TO:  X/Scientific & Technical Information Division
    Attn: Miss Winnie M. Morgan

FROM:  GP/Office of Assistant General
        Counsel for Patent Matters

SUBJECT: Announcement of NASA-Owned U.S. Patents in STAR

In accordance with the procedures agreed upon by Code GP and Code KSI, the attached NASA-owned U.S. Patent is being forwarded for abstracting and announcement in NASA STAR.

The following information is provided:

U.S. Patent No.: 3,123,418

Collins Radio Co.
Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Supplementary Corporate Source (if applicable):

NASA Patent Case No.: XMS-1077

NOTE - If this patent covers an invention made by a corporate employee of a NASA Contractor, the following is applicable:

YES / NO 

Pursuant to Section 305(a) of the National Aeronautics and Space Act, the name of the Administrator of NASA appears on the first page of the patent; however, the name of the actual inventor (author) appears at the heading of column No. 1 of the Specification, following the words "...with respect to an invention of ..."

Bonnie L. Henderson

Enclosure
This invention relates to the insertion and extraction of rack mounted electronic units and particularly to a screw thread insert tightening and extract device, for chassis units, having a collar which may be rotatably positioned manually for the insert tightening or extraction of various associated chassis units, as desired.

Many chassis units for rack mounted electronic systems are provided with guide pins, either front or rear, and plug-in connectors, imposing a requirement that considerable force must be exerted on the chassis unit being inserted or extracted for full engagement or disengagement of the guide pins and plug connectors. Obviously, it is important that full engagement of chassis units be insured and maintained not only for proper electrical connection through the plugs, but also to insure proper seating of a module or chassis unit in a rack, particularly when severe vibration conditions are likely to be encountered.

It is, therefore, a principal object of this invention to provide manual force multiplying means for inserting and extracting chassis units to and from a rack.

A further object is to provide for selectively connecting each force multiplying insert and extraction device for insertion or extraction of one or more associated chassis units, as desired.

Features in the accomplishment of these objects include the provision of a threaded screw type device operationally received in a threaded opening in a shelf of a rack for mounting and securing multiple chassis units. A double flanged collar, having a D-shaped front or outer flange and a cut down generally quarter section shaped rear or inner flange, is rotatably mounted on the shank of the screw device between two collars axially fixed on the shank, as by press fits thereon. The collar is rotatably positionable for engaging one or more of the associated chassis units for either insertion or extraction into or from a rack shelf of the operationally engaged chassis unit or units, as desired.

A specific embodiment representing what is presently regarded as the best mode of carrying out the invention is illustrated in the accompanying drawings.

In the drawings:

FIGURE 1 represents a partial perspective view of a rack with electronic chassis units mounted both above and below a rack shelf;

FIGURE 2, a partially cut away and sectioned side view showing details of an insertion and extract screw device threaded into position for exerting insert tightening force on an upper module, and with a lower module already tightened into position;

FIGURE 3 shows a partial perspective view of an insert-extract device with its collar positioned for extraction of an upper unit, or insertion of both an upper and a lower chassis unit;

FIGURE 4 is shown in position for insertion and hold, or extraction for a lower chassis unit;

FIGURE 5, the collar of the device positioned for insertion and hold of both an upper and lower associated chassis unit, or extraction of a lower chassis unit;

FIGURE 6, the screw insert-extract device with the collar positioned for insertion of and hold, or extraction of the upper associated chassis unit; and

FIGURE 7, a partially cut away and detailed view of another screw insert-extract embodiment.

Referring to the drawings:

The rack 10 of FIGURE 1 is shown to have a shelf 11 which mounts two upper electronic chassis units 12 and 13, and a lower chassis unit 14. These chassis units are of various widths and of various lengths accommodating various quantities of module sections 12a, 13a and 14a, respectively. The chassis units are equipped with front plates 12b, 13b, and 14b, and when fully inserted on shelf 11 of the rack are in snug bearing contact with rear mounting brackets 12d, 13d and 14d, respectively. The rear mounting brackets and the chassis units may, as shown in FIGURE 2 for chassis unit 13 and bracket 13d, be equipped with plug-in connectors 15. Alignment guide pin means 16 are used for securing proper positioning in mating of the plug-in connectors 15 between the chassis units and rear brackets as the units are being inserted into place. These units may also be provided with front guide pin means 17 interconnecting the front of shelf 11 and front plates 12b, 13b and 14b, respectively, in a conventional manner, and may also be provided with plug-in connectors, not shown, between the front plates and shelf 11 just as indicated with connectors 15 at the rear of chassis unit 13.

Insert-extract devices 18, each including a threaded screw 19, are operationally received in threaded openings 20 of rack shelf 11. Each of the insert-extract devices 18 is shown to have a manually operated outer crank arm 21 and are also equipped with a double flanged collar 22 rotatably mounted on shank 23 between the threaded portion 24 and the crank arm 21. The collars 22 are axially restrained on shanks 23 of respective threaded screws 19 by front and rear rings 25 axially fixed on the shanks 23, as by press fits, or by pinning in a conventional manner. The forward or outer flange 26, of each collar 22, is generally D-shaped, and the rear or inner flange 27 is partially a duplicate of and in longitudinal alignment with the front D-shaped flange except that it is cut down from one end to form generally an enlarged quarter or pie-shaped section.

The outer flange 26 and inner flange 27 shapes are useful for performing guide pin and the plug-in connector insert engagement, securing hold, and disengaging functions on various associated chassis units as desired. Four main collar 22 positions, shown in FIGS. 3, 4, 5, and 6, generally at 90° from each other, are utilized although the collar is by no means limited to only these four positions for various appropriate insert, hold, and extract actions, as desired. The screw and D collar insert-extract device 18 by manual rotation of crank arm 21, one direction or the other, can positively insert, tighten to secure hold, or extract chassis units selectively that are mounted above and below rack shelf 11, as desired, or for that matter, on either side of a vertical rack shelf, not shown.

Front plates 12b, 13b and 14b each have a lipped recess 28 into which a collar inner flange 27, of an insert-extract device 18, may be selectively positioned by manual rotation of respective collars 22, as desired for extraction of
a chassis unit. With this collar setting inner flange 27 is
positioned for operationally engaging the inner surface of
outer lip 29 of the respective recess 28 during extract
doing of a chassis unit. The collar 22 may be positioned, as
shown in FIGURE 3, for engagement of inner flange 27
with the inner surface of the outer lip 29 of an upper
chassis unit 12, or 13, as the case may be, and the crank
arm 21 rotated for threading screw 19 of the insert-
extract device 15 outwardly with respect to threaded
opening 20 for extraction of the upper chassis unit. The
collar 22 position of FIGURE 3 may also be used for
insertion, and the tightened hold state of the upper chassis
unit 12, or 13, and in like manner simultaneously with the
associated lower chassis unit 14 through force trans-
mitting contact between outer flange 26 and the outer
faces of the respective chassis unit front plates. Of
course, collar 22 also may be rotatably positioned as
shown in FIGURES 4 through 6, and to other positions.

The relatively friction free rotational mounting of collar
22 on shank 23 enables the collar to be held in the
position set, even though the crank arm 21 and screw 19
are being rotated for moving the device 18, including collar
22, in or out. Collar 22 is normally held in position either by
direct engagement between flange 27 and the inner
surface of a lip 29 during extract, or between flange
26 and the outer surface of the respective front plate or
plate. 17, 18, and 19, of the associated lock action held
or lock device (not shown) could be used for holding
manually set positions of collar 22. A friction position
lock device of a conventional nature (not shown) could
be used for holding manually set positions of screw
19 under vibration conditions.

Obviously, surface 30 of inner flange 27 must clear
lower chassis unit 14 when collar 22 is in position, as
shown in FIG. 3, for extracting upper chassis unit 13, and
it must likewise clear upper upper chassis unit 13 when collar
22 is in position, as shown in FIG. 5, for extracting lower
chassis unit 14. In like manner, the additional surface 31
of inner flange 27 must clear lower chassis units 15, 16,
and 17. A conventional friction hold action (not shown)
clear lower chassis unit 14 when the collar is in the posi-
tion of FIGURE 4, and must also clear lower chassis unit 14 when the collar is in the posi-
tion of FIGURE 6. Furthermore, surface 32 of outer
flange 26 must clear upper chassis unit 13 when collar 22
is in the position of FIGURE 4 for inserting, and tighten
hold of lower chassis unit 14 and must also clear lower
chassis unit 14 when the collar is in the position of
FIGURE 6.

Manually actuating the crank screw 19, which is
threaded into shelf 11, in one direction, allows forcing of
a chassis unit, or a front and rear guide pins, mating engagement of plug-in connectors, and securing the units in position. Reverse action will pull a selected unit off the guide pins and unconnect its plug-in connectors. This may be accomplished with one insert-extract device 18 acting on a single upper chassis unit and/or a single lower chassis unit, or in various combinations, as shown in FIGURE 1, of multiple insert-extractor devices 18 operating together on upper and lower chassis units.

Reference to FIGURE 7 shows a wing head 21a used in
place of crank arm 21 for manually turning screw 19, and
it would be readily apparent to those skilled in the art that
a screw 19 could be driven by a wrench driven
head, a screwdriver slot, and other suitable drive
means.

Whereas this invention is here illustrated and described with respect to several specific embodiments thereof, it
should be realized that various changes may be made without departing from the essential contribution to the art
made by the teachings hereof.

We claim:
1. Apparatus for insert tightening, position hold, and
extracting of a chassis unit from a self of a mounting
rack, comprising: a screw member operatively received in
the shank of said screw member; means axially restrained
on the shank of said screw member restraining said collar
from movement axially along the shank of said screw
member; a chassis unit front plate with a recess having an
outer lip with an inner surface at an edge thereof for
selectively receiving a flange of said flanged collar; said
flanged collar having an outer flange for selectively engag-
ing the outer face of said front plate with the collar selec-
tively positioned for insert tightening and position hold
of the chassis unit; and said collar being provided with an
inner flange for selective insertion in the recess of the
front plate and for engagement with the inner surface of
the outer lip of the recess during extract of the chassis
unit.
2. Apparatus for insert tightening, position hold, and
extracting of chassis units from opposite sides of a shelf
of a mounting rack, including: an insert-extract device
having, a screw member with a threaded portion, a shank,
and a torque imparting portion; said device also having a
flanged collar rotatively mounted on the shank of said
screw member, and means on said screw member limiting
axial displacement of said collar longitudinally relative
to said screw member; a threaded opening in said rack
shelf sized for operationally receiving the threaded portion
of said screw member; said chassis units including, first
and second chassis units adapted for removable mount-
ing on said rack shelf sides of said first and second chassis units being provided with a collar flange engag-
ble insert tightening surface; said first and second chassis units being provided with a collar flange engag-
able extract surface; and said flanged collar being pro-
vided with flange means shaped to provide selective en-
gagement alignment with, and clearance from both said inner
surfaces and said extract surfaces in various combi-
inations according to various rotationally set positions of
said collar for selective insert tightening and selective ex-
traction of said first and second chassis units.
3. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein, the maximum
total possible contact area between the flange means of
said flanged collar and said insert surfaces of the first and
second chassis units is different than the maximum total
possible contact area between the flange means of said
flanged collar and said extract surfaces of said first and
second chassis units with rotationally set collar positions
for maximum areas of contact between the collar and the
first and second units in both the insert and the extract
states.
4. The apparatus of claim 3 wherein, the maximum
total possible area of contact between the flange means
of the collar and said insert surfaces is less than the
maximum total possible area of contact between the
flange means of the collar and said insert surfaces between
optimum area of contact settings of the collar for both
the insert and extract states.
5. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein, said flanged collar
is provided with an outer flange, and an inner flange; each
of said first and second chassis units being provided with a
wall having an outer surface and an inner surface com-
prising, respectively, said insert tightening surface, and
said extract surface.
6. The apparatus of claim 5 wherein, said outer flange
is D-shaped; and said inner flange is partially a duplicate
doing of, in longitudinal alignment with, the duplicated position
of the outer flange, and with the inner flange cut down
from the shape of the outer flange from one end to form
generally an enlarged quarter shaped section.
7. The apparatus of claim 5 wherein, each of said first
and second chassis units is provided with a recess having an
outer lip comprising, said wall with an outer surface
being said insert tightening surface, and an inner surface
being said extract surface; and with said first and second
chassis units being positioned to selectively receive said
inner flange within said recess, and for the outer lip of
the respective chassis units to be selectively straddled in
overlying alignment by the outer and inner flanges of said collar.

8. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein, said means on said screw member limiting axial displacement of said collar comprises: rings fixed on said screw member to each side of said collar.

9. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein, said torque imparting portion comprises a crank arm.

10. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein, said torque imparting portion comprises a wing head.

11. The apparatus of claim 2 wherein, said insert-extract device is provided in multiple for engagement in multiple by various of said insert-extract devices with chassis units removably mounted on opposite sides of the rack shelf.

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