ABSTRACT

Project objective is to design small radio frequency based flow probes for the measurement of blood flow velocity in peripheral arteries such as the femoral artery and middle cerebral artery. The result will be the technological capability to measure peripheral blood flow rates and flow changes during various environmental stressors such as microgravity without contact to the individual being monitored. This technology may also lead to an easier method of detecting venous gas emboli during extravehicular ... Read more on the last page.

ANTICIPATED BENEFITS

To NASA funded missions:

NASA: Aboard the ISS, noncontact monitoring of heart rate, cardiac output and respiration is needed in both exercise and EVA. At KSC, monitoring is needed in stressful tasks, i.e. firefighting and SCAPE Department of Defense: Health monitoring of troops in combat

Clinical Emergency Medicine: Immediate assessment of shock NASA, DoD, NIH, many health care industry applications.

... Read more on the last page.
DETAILLED DESCRIPTION

This technology will be a quantum advance in hemodynamic monitoring and will be applicable in numerous situations such as for immediate assessment and monitoring of patients in life-threatening emergencies, during environmental stressors, and in performance of hazardous occupational tasks. For NASA these benefits will apply to both flight and ground personnel. For the military this device can be used during actual combat to alert medical personnel when a service member is wounded and to monitor his/her condition even before help is provided thus lowering medical evaluation times. This can also be used to aid medical personnel allowing them to prioritize triage and evacuation in multiple casualty contingencies.

Contributing Partners
DoD, Department of NAVY

MANAGEMENT
Program Manager:
Nancy Zeitlin
Project Manager:
David Tipton
Principal Investigator:
David Bush
Co-Investigators:
Robert Cummings
Barry Slack
TECHNOLOGY DETAILS

Radiofrequency Impedance Interrogation (RFII)

TECHNOLOGY DESCRIPTION

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- Technology Area
  - TA03 Space Power & Energy Storage (Additional)
  - TA06 Human Health, Life Support & Habitation Systems (Additional)
  - TA07 Human Exploration Destination Systems (Additional)

CAPABILITIES PROVIDED

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TECHNOLOGY DETAILS

POTENTIAL APPLICATIONS (CONT’D)

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IMAGE GALLERY

RFII Hardware
ABSTRACT (CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1)

activities.
ANTICIPATED BENEFITS

To NASA unfunded & planned missions: (CONT’D)

NASA’s tangible benefits will include easier and safer monitoring of peripheral blood flows during spaceflight, space-related operations and increased reliability due to easier operation. Non-NASA benefits: Diving, cardiopulmonary bypass patients, any situation where simple non-contact hemodynamic monitoring is required.

To other government agencies:

This technology will be applicable in numerous situations such as for immediate assessment and monitoring of patients in life-threatening emergencies, during environmental stressors, and in performance of hazardous occupational tasks. For NASA these benefits will apply to both flight and ground personnel. For the military this device can be used during actual combat to alert medical personnel when a service member is wounded and to monitor his/her condition even before help is provided thus lowering medical evaluation times. This can also be used to aid medical personnel allowing them to prioritize triage and evacuation in multiple casualty contingencies.

To the nation:

In clinical medicine, this device will save precious seconds in even simple assessment of pulse, while real-time measurement of cardiac stroke volume will allow critical assessment of life-threatening shock and allow medical personnel to provide optimal resuscitation in the field or in the hospital emergency department.