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SUTIL: System Utilities Routines
Revision C

by: Dale Harper, Sigma Corporation

Prepared for:
NASA Johnson Space Center
Houston, Texas 77058
December, 1976
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INTRODUCTION

SUTIL is a package of FORTRAN callable subroutines which allow efficient communication of data between users and programs.

Calls to SUTIL routines which output text to the screen will unconditionally load monitor overlay buffer 1 with the LABEL segment (if not already loaded), i.e. Calls into the SUTIL package must not be concurrent with FORTRAN use of monitor overlay buffer 1.

Text and values output to the screen by SUTIL routines IGET, RGET, OGET, SG5ET, and YESNO cannot be printed on the PPL, as PPL driver uses monitor overlay buffer 1.

Proper utilization of the SUTIL package will significantly reduce program core requirements and expedite program development.
IGET

IGET is a FORTRAN callable routine designed to display a message for the operator on the AGT screen.

Routine will display the minimum and maximum bounds and current value for an integer variable, accept the current value with a C/R, or a new type-in value from the operator.

If an image is being displayed prior to calling IGET a subimage link is formed to enable the image to remain on the screen with message, bounds and current value display, this link is removed on return from subroutine.

If operator types in a new value, it is compared to the upper and lower bound. If within bounds, new value is returned to the calling program. If out of bounds, variable is set to the value of the crossed boundary, the TTY bell is rung, and the following error message is displayed for the operator:
LIMIT EXCEEDED, DEFAULT VALUE ASSUMED
(MIN=XXX,MAX=XXX) CURRENT=XXX

Simple math may be included in type-in, however it must be in polish string format.
i.e. no ( ) and solution is from left to right.

Characters which may be included in type string are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td>Add</td>
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<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>Subtract</td>
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<tr>
<td>*</td>
<td>Multiply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/</td>
<td>Divide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>=</td>
<td>Sum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Change sign</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other characters cause the TTY bell to ring and the following error message is displayed for the operator:

ERROR: ILLEGAL CHARACTER

i.e. 100/25*25-50+50 equals 100
100/2.5+60 equals 100
100 + 50X + 50 equals 100 (X = change sign)

Type-in followed by an '=' sign will cause the sum to replace type-in. This sum may be accepted with a C/R or a new VALUE typed.
CALLING SEQUENCE

CALL IGET (IVALUE, MIN, MAX, "MESSAGE", IFLAG)

ARGUMENTS

1  IVALUE    Variable (I/O integer).
2  MIN       Minimum bound for IVALUE (input integer).
3  MAX       Maximum bound for IVALUE (input integer).
4  MESSAGE   ASCII string (input).
   An ASCII character string to be displayed for the
   user. The MESSAGE is small characters at left side
   of screen unless ASCII control characters are in
   MESSAGE string.
   i.e.,  \$X6000, $Y000, $C, $G, $E, $S  characters will
   change MESSAGE size and position.

5  IFLAG     (input integer).
   If positive, clear prior MESSAGE(s) before
   displaying MESSAGE. Else add this MESSAGE to any
   previous MESSAGE(s).

ERROR CONDITIONS

All errors are properly handled internally. If numbers are out of range as
input, TTY bell rings and a message to the user will appear requesting a
new input.
RGET

RGET is a FORTRAN callable routine designed to display a message for the operator on the HGT screen.

Routine will display the minimum and maximum bounds and current value for a real variable, accept the current value with a C/R, or a new typein value from the operator.

If an image is being displayed prior to calling RGET a subimage link is formed to enable the image to remain on the screen with message, bounds and current value display, this link is removed on return from subroutine.

If operator types in a new value, it is compared to the upper and lower bound. If within bounds, new value is returned to the calling program. If out of bounds, variable is set to the value of the crossed boundary, the TTY bell is rung, and the following error message is displayed for the operator:

LIMIT EXCEEDED, DEFAULT VALUE ASSUMED
(MIN=XXX, MAX=XXX) CURRENT=XXX

Simple math may be included in typein, however it must be in polish string format, i.e. no ( ) and solution is from left to right.

Characters which may be included in type string are:

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<td>Change sign</td>
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Other characters cause the TTY bell to ring and the following error message is displayed for the operator:

ERROR: ILLEGAL CHARACTER

i.e. 100/25*25-50+50 equals 100
100/2.5+60 equals 100
100 + 50X + 50 equals 100 (X = change sign)

Typein followed by an '=' sign will cause the sum to replace typein. This sum may be accepted with a C/R or a new VALUE typed.
CALLING SEQUENCE

CALL RGET (VALUE, RMIN, RMAX, "MESSAGE", IFLAG)

ARGUMENTS

1 VALUE Variable (I/O real).
2 RMIN Minimum bound for VALUE (input real).
3 RMAX Maximum bound for VALUE (input real).
4 MESSAGE ASCII string (input).
   An ASCII character string to be displayed for the user.
   The MESSAGE is small characters at left side of screen
   unless ASCII control characters are in MESSAGE string,
   i.e., $X000, $Y000, $C, $F, $E characters will change
   MESSAGE size and position.
5 IFLAG (input integer).
   If positive, clear prior MESSAGE(s) before displaying
   MESSAGE.
   Else add this MESSAGE to any previous MESSAGE(s).

ERROR CONDITIONS

All errors are properly handled internally. If numbers are out of range as
input, TTY bell rings and a message to the user will appear requesting a
new input.
OGET is a FORTRAN callable routine designed to display a message for the operator on the ALT screen.

Routine will display the minimum and maximum bounds and current value for an octal variable. Accept the current value with a C/R, or a new typein value from the operator.

If an image is being displayed prior to calling OGET a subimage link is formed to enable the image to remain on the screen with message, bounds and current value display, this link is removed on return from subroutine.

If operator types in a new value, it is compared to the upper and lower bound. If within bounds, new value is returned to the calling program. If out of bounds, variable is set to the value of the crossed boundary, the TTY bell is rung, and the following error message is displayed for the operator:

LIMIT EXCEEDED, DEFAULT VALUE ASSUMED
(MIN=XXX, MAX=XXX) CURRENT=XXX

Simple math may be included in typein, however it must be in polish string format. i.e. no ( ) and solution is from left to right.

Characters which may be included in type string are:

<table>
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<td>Divide</td>
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<tr>
<td>=</td>
<td>Sum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Change sign</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other characters cause the TTY bell to ring and the following error message is displayed for the operator:

ERROR: ILLEGAL CHARACTER

i.e. 40₈ + 40₈ equals 100₈

Typein followed by an '=' sign will cause the sum to replace typein. This sum may be accepted with a C/R or a new VALUE typed.
CALLING SEQUENCE

CALL OGET (OVALUE, OMIN, OMAX, "MESSAGE", IFLAG)

ARGUMENTS

1 OVALUE Variable (input, output octal).
2 OMIN Minimum bound for OVALUE (input octal).
3 OMAX Maximum bound for OVALUE (input octal).
4 MESSAGE ASCII string (input).
   An ASCII character string to be displayed for the user.
   The MESSAGE is small characters at left side of screen
   unless ASCII control characters are in MESSAGE string.
   i.e., $X000, $Y000, $C, $F, $E characters will change
   MESSAGE size and position.
5 IFLAG (input integer).
   If positive, clear prior MESSAGE(s) before displaying
   MESSAGE. Else add this MESSAGE to any previous
   MESSAGE(s).

ERROR CONDITIONS

All errors are properly handled internally. If numbers are out of range as
input, TTY bell rings and a message to the user will appear requesting a
new input.
SGET is a FORTRAN callable routine designed to display a message for the operator on the AGT screen, and accept a typed string from the operator.

If an image is being displayed prior to calling SGET, a subimage link is formed to enable the image to remain on the screen with message, bounds and current value display. This link is removed on return from subroutine.

CALL SEQUENCE

CALL SGET (ARRAY, MESSAGE, KFLAG)

ARGUMENTS

1. ARRAY
   AMOS character array (output).
   Minimum length of array should be determined as follows:
   (use a multiple of 5 for maximum characters)
   If (maximum characters .EQ. 5) length = 1
   else Length = maximum characters / 5 + 1.
   If typed string is .GT. 5 first word in array is pointer.
   to characters in form: -number words /H address of string.

2. MESSAGE
   ASCII string (input).
   An ASCII character string to be displayed for the user.
   The MESSAGE is small characters at left side of screen
   unless ASCII control characters are in MESSAGE string.
   i.e., $X0000,0Y0000,0C,0F,0E characters will change
   MESSAGE size and position.

3. KFLAG
   Optional (input integer).
   Maximum number of characters to accept from operator.
   (range = ± 1-132)
   If KFLAG argument is neg. prior MESSAGE(s) is not cleared.
   If KFLAG argument is omitted, prior MESSAGE(s) is cleared,
   and 10 set as maximum output characters.

ERROR CONDITIONS

All errors are properly handled internally.
YESNO

YESNO is a FORTRAN function designed to display a message for the operator on the AGT screen and accept the first character of operator type in string as a YES/NO answer.

i.e. Yes..."Y", "C/R", or "C/R".
    No...anything else.

Calling program can branch on the returned function value.

If an image is being displayed prior to calling YESNO a subimage link is formed to enable the image to remain on the screen with message display, this link is removed on return from subroutine.

CALLING SEQUENCE

IF (YESNO("MESSAGE",NFLAG)) 10,20 or LLL=YESNO("MESSAGE",NFLAG))

ARGUMENTS

1. MESSAGE     ASCII string (input).
   An ASCII character string to be displayed for the
   user. The MESSAGE is small characters at left side
   of screen unless ASCII control characters are in
   MESSAGE string.
   i.e., 0x6000,0x0000,0C,0F,5E characters will
   change MESSAGE size and position.

2. NFLAG         (input integer).
   If positive, clear prior MESSAGE(s) before
   displaying MESSAGE. Else add this MESSAGE to any
   previous MESSAGE(s).

EXAMPLE

LOGICAL YESNO
EXTERNAL YESNO

IF (YESNO("IS EVERYTHING OK",NFLAG)) 10,20

If the typed response is "Y", "C/R", or "C/R", the function value will be
true, and statement 10 will be executed. Otherwise statement 20 will result
from the false function value.
PROGRAM TEST
LOGICAL YESNO
IVAL = RVIL = 0.0
IMIN = RMIN = -9999.0
IMAX = RMAX = 9999.0
IOCTHL = 101B; MINOCTHL = 101B; MAXOCTHL = 2337B
C PUT UP MESSAGE ON SCREEN AND ACCEPT TYPEIN IN RANGE RMIN TO RMAX
10 CALL RGET(RVAL,RMIN,RMAX,"@GET THIS MESSAGE WILL APPEAR AS @
1SMALL CHARACTERS, ATOCWFUPPER LEFT OF SCREEN, @
1EGWCF^YPE IN A REAL VALUE : @SYS", 1)
C ADD ANOTHER MESSAGE, ACCEPT INTEGER TYPE IN
11 CALL IGET(IVAL,IMIN,IMAX,"@GET THIS MESSAGE IS ADDED ALSO, @
1THIS TIME WE ARE CALLING THE INTEGER ROUTINE, IF FRACTIONS @CWF
1ARE TYPED IN, ONLY THE INTEGER PORTION IS RETURNED, @EGET @
1INTEGER VALUE = : @SYS", -1)
C ADD ANOTHER MESSAGE
12 CALL IGET(IVAL,IMIN,IMAX,"@GET SIMPLE MATH MAYBE INCLUDED @
1IN TYPEIN, @GET HOWEVER IT MUST BE IN POLISH STRING FORMAT, @
1.I.E., NO ( ) AND SOLUTION IS FROM LEFT TO RIGHT, @
1GET ONLY + - * / X = ARE ALLOWED, @GET @
1ANY OTHER CHARACTERS CAUSE THE TTY BELL TO RING AND A NEW @
1INPUT REQUESTED, @GET @
1I.E., 100/25+50=50+50 EQUALS 100@GET @
1GET 100/2.5+60 IS ALSO 100@GET @
1GET 100+50X+50 EQUALS 100 (X = CHANGE SIGN)@GET @
1GET TYPEIN FOLLOWED BY AN '=' SIGN WILL CAUSE THE SUM TO@GET @
1GET REPLACE TYPEIN, THIS SUM MAY BE ACCEPTED WITH A C/R @
1GET FOR A NEW VALUE MAY BE TYPED IN, @GET @
1GET INTGETEGER VALUE = : @SYS", -1)
C PLACE ANSWER IN RVIL AS CURRENT VALUE
13 RVIL = IVAL
C ASK USER FOR A DATA PACK-VOLUME
14 CALL OGET(IOCTHL,MINOCTHL,MAXOCTHL,"@GET TYPE IN PACK-VOLUME FOR DATA, @
1GET @GET "PACK-VOLUME": @GET @GET "", -1)
C DO NOT CLEAR SCREEN, ASK IF OPERATOR WANTS TO REPEAT,
15 IF (YESNO("@GET WANT TO GO THRU AGAIN ? ":", -1) 10,20
C C/R OR Y C/R RETURN TO 10, ANYTHING ELSE RETURNS FROM PROGRAM
20 CALL EXIT
END
MLIST is a collection of FORTRAN callable subroutines which allow convenient access to the Adage monitor listing device routines.

CALLING SEQUENCE

Select and initialize listing device.
   CALL INLIST (ICODE)
   or
   CALL INLIST (ICODE, 'NAME', IPVY)

Output an AMOS string with 0 to NCR carriage returns prior to string.
   CALL FHMOS ('AA',NCR)

Output date.
   CALL IDATE (date)

Output an ASCII string (listing device 1 only (ICODE =1)).
   CALL FHSCI1('BB')

Tab to specified column of listing device.
   CALL TABTO (ICOL)

Output a carriage return and line feed.
   CALL ORSCR

Eject current page.
   CALL EJECT

Unselect listing device.
   CALL UNSELECT

Output decimal integer.
   CALL I2DEC (IVAlUE, IDIVITS)

Output floating point number.
   CALL R2DEC (VALUE, ITOTAL, IFRAC)

After initial call to INLIST, the following parameters may be accessed at:  (use FORTRAN equivalence statement).

70007_6 = current character position in line.
70010_6 = current line count.
70011_6 = maximum lines/page for selected device.
70012_6 = busy flag (negative if busy).
ARGUMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ARGUMENT</th>
<th>TYPE</th>
<th>FUNCTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ICODE     | input integer | Desired listing device.  
0 = TTY  
1 = SCREEN  
2 = PPL  
3 = ATEXT disk file |

NOTE: If ICODE = 3, and argument NAME and PVV are omitted, file is output to PVV 101, with name DEBUG1. 
If more than one argument to INLIST all are required.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ARGUMENT</th>
<th>TYPE</th>
<th>FUNCTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NAME</td>
<td>input AMOS string</td>
<td>If ICODE = 3, the output disk file name is set = NAME</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PVV</td>
<td>input octal</td>
<td>Output pack-volume for disk file.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA</td>
<td>input AMOS string</td>
<td>String for output.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NCR</td>
<td>input integer</td>
<td>Number of carriage returns to output prior to AA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE</td>
<td>input date</td>
<td>Address of a cell containing a data in AMOS format, usually #DATE or #FILEDATE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BB</td>
<td>input ASCII string</td>
<td>String for output.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICOL</td>
<td>input integer</td>
<td>Desired character column.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IVALUE</td>
<td>input integer</td>
<td>Integer value to be output.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| IDIGITS   | integer input | Total digits, range = ±10.  
If positive ... right justify.  
If negative ... left justify.  
Round off will occur if value exceeds number of digits specified. |
### ARGUMENT | TYPE | FUNCTION
--- | --- | ---
VALUE | (input real) | Real value to be output.
|  |  | If VALUE exceeds 536,870,656, 'E' format is used.
ITOTAL | (integer input) | Total digits, range = 110.
|  |  | If positive, right justify (integer part).
|  |  | If negative, left justify (integer part).
|  |  | Round off will occur if value exceeds number of digits specified.
IFRAC | (input integer) | Fractional digits.
|  |  | Round off will occur if value exceeds number of digits specified.

### ERROR CONDITIONS

If ICODE is invalid or incorrect number of arguments default is to TTY.
ASCII output is legal to device 1 only.
PROGRAM TEST1
REAL INBUFF(100),OBUFF1(100),OBUFF2(100)
A = B = 10.0
C GET DESIRED LISTING DEVICE FROM USER.
IDEVICE = 1
CALL IGET (IDEVICE,0,3," OUTPUT DEVICE OPTIONS:",0)
10 = TTY@0
11 = SCREEN@0
12 = PPL@0
13 = DISK FILE@0
1 TYPE IN DESIRED OPTION : ",1)
C INITIALIZE INBUFF
DO 10 J = 1,100
INBUFF(J) = A
A = A + B
IF (A .EQ. 250.0) B = -10.0
IF (A .EQ. -250.0) B = 10.0
10 CONTINUE
C CLEAR OBUFF 1&2
DO 11 J = 1,100
OBUFF1(J) = OBUFF2(J) = 0.0
11 CONTINUE
C PLACE SAMPLES IN OBUFF1 AT 2 TIMES SAMPLE RATE OF INBUFF
CALL NTRPOLATE (INBUFF(1),OBUFF1(1),50,0.5)
C PLACE SAMPLES IN OBUFF2 AT 1/2 SAMPLE RATE OF INBUFF
CALL NTRPOLATE (INBUFF(1),OBUFF2(1),50,2.0)
C INITIALIZE LISTING DEVICE
CALL INLIST (IDEVICE)
C OUTPUT HEADER FOR LISTING
CALL FAMOS ('BUFFER LISTING OF INTERPOLATION RESULTS',0)
CALL FAMOS ('INBUFF', 2)
CALL TABTO (20)
CALL FAMOS ('OBUFF1', 0)
CALL TABTO (40)
CALL FAMOS ('OBUFF2', 0)
CALL O8T8R
C LIST CONTENTS OF BUFFERS
DO 20 J = 1,50
CALL R2DEC (INBUFF(J),8,3)
CALL TABTO (20)
CALL R2DEC (OBUFF1(J),8,3)
CALL TABTO (40)
CALL R2DEC (OBUFF2(J),8,3)
CALL O8T8R
20 CONTINUE
C EJECT PAGE, AND UNSELECT DEVICE
CALL EJECT
CALL UNSELECT
RETURN
END
IDELAY

IDELAY is a FORTRAN callable Subroutine which causes a time delay.

CALLING SEQUENCE

Call IDELAY (ICOUNT)

ARGUMENTS

ICOUNT (input integer) Number of milliseconds of desired delay, range 1 to 4095.

ERROR CONDITIONS

Out of range number defaults to a one second delay.

RBELL

RBELL is a FORTRAN callable routine to ring the TTY bell.

CALLING SEQUENCE

CALL RBELL

ERROR CONDITIONS

None
RDLIN

RDLIN is a FORTRAN callable routine designed to allow free format input from the ANK/TTY.

RDLIN will unconditionally load the LABEL segment into monitor overlay buffer 1 (unless already loaded).

Typein is stored in Global array 'FLIST', as left justified 'PAKDR' filled AMOS characters.

Typein is also stored in Global array 'ULIST', right justified, one character per word.

Global variable 'NICH' contains the number of typed characters.

Global variable 'MTRAKAR' controls the maximum number of typed characters allowed (range 1-132).

Global variable 'PAKDR' (normally 40_ (space)) is used as pad character for left justified strings.

If 'PAKDR' is changed by calling program it should be restored to 40_.

Global flag 'NOOSP', if negative assumes external display of monitor label buffer (#BUFF).

Cursor appears on screen 2 spaces to the right of last output to label buffer, i.e. a write to unit 25 or SUTIL routine MLIST.

Calling Sequence

CALL RDLIN

Error Conditions

After number of typed characters ,EQ. 'MTRAKAR' no further characters are accepted.

ORIGINAL PAGE IS OF POOR QUALITY
LANGUAGE

ADEPT (Adage machine language)

SUBROUTINE LENGTH

Approximately 1500 words.

EQUIPMENT

AGT-10 through AGT-340

AUTHORSHIP

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