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Final Report

(NASA-CR-150815) STS PAYLOAD DATA N78-32174
COLLECTION AND ACCOMMODATIONS ANALYSIS
STUDY. VOLUME 1: EXECUTIVE SUMMARY Final
Report (Teledyne Brown Engineering) 23 p Unclas
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STS PAYLOAD DATA COLLECTION AND ACCOMMODATIONS ANALYSIS STUDY

Volume I - Executive Summary

August 1978



ES78-MSFC-2241

STS PAYLOAD DATA COLLECTION
AND ACCOMMODATIONS ANALYSIS STUDY

VOLUME I
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUGUST 1978

PREPARED FOR
INTEGRATED PAYLOAD AND MISSION PLANNING OFFICE
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION
GEORGE C. MARSHALL SPACE FLIGHT CENTER

CONTRACT NO. NAS8-32711

PREPARED BY
SPACE SYSTEMS DEPARTMENT
ENGINEERING SERVICES DIVISION
TELEDYNE BROWN ENGINEERING
HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA

FOREWORD

This report summarizes the results of the Space Transportation System Payload Data Collection and Accommodations study (Contract NASB-32711) performed by Teledyne Brown Engineering Company for the MSFC Integrated Payload and Mission Planning Office from August 24, 1977 to August 25, 1978. This study consisted of two basic tasks:

Task 1 - Payload Data Collection

Task 2 - Spacelab Payload Accommodations Analysis.

This report consists of the following:

Volume I - Executive Summary

Volume II - Payload Data Collection

Volume III - Accommodations Analysis.

The results of this study can be found in greater detail in various other reports published during the term of the study. These reports are:

Task 1 - ES78-MSFC-2251, OSTA Payload Planning Data, Volumes I and II, August 1978

Task 2 - ES77-NASA-02168, Accommodations Versus Space Payload Requirements, December 1977

ES77-NASA-2168, Assessment of Launch Site Accommodations Versus Spacelab Payload Requirements, December 1977

Launch Site Processing Requirements, April 1978

Presentation to NASA JURG Spacelab Payload Accommodations Assessment from User's Viewpoint, May 1978

ES78-MSFC-2213, Spacelab Payload Planners Handbook, May 1978

Spacelab Accommodations Assessment for Earth Observations, Combined Astronomy, and Dedicated Life Sciences, August 1978

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Teledyne Brown Engineering Company wishes to acknowledge the contributions, both management and technical, toward the goals of this study, of the following MSFC personnel:

R. E. Valentine
J. H. Sims
H. R. Gangl, Jr.
L. B. Allen
R. G. Beranek

In addition we wish to express our appreciation to the OSTA discipline offices at NASA Headquarters and the Field Center contacts for their cooperation and direct contribution to the data collection process. The technical assistance of MSFC Science and Engineering and Program Development personnel in both the data collection and accommodations analysis efforts is greatly appreciated.

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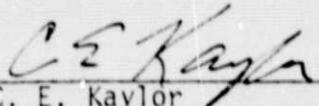
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ABSTRACT

A brief summary of the objectives, activities, and results of the STS Payload Data Collection and Accommodations Analysis Study is presented in this volume. The study consisted of two basic tasks. Task 1 involved the development of a data base for investigations/instruments considered in mission planning activities for OSTA missions. Task 2 involved the definition and tracking of requirements/accommodations for integrated STS missions.

APPROVAL:



C. E. Kaylor
Project Manager

1. INTRODUCTION

The Space Transportation System Payload Data Collection and Accommodations Analysis study was initiated on August 24, 1977. This study was undertaken under a 1-year contract (Contract NAS8-32711) between Teledyne Brown Engineering Company and the Integrated Payload and Mission Planning Office of Marshall Space Flight Center.

The primary objectives of the study, as shown in Figure 1, were: (1) definition of the requirements of investigations/instruments and integrated missions which will be flown on the Space Transportation System (STS) in the foreseeable future, (2) definition of the accommodations/resources of the STS actually available for use by these investigations and missions, and (3) analysis of requirements versus accommodations to identify deficiencies, areas of concern, and needed improvements in the STS.

The study consisted to two distinct separate, although related, tasks. The project organization for the accomplishment of the objectives of these tasks is shown in Figure 2.

The objectives of Task 1 were to develop and maintain a data base for investigations/instruments which are germane to OSTA mission planning activities. These data were collected through communications with principal contacts for each investigation as designated by the NASA Headquarters OSTA discipline offices. Recent efforts have expanded also into the OAST disciplines for investigations/instruments which are included in OSTA mission planning activities. Principal data outputs of this study include:

- Summary volumes useful to top level management
- Detailed data for use in technical mission planning activities
- Input data to NASA/MSFC's mission planning computer programs.

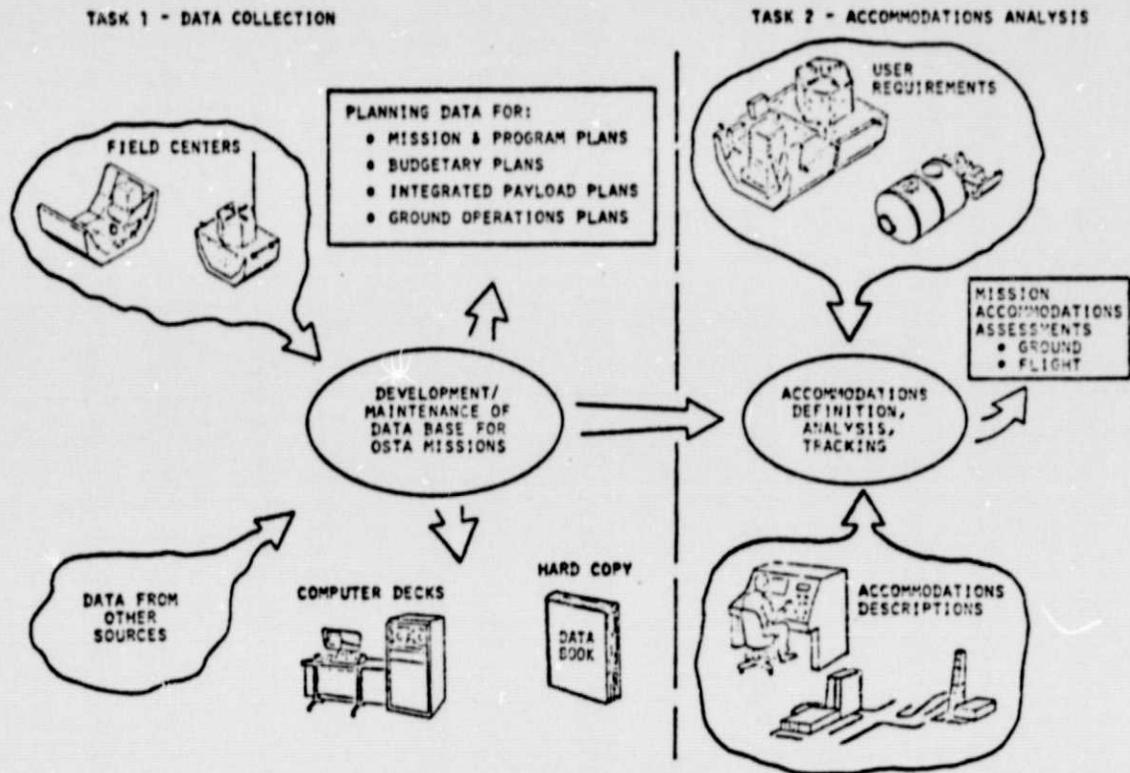


FIGURE 1. OBJECTIVES

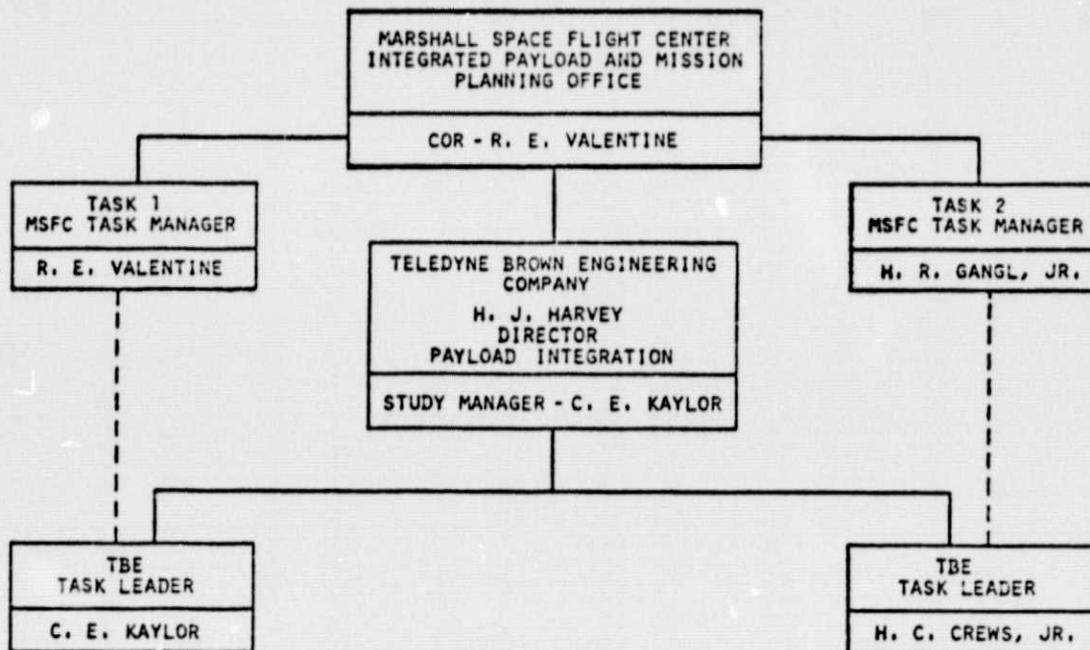


FIGURE 2. PROJECT ORGANIZATION

Task 2 objectives involve primarily the analysis of STS accommodations/descriptions against users' requirements. A major overall task is to track accommodations for and requirements of investigations/instruments/facilities and integrated missions as they evolve with the development of the Space Transportation System. Both ground and flight operations analyses are required, and outputs are a series of formal reports.

2. STS PAYLOAD DATA COLLECTION

The objective of the Payload Data Collection study was to develop and maintain a data base, in suitable format, for use in OSTA mission and program planning activities. As shown in Figure 1, data are gathered from existing documentation and through the principal contacts at the various NASA Field Centers, compiled into volumes, and keypunched into computer input format.

The primary thrust of the data collection activities was aimed at the development of a data base for use in future OSTA mission and program planning. The process for accomplishing this task involved efforts on the part of personnel in NASA Headquarters, Marshall Space Flight Center's Payload Office, and Field Center Principal Investigators/contacts as well as Teledyne Brown Engineering Company discipline specialists.

The involvement of high levels of NASA management personnel early in the program was highly contributive to the success of this project.

Discipline inventories of investigations/instruments have been fluid, and additions/deletions have changed requirements somewhat during the study. This, coupled with the fact that several investigations are in their infancy of development, has made it impossible to complete the data base on some of these investigations to the depth desired. However, a broad data base has been developed and delivered which will greatly enhance future mission planning activities.

The numbers of investigations/instruments/facilities included in each discipline area are shown in Table I. The numbers shown reflect the inventory as of the date of this report. All OAST items were added to the requirements list in April 1978.

The activities between TBE discipline experts and the principal contacts in developing the data sheets for use in the data bank are summarized in Table II. Although official submissions by principal

TABLE I. INVENTORY SUMMARY

OSTA DISCIPLINE	NUMBER OF PAYLOADS	
	INVESTIGATIONS/INSTRUMENTS/ FACILITIES	FREE FLYING
RESOURCES OBSERVATIONS		
EARTH RESOURCES	11	4
EARTH DYNAMICS	4	3
ENVIRONMENTAL OBSERVATIONS		
WEATHER AND CLIMATE	12	5
ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY	15	1
OCEAN CONDITION	2	2
MATERIALS PROCESSING	18	-
SPACE COMMUNICATIONS	5	3
OSTA TOTALS	67	18
OAST PAYLOADS	24	2
TOTALS	91	20

TABLE II. STATUS SUMMARY

ACTION OSTA SHUTTLE PAYLOADS		DATA FORMS SENT TO PRINCIPAL CONTACT BY MSFC	INITIAL TBE PHONE CONTACT	TBE PERSONAL CONTACT WITH PRINCIPAL CONTACTS	RECEIPT BY TBE OF FILLED IN FORMATS	DATA SENT TO PRINCIPAL CONTACT FOR REVIEW AND SUBMITTAL	DATA SUBMITTED BY PRINCIPAL CONTACT	INCLUSION OF FORMAT IN DATA PACKAGE
RESOURCES OBSERVATIONS								
EARTH RESOURCES	(15)	15	15	15	15	15	9	15
EARTH DYNAMICS	(7)	7	7	4	5	6	6	6
ENVIRONMENTAL OBSERVATIONS								
WEATHER AND CLIMATE	(17)	17	17	13	10	15	10	15
ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY	(16)	16	16	16	16	16	12	16
OCEAN CONDITION	(4)	4	4	4	2	2	2	2
MATERIALS PROCESSING	(18)	18	18	17	1	10	3	10
SPACE COMMUNICATIONS	(8)	8	8	8	1	8	5	8
OSTA PAYLOADS	(85)	85	85	77	50	72	47	72
OAST PAYLOADS	(26)	0	26	5	0	23	0	26
TOTAL	(111)	85	111	82	50	95	47	98

contacts are behind anticipated schedule, the data bank is complete insofar as data are presently available. A complete compilation of data has been published on the current active inventory. Data for each entry were collected with the cooperation and full cognizance of the appropriate principal contact.

2.1 FORMAT REFINEMENT

The initial task under the contract involved developing a suitable data format for multiple uses. Since previous formats had been burdensome both to the instrument developer and the user of the data, the primary objective was to simplify the format to include only the data necessary for detailed mission planning with minimum impact on the responsible payload contact.

The format was developed concurrently with the initial mission planning data exercise. The two efforts were mutually supportive of each other. Evaluation of needs of the mission plan contributed to the development of a format to meet those needs.

The criteria used for the format development include:

- Compatibility with Engineering Requirements
Document format
- Modular construction for multiple uses
- Ease of completion and use.

The format was organized into four major sections - general information, experiment equipment description, physical characteristics of the equipment/facility, and operational requirements. The experiment equipment description section is deleted from the free-flying payload format because mission planning does not require this information. Moreover, science information on shuttle experiments, which will be carried on free-flyers for long-term use, can be obtained from shuttle payload data sheets.

2.2 MISSION PLANNING ACTIVITIES

During the course of the data collection study TBE participated in mission planning activities. The first exercise was accomplished during the early months of the contract while the data format was under development. Summary level data were compiled on 28 investigations/instruments in the OA Flight Requirements at that time. A book of data was published in November 1977 covering these investigations.

The mission model planning activities at MSFC for the 1980-85 Mission Plan required data on many investigations/instruments not found in the payload planning data books. In order that effective planning could be accomplished TBE was tasked as indicated in Figure 3 to acquire data on 16 additional OSTA and 26 OAST investigations/instruments which were included to the OSTA model. The results were that on a quick turn-around basis sufficient data were delivered for this mission planning activity. In addition TBE's discipline specialists were available for consultation with MSFC PD personnel involved in this mission planning activity.

The results of this study including detail and summary data were submitted by technical letter. In addition a summary matrix of parameters on each investigation/instrument in the payload model was compiled to facilitate "quick-look."

2.3 DATA COLLECTION PROCESS/RESULTS

The data collection process which is depicted in Figure 4, includes the following basic steps:

- Inventory development by NASA Headquarters (OSTA)
- Data requirements definition by MSFC Payload Office
- Appointment of principal contacts/notification of principal contacts activity by OSTA
- Introduction of format/TBE personnel to principal contacts by MSFC
- Data acquisition by TBE in concert with Field Centers personnel

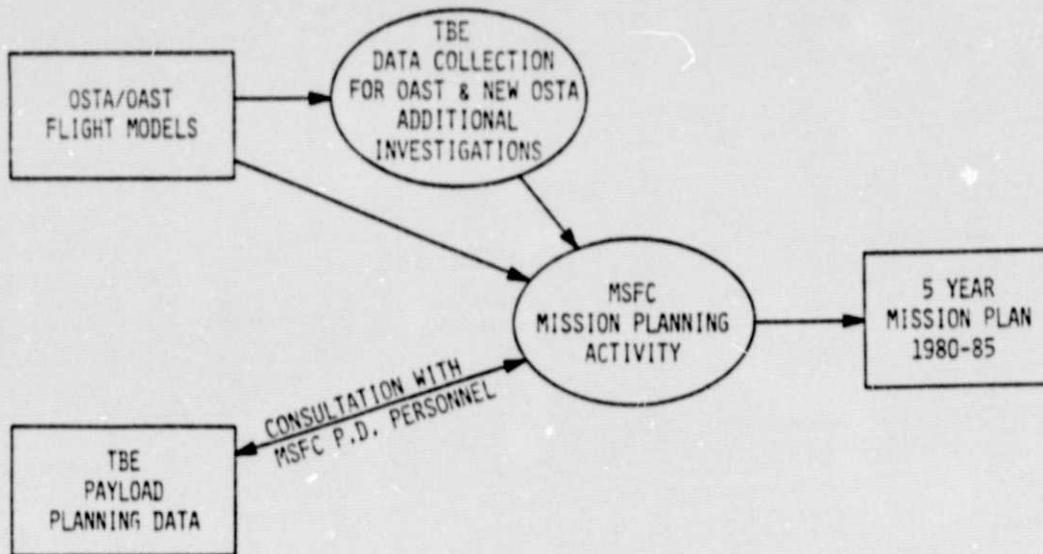


FIGURE 3. MISSION MODEL PLANNING DATA

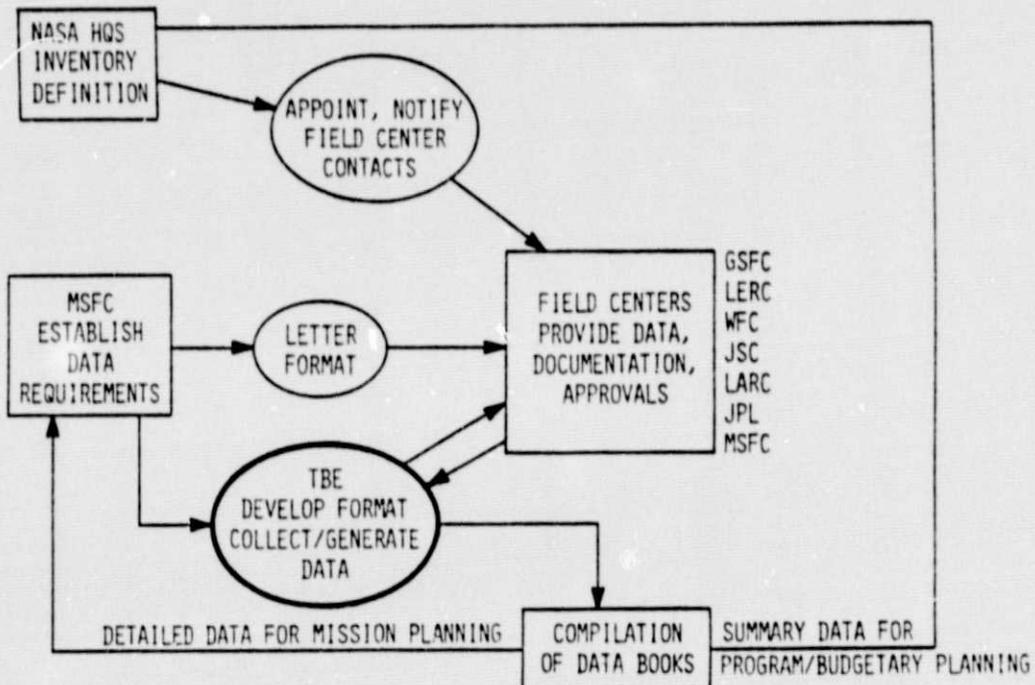


FIGURE 4. DATA COLLECTION PROCESS/RESULTS

- Completion of data sheets by TBE or Field Centers
- Approval of data by principal contacts
- Compilation/publication of data by TBE.

The outputs of the activity include published volumes of detailed and summary level data for use in mission planning and management functions, respectively. Publication of data on the active OSTA inventory of investigations has been accomplished. A sample detailed data format for reference is shown in Figure 5. Data on 42 additional investigations/instruments have been collected for use in mission planning work. Twenty-six of these additional investigations are in the OAST inventory. A preliminary copy of the Summary Data Book has been delivered on these. All of these 42 additional investigations have been included in a summary matrix for use in mission model planning activities.

Data for all investigations/instruments involved in the collection process have been entered into a computer data bank. A deck of data cards was delivered in format compatible with input requirements of the Marshall Interactive Planning System (MIPS) computer program. An IBM 1130 disc was also loaded with these data for easy access and search routines. Both the computer data inputs and the data books are designed for easy up-date of data items and for inclusion of additional investigations/instruments as the STS program evolves.

2.4 MANAGEMENT REVIEW

A summary of data was compiled on all investigations/instruments in the OSTA inventory. These data, subdivided by discipline, provide a top level overview of descriptions, objectives and requirements of each investigation/instrument being considered for near-term OSTA missions. Bar charts point out the tall-poles in requirements of Spacelab resources. These data are useful for pointing out major drivers and for compatibility analysis of investigations/instruments for top level mission planning studies. Special requirements, which may not be obvious from data observation, for investigations/instruments are also pointed out in this summary in order to facilitate mission plans.

OFFICE OF SPACE AND TERRESTRIAL APPLICATIONS
INVESTIGATION/INSTRUMENT/FACILITY PLANNING DATA

1-GENERAL INFORMATION

Name/Acronym Large Format Camera (LFC) Code No. OR-02-1
 Description Large Format Camera SPS Date 10/10/71
 Submitted by SAFAC/MS/MS/MS/MS NASA No. Approved
 Contact B. S. Housh Center JSC Phone (713) 217-1111
 Contact Center Phone

Objective: At the present time, the Orbiter Camera Payload System (OCPS) is configured with a single Large Format Camera (LFC) but future applications may contain one or more additional camera configurations. The major objective of the earth's land and ocean surfaces and meteorological phenomena for geological exploration, cartography, and renewable resource analysis.

Registration: (Physical Package, Experiment Activities, On Orbit Operations, Control, Use of Payload Specialist, etc.) The OCPS will be carried in the STS large bay and will require a hybrid carrier or Standard Test Rack (STR) for mounting. The OCPS will require ITS power, command and telemetry services as well as time from one of the STS crew members for operation. The OCPS uses active heat sinks and passive coolers and is comprised of the LFC, mount structure, environmental enclosure, pneumatic supply and electronics assembly. The LFC as a maximum frame capacity of 1,400 frames or ground track coverage of 3000 km at 200 km altitude.

DATA SOURCES

Project Plan for the Orbiter Camera Payload System, JSC-12879, 1 Feb. 1970.

Technical Specification Orbiter Camera Payload System, JSC-1720

OCPS Test Handbook, JSC-1720

Development Status

Planning	<input type="checkbox"/>	New Development	_____	Time (mos.)	_____
Definition Studies	<input type="checkbox"/>	Modify/Upgrade Existing	_____		
AAFE	<input type="checkbox"/>	Hardware	_____		
Development	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Prepare/Refurbish Existing	_____		
Existing hardware	<input type="checkbox"/>	Hardware for Flight	_____		

Flight Schedule (Circle No. if Approved for Flight)

	07	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
No. of Flights	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

3-PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Mass and Geometry

Total Launch weight	kg	<u>1022</u>	Payload volume	cu m	<u>1.02</u>
Launched weight	kg	<u>1022</u>	Pressurized Equipment	cu m	<u>0.20</u>
Pressurized Equipment	kg	<u>72</u>	Unpressurized Equipment	cu m	<u>0.82</u>
Unpressurized Equipment	kg	<u>950</u>	Control & Display Area	sq m	<u>0.74</u>

Major Mission Equipment

Identification/Function	Qty	wt (kg)	Dimension	Location
LFC lens cover assembly	1	150	4x16x16	to large bay
LFC film magazine assembly	1	107	91 x 51 x 83	"
LFC electronics assembly	1	48	151 x 91 x 21	"
Environmental control assembly	1	22	18 x 18 x 7	"
Mount structure	1	209	1,07 x 1,02 x 1,07	"
Pneumatic supply	1	409	1,41 x 1,41 x 23	"
Cabling	5	34	5 (total)	"

Support/Integration Equipment Required in the Orbiter (if known)

Equipment	Qty	Description/Location	Provided by
Keyboard/Data Entry Unit	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Computer for data and control	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Remote acquisition unit	1	to large bay	SAFAC
High rate video recorder	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Video display	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Power supply	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Gas vent expander	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Single faces	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Double faces	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Optical	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Mounting subsystem	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Temp.	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Remote manipulation arm	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Optical window	1	to large bay	SAFAC
Mount assembly/structure	1	to large bay	SAFAC

2-EXPERIMENT EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

Optical: Yes No Spectral Range 400-1000 nm
 Detector Type film Detector Operating Temp. 270
 Telescope Type SLA
 Camera: Visible Infrared
 Radiometer: Extinction Cavity
 Correlation Other
 Photometer: Extinction Other
 Interferometer: Michelson
 Fabry-Perot
 Grating
 Spectrometer: Filter Other
 Grating
 Lidar: _____ Type _____
 Microwave: Yes No Frequency Band _____ Antenna Type _____
 Radar
 Radiometer
 Imaging Type _____
 Processing/Manufacturing: Yes No
 Material: Furnace Type _____ Temp. Range _____
 Zone Refining _____
 Crystal Growing: Melt Solution Vapor
 Alloying _____
 Purification _____
 Biological: Electrophoresis
 Other Type Separation
 Others _____
 Fluid Phenomena: Flocculation
 Convection
 Migration
 Multiphase

Additional Descriptions (Specific Instrument Characteristics): Lens focal length is 30.5 cm and the image format is 22.5 cm (X direction) and 16.5 cm (Y direction).

Power (28 V 4 vdc)

	Pallet	Module
Standby Power	W <u>122</u>	W _____
Operating Power	W <u>122</u>	W _____
Operating Power Duration	W <u>122</u>	W _____
Peak Power	W <u>122</u>	W _____
Peak Power Duration	W <u>122</u>	W _____
Heater - Pwr (mode)	W <u>0</u>	W _____

Temp., Min/Max (K)	<u>270</u>	Tolerable EMI Level (dBW/m ²)	<u>1</u>
Humidity, Min/Max (%)	<u>100</u>	Tolerable Rad. Rate (J/kg-sec)	<u>1</u>
Inst. Outgas Rate	<u>100</u>	Tolerable Acoustics Level	<u>1</u>
(g/hr)	<u>100</u>	(dBA)	<u>1</u>
Inst. Rad. EMI Level (dBW/m ²)	<u>100</u>	Tolerable Contamination Level (particles/m ²)	<u>100</u>

(* as specified in JSC DCD 2-19001, 11/16/77)

Potential Hazards

High Pressure Pyrotechnics Cryogenics
 Radiation Propellants
 Corrosives

Other

Special Requirements (Integration Handling Equipment, Mounting Requirements, Specific Component Cooling, Power/Data Connector Locations):
 Integration handling equipment is TBD.

Mounting requirements is TBD.

Specific component cooling is passive cooling and active heating.

Power/data locations are TBD.

Installation Constraints (Scan/Deployment Clearances, Orientation, etc.):

- LFC optical axis must be parallel to the Z axis.
- LFC must be pointed in the -X direction.
- LFC format lens axis (SLA) must be parallel to the Y direction.
- LFC -Y axis must be into the forward half of the bay.

FIGURE 5. DATA FORMAT

3. STS PAYLOAD ACCOMMODATIONS ANALYSIS

The purpose of this task, Payload Accommodations Analysis, has been to determine the ground and flight accommodations requirements for STS/Spacelab payloads and missions, define flight and ground accommodations from available facility descriptions, and to assess the adequacy of accommodations against payload requirements. Figure 6 illustrates the operation of the accommodations analysis effort using documented user requirements and facility descriptions to develop integrated payload requirements and accommodations descriptions which are used in the performance of accommodations assessments. Note that material from the user requirements facility description, payload requirements, and accommodations definitions were used in the generation and maintenance of the payload accommodations reference file.

3.1 ASSESSMENT OF LAUNCH SITE ACCOMMODATIONS

A study of the "KSC Launch Site Accommodations Handbook for STS Payloads" was conducted to assess its description of accommodations against users' requirements. Criteria were developed for review of the document. As indicated in Figure 7 four missions' requirements were then determined and evaluated against the handbook description. As a result of this study recommendations for changes in the handbook descriptions were made. The handbook was subsequently revised to incorporate these changes. A document, "Assessment of Launch Site Accommodations Versus Spacelab Payload Requirements" was generated as a result of this study. A lack of test and checkout requirements in the time frame of this study led to a further study of this facet of Launch Site Accommodations.

3.2 LAUNCH SITE PROCESSING REQUIREMENTS STUDY

In this study the processing requirements were determined for payloads in the minimum risk category (payloads with a high degree of importance on success). In addition the conditions for deviation from these requirements for payloads of assigned levels of risk were recommended. Particular attention was given to test and checkout

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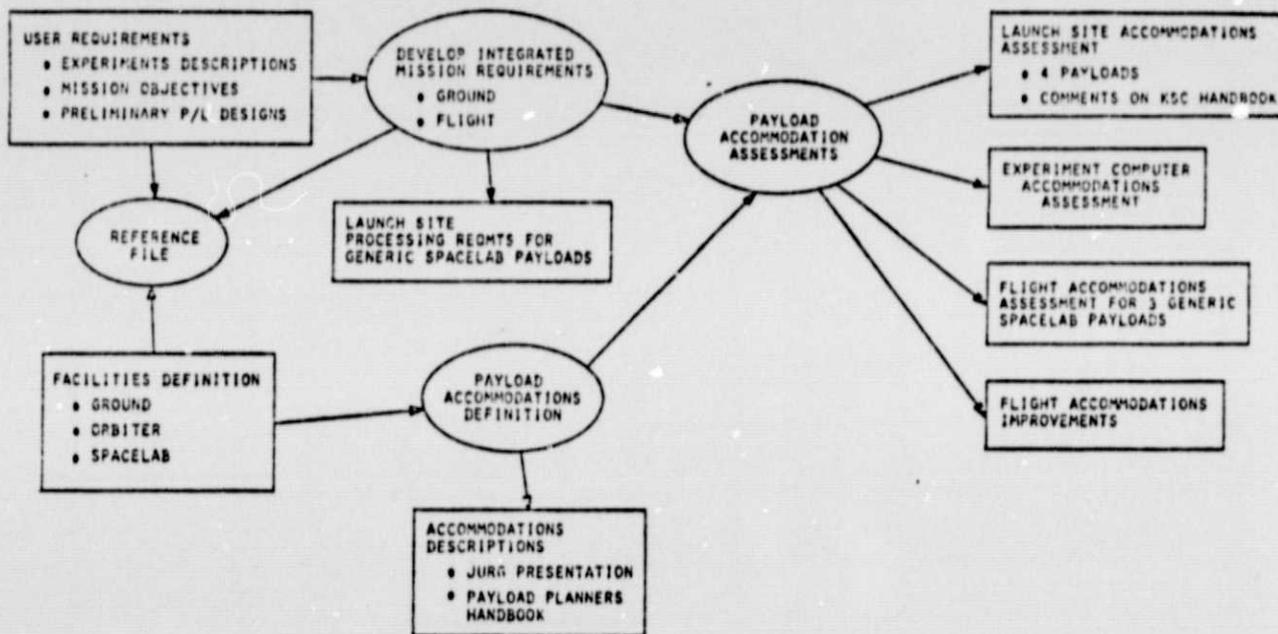


FIGURE 6. PAYLOAD ACCOMMODATIONS ANALYSIS

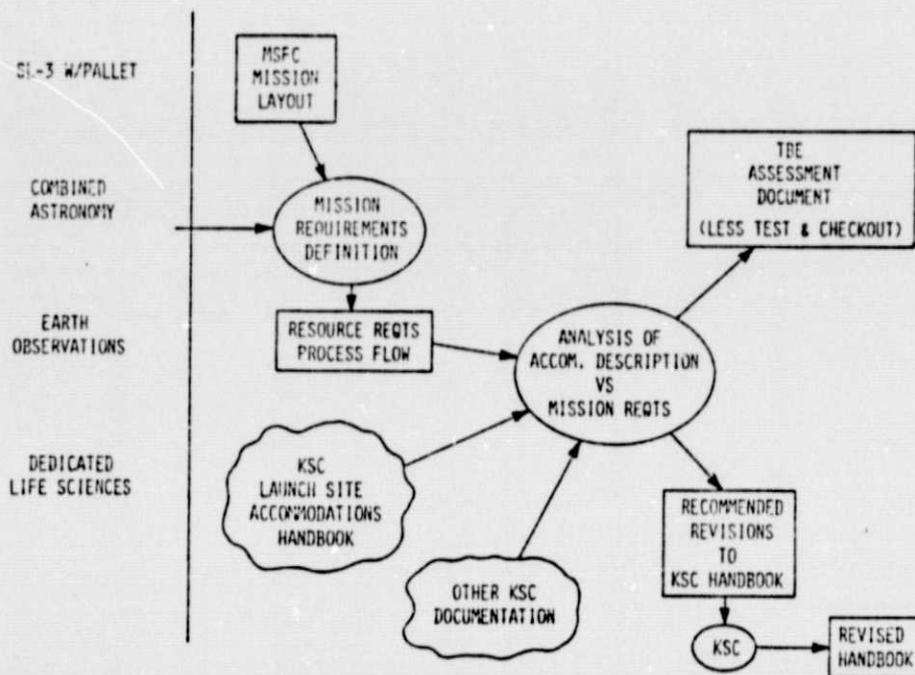


FIGURE 7. ASSESSMENT OF LAUNCH SITE ACCOMMODATIONS

requirements at Levels III, II and I integration. Definition of test and checkout accomplished at Level IV was included. Special support requirements for Data Processing/Display, Facilities, and Ground Support Equipment were defined. Processing functions were defined as explicitly as possible without specific payload reference.

3.3 ECOS REQUIREMENTS REVIEW

TBE was requested to participate in a Team 1 review of the September 1977 ECOS Requirements Document. After review of the document 19 Review Item Discrepancies (RID's) were submitted for consideration of the Review Team. After these and other RID's from the review were considered, TBE participated in the follow-up action on four RID's. The recommendations were:

- To use the proposed ECOS keyboard language instead of alternate languages.
- To have an experiment-provided counter operating with the Usertime Clock to obtain ± 10 ms accuracy and 10 μ s resolution when required.

3.4 REFERENCE FILE

A file of STS accommodations was generated and delivered for customer reference and use. The file consists of notebooks of 8 x 10 inch photographs and drawings, supporting text, viewgraphs, and negatives of the figures. The following subjects are treated in the file:

- Space Shuttle
 - Missions
 - Costs
 - Mission sequences
 - Orbiter and its accommodations
 - Solid rocket booster
 - External tank

- Spacelab
 - Accommodations
 - Typical applications
 - Mission 1
 - Mission 2
 - Mission 3
 - Upper stages.

3.5 OSTA PAYLOAD INTEGRATION COST STUDY DATA

A study was conducted to generate experiment data necessary for input to a Level IV Integration Cost Study by the contractor to MSFC. The results of this study provided the following:

- Definition of experiment data pertinent to Level IV integration cost study
- Definition of special Level IV test and verification requirements
- Definition of Level IV interfaces
 - Branching unit essential power
 - EPDB
 - Battery requirements
 - Cables through disconnect panel
 - Experiment switching panel power
 - Number of software modules.

3.6 FLIGHT ACCOMMODATIONS STUDY

The purpose of this study was to summarize the Spacelab accommodations as defined in the June 30, 1977 Spacelab Accommodations Handbook (SPAH) and compare them with the requirements of payloads as defined in the Spacelab System Requirements Document (SRD), revision 1, dated May 1975. Discrepancies between these two documents were noted. Also

the Spacelab CDR and design expectations were compared to the SPAH. The results of this effort were reported in presentation format for presentation to NASA JURG. The presentation included recommendations for improvements.

Based on the assessment described above a TBE document, "Spacelab Payload Planners Handbook," was formulated and published. Backup data were incorporated as well as definition of essential MDE for each Spacelab configuration. Accommodations available to payloads and accommodations constraints were defined.

The Flight Accommodations Study was extended to define Spacelab improvements supported by the requirements of three generic missions. The study defined mission requirements for the three missions, analyzed the accommodations versus requirements, identified problem areas, and assessed improvements which are supported by the mission requirements. This study was integrated with other material from NASA/MSFC inhouse studies into a presentation to ESA/NASA JURG.