Characterizing the Performance of the Wheel Electrostatic Spectrometer

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Background Information

- **Parent Technology – Mars Environmental Compatibility Assessment/Electrometer**
  - Electrostatic sensors with dissimilar cover insulators
  - Protruding insulators tribocharge against regolith simulant
  - Developed for use on the scoop for the 2001 Mars Odyssey lander

- **Wheel Electrostatic Spectrometer**
  - Embedded electrostatic sensors in prototype Martian rover wheel
  - If successful, this technology will enable constant electrostatic testing on Mars
Wheel Electrostatic Spectrometer

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- Cover insulators
  - Teflon
  - Lucite
  - G10
  - Lexan
- Charge spectrum created may be useful in determining regolith properties
- Tribocharged insulator charges capacitor
- Voltage across the capacitor is measured as response signal

Simplified Electronics Diagram
Testing

- Questions to answer
  - Do the insulators need to be cleaned?
  - Do the insulators need to be discharged?
  - Is the sensor response repeatable?

- Test conditions
  - Low humidity (~4%)
  - WES rolled by hand
  - Lunar and Martian regolith used during testing
Charge Neutralization

- Air ionizing fan used to neutralize the surface charge on cover insulators
- WES rolled on JSC1A lunar simulant
- Control experiment
  - Static elimination not conducted between trials
  - Capacitor discharged after each experiment
- Charge neutralization experiment
  - Static elimination conducted between trials
  - Capacitor discharged after each experiment
Charge Neutralization (Cont.)

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Lucite - Control Experiment

Lucite - Charge Neutralization
Sensor Repeatability

- Air ionizing fan used on insulators after each wheel revolution
- Capacitor discharged after each trial
- Care was taken to roll WES with same speed/pressure
- Error bars represent one standard deviation in the noise of each sensor
Conclusions

- Insulators need to be discharged after each wheel revolution
- Sensor responses repeatable within one standard deviation in the noise of the signal
- Insulators may not need to be cleaned after each revolution
Future Work

- WES electronics have been redesigned to reduce noise and make each sensor independent
- Rolling mechanism is currently being manufactured
- Testing
- Martian pressure static elimination tool
- Technology will be proposed for the Mars 2020 mission