Flying Cars

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Personal Aviation System Specifications

Price
$40,000

Control
Robotic with display

Liability
Structured ownership

Safety
Equivalent to autos

Performance
Comparable to airplanes

Environment
Equivalent to autos

Convenience
Portal to portal

Implementation
Continuously profitable
FIGURE 7: ADVANCED FLYING AUTOMOBILE IN AUTOMOTIVE AND AIRPLANE CONFIGURATION
Roadable Aircraft

Schugt AIRCAR-7 roadable amphibian concept

4 Roadable Amphibian and Other Aircars
More Schugt designs

17 Light Plane and Light Trailer
Towing an airplane on the highway

20 Flying Motorcycle
A complete flying and driving machine

22 The Mainair Skybike
More on the original flex-wing trike/motorcycle

24 New Joe Yasecko Design
Light single place roadable concept

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27 Back Issues
Inboard profile and side views for the High Wing ROADRUNNER.
Joe Yasecko

Joe does think the nose is too long and would need to be shortened. The tail booms are designed for construction of telescoping aluminum tubes.

The fuselage is based on a mold which he has already. Joe does think the nose is too long and would need to be shortened. The tail booms are designed for construction of telescoping aluminum tubes.

As the plans are currently drawn the airborne length is 17 feet. The tailbooms would retract about 3 feet for road use. Joe is concerned about the weight distribution of the vehicle in the ground mode. Because the majority of a tapered cantilever wing panel's weight is concentrated at the root, the folded wing does not move the CG forward very much.

The power plant will be a Rotax 503 of 46 to 52 horsepower.

End of text

see next 2 pages for more drawings

End of text
Road configuration. CAD dimension marks on drawing are at one foot intervals.
Fourth in the series, the Aircar - 11. Also known as the Mini-Aircar 11.
New Technologies

Information
  - GPS and enhancements
  - Radio modem communications
  - Kalman filters

Structures
  - Advanced composite structures

Propulsion
  - Electronic fuel and spark controls
Propeller diameter 70"

For ease of transportation to or from the airport, the outboard wing panels are easily removable. Attach bolts are reached from the gear wells.
### PERFORMANCE ADVANTAGES OF AN AIRPLANE OVER AN AUTOMOBILE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Mazda RX-7</th>
<th>Lancair 320</th>
<th>Airplane Advantage</th>
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<tr>
<td>( \rho ) (slug/ft(^3))</td>
<td>0.002378</td>
<td>0.001756</td>
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<td>( c ) (lb/hr/ hp)</td>
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<td>( \eta )</td>
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<td>( S_d ) (ft(^2))</td>
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<td>Rolling friction</td>
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<tr>
<td>Net airplane advantage</td>
<td></td>
<td>9.30</td>
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Starcar 3

Goals

Precision control with differential GPS, including automatic landings.

Informed use of automobile engine for flight.

Practical transformation between automobile and airplane.

Feature

Two seats with separate automobile and airplane controls.
Starcar 3 (Continued)

Specifications

Span of 28 ft.

Gross weight of 2190 lbs as airplane.

Fuel economy of 21.6 mpg at 200 mph.

Top speed of 235 mph.
Conclusion and Goals

Conclusion

Flying cars are possible and have commercial potential.

The penalty for roadability is about 500 lbs.

Goals

Integrate an automotive engine with a dual-mode transmission.

Build a flying car similar to Starcar 3 but self-contained, with folding wings and telescoping tail booms.