Thermal Performance of High Temperature Titanium – Water Heat Pipes by Multiple Heat Pipe Manufacturers

Abstract. Titanium - water heat pipes are being investigated for use in heat rejection systems for lunar and Mars fission surface power systems. Heat pipes provide an efficient and reliable means to transfer heat to a radiator heat rejection system. NASA Glenn Research Center requisitioned nine titanium water heat pipes from three vendors. Each vendor supplied three heat pipes 1.25 cm diameter by 1.1 meter long with each vendor selecting a different wick design. Each of the three heat pipes is slightly different in construction. Additional specifications for the heat pipes included 500 K nominal operating temperature, light weight, and freeze tolerance. The heat pipes were performance tested gravity-aided, in the horizontal position and at elevations against gravity at 450 K and 500 K. Performance of the three heat pipes is compared. The heat pipe data will be used to verify models of heat pipe radiators that will be used in future space exploration missions.
Thermal Performance of High Temperature Titanium – Water Heat Pipes by Multiple Heat Pipe Manufacturers

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• Titanium - water heat pipes are being investigated for use in heat rejection systems for lunar and Mars fission surface power systems.
• NASA Glenn Research Center requisitioned nine titanium water heat pipes from three vendors.
• The heat pipes were performance tested gravity aided, in the horizontal position and at elevations against gravity at 450 K and 500 K.
Jupiter Icy Moon Orbiter (JIMO) Concept
Heat Pipes Integrated in Heat Rejection Radiator Panel
What is a Heat Pipe?

Illustration of a Capillary Two-Phase Heat Transfer Device - a Heat Pipe

Glenn Research Center at Lewis Field
What is a Heat Pipe?

- A heat pipe in its simplest form is a passive two-phase heat transfer device in a sealed tube.
- The evaporator region of the heat pipe is in thermal contact with a heat source.
- The envelope of the heat pipe is typically made of a high conductivity material and transports the heat to the liquid inside.
- The only fluid inside the heat pipe is the working fluid in thermodynamic equilibrium with its own vapor.
- Liquid in the evaporator region evaporates to vapor and is transported to the other end of the tube where the vapor condenses to release the latent heat to the tube wall.
- The condensed fluid is transported back to the evaporator region by the capillary action of a wick that lines the inner wall of the tube, hence the device is passive.
# Heat Pipe Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Specification Details</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nominal Operating Temperature (K)</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Temperature Range (K)</td>
<td>310 to 550</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heat Pipe Heat Transfer Capability (K)</td>
<td>Maximize Power at 500</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heat Pipe Outer Diameter (cm)</td>
<td>1.27</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wall Thickness</td>
<td>Meet ASME Section VIII Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heat Pipe Evaporator Length (cm)</td>
<td>25</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heat Pipe Adiabatic Length (cm)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heat Pipe Condenser Length (cm)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heat Pipe Mass</td>
<td>Minimize</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wick Structure</td>
<td>To Be Specified by Vendor</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heat Pipe Closure</td>
<td>Titanium Valve</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heat Pipe Material and Construction</td>
<td>Titanium Grade 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Proof Pressure Test</td>
<td>Design Calculations and Validation</td>
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</table>
Heat Pipe Test Setup
Heat Pipe Test Setup
Felt Metal Wick
Heat Pipe Performance for Felt Metal Axial Groove at 500 K.
Heat Pipe Performance for Felt Metal Groove Heat Pipes at 450 K.
The solid groove heat pipes are fabricated from a flat plate.
Heat pipes were fabricated with three different groove dimensions: 23 grooves, 0.51 mm x 1.02 mm (0.020” x 0.040”), 19 grooves, 0.64 mm x 1.27 mm, and 17 grooves, 0.76 mm x 1.52 mm.
Heat Pipe Performance for Machined Solid Axial Groove at 500 K.
Heat Pipe Performance for Machined Groove Heat Pipes at 450 K.
Screen Axial Artery

- Titanium Heat Pipe
- Wall
- Screen Wick
- Arteries
Heat Pipe Performance for Screen Axial Artery at 500 K
Heat Pipe Performance for Screen Axial Artery at 450 K
Conclusions

• NASA GRC procured nine heat pipes of different designs from three manufacturers.
• Titanium – water provides high temperature heat pipe options for space radiators.
• The heat pipes were tested at 450 K and 500 K at various elevations and inclinations.
• The best heat pipes rejected >500 watts at 500 K operating temperature.
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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