Weak Lensing Results of the Merging Cluster A1758

B. Ragozzine, D. Clowe

Department of Physics and Astronomy, Astrophysical Institute, Ohio University, Athens, OH 45701

ragoz@phy.ohiou.edu

M. Markevitch

NASA GSFC, Code 662, Greenbelt, MD 20771

A. H. Gonzalez

Department of Astronomy, University of Florida, Gainesville, FL 32611-2055

and

M. Bradač

Department of Physics, University of California Davis, Davis, CA 95616

ABSTRACT

Here we present the weak lensing results of A1758, which is known to have four cluster members undergoing two separate mergers, A1758N and A1758S. Weak lensing results of A1758N agree with previous weak lensing results of clusters 1E0657-558 (Bullet cluster) and MACS J0025.4-1222, whose X-ray gas components were found to be largely separated from their clusters’ gravitational potentials. A1758N has a geometry that is different from previously published mergers in that one of its X-ray peaks overlays the corresponding gravitational potential and the other X-ray peak is well separated from its cluster’s gravitational potential. The weak lensing mass peaks of the two northern clusters are separated at

1Based on observations made with the NASA/ESA Hubble Space Telescope, obtained at the Space Telescope Science Institute, which is operated by the Association of Universities for Research in Astronomy, Inc., under NASA contract NAS 5-26555, under program 11194. Also based on data collected at the Subaru Telescope and partly obtained from SMOKA, which is operated by the National Astronomical Observatory of Japan.

1Sloan Fellow