The First Humanoid Robot in Space
Robonaut 2 (R2)

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Overview

Robonaut Motivation
GM Relationship
Robonaut Evolution
Robonaut 2 (R2) Capabilities
Preparing for ISS
Journey to Space
On Board ISS
Future Activities

Robonaut Motivation

Capable Tool for Crew

- Before, during and after activities

Share EVA Tools and Workspaces.

- Human Like Design

Increase IVA and EVA Efficiency

- Worksite Setup/Tear Down
- Robotic Assistant
- Contingency Roles

Surface Operations

- Near Earth Objects
- Moon/Mars

Interplanetary Vehicles

Telescopes

Astronaut Nancy Currie works with 2 Robonauts to build a truss structure during an experiment.

Robonaut Development History

1998
- Subsystem Development
- Testing of hand mechanism

1999
- Single Arm Integration
- Testing with teleoperator

2000
- Dual Arm Integration
- Testing with dual arm control

2001
- Waist and Vision Integration
- Testing under autonomous control

2002
- R1A Testing of Autonomous Learning
- R1B Integration

2003
- R1A Testing Multi Agent EVA Team
- R1B Segwanaut Integration

2004
- R1A Autonomous Manipulation
- R1B 0g Airbearing Development

2005
- DTO Flight Audit
- Begin Development of R1C

2006
- Centaur base
- Coordinated field demonstration

ROBONAUT
Fall 1998

ROBONAUT
Fall 1999

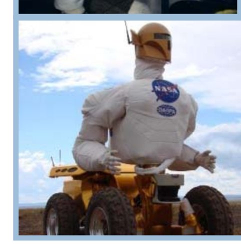
ROBONAUT
Fall 2000

ROBONAUT
Fall 2001

ROBONAUT
Fall 2002

ROBONAUT
Fall 2003

ROBONAUT
Fall 2004



ROBONAUT
Fall 2006

GM’s Motivation

Why did GM originally come to us?

- World wide search for experienced development partner
- Looking for a robot that could do work
- Identified Robonaut development at JSC as a good match in terms of common goals and maturity level

GM Goals

- Exploit “Humanoid Dexterity”
- Automate “Non Traditional” Applications
- Ergonomically difficult tasks

R2 – Successful Government-Industry Collaboration

Secret Government Lab

NASA and GM came together

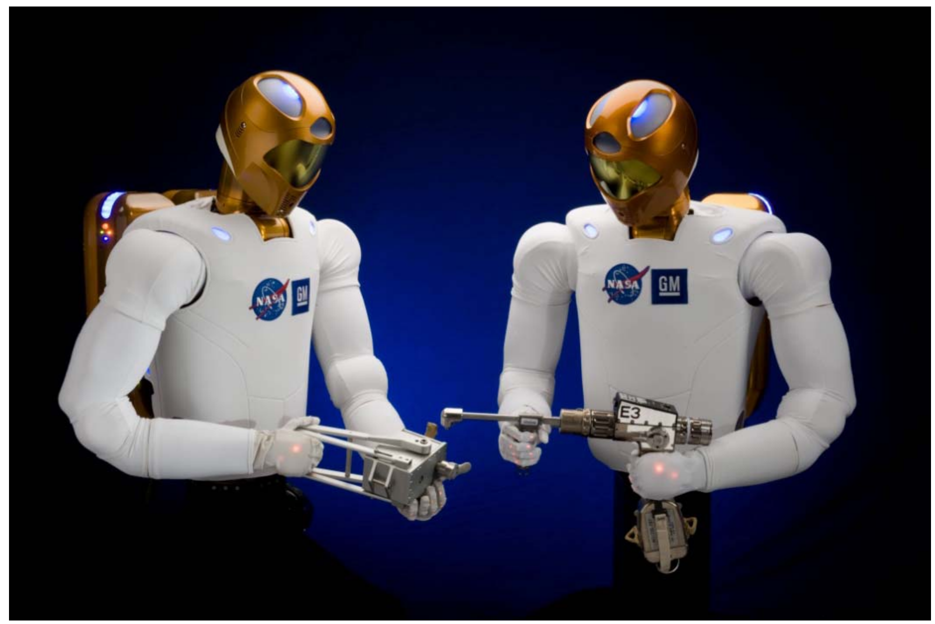
- In early 2007, GM and NASA began the R2 development
- GM embedded 7 engineers onsite at JSC, working with equal numbers of NASA and Oceaneering Space Systems (OSS) Engineers
- Formed a “Badgeless” team

Robonaut Series

Robonaut 1 (R1)

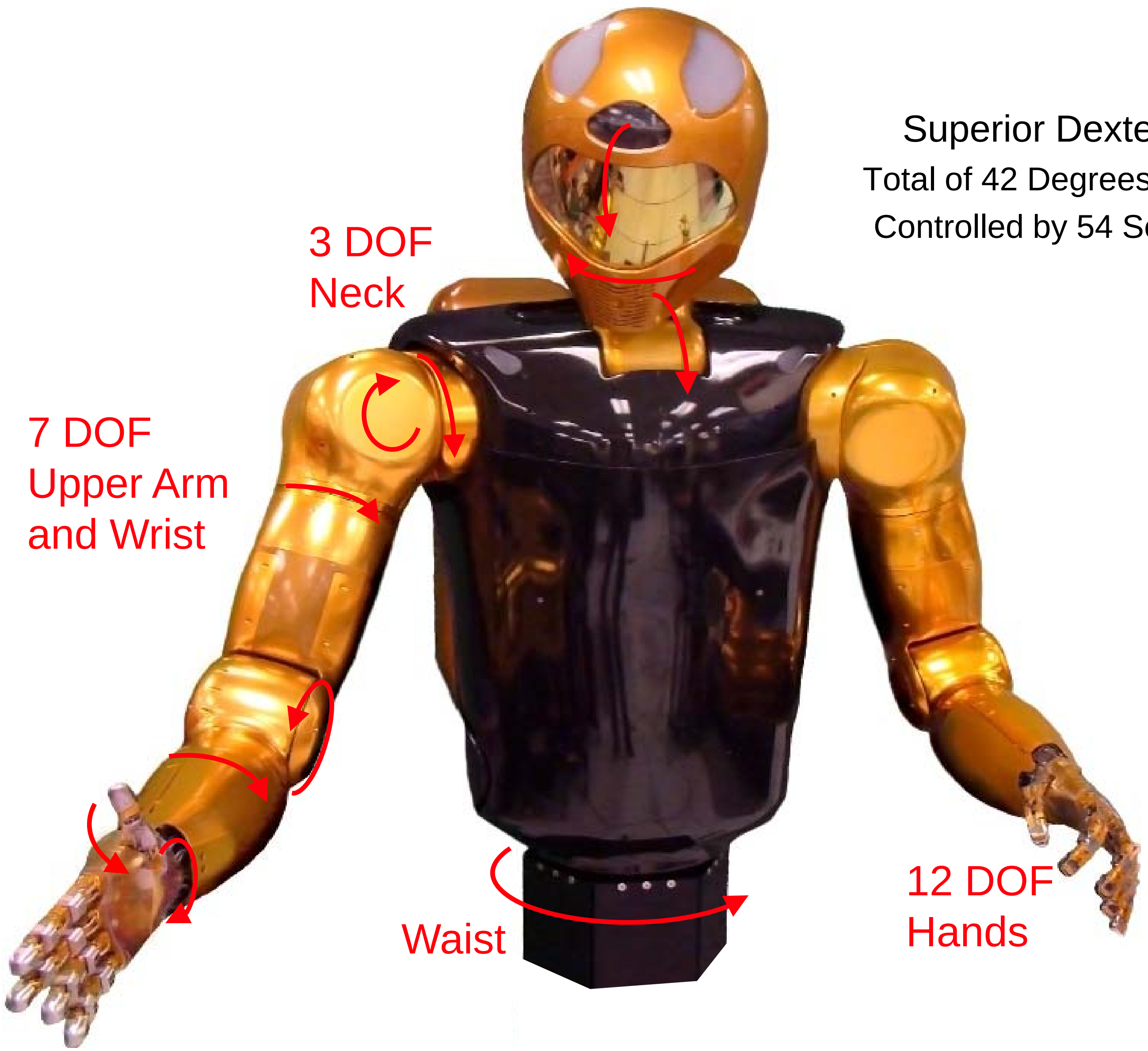
Excellent

Robonaut 2 (R2)



Better

Robonaut 2 Introduction

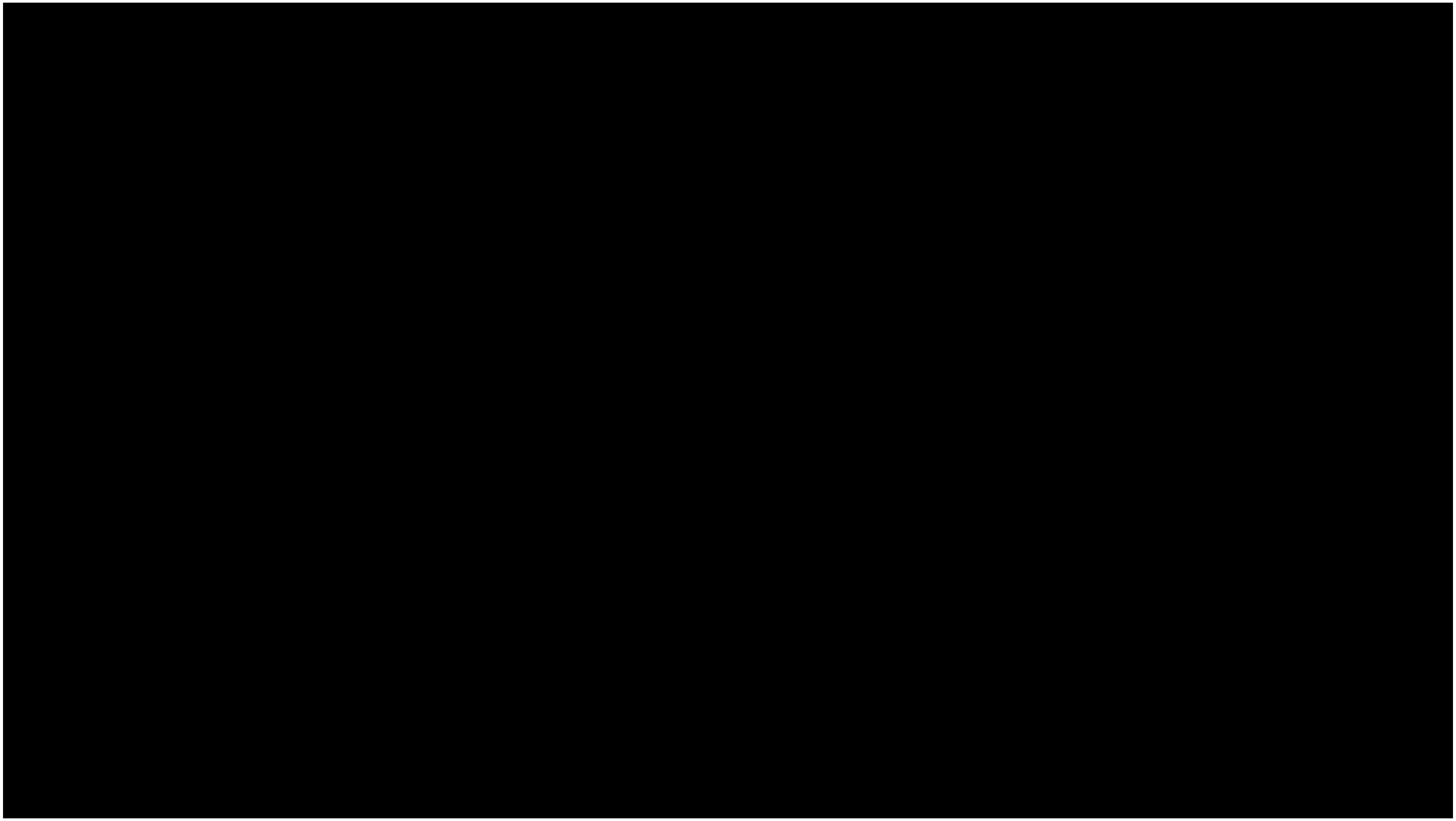


Superior Dexterity

Total of 42 Degrees of Freedom

Controlled by 54 Servo Motors

Robonaut 2 Introduction



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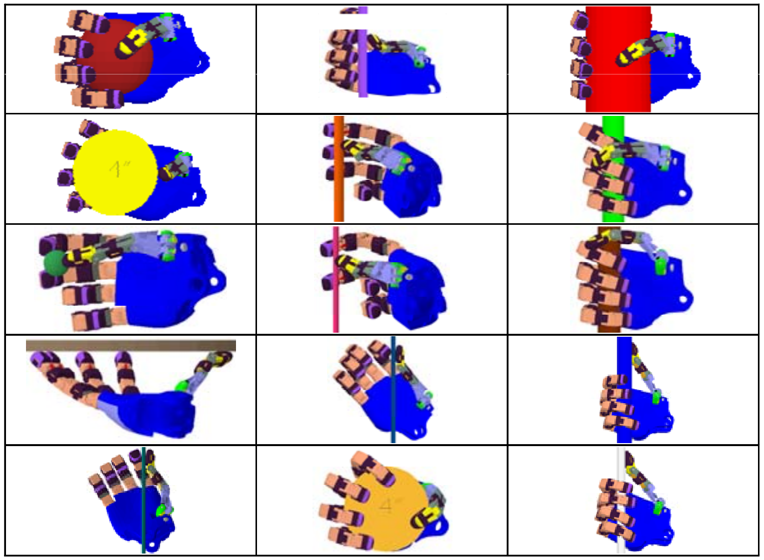
Hand Dexterity

- 4 DOF Thumb
- Dexterous fingers
- Grasping fingers
- Approaching human joint travel
- High friction grip surface
- Fine motion
- Tendon Tension
- Wide range of grasps

Human Like Grasps: Pen



Cutkosky Grasps

Finger Dexterity – Knob Turn

Finger Impedance Control

Tactile System

Extremely Small

Integrated Load Cells

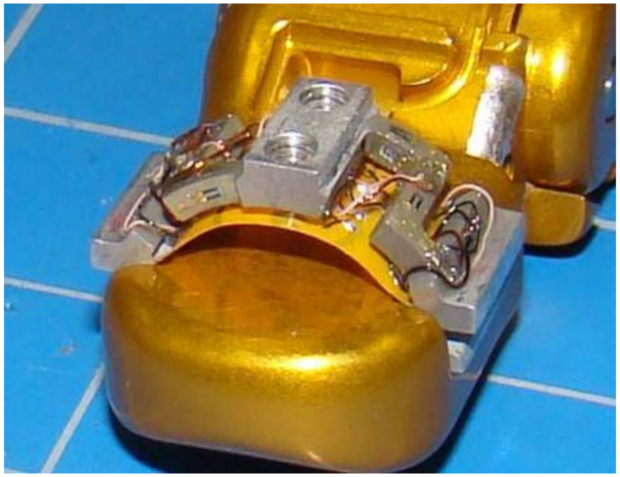
6 Axis

Up to 14 per Hand

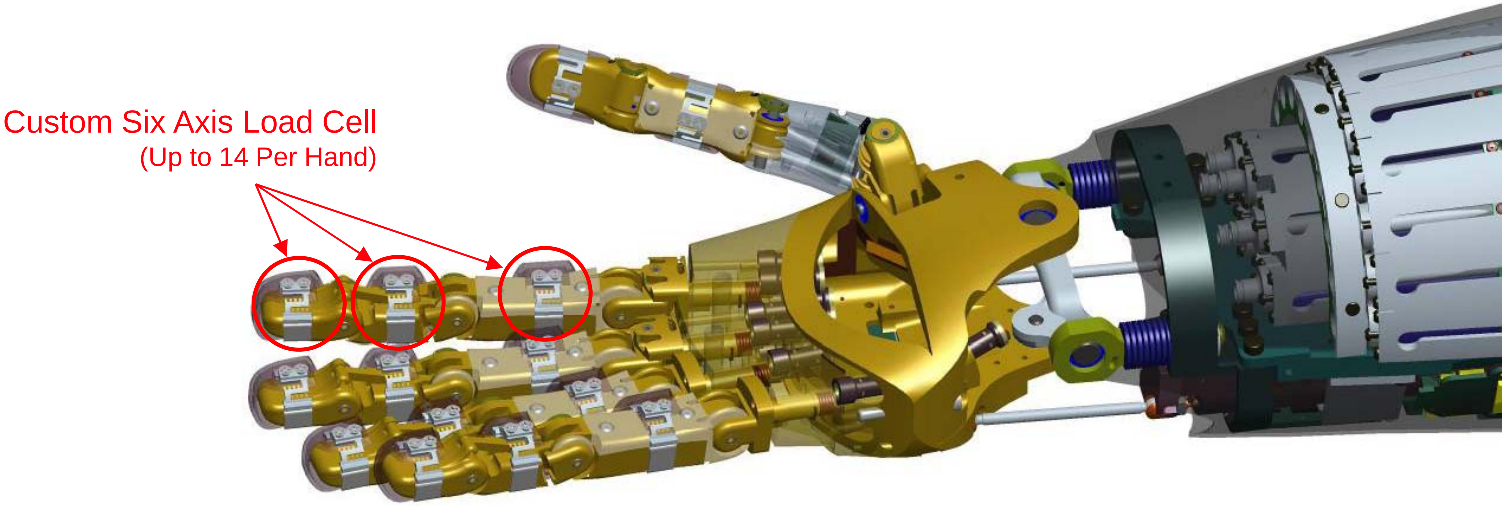
Serialized Data

Gram sensitive

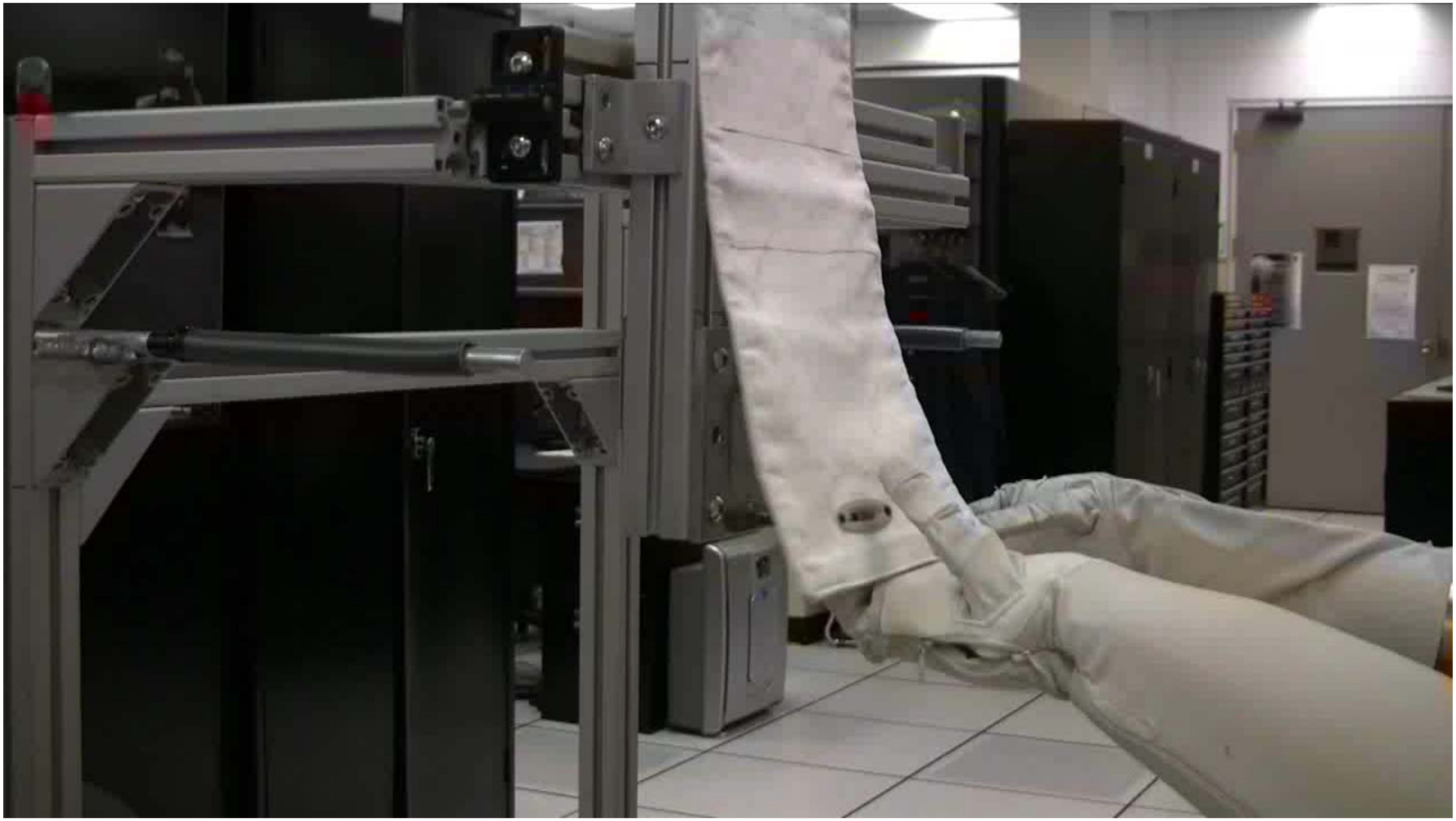
US Patent 7,784,363 B2



Load Cell



Finger Haptics



Arm Control

Series Elastic Control

- Embedded Springs
  - US Patent App. 20100145510
- High resolution absolute position sensing
- Joint level torque control
  - 10Khz loop
- Variable compliance

Modular Joint Electronics

- Highly integrated
- Redundant processing
- Local A/D
  - Noise reduction

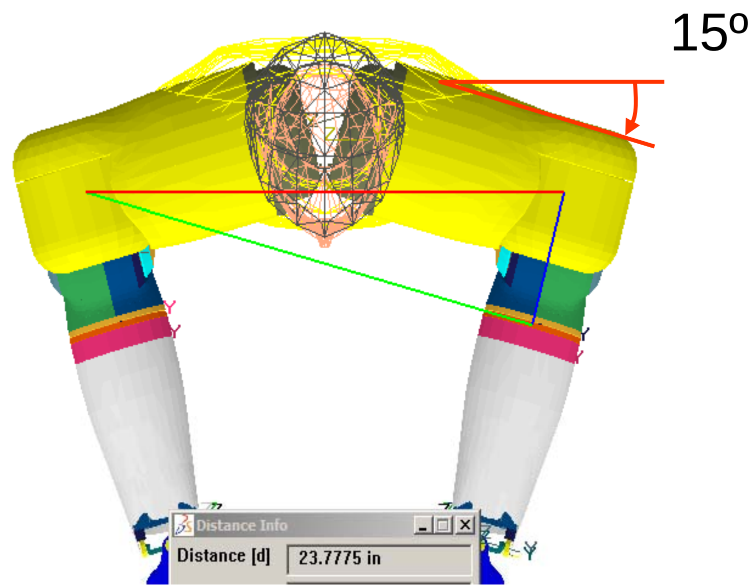
Torsional Spring

Plug-in SuperDriver

Workspace

Dual Arm Workspace

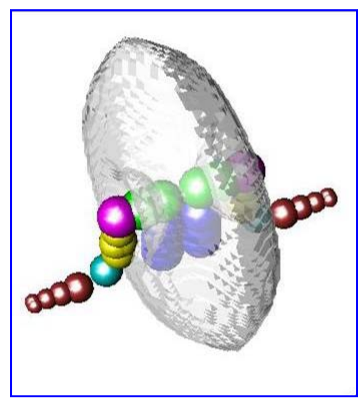
- Maximized through Arm Placement
- 15 degree shrug angle
- Increases workspace in front of Robot -

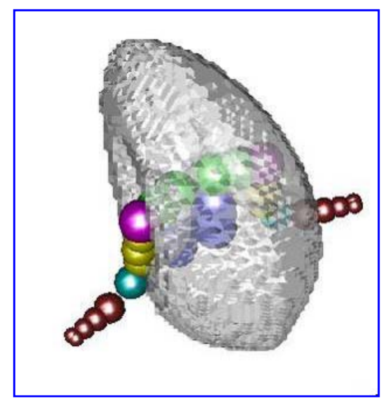


Shoulders with Shrug

Body Mobility

- Waist Degree of freedom
- Extend dual arm workspace over 360 degrees


No Shrug

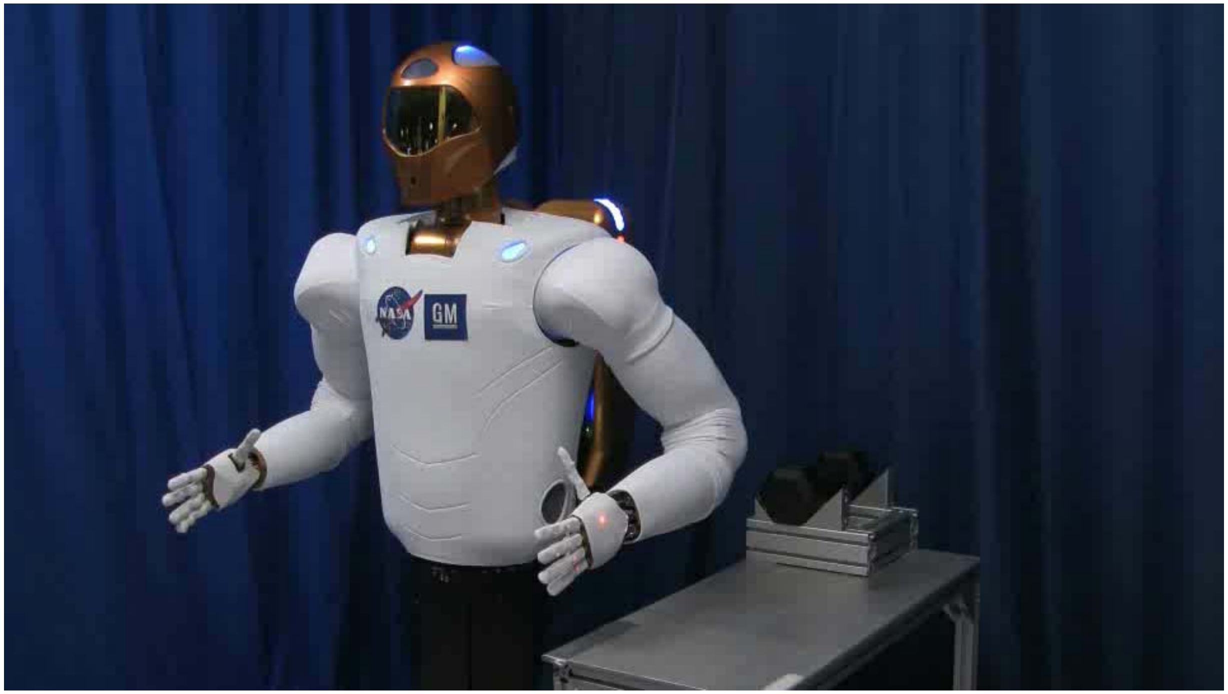

Shrug

Strength

Minimum 20 lb lift capability

Exceeds human endurance at human strength

Differentiator



Neck/Head

Neck

- Three Degree of Freedom
- Inspired by Human Spine
  - Double pitch joints
- Enhanced viewing close to body

Head Sensor System

- Workspace visual data
- Mounted on Atlas of Neck
  - Stereo high resolution Cameras
  - Infrared camera for growth
  - Auxiliary lighting

Neck Photo

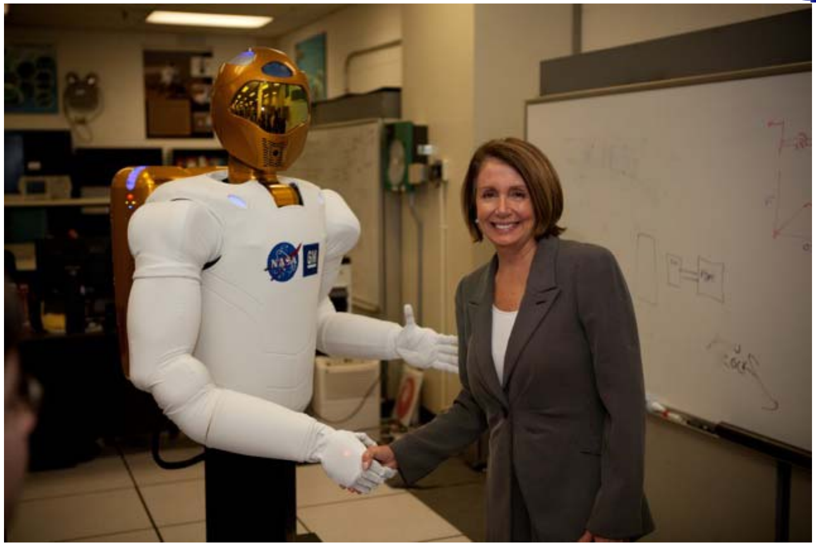
Human Interaction

Size

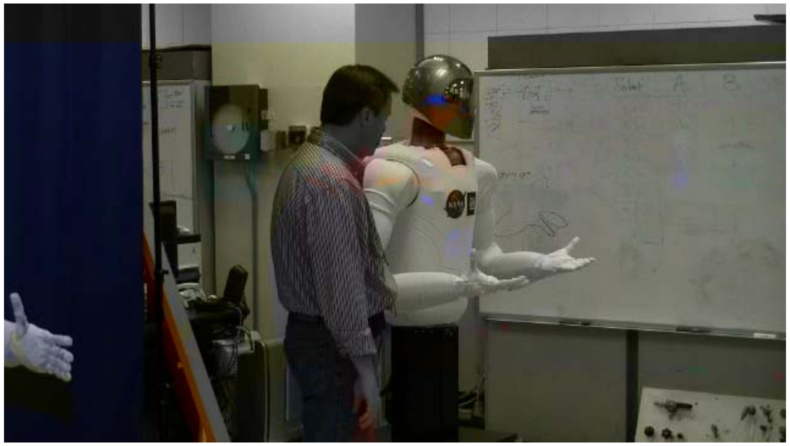
- Smaller than R1
  - Internal wiring – 16 conductors
  - 32” wide
- Comparable to human
- Soft skin with padding

Safety

- Force limiting
- Unintentional Contact Sensing
- Multi-level Sensors
  - Position
  - Force/Torque
  - Cross checks
  - Heartbeats



Designed to Interact with People



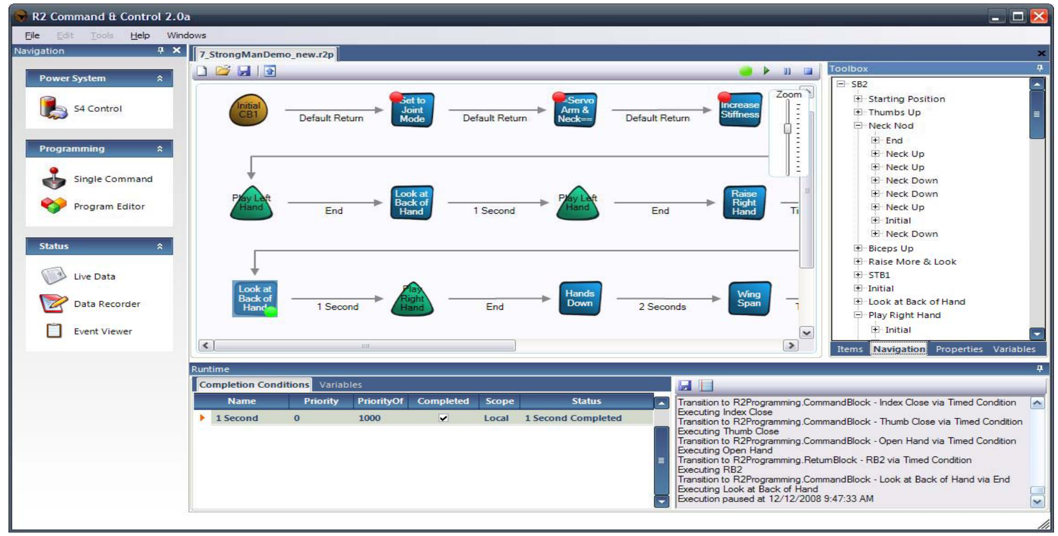
Force Limited at Multiple Levels

Force Control

Human Interface - Controller

User Interface

- Menu based
- Startup with minimal typing
- Easy to use
  - Even I can run the robot
  - I have even built scripts
  - Cady and Paolo



Skills toolbox

- Primitive Blocks
- Controller
  - Zero-g motion
  - Cartesian control
  - Stiffness control
- Predefined grasps
  - Drill
  - Multi-Layer Insulation

Semi-experienced R2 Operator

Human Interface - Teleoperation

Teleoperator Interface

- Intuitive
- Immersive (very)
- Investigative

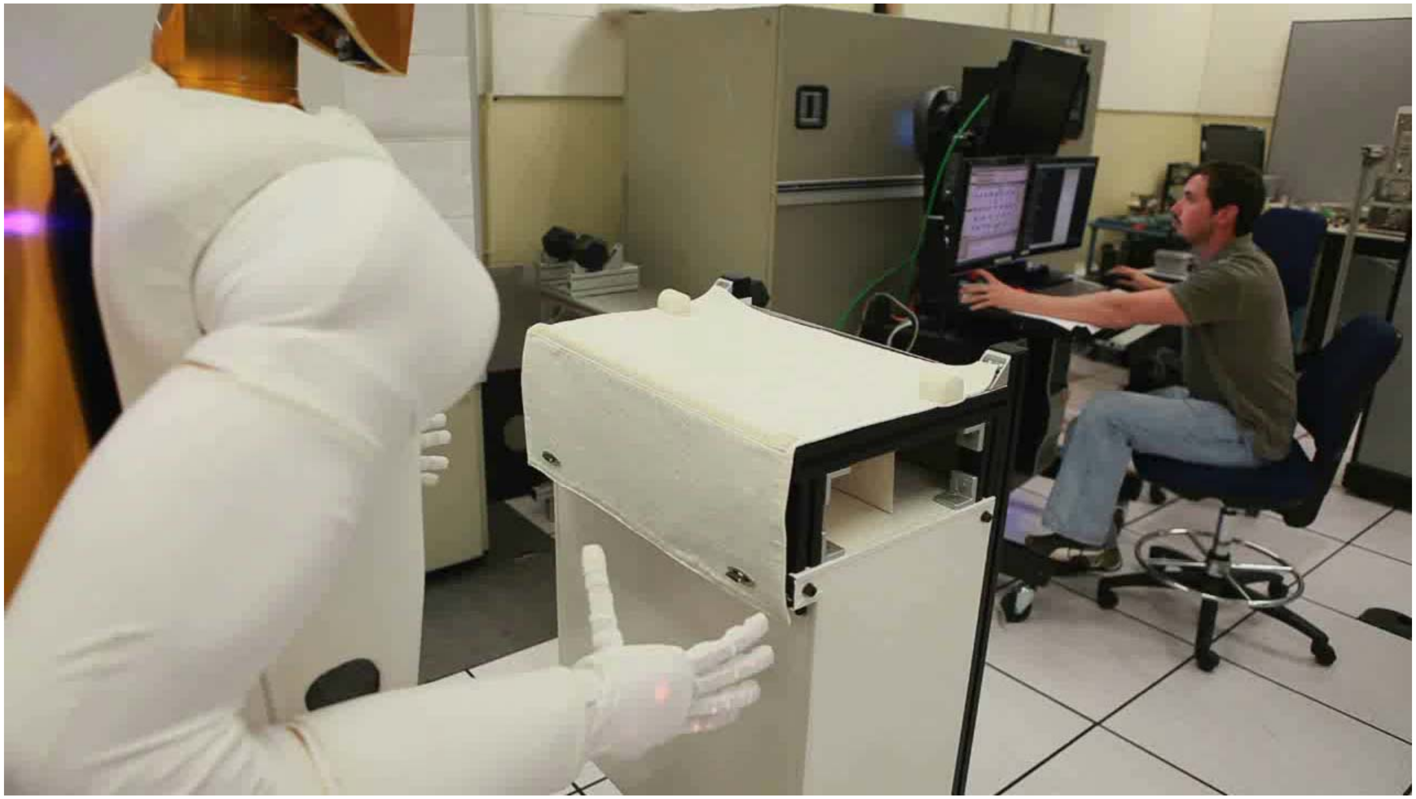
Programming Tool

Flexible Interface

- Unstructured tasks

Washington DC Experience

Flexible Material Application



Space Blanket Demo

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R2 on Space Station

Putting A Robot On ISS-IVA Will Take Us A Long Way Towards Maturation

- Space Vehicle(s)
- Micro-gravity
- EMI/Radiation environment
- Crew Interaction

Earn Stripes

- Task board operations
- Low risk IVA crew tasks
- Beyond

Engage ISS Inspection and Maintenance Community

Education

Public Relations

Preparing For Shuttle Launch and ISS

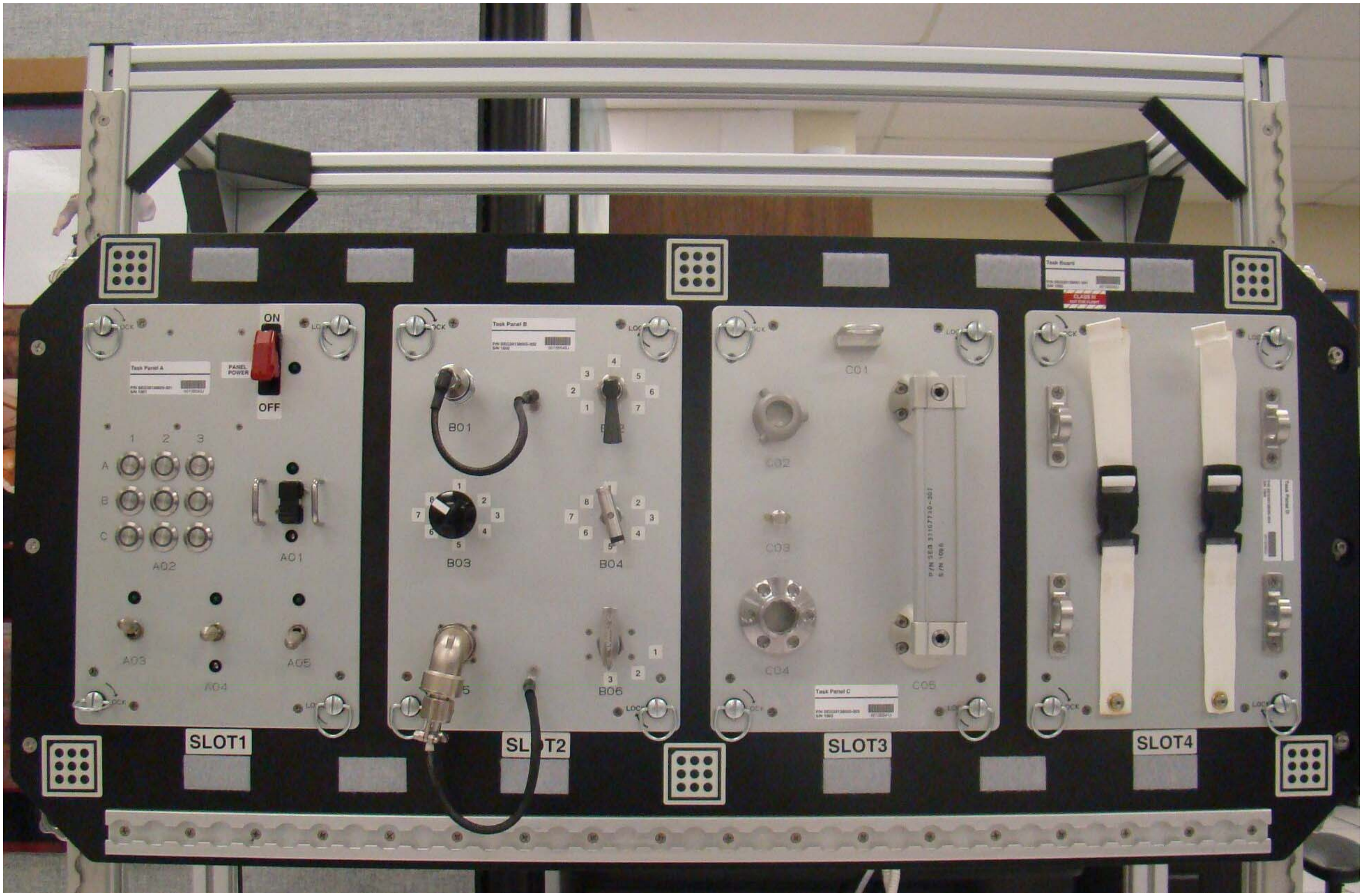
Audits

- Materials
- Vibration
- Acoustics
- Grounding
- Safeties
- Video/Comm

Development Testing

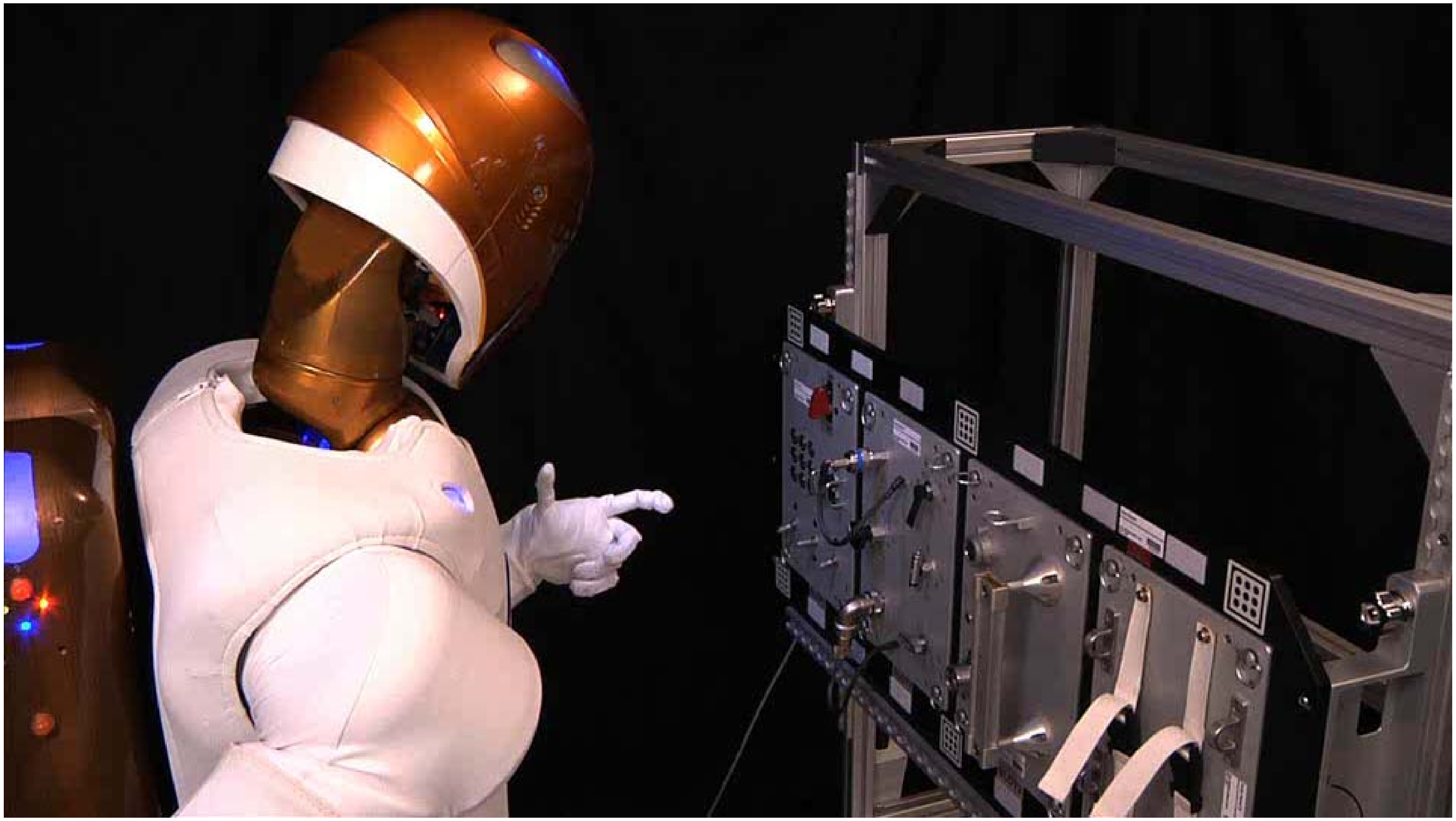
- Radiation
- EMI
- Power quality
- Acoustics
- Vibration

R2 on Space Station



ISS Modular Task Board

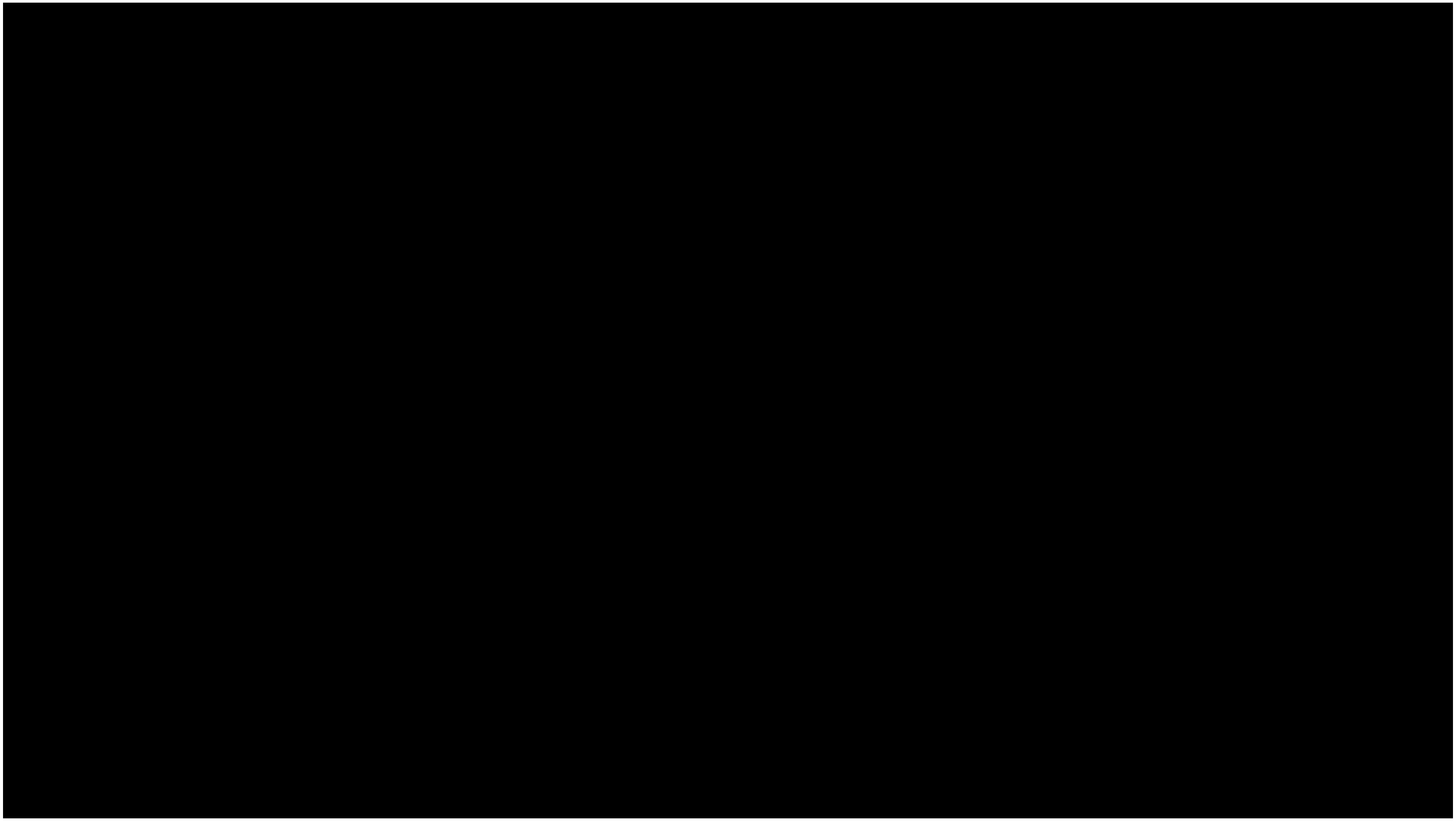
Practicing for ISS – Task Board Development



R2 Ground Unit

Crew Training – Teleoperation Training

Journey to Space



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R2 Unpack Video

R2 Setup on ISS – Power Soak

First Humanoid Robot In Space - Motion

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IVA Mobility

Need to learn more about climbing in zero-g

ISS IVA is the perfect laboratory

- Buy down risk early

Gain experience for EVA

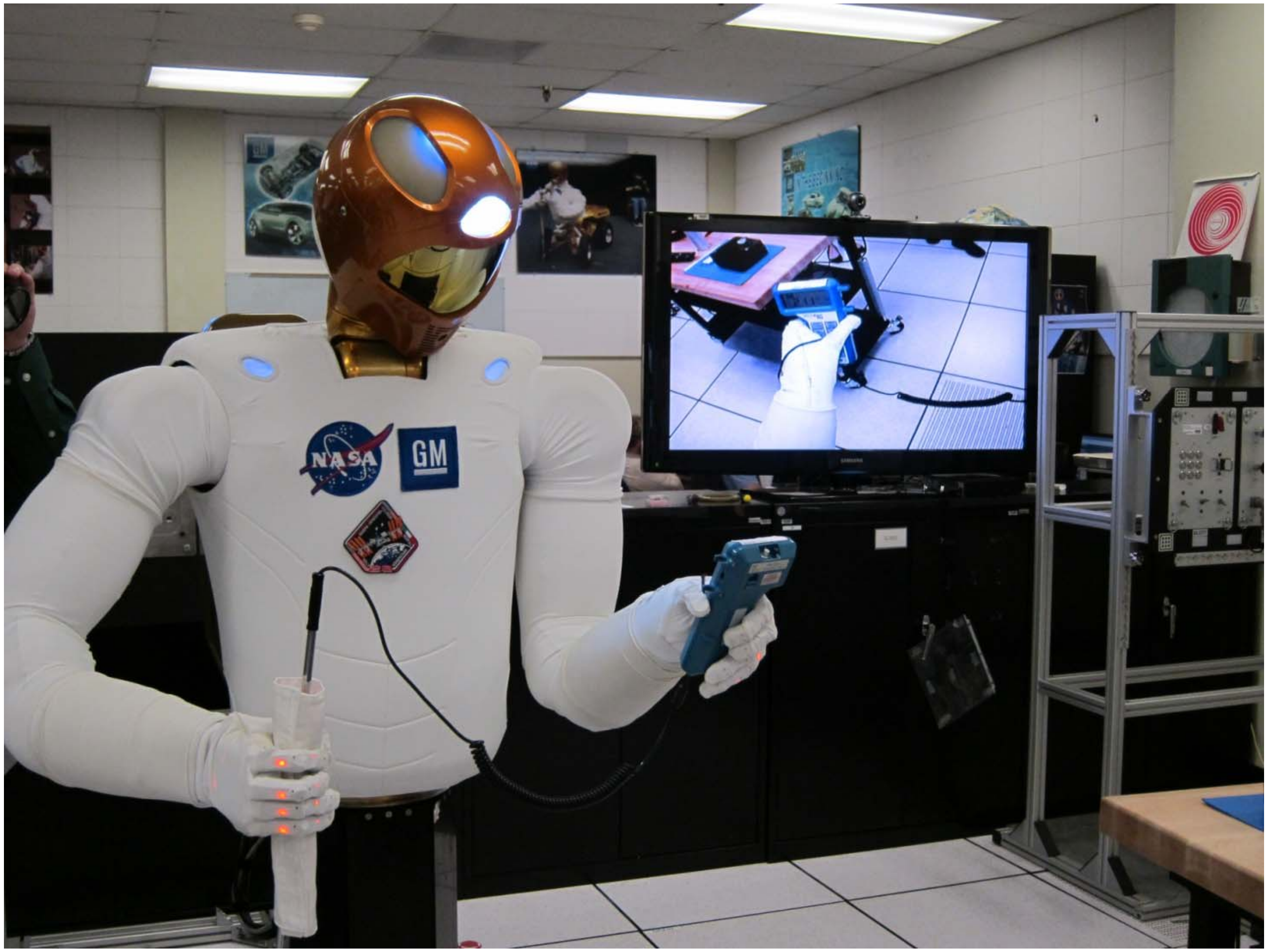
- Forces
- Gaits
- Ops concepts

Assist crew with IVA tasks - payoff

- Clean filters
- Inside rack inspection
- Inventory management
- Instrument monitoring
- New tasks are being presented

Climbing in ISS

Evaluating IVA Velocicalc



Savings Using Mobile R2: 6-10 crew hours/year

EVA – Big Payoff

Worksite prep/tear down (60-90 minutes on each end)

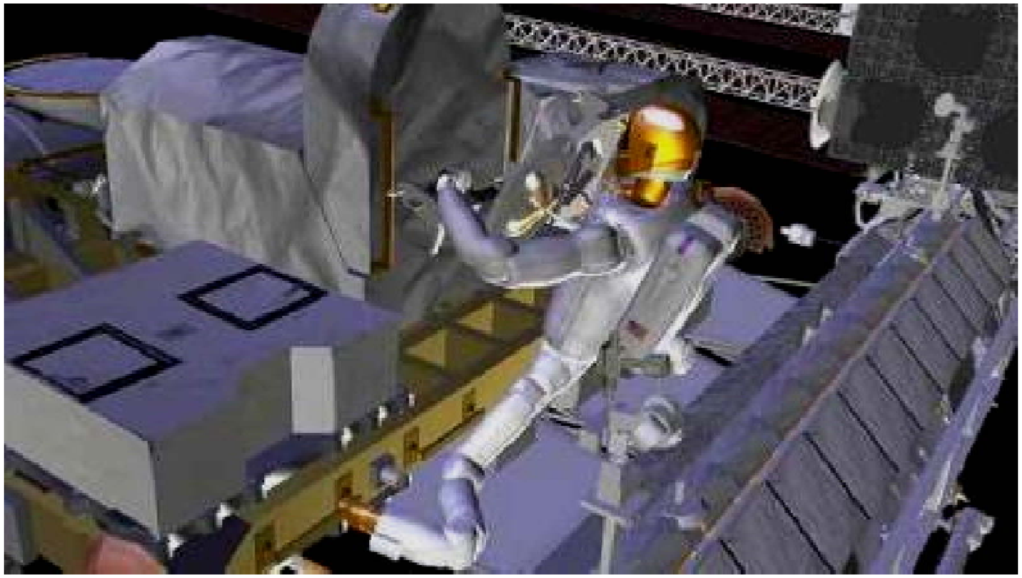
- APFR setup
- Configure EVA Tools
- Retrieve/Stow tools
- Visual inspection under the skin
- Inspection of hoses, flexible lines
- Remove/replace MLI

Assist SPDM

- Remove, replace MLI

Assist with big 12 tasks

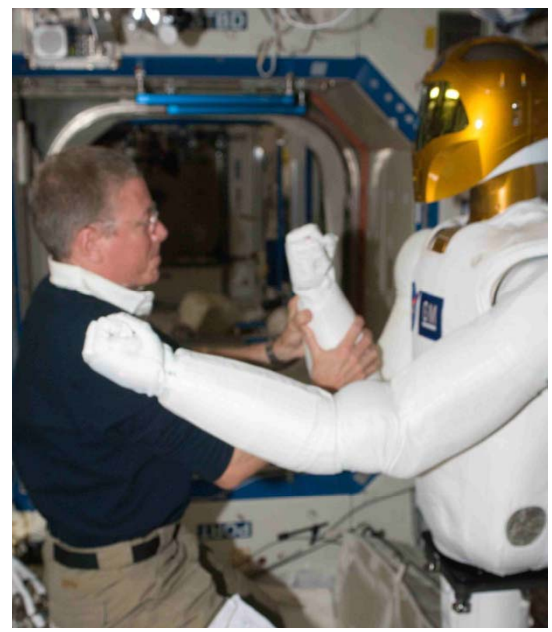
- Work side by side with crew
- Provide temporary fixes
- Perform portions of task



Acquiring Grapple Bar

Backup

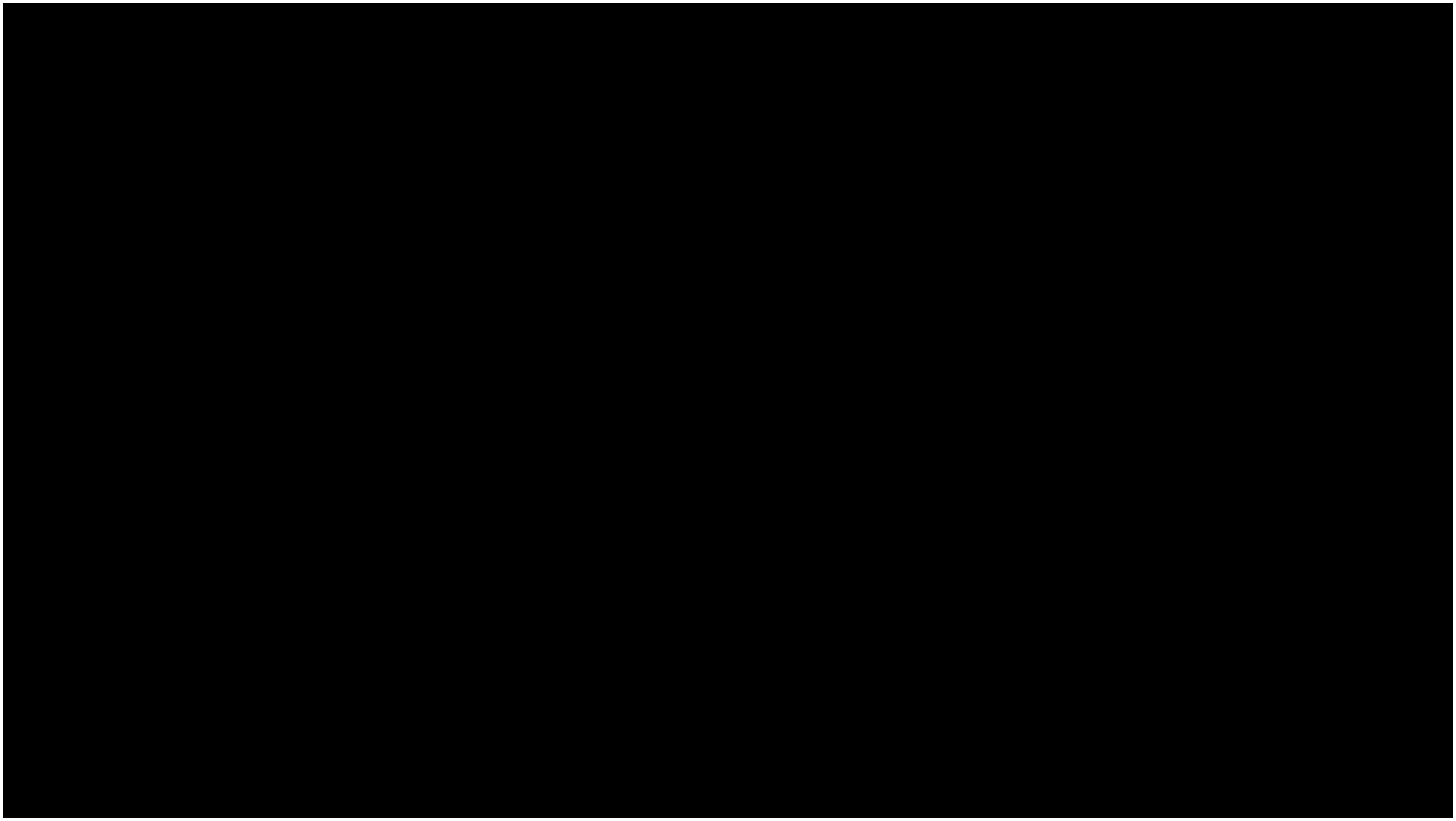
R2 on Space Station



Learn More About R2:

http://robonaut.jsc.nasa.gov/

Planetary Capability – Supervised Geologist



Using Tools – Drill Training

Using Tools – Tightening Bolts