:51)

## Map Display

- Color-Coded Operational Volumes w/ Callsigns
- UAS Vehicles with Datatags
- Airspace Constraints (TFR)
- ADS-B Data (Crewed a/c)
- **Fireline**





## Side Panels

- Accessible through icons on the left
  - **Enter Operation parameters**
  - Information about UAS Ops
  - Map display options
  - History of notifications
  - Settings

The image shows a flight planning software interface with a map view. On the map, a purple rectangular area represents a TFR constraint, labeled with 'UF11 (1)' and 'UF11 (2)' in the top right corner. Inside this purple area, a smaller black dashed rectangle is centered over a mountainous terrain. Two large black arrows point from the left side of the interface towards this central area on the map. The left side of the interface is a 'Operation Setup' panel with the following fields:

- Location: 36.512482, -121.536598
- Name: (empty text field)
- Volume shape: Display volume handles (switch is on)
- Min volume altitude (MSL): 0 ft
- Max volume altitude (MSL): 10000 ft
- Min volume altitude (MSL): 0 ft (repeated)
- Max volume altitude (MSL): 10000 ft (repeated)
- Start time: 12:04
- Duration: 30 min
- Callsign: (empty text field)

At the bottom of the panel are 'Reset' and 'Submit' buttons. The right side of the image features a large green callout box with the text:

## To Submit an Operation:

- Vehicle's Callsign
- Min / Max Altitude
- Start Time
- Duration

# UI Development and Evolution

- The UI was developed through ongoing collaboration between researchers and developers
- Tested in laboratory settings with simulated data
- And outdoor environments at NASA Ames using live data
- Assessed how well the UI supported functional requirements
- Implemented improvements



Testing at NASA Ames

# ACERO's First Field Demonstration (TCL-1)

- Salinas, CA
- March 2025
- Foothills of the Sierra de Salinas mountains
- Flight tests with live UAS operations
- Evaluate the PAMS UI in realistic conditions



# ACERO's First Field Demonstration (TCL-1)

- Subject Matter Experts (SMEs) used the PAMS UI to build operations and monitor UAS operations during flight
- Test scenarios were designed to evaluate the system's performance in real-world settings
- Completed a series of tasks intended to validate key requirements



# Functional Testing to Validate Requirements

- Nominal
- TFR Violation
- Overlapping Volume Conflict
- Non-Conformance
- No Radio Connection

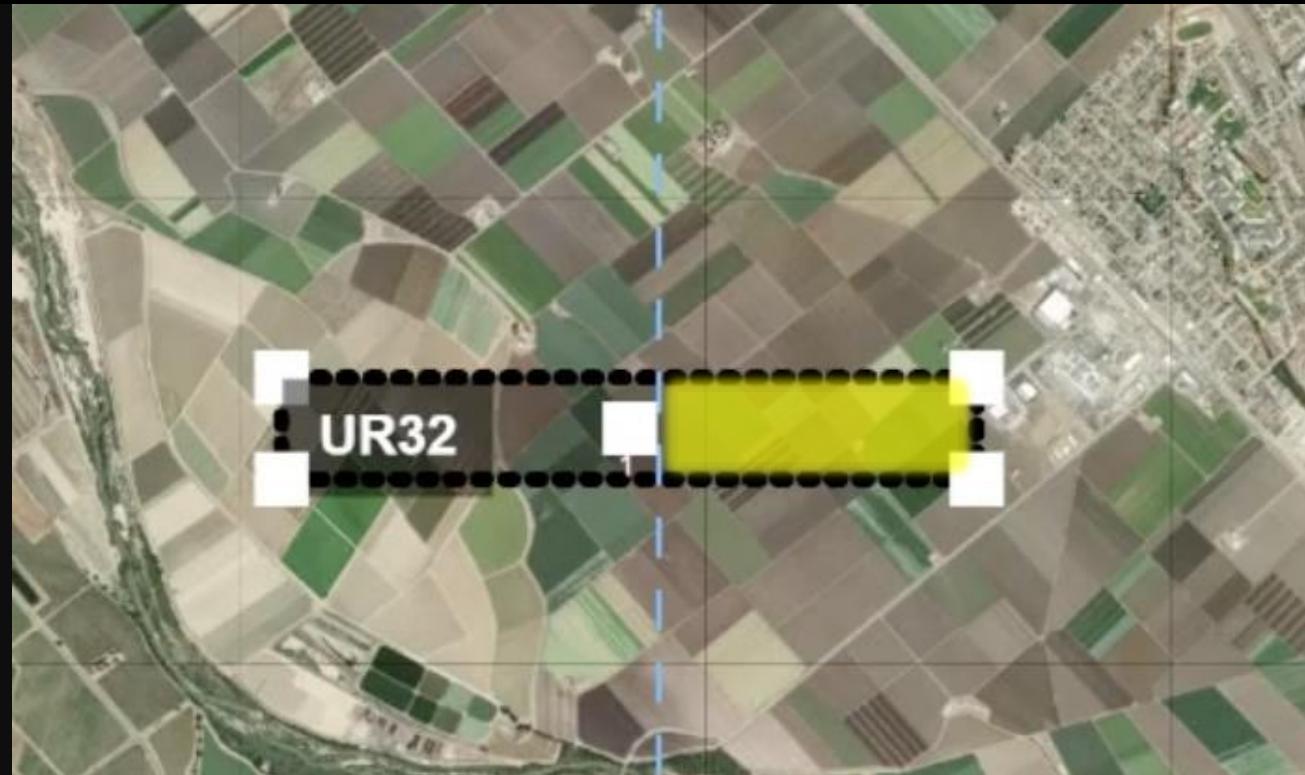
Operation UR31 validated; pending approval



# Functional Testing to Validate Requirements

- Nominal
- **TFR Violation**
- Overlapping Volume Conflict
- Non-Conformance
- No Radio Connection

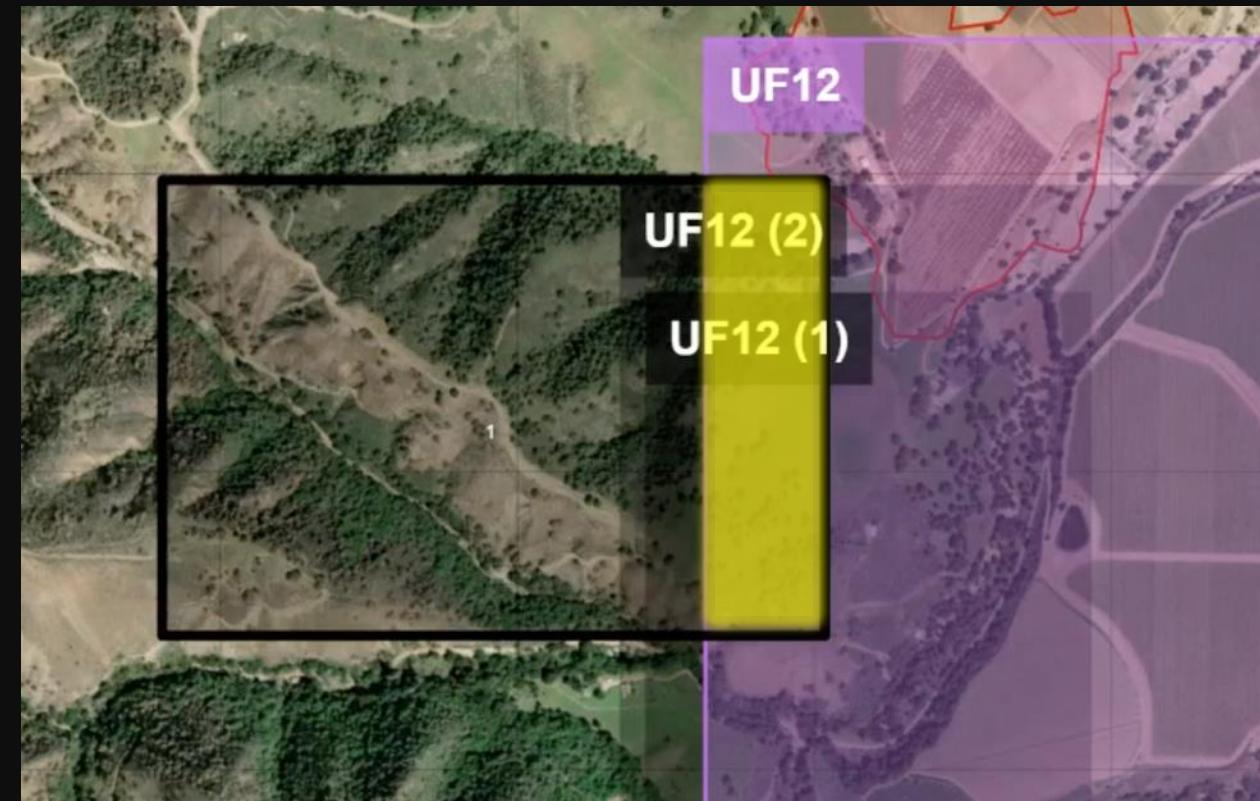
Operation UR32 conflict with TFR ( laterally ); replan required



# Functional Testing to Validate Requirements

- Nominal
- TFR Violation
- **Overlapping Volume Conflict**
- Non-Conformance
- No Radio Connection

Operation UR31 conflict with UF12; replan required



# Functional Testing to Validate Requirements

- Nominal
- TFR Violation
- Overlapping Volume Conflict
- **Non-Conformance**
- No Radio Connection

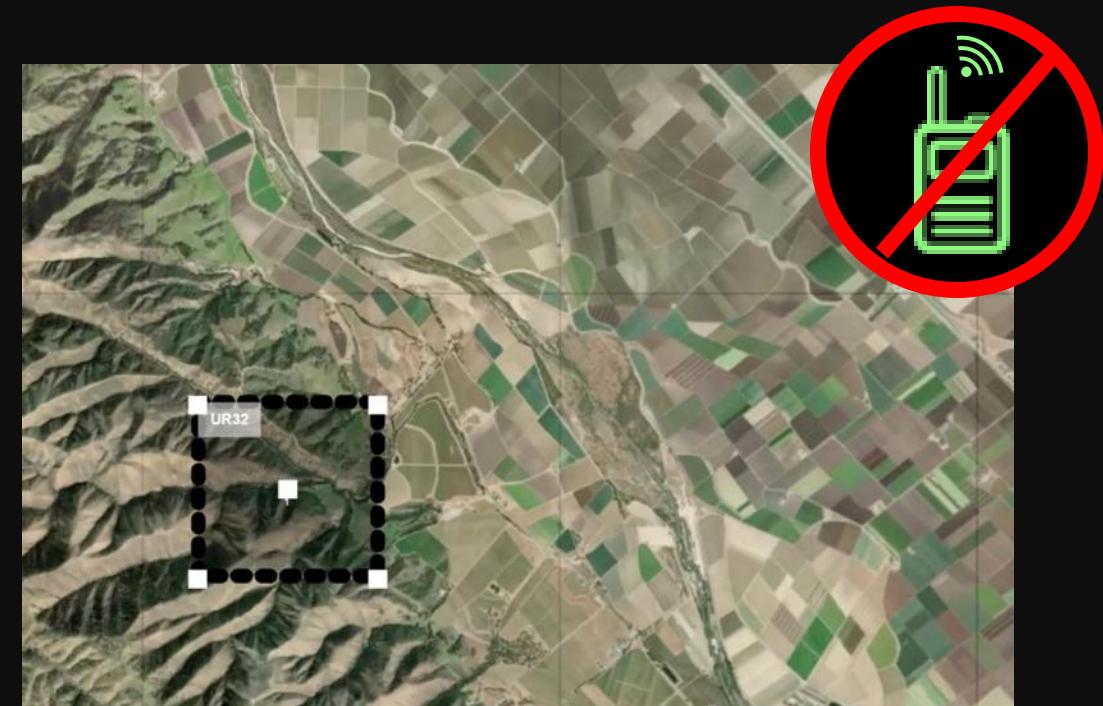
Operation UR31 non-conforming



# Functional Testing to Validate Requirements

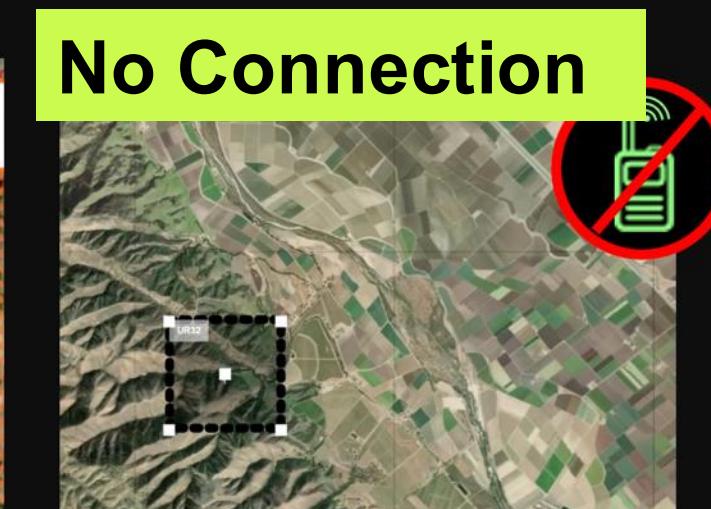
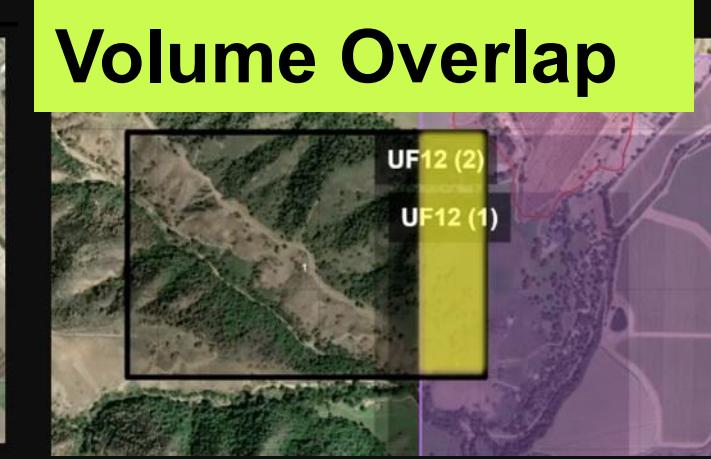
- Nominal
- TFR Violation
- Overlapping Volume Conflict
- Non-Conformance
- **No Radio Connection**

- No info about other UAS operations
- No fireline
- No TFR
- **No common operating picture**



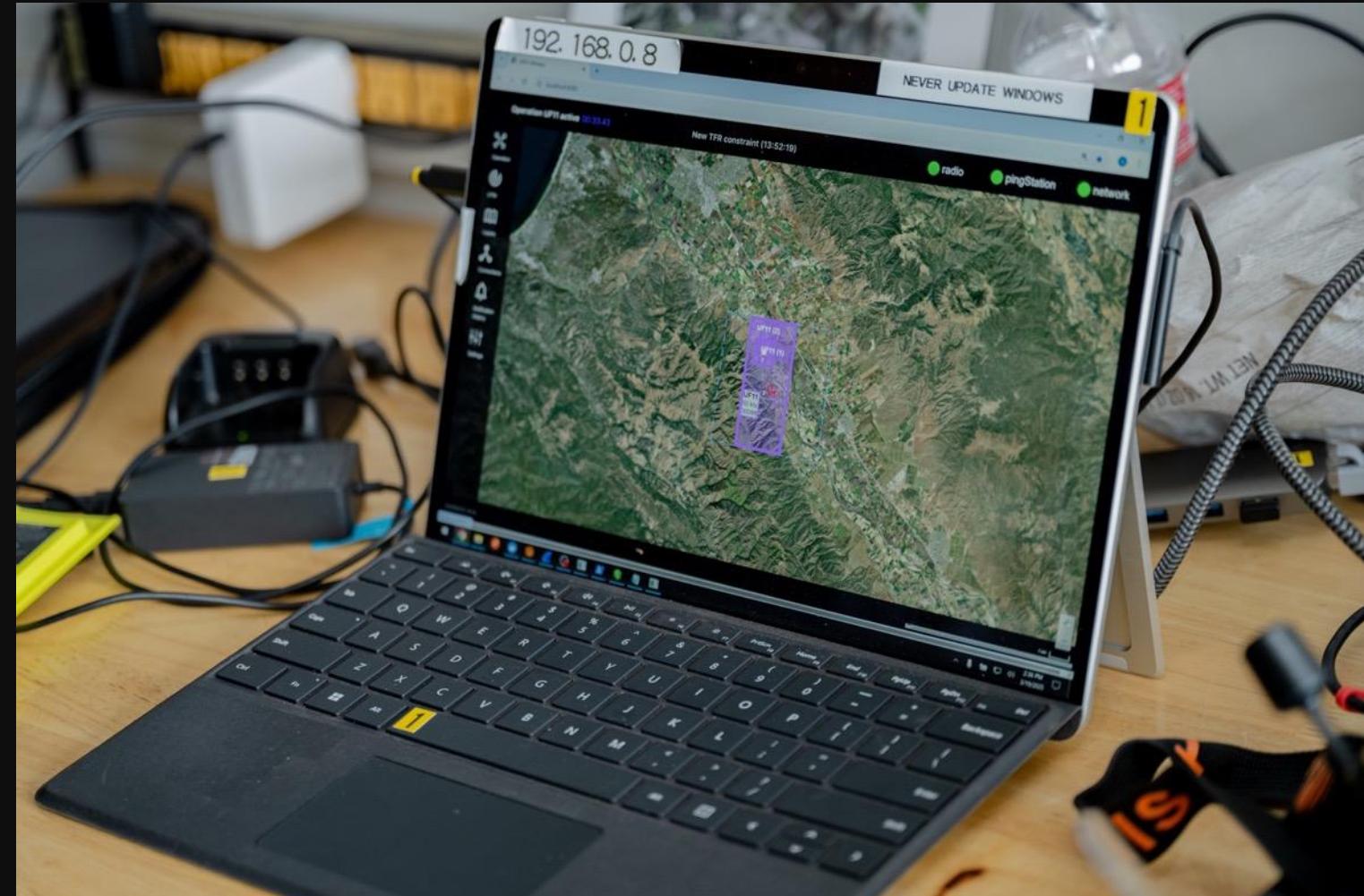
# Functional Testing to Validate Requirements

- These events were subsequently detected by the WFSS and **depicted on the UI** to validate system capabilities.
- Across all scenarios, users were able to interpret system response, manage operations, and maintain awareness of the airspace.



# Toward ACERO's Second Field Demonstration

- Expanding and refining current features and improving overall system performance
- Different UI modes for different roles / users
- Incorporate polygon-shaped volumes
- Incorporate additional information (terrain, weather)





# Advanced Capabilities for Emergency Response Operations

