NASA Global Hawk Overview
Armstrong Flight Research Center

June 2017
### Summary and Capability

- NASA/Northrop Grumman Corporation (NGC) team maintains, modifies, and operates two aircraft through a partnership established in 2008 (renewed, 2013)
- NASA has been flying Global Hawk aircraft for airborne Earth Science research since 2010
- To date, ~168 missions have been flown, with a total of 2,100+ flight hours
- Autonomous aircraft are remotely operated from either NASA Armstrong, NASA Wallops Flight Facility (WFF), or remote locations via portable flight control station

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<td><strong>Endurance</strong></td>
<td>24-26 hours for typical missions; 28.6 hours demonstrated</td>
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<td><strong>Range</strong></td>
<td>10,000 nautical miles (nmi)</td>
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<td><strong>Service Ceiling</strong></td>
<td>65,000 feet, &lt; 50% available aircraft payload power&lt;br&gt;62,500 feet, &gt; 50% available aircraft payload power</td>
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<td><strong>Airspeed (55,000+ feet)</strong></td>
<td>335 knots true airspeed (KTAS)</td>
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<td><strong>Payload</strong></td>
<td>1,200 pounds demonstrated</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Length</strong></td>
<td>44 feet</td>
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<td><strong>Wingspan</strong></td>
<td>116 feet</td>
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NASA Armstrong Global Hawk tail number (TN) 871 is now retired

Armstrong’s Block 10 Global Hawk TN 874 is being refurbished

Global Hawk Operations Center (GHOC) (NASA Armstrong)

Global Hawk Operations Center – East (Wallops Flight Facility)

Portable Ground Systems

Spares Aircraft
Operations Overview

*Edwards Air Force Base (EAFB)/NASA Armstrong*

- EAFB Runways
- Mission Staging Locations
- NASA Armstrong
- Maintenance Hangar and Instrument Laboratory
- Flight Operations Center
GHOC Layout

- Air Handler
- Equipment Racks
- Flight Operations Room (FOR)
- GHOC Operator
- Mission Director
- Pilot
- Co-Pilot
- Range Safety Officer
- Support Equipment Room (SER)
- 14 Customer Workstations
- Payload Operations Room
GHOC Fully Staffed During a Hurricane Overflight
GHOC East at Wallops Flight Facility (WFF), Virginia
Portable Ground Control Station (GCS)

Suite used for deployed operations
Aircraft Flight Control and Air Traffic Control

Communications architecture

Iridium provides global coverage

Encrypted links are used for aircraft command and control
Payload Communications Architecture

Iridium provides global coverage
Payload Integration and Accommodations

Experiment Interface Panel and Ethernet Switch
(six sets distributed on aircraft, each set supports up to four payloads)

Payload power and aircraft data
Payload command and control (C2) and payload data

Payload Integration Test Bench
(Pre-Integration Checkout)

Mounting Rails  Bay Under Nose  Pallets and Specialized Hatches

Tail Zone
Mounting Hard Points
Payload Integration Process

- Site visit at customer’s location: initial discussion of payload and operational concept
- Receipt of payload solid models and design/integration data from customer
- Integration engineering (performed by NASA Armstrong and/or NGC)
- Avionics harness fabrication at NASA Armstrong
- Fabrication and fit-check of payload mounting structure
- Initial mechanical integration on aircraft
Payload Integration Process

- Environmental tests on payloads, as required
- Electrical integration on payload test bench
- Final integration on aircraft
- Payload communications and payload data telemetry verification in the GHOC
- Combined system test (CST) with all aircraft and payload systems operating
- Range check-out flight
- Ready for operational flights
Global Hawk Science Flights

- **GloPac**
  - 2010

- **GRIP**
  - 2010

- **WISPAR**
  - 2011

- **HS3**

- **ATTREX**
  - 2011, 2013, 2014

- **IceHawk**
  - 2013

Data: SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO
Global Hawk Pacific (GloPac) Flights

April 7
14.1 hours, 4,600 nmi, 61,200 feet

April 13
24.3 hours, 8,000 nmi, 62,300 feet

April 23
28.6 hours, 9,700 nmi, 65,200 feet
Genesis and Rapid Intensification Processes (GRIP) 2010 Flights

- Tropical Depression Frank (Aug. 28, 15.3 hours)
  - First GRIP mission
  - First storm over-flight

- Tropical Storm Matthew (Sept. 23-24, 25.1 hours)
  - International cooperation

- Hurricane Earl (Sept. 1-2, 24.2 hours)
  - First hurricane mission
  - First Atlantic flight

- Tropical Disturbance AL 92 (Sept. 12-13, 24.3 hours)
  - First Caribbean flight
  - First Genesis flight

- Hurricane Karl (Sept. 16-17, 25.2 hours)
  - Intensification (Cat 1-3)
  - 20 eye overpasses
  - 15.5 hours over the storm
Winter Storm Pacific and Atmospheric Rivers (WISPAR) Overview

February-March 2011

- First National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)-sponsored Global Hawk Earth Science campaign
- Two instruments were installed on the aircraft: High-Altitude Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuit Sounding Radiometer (HAMSRR) and Advanced Vertical Atmospheric Profiling System (AVAPS)
- Three science missions were flown, with a total of 70 flight hours
- First operational dropsonde deployment from any unmanned air vehicle (UAV) (70 were deployed during a single flight)
Warm, dry, dusty air wrapped around the eastern and northern side of Nadine, but didn’t get into the storm circulation.
- UAV Synthetic Aperture Radar (UAVSAR) was integrated onto the aircraft
- A single flight was conducted over the Pacific Ocean and Canada
- Flight marked the first UAVSAR flight outside of the EAFB range and the first NASA Global Hawk flight over a foreign country
- Coordination with the Canadian Government was straightforward
- IceHawk flight was funded by NGC
Global Hawk ‘Firsts’ Accomplished by the NASA/NGC Team

1. Flights above 70 degrees latitude; the aircraft has reached 85 degrees N three times
2. Flights over hurricanes and severe storms, including a single flight that included 15.5 hours over a hurricane and 20 over-flights of the eye
3. Vertical profile maneuvers during science flights for the collection of atmospheric data
4. Release of dropwindsonde weather instruments in the national airspace system (first Federal Aviation Administration [FAA] approval for release of stores from a Global Hawk)
5. First Global Hawk operations at WFF and first science flights from Andersen Air Force Base, Guam
6. Autonomous formation flight of two Global Hawk aircraft, which were as close as 30 feet apart while flying in formation for 2.5 hours
Global Hawk ‘Firsts’ Accomplished by the NASA/NGC Team

7. Implementation of an independent payload power and date telemetry system on Global Hawk

8. Flight of the Active Electronically. Scanned Array (AESA)-360 radome on a Global Hawk aircraft (Radome provides greater volume for instruments under the aircraft and has been used to house the High-Altitude Imaging Wind and Rain Airborne Profiler [HiWRAP] and Twilite instruments)

9. Implementation of wing-mounted instruments on an Advanced Concept Technology Demonstration (ACTD) aircraft (Hawkeye for ATTREX 2014)

10. Ku system implementation for payload data telemetry, payload C2, and Ku air traffic control (ATC)

11. Implementation of Airborne Research Test System (ARTS) on a Global Hawk aircraft

12. Implementation of a rear payload mounting capability in the tail cone and on the bottom of the aircraft under the rear pressurized compartment
Global Hawk ‘Firsts’ Accomplished by the NASA/NGC Team

13. Aircraft C2 with Iridium communications links

14. ATC communications with Iridium communications links

15. Dissemination of high-definition pictures from the aircraft to the public in real time (pictures and the flight track are shown on a publicly available website for public awareness of the science missions)

16. Largest geographical Certificate of Authorization (COA) ever granted by the FAA (GloPac COA covers most of the Pacific Ocean north of the Equator, and extends to the North Pole)

17. Most complex mission plan ever created (GRIP mission plans contains many routes to ensure options for avoiding restricted areas and avoiding atmospheric conditions outside of aircraft limits)

18. Development of a new ground control station, based on NGC’s Common System Architecture
Mission Planning and Pilot Discussion

- Kyle Salling (NOAA) creating COAs, airfield landing agreements, and country border notifications
- Erick Munoz (NGC) mission planning