Carbon-Carbon Nozzle Extension Development in Support of In-Space and Upper Stage Liquid Rocket Engines

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Motivation for Extension Development

• NASA and commercial space partners are interested in developing a commercial supply chain for Carbon-Carbon Nozzle Extensions (CCNE)

• Provides significant advantages for a variety of upper-stage engines and in-space engines
  o Weight Reduction – 50% savings vs. metallic
  o Improved thermal design margins – 500-1500°F
  o Less complex designs and/or manufacturing processes
  o Cost Reduction
  o New design opportunities to further optimize regen-extension joint

• Evaluate high temperature nozzle extension fabrication processes and obtain preliminary hot-fire test data in a relevant environment to characterize materials

Goal: Advance the state of the U.S. Carbon-Carbon (C-C) technology to the point that domestic C-C nozzles can be considered as viable candidates for use on U.S. cryogenic upper stage engines, in-space, ascent/decent lander engines and nuclear engines
NASAs Funded Tasks – SBIR/STTR, IRAD, and Industry Partnerships

**SBIR/STTR Development**
A. **PAN-based hybrid C-ZrC/C-C**
   *Ultramet, C-CAT*
B. **Rayon-based involute C-C**
   *MR&D, Orbital ATK*
C. **PAN-based Ir-lined involute C-C**
   *MR&D, Orbital ATK, Plasma Processes*
D. **PAN-based C-C with “high-melt” and SiC coating systems**
   *C-CAT*
E. **Lyocell-based C-C**
   *C-CAT, Southern Research*

**MSFC In-House Technology Development Projects**
- Materials screening via 1.2K-lb$_f$ LOX/GH$_2$ small thruster testing
- Moderate-scale demonstration via 35K-lb$_f$ LOX/LH2 chamber to evaluate material feasibility
- Component and coupon level material testing
• Starting in 2014, MSFC created a subscale nozzle test rig to conduct affordable, long-duration hot-fire testing for NASA and commercial partners
  o LOX/GH2, LOX/CH4, or LOX/RP capabilities
  o Durations up to 180 seconds
  o Previous testing used a vintage chamber, which caused flow separation limiting the length of the nozzle
Design of New Chamber Assembly

- 3D printed Slip Jacket chamber used for hot-fire testing

- New contour design allows for full-flow extended length nozzles and extensions
- 27:1 expansion
- \( P_c = 750 \text{ psig} \)
- 1,200 lb\(_f\) thrust
- Duration up to 180 sec
- Additive manufactured (AM) GRCop-84 liner

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Heritage Design</th>
<th>New Design</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thrust Chamber Assembly, Drawing Reference</td>
<td>MER00060-101</td>
<td>MER01446-001</td>
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<tr>
<td>Main Combustion Chamber, Liner</td>
<td>MED04227-1</td>
<td>MER00664-001</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maximum Chamber Pressure, ( P_c ) (psia)</td>
<td>850</td>
<td>1350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Coolant Inlet Pressure, (psia)</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>2000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chamber Barrel Diameter (in)</td>
<td>2.25</td>
<td>2.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chamber Barrel Length (in)</td>
<td>6.77</td>
<td>5.26</td>
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<tr>
<td>Divergent Radius, Rd/Rt</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>Throat Diameter (in)</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nozzle Attach area ratio (AR)</td>
<td>8.1:1</td>
<td>4.4:1</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Orbital ATK CCNE Testing at MSFC TS115

Joint MSFC/OATK effort to demonstrate new test and material capabilities

- Scale-up and demonstration of low cost manufacturing processes using tape wrapped preforms, a rapid densification process, and a variety of oxidation barriers.
- Static testing of extensions included:
  - Demonstration of attachment and sealing concept for 2D CCNE’s
  - Demonstration of 2D C-C/oxidation-barrier systems in long duration, multiple start/stop tests. Oxidation protection systems provided by:
    - COIC -- 3 systems
    - Exothermics -- 1 system
    - Plasma Processes -- 2 systems
- Seven nozzle extensions manufactured and successfully tested in December 2014.
- Additional testing in Aug-Sep 2016.
C-CAT CCNE Testing at MSFC TS115

Joint MSFC / Carbon-Carbon Advanced Technologies (C-CAT) effort
• Demonstrate SiC coated C-C, which is being considered for LOX/LH2 nozzle extension applications
• Experimental enhanced-matrix C-C (EMCC) systems that do not require use of high-cost protective coatings

Four 2D C-C Materials Tested
A. ACC-6 with silicon carbide (SiC) pack cementation coating
B. ACC-6 with SiC enhanced matrix – an experimental material
C. ACC-4 with no coating
D. ACC-6 with zirconium diboride (ZrB2) plus hafnium carbide (HfC) enhanced matrix – an experimental material

CCNE’s Prior to Hot-Fire Testing
• All use T-300 PAN 3K heat treated material
• All used the same tooling.
Nozzle Extension Installed on Thrust Chamber Assembly

a. Full assembly at MSFC TS-115.

b. View of tantalum backer split ring, graphite split ring, and overall interface region.
   - C-C extensions attached to aft flange of combustion chamber using GES Graphite (PFI-25 and PFI-45) split rings.
   - Grafoil, grade GTB flexible graphite, 0.060” thick compressed seal at interface between graphite and combustion chamber flange.
   - Tantalum split-ring backer plate at aft end of graphite split ring.
# C-C Extension Hot-fire Testing Results

Orbital ATK Extension Test with COIC SiC + Hf

C-CAT Extension Test, ZrB2/HfC EMCC

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Base Material</th>
<th>Anti-Oxidation Protection</th>
<th>Accumulated Duration</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OATK TW Rapid Densification 3 Cycles</td>
<td>Bare</td>
<td>10</td>
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<tr>
<td>OATK TW Rapid Densification 3 Cycles</td>
<td>COIC-SiC, No Filler</td>
<td>90</td>
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<tr>
<td>OATK TW Rapid Densification 3 Cycles</td>
<td>PPI ZrB2+SiC, APS</td>
<td>30</td>
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<tr>
<td>OATK TW Rapid Densification 3 Cycles</td>
<td>Exothermics Si-Partial SiC</td>
<td>155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OATK TW Rapid Densification 3 Cycles</td>
<td>PPI MoSi2-based, VPS</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OATK TW Rapid Densification 3 Cycles</td>
<td>COIC-SiC + Hf-based Filler</td>
<td>720</td>
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<tr>
<td>OATK TW Rapid Densification 3 Cycles</td>
<td>COIC-SiC + Zr-based Filler</td>
<td>480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-CAT 40 ACC-4</td>
<td>Bare</td>
<td>240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-CAT 40 ACC-6</td>
<td>SiC Conversion</td>
<td>2050</td>
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<tr>
<td>C-CAT EMCC ACC-6</td>
<td>None, SiC-enhanced resin EMCC</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-CAT EMCC ACC-6</td>
<td>ZrB2/HfC enhanced matrix EMCC</td>
<td>64</td>
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</tbody>
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Video of Hot Fire Testing

Carbon-Carbon Hot-fire Testing at NASA MSFC
Orbital ATK Extension, COIC Hf-based filler

3 Starts, Post-120 sec
240 sec
360 sec
480 sec
600 sec
720 sec

<23% weight loss at elevated mixture ratios, although attributed to flow separation region as predicted
No erosion observed on ID surface; Note: oxidation more prevalent on OD aft end due to entrainment flow; based on results from EMCC material and uncoated testing
Comparison of infrared (IR) thermography imaging for C-CAT extensions at start +10 seconds with various amounts of streaking observed.

- Ply lifts observed in EMCC
- Operated at temperatures up to 2400°F

*Note: Tests -002, -007, -021 are with the SiC conversion coating.*
Polyacrylonitrile- (PAN-) based C-C
- T-300 3K fiber, with heat treatment
  - ACC-6 condition
  - Silicon carbide (SiC) coating

Lyocell-based C-C
- Lyocell fiber, with heat treatment
  - ACC-4 condition
  - Uncoated, due to fiber heat treat limit

- Both extensions fabricated using the same tooling

LCUSP = Low Cost Upper Stage Propulsion / Fully 3D Printed Multi-metallic combustion chamber
C-C Subelement and Coupon Testing

- Tag-end rings sectioned from 35K demonstrator extensions
  - Developed NDE techniques for C-C extensions
  - Coupon material testing (axial compression, interlaminar tension, hoop thermal expansion)
  - Hydrostatic loading of conical ring full diameter sections
Digital Image Correlation Support C-C Development

- Optical non-contact measurement development supporting C-C development
  - Using digital image correlation (DIC) to obtain full field surface strains and displacements
- Elevated temperatures during hot-fire testing using visible wavelength (DIC) caused issues during transients
  - Evaluating alternate DIC techniques such as UV-DIC
- DIC techniques have been proven during full-scale lab testing
Conclusions and Future Work

- NASA and its commercial space partners are interested in advancing a domestic commercial supply chain for Carbon-Carbon Nozzle Extensions (CCNE’s).
- MSFC is interested in evaluating materials appropriate for cryogenic upper stage engines and obtaining preliminary hot-fire test data in relevant environments.
- C-C nozzle extension efforts have proceeded primarily through the following:
  - Small business contracts investigating: attachment concepts, material systems, etc.
  - MSFC in-house technology development projects:
    - C-C material systems, databases, advancement of technology and material readiness levels (TRL, MRL), geometry effects on properties for flat vs. complex shapes, etc.
    - Materials screening with 1.2K-lbf LOX/GH2 thruster to obtain preliminary hot-fire test data.
      - Completed testing on variety of materials from C-CAT and Orbital ATK.
  - Extended duration subscale testing has demonstrated extension and coating technology
    - C-CAT PAN ACC-6 w/ SiC Conversion Coating = 2,050 sec hot-fire
    - Orbital ATK Tape Wrap w / COIC Hf-based filler = 720 sec hot-fire
  - NASA MSFC to complete testing of 35k-lbf truncated extensions on 3D printed copper chamber in Fall-2017
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