



Spirent Federal Systems Simulator Users' Conference

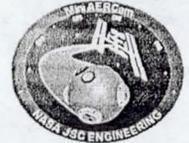
**NASA Johnson Space Center
Mini AERCam testing with the GSS6560**

April 6 & 7, 2004





GPS Based Programs at NASA-JSC



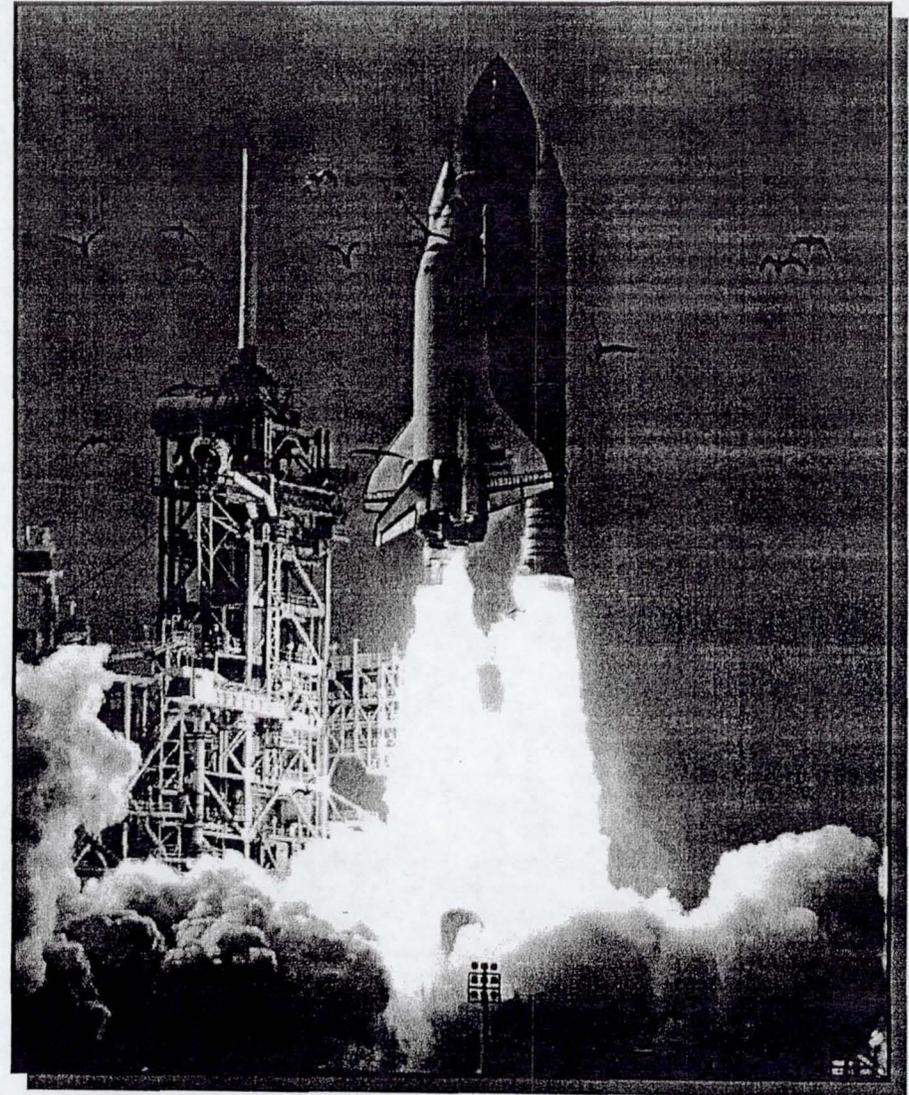
- Several Detailed Test Objectives (DTOs) flown on STS missions featuring GPS as the primary focus of the DTO:
 - GANE on STS-77
 - RGPS RME on STS-80
 - ARPK on STS-84 & STS-86
 - SIGI DTOs on STS-88, STS-101 (SOAR) and STS-108 (CRV)
- Shuttle program switching to GPS receivers for navigation sensor
- International Space Station baselined with GPS based navigation and attitude determination. Operational since 2002.
- Crew Return Vehicle featured GPS based navigation.
- Mini Autonomous Extravehicular Robotic Camera (AERCam) relies on precise real-time relative GPS for relative navigation.



Shuttle GPS Testing

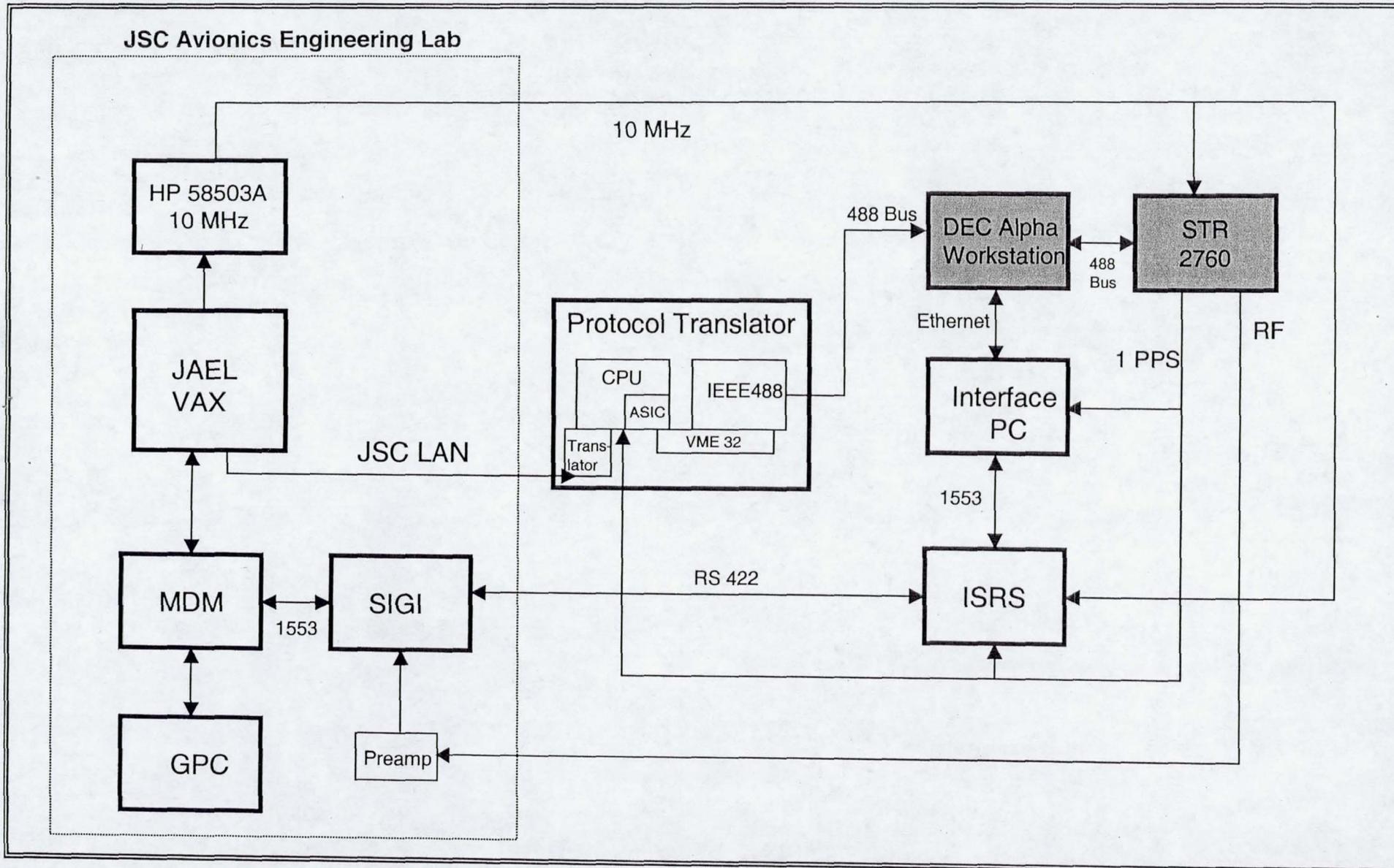


- Shuttle's Rockwell Collins "MAGR-S" tested regularly in the Shuttle Avionics Integration Laboratory (SAIL) before any Shuttle flight
- Shuttle SIGI Testing
 - Shuttle SIGI contains a Rockwell Collins GEM-3 GPS receiver and Honeywell INS
 - Was considered a candidate for replacing current Shuttle IMUs
 - Successfully attained accurate STS ascent simulation runs using an open-loop architecture.
 - Achieved stable STS ascent runs with a closed-loop simulation.
 - Supported short duration STS orbit and entry runs.





Shuttle SIGI Closed Loop Simulation Setup

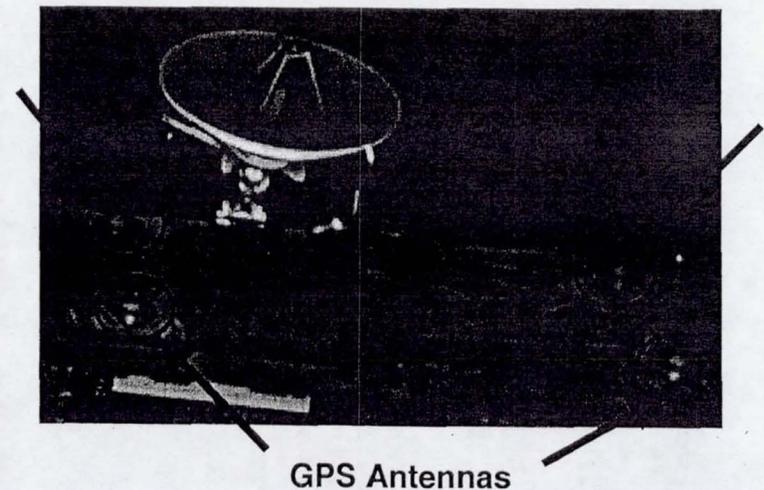
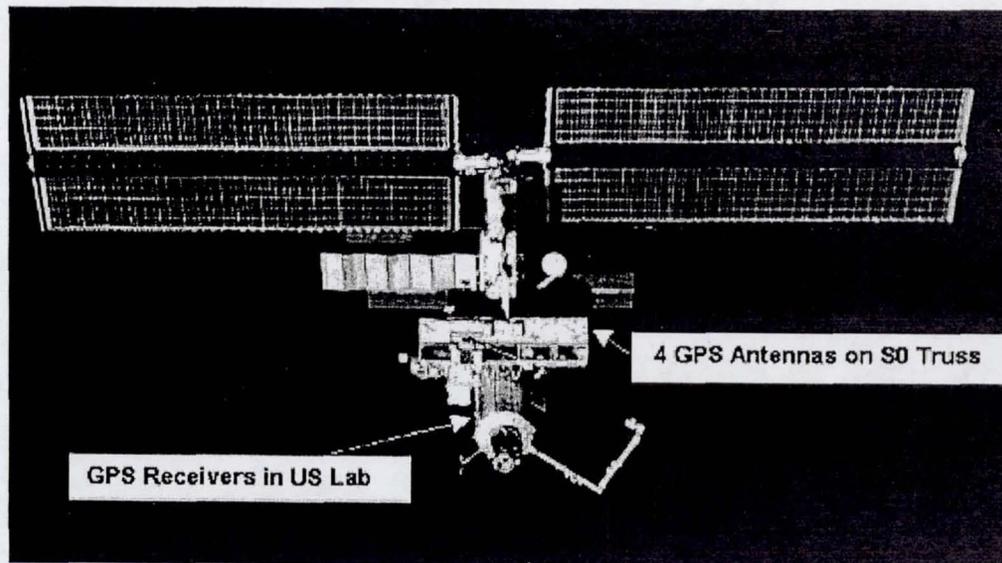




Standalone ISS SIGI Testing



- Honeywell's ISS SIGI includes a Trimble Force 19 GPS (attitude-capable) and a core Honeywell INS, plus system software for blended GPS/INS, but ISS only uses the GPS and attitude processing
- JSC team created set of Spirent/GSS scenarios for ISS orbit
- Some scenarios include ISS rotational dynamics, others are in Local-Vertical-Local-Horizontal (LVLH) Hold or Inertial Hold
- Scenarios run with a detailed model of the ISS GPS 4-antenna array for attitude determination (including multipath)
- Extensive testing of the ISS SIGI with orbital scenarios over the past five years
- Two on-orbit flight experiments in May and September 2000 validated GPS simulator performance
- ISS SIGI went operational in May 2002 (see <http://www.spacedaily.com/news/gps-02m.html>)

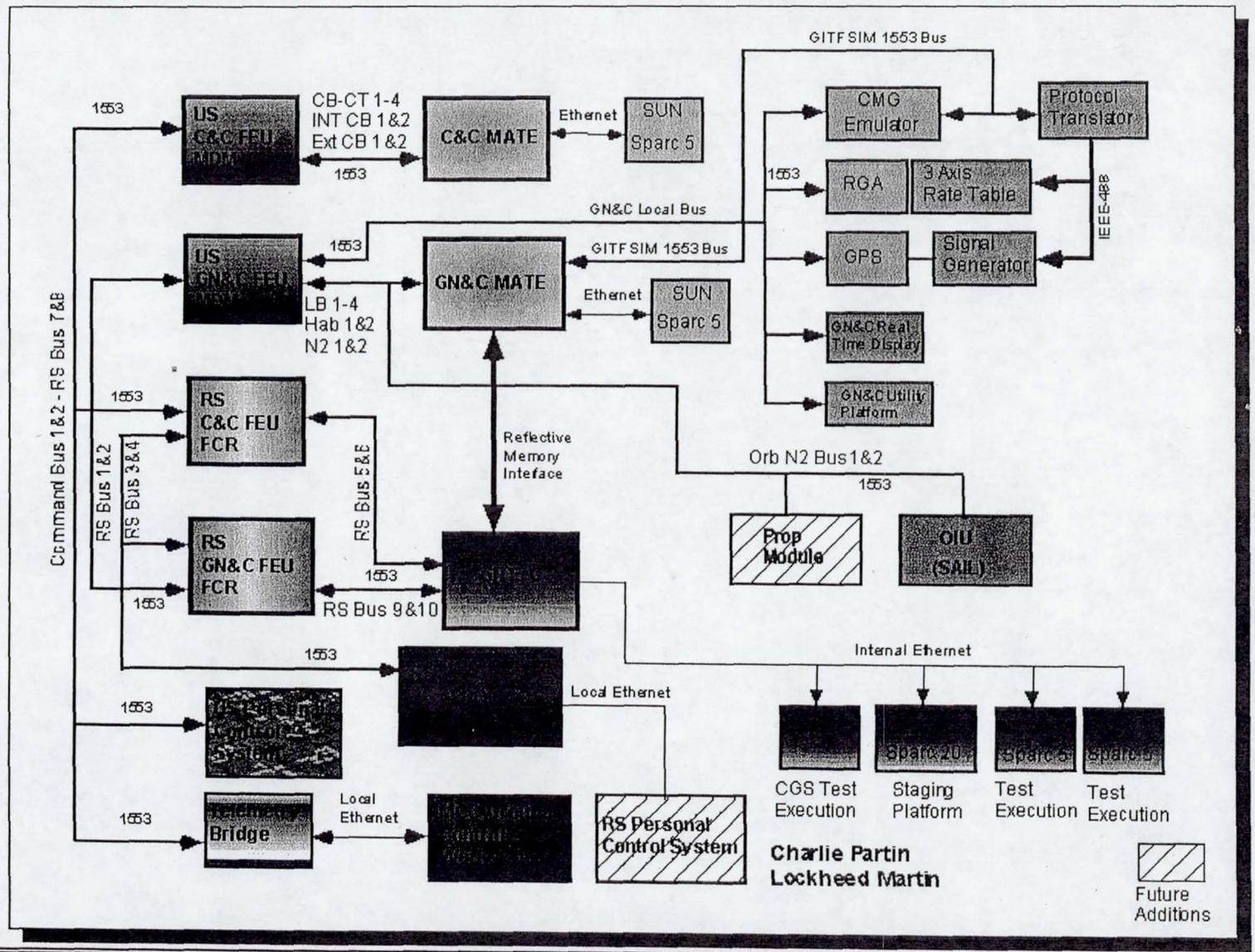




ISS GN&C Integration Test Facility

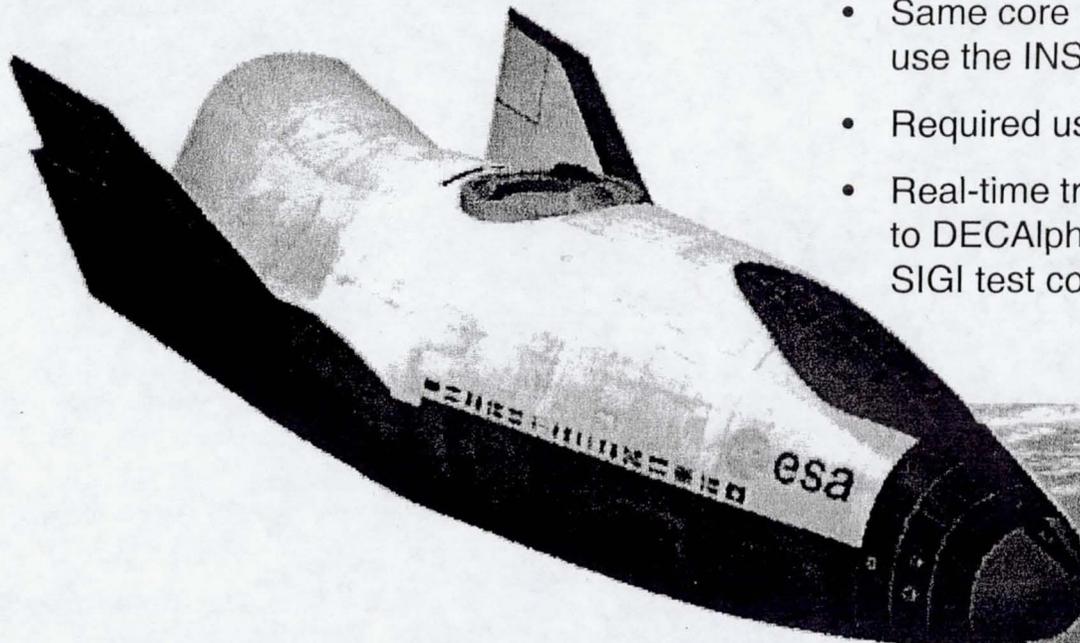


- Closed-loop GN&C testing for the ISS
- US GN&C, Command and Control computers in the loop
- Russian computers were in the loop for some tests
- Also uses 3-axis rate table with ISS Rate Gyros in the loop



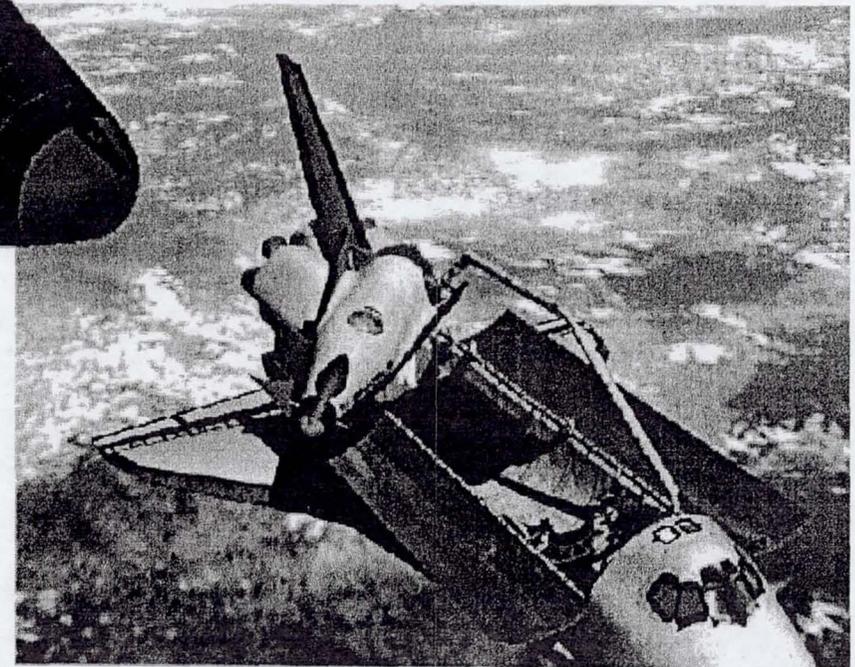


CRV SIGI Testing



- Same core SIGI as the ISS SIGI but CRV planned to use the INS and Blended navigation solutions as well
- Required use of the ISRS for full GPS/INS inputs
- Real-time trajectories generated in simulation and sent to DECAAlpha from remote source, similar to Shuttle SIGI test configuration

- Real-time trajectories also used to generate motion files for standalone testing
- Simulated “blackout” during entry (due to ionization in the atmosphere) by unplugging GPS antennas to simulate loss of GPS
- Two on-orbit flight experiments have validated GPS simulator performance

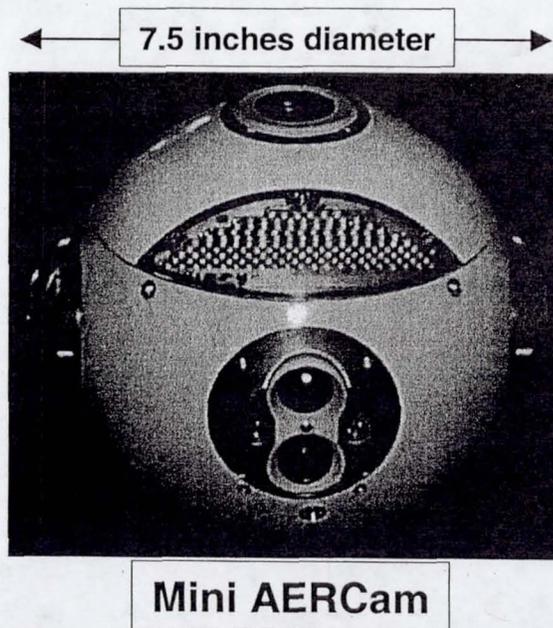




Mini AERCam Relative Navigation



- Miniature Autonomous Extravehicular Robotic Camera (Mini AERCam) is a small, free-flying camera for remote inspections of the ISS
- Uses precise relative navigation with differential carrier phase GPS to provide situational awareness to operators
- Prototype system is being tested at the Johnson Space Center
- GN&C testbed includes GPS simulator (GSS6560) in the loop





Mini AERCam

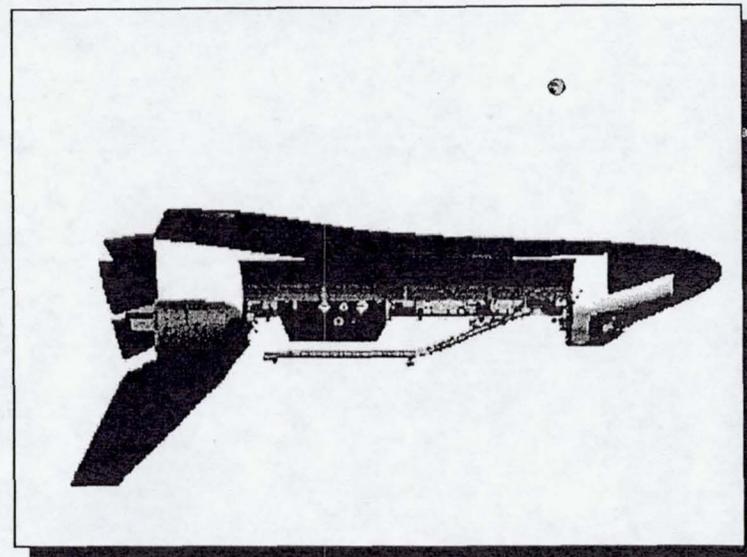


Facts

- Sponsor: NASA
- 11lb free-flyer (12-13 lbs with LADAR)
- Mission: Provide extravehicular inspection for human space operations
- Deploy and retrieve from Space Shuttle Payload Bay
- Crew teleoperation and supervised autonomous scanning

Key Points for Shuttle Inspection

- Mini AERCam has always been designed for visual external inspection of the Shuttle or ISS.
- Any other existing systems would require redesign to make them more like Mini AERCam.



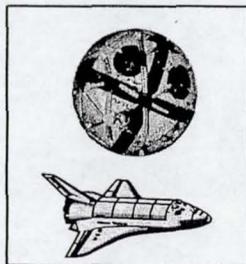


Mini AERCam Path to Flight



WE ARE
HERE
↓

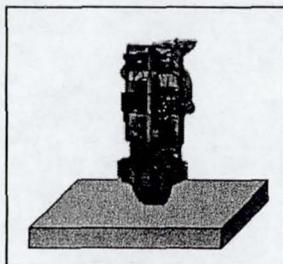
1997



**AERCam
Sprint
Flight Test**

Space flight test vehicle shows feasibility of remotely piloted extravehicular camera

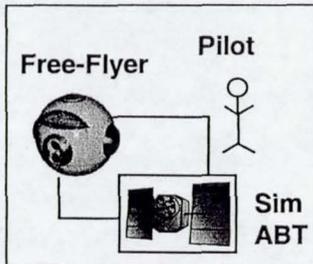
1998



**AERCam
Integrated Ground
Demonstration**

Air-bearing test vehicle has advanced technologies to enhance operational capabilities

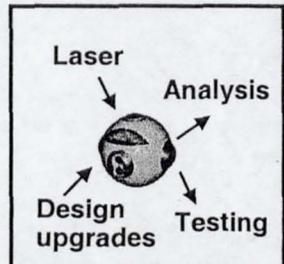
2003



Mini AERCam

Flight-like free-flyer integrated with 6-DOF orbital simulation and air-bearing table. Demonstrates visual inspection with miniaturized hardware in high fidelity test environment.

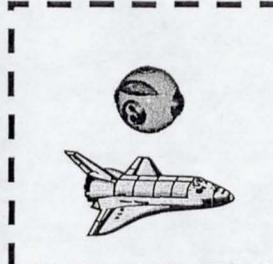
2004



**Phase 1: Enabling
Design and Flight
System Proposal**

Enabling design effort for Shuttle inspection provides enhancements to Mini AERCam and allows development of flight system proposal

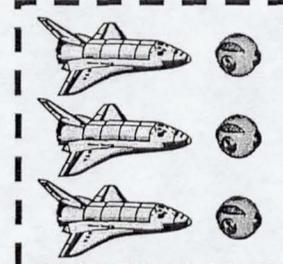
2006



**Phase 2:
Flight Test
Development**

Build and flight test engineering unit. Rapid flight design implemented based on mature technology demonstrator, with integration of laser depth measurement as planned in phase I

2007

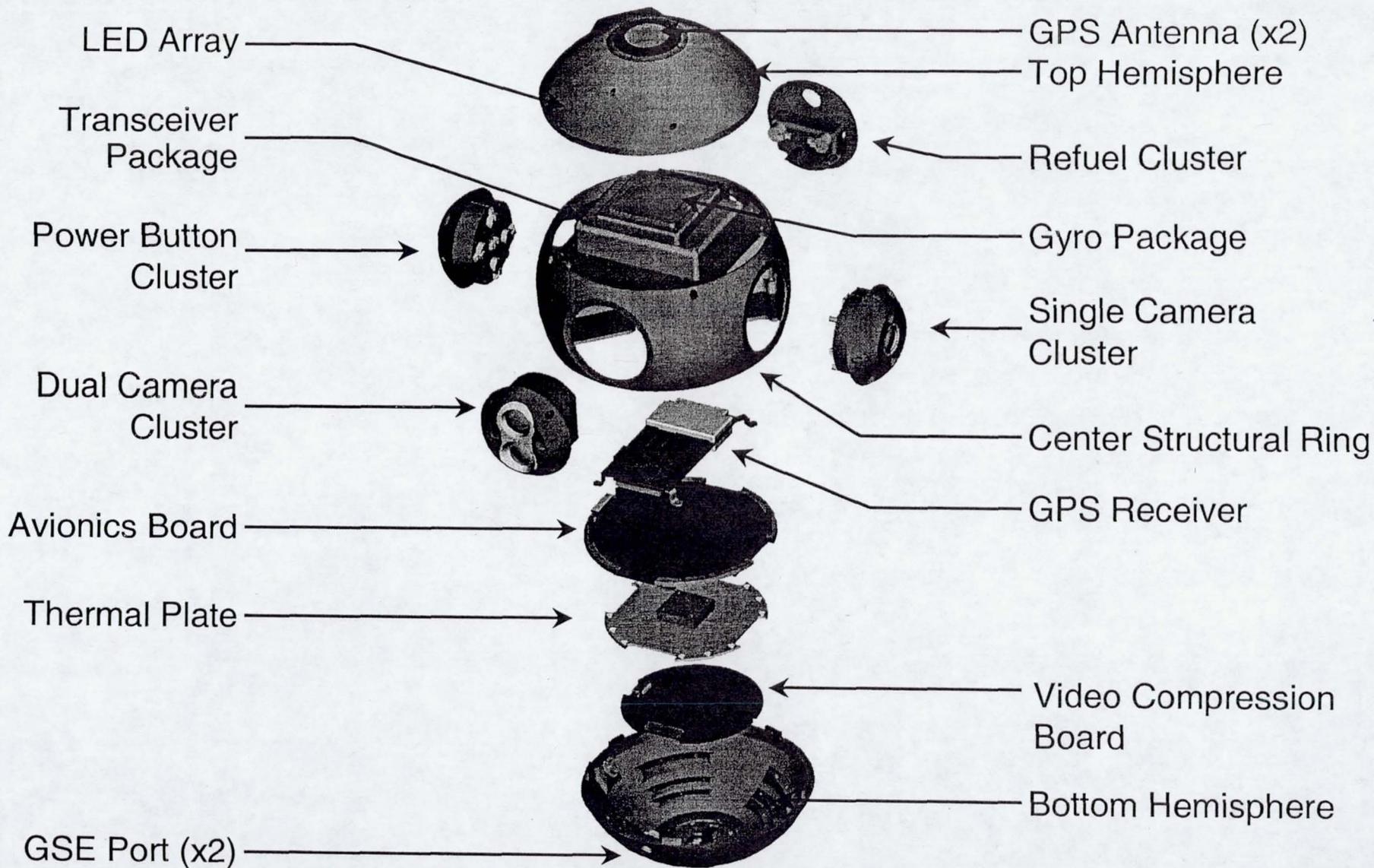


**Phase 3:
Flight
Production**

Begin production of flight units if approved by Program after successful DTO

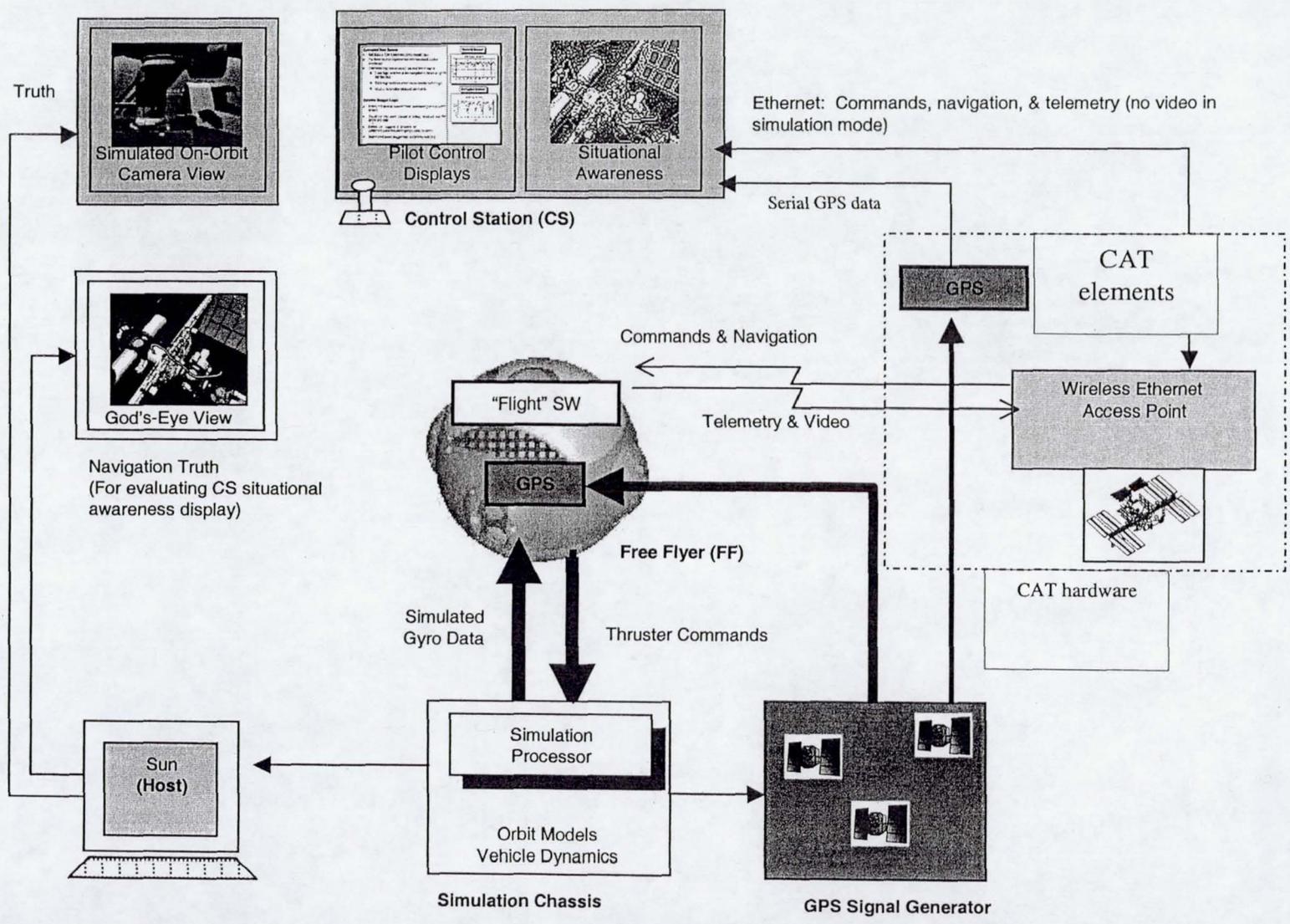


Full Vehicle (Exploded View)



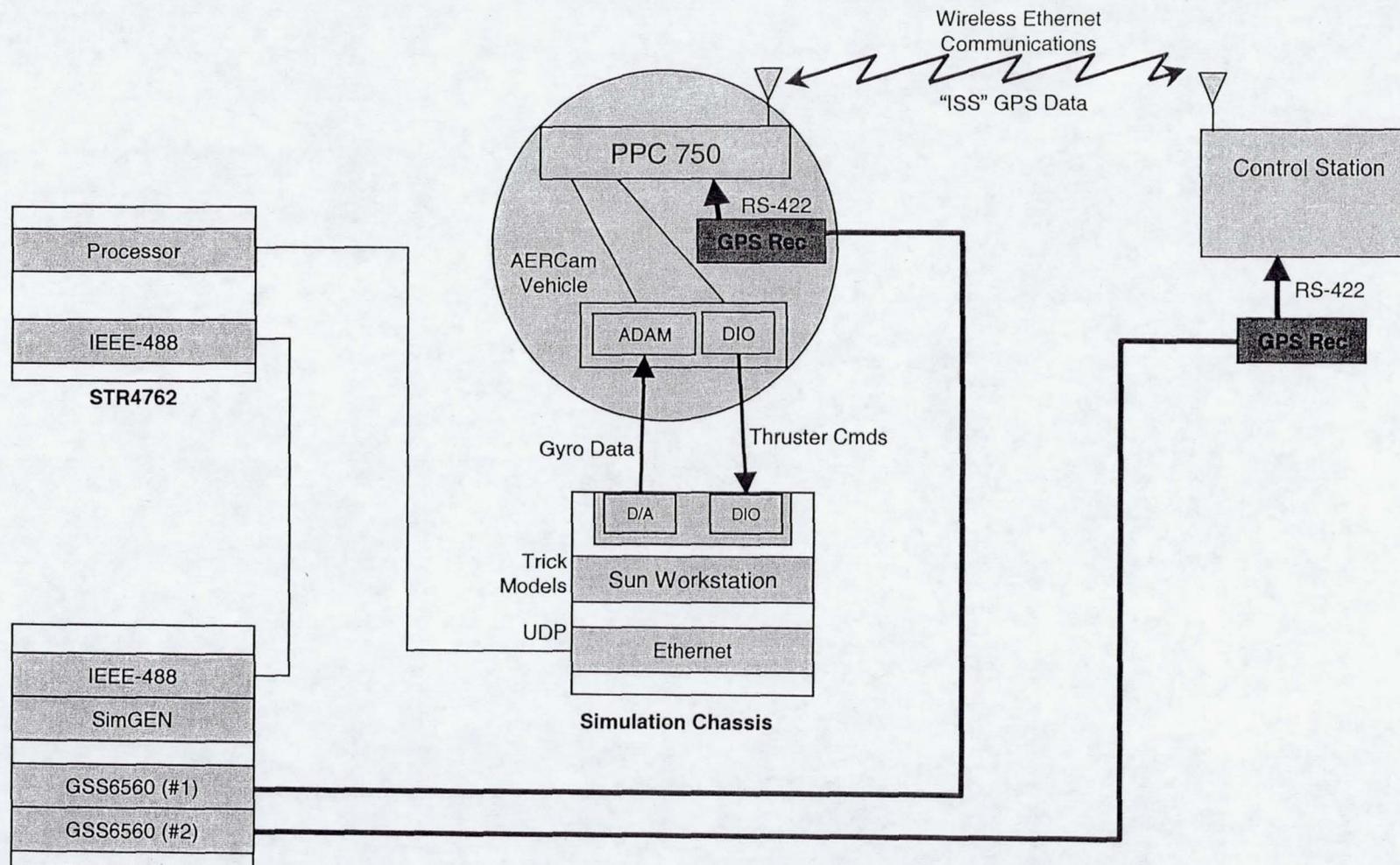


Mini AERCam Closed-Loop Orbital Testing





Closed-Loop Relative Navigation Testing *



* Current setup with dual GSS6560 chassis



Lessons Learned & Future Plans



- Timing between GSS6560, STR4762 and host simulation is paramount.
- SimGEN 1.07 and 2.0 has on occasion logged duplicate data. Indications show this may be the result of stale data into SimGEN from the protocol translator (STR4762).
- Latest simulation environment is dramatically improved over previous runs. Comparison between host simulation and SimGEN shows differences less than 1.0 mm in position and less than 1.0 mm/s in velocity.
- Updating to SimGEN 2.41.
- Acquiring third chassis for three chassis system to support dual RF GPS receiver onboard AERCam.



NASA JSC GPS Simulator Inventory and Applications



STR2760

- 20 channel, 1 RF output (L1/L2)
- Keyed for P(Y) code
- Dedicated to Shuttle GPS testing at the Shuttle Avionics Integration Laboratory (SAIL)

STR2760

- 40 channel system, 4 RF outputs for attitude determination capability
- Integrated with Honeywell Inertial Sensor/Recorder System (ISRS) for generating Honeywell INS test inputs
- Used for ISS Space Integrated GPS/INS and relative navigation applications (e.g., Mini AERCam)

STR4760

- 64 channel system, 4 RF outputs for attitude determination capability
- Used primarily for ISS Space Integrated GPS/INS (SIGI) and closed-loop ISS Guidance, Navigation, and Control (GN&C) testing

STR4762

- Remote PC for sending real-time simulation data to the STR2760, STR4760, or GSS6560

GSS6560 (dual chassis)

- Rack mounted 12-channel (single RF output) GPS simulator
- Primarily used for standalone and integrated testing for Mini AERCam

- and specification
- GSS7700 configurations and options

- Technical specifications
- Configurations

GPS Modernization

- M-code summary
- SimMCODE - implementation and verification
- L2C and L5 simulation and verification

New Product: GSS4730

Customer Papers on a Variety of Interesting Applications

Workshop Activity

SimGEN for Windows Update

- Current status and features
- Planned additions

CRPA Test

- Current products
- Embedded Jamming

» [Register](#)

Special Secure Session

A separate Secure session will be held on 31 March 2004 hosted by the Naval Research Laboratory (NRL) in Washington DC and on 5 April at Spirent Federal's Yorba Linda office. U.S. clearance is required to attend. **Please note: The Secure Sessions are supplier General Sessions; you can not register for the Secure Session only.**

Topics at the Secure Session include: Simulator Handling & Classification, AIS Plan Considerations, GPS JPO Simulator Requirements, SAAS/SAASM Hardware & Software Status, SAASM Test Plans, and Modernization Issues & Considerations. There will be an opportunity to ask classification and SAASM testing type questions.

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Spirent Federal Systems, Inc., the supplier of Spirent Communications' GPS (Global Positioning Systems) satellite navigation and network test systems, including the STR4760 and GSS4765. Spirent Federal provides best-of-breed solutions for military and secure test applications.

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