PROBLEM DECOMPOSITION

MAP ALGORITHM ONTO AN ARRAY OF PROCESSORS
- BALANCE COMPUTATIONAL LOAD
- REDUCE COMMUNICATION
- REDUCE SYNCHRONIZATION

DEVELOPING MAPPING HEURISTICS FOR CLASSES OF COMPUTATIONAL GRAPHS
EXAMPLE: MAP TREE ONTO MESH

ALGORITHM DEVELOPMENT

EXTENSIVE REVIEW OF NUMERICAL METHODS FOR PDEs
ASYNCHRONOUS ALGORITHMS
- ITERATIVE METHODS ON SIMULATOR AND FLEX
- NEW ALGORITHM FOR TIME DEPENDENT PROBLEMS

ADAPTIVE METHOD FOR TIME DEPENDENT PROBLEMS
- BALANCE PROCESSOR LOAD
- REDUCE COMMUNICATION
Programming Environments

PISCES - Parallel Implementation of Scientific Programming Environments

FORTRAN - Unix Based
Provide users with different view of system depending on interests and needs
Enhance portability of applications programs

BLAZE
New parallel scientific programming language
Offers advanced support for array computations
Simplifies extraction of parallelism by compiler
Communication and Synchronization (C. & S.)

Major Overhead Associated with Parallel Computation

Lack Formal Methodology for Study such as Computational Complexity for Numerical Algorithms

Developed Two Models that Relate C. & S. Costs to:

Algorithm Characteristics
Problem Size

Seek Generic Characteristics of C. & S. that Impact:

Problem Decomposition
Algorithm Development
Architecture

Validate with Actual Costs on Real Parallel Systems
PARALLEL ARCHITECTURES

Evaluation of Architectural Features in View of Specific Algorithms

- Bin Packing Problem
- Multigrid Algorithm
- Sparse Matrix Iteration
- Adaptive Algorithm

Tools

- Simon Simulator
- Flex with Different Local/Global Memory Configurations
- HEP
- Hypercube (Planned)
PROBLEM

SOFTWARE LAYERS MAKE A "VIRTUAL MACHINE" OUT OF ANY PARALLEL HARDWARE

IMPLICATIONS FOR:

- PERFORMANCE
- PROGRAMMING
- CODE PORTABILITY

PISCES PROJECT

WHAT SORT OF VIRTUAL MACHINE SHOULD THE SOFTWARE PROVIDE?

- EFFECTIVE PERFORMANCE ACROSS A RANGE OF ARCHITECTURES
- EASE OF PROGRAMMING
- PORTABLE APPLICATIONS CODES
PISCES DESIGN APPROACH

- Support research in parallel scientific algs.
- Base sequential language
- Simple set of extensions
- Virtual machine - precisely defined
- Several granularities of parallelism
- Distributed access to data
- Portable to a variety of parallel machines
- Complete virtual machine environment
  - Secondary storage access
  - Multiple users
  - Error handling
  - Reliability
STATUS
(4/85)

- FTN 77/UNIX/VAX UNIPROCESSOR VERSION - IN USE
  - FORTRAN EXTENSIONS
  - USER INTERFACE
  - ANALYSIS PACKAGE

- APPLICATIONS - RUNNING
  - ITERATIVE SPARSE MATRIX SOLVER
    PIPELINED DATA FLOW
    ASYNCHRONOUS OR SYNCHRONOUS
    BROADCAST OR POINT-TO-POINT
  - IMAGE UNDERSTANDING/AI PROGRAM

- APOLLO WORKSTATION NETWORK IMPL. - RUNNING
  - 10 WORKSTATIONS, 3 DISKS
  - SAME VIRTUAL MACHINE FOR PISCES USER
  - PERFORMANCE STUDIES

- FLEX/32 IMPLEMENTATION - IN DESIGN
  - 17 PES, SEVERAL DISKS
  - SHARED MEMORY - 3 PERFORMANCE LEVELS

- NEW FORMAL MODEL OF PARALLEL COMPUTATION